"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,469. * * * NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 15, 1911.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York, Jersey City, and Newark. { Elsewhere, TWO CENTS.

THE WEATHER.

Fair and warmer to-day; cloudy to-morrow; moderate winds.

☞For full weather report see Page 13.

PLOTTED TO KILL MATTEAWAN DOCTORS

Alienists Employed by Dix's Investigators Find Stilettos Meant for Supt. Lamb and Assistant.

NO CRUELTY BY ATTENDANTS

None of the Inmates Sane—Recommend, However, That Lunacy Commission Have Sole Control.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, May 14.—A plot among the inmates of the Matteawan State Asylum for the Criminal Insane to assassinate Supt. Lamb of that institution and the first assistant physician is disclosed in a special report made to Gov. Dix by William Church Osborn, the Governor's legal adviser, and Mayor George E. Van Kennen of Ogdensburg, as special Commissioners appointed by the Governor to examine into the affairs and management of the State prisons and reformatories.

The plot was hatched by an Italian who is confined at Matteawan as a homicidal paranoiac. In common with the other inmates of the asylum he was examined by Dr. Carlos F. MacDonald and Dr. Austin Flint, who were engaged by the Commissioners to look into the mental condition of the insane confined at the asylum with a view to ascertaining whether the reports that sane persons were being held prisoners at Matteawan were well founded. Here is what the two alienists have to say with reference to the murder plot:

> A Sicilian, who is described in our report of examinations as a "homicidal paranoiac," became possessed of a revolver and a number of cartridges. He also had obtained some strips of iron which he had fashioned into sharp-pointed stilettos and given to certain other inmates. Information of this was given to one of the medical officers by an inmate who refused examination, but was recorded as "showing paranoid delusions." While not giving absolute credit to this revelation, which included a story of a plot to murder the Superintendent and the first assistant physician, the physician in charge caused several searches of the accused to be made at certain intervals. Finally a general search of the ward was made at an unexpected time, and the weapon was found in a bag belonging to the Sicilian.
>
> It had been observed that this man had been friendly with some of the most intelligent and troublesome of the homicidal inmates. He and the inmate who disclosed the alleged plot were interrogated by us. It has thus far, however, been found impossible to ascertain how the man obtained the weapon. His own declarations as to this were not regarded as trustworthy. The man now claims that the officials of the hospital are prejudiced against him, that he is sane, and that he should be returned to the courts for trial. He is now clearly insane, cunning, plausible, vindictive, irritable, and very homicidal. We believe that the spirit of unrest and resistance to discipline is fostered by popular agitation on the question of management of the hospital; as patients are well informed on this point, having free access to the newspapers.

Urge Stricter Discipline.

The two alienists gave the following instance as an illustration of the necessity of a discipline more rigid at Matteawan than at the average civil hospital where insane patients are being kept.

> In one instance a vicious assault was made in our presence by a violent paranoiac upon an attendant, which illustrates the dangers to which attendants, and, indeed, the officers of the institution, are exposed in the performance of their duties. These dangers are all the more serious, as there is an eminently proper rule of the hospital which forbids attendants to carry any weapon or implement of defense; so that they must rely entirely on their coolness, judgment, and physical strength in cases of violence by these dangerous and irresponsible persons. A recent murderous attack upon the Superintendent by an apparently harmless inmate shows that no one in the institution, who is brought in contact with patients, is free from danger to life or limb.
>
> It is to be remembered that nearly 46 per cent. (362) of the inmates were guilty of crimes against the person, including 87 cases of murder in the first degree. In the large majority of cases, these offenses were committed by paranoiacs suffering from delusions of persecution; and all alienists are agreed that the "persecuted paranoiac" is the most dangerous of the insane. These paranoiacs usually present no mental deterioration; and they are cunning enough to deceive the ordinary observer in regard to their mental condition, which may in a measure account for the aid they often receive from lawyers, courts, and the laity, in their efforts to obtain release when confined in institutions.
>
> It is easy to understand that in an institution which contains 362 insane who have committed offenses against the person, many of these being homicides, a discipline must be maintained much more rigid than is necessary in a civil hospital. The intelligent paranoiacs especially are in a condition of constant unrest; and even one or two leading spirits of their number may so work upon this dangerous element as to render its repression and control extremely difficult.

Under the instruction given them by the Commissioners the two alienists so directed their examination of the inmates as to gain light on the two subjects which seem upmost in the minds of the public, namely, whether patients were properly treated and whether there was any truth in the allegations that a number of sane persons were kept at the hospital without due warrant. In addition to the examination by the two physicians, the Commissioners engaged the services of Goodwin Brown, who for ten years was a State Commissioner in Lunacy, to make a detailed examination of Matteawan, with particular regard to the system of discipline and its character as a hospital. Commissioner Osborn himself, assisted by Mr. Brown, made a personal examination of the hospital a week ago yesterday.

Authority Now Divided.

As a result of the reports they have received from the experts, the Commissioners recommend to Gov. Dix that the Matteawan State Hospital be taken out of the jurisdiction of the State Prison Department and placed exclusively under the supervision of the State Commission in Lunacy. At present the authority over the institution is divided between these two departments. This results in a lack of efficient supervision, says the report. Here is what the Commissioners have to say on the subject:

> Your Commissioners find that while originally used for the care of the insane during their term of sentence, the character of the inmates has changed, the bulk of the insane persons under sentence being now maintained at Dannemora Hospital, and the inmates of Matteawan being either those known as "court order" cases, that is, persons accused of crime and found before conviction to be insane, or persons convicted of some offense, whose terms have expired but who are detained because of insanity.
>
> Out of a present population of approximately 800, but 4 per cent., or 33 persons, now detained in the Matteawan State Hospital are at present subject to a prison term. The population of the hospital is therefore not a population of convicts. A study of the character of the inmates shows [illegible] approximately 200 are violently and dangerously insane; that approximately 100 of these are insane persons with homicidal tendencies; and that the remaining 600 are of somewhat quiet and orderly disposition, corresponding in their general character to occupants of the State hospitals for the [illegible] throughout the State.

[illegible] the treatment of inmates the report [illegible] this to say:

> [illegible] examination of the methods of treatment upon the wards, the discipline of the institution, and the general character of the [illegible] leads your Commissioners to conclude that the original theory of maintenance of the institution as a hospital for convicts should be changed, and

Continued on Page 2.

BISHOP INTERDICTS SIX.

French Catholics in Maine Attacked His Control of Property.

BIDDEFORD, Me., May 14.—Six members of Roman Catholic churches of Biddeford and Lewiston, all prominent, were interdicted by Bishop Louis P. Walsh of the Diocese of Portland, in a general letter to the clergy read at churches here and elsewhere in the diocese to-day. The action, which is without precedent in the church in this State, follows the introduction into the last Legislature of a bill providing for the abolition of the corporation sole of the Portland Diocese, by which control of all church property is vested in the Bishop.

This bill, which was backed by a petition signed by nearly 600 Roman Catholics, sought to place the management of the property of the church in the hands of a Board of Directors. It was adversely reported to the House, and overwhelmingly defeated. The men mentioned in the Bishop's decree signed the petition as "members of the Executive Committee of the French-American Roman Catholic Church of Maine." They are Godfrey S. Dupre, lawyer; Drs. George Precourt and Albert C. Maynard, Albert J. Deland, and Alfred Bonneau, editor and publisher of a French-American weekly newspaper, all of Biddeford, and John B. Couture of Lewiston.

In the letter read in the churches to-day it is announced that these men "have been interdicted the rights and privileges of the church in reception of the sacraments in the Diocese of Portland," and that the interdict has been decreed because of the grave scandal given by their various words and acts in a recent attack on church authority. Catholic societies are warned "that if they co-operate with the above-mentioned parties under interdiction, they will be deprived of their rights and privileges as a Catholic society in the Diocese of Portland."

The interdict will hold until reparation is made.

BRONX TRUNK SEWER OPEN.

Sewage of Westchester Towns Now Polluting the Hudson.

The newly constructed Bronx Valley trunk sewer, which cost $2,500,000, extending from White Plains to Mount Vernon and Yonkers, was opened for use yesterday. A brick wall, which barred the White Plains sewer from the new pipe line, was removed, and the sewage of that village is now flowing through the trunk system. The outlet is in the Hudson River, near the Leake and Watts' Orphan House. The Government may step in, however, and stop the pollution of the river.

The outlet at Yonkers is thirteen feet under the water, but it has not been extended as far from the shore as planned by the commission which had the work in charge. A bill is now pending in the Legislature which provides for the removal of the present Commissioners and the appointment of new officials. It also directs that an investigation be made of the work of the present commission, which consists of Mayor John J. Brown of White Plains, Congressman John E. Andrus of Yonkers, and William Archer. The bill directs that the new Commissioners complete the sewer, and it is believed that the opening of the sewer will forestall the plan to give the Democrats new jobs.

OLD PRIEST DISAPPEARS.

Police Searching for Father Villers, 86 Years Old, Missing Since Friday.

The police throughout the city were asked yesterday to look for an aged French priest, who speaks no English. He has been missing from the home of a friend, Emil Tramsagle of 427 Seventeenth Street, Brooklyn, since Friday. Tramsagle says his old friend had $500 in his pocket when he left the house, and he does not know whether to think he is lost or robbed and killed.

Father Paul Villers is the name of the priest, who is 86 years old, and has been in this country only a month. For years he was attached to the diocese of Candia in France, but from his early manhood the priest's one idea in life was to come to New York and found an asylum for orphans. To this end he collected antiques, paintings, bronzes, and statuary. Until a month ago he believed he had a collection worth thousands of dollars.

He brought the whole lot to this country and confided to Mr. Tramsagle his plan of selling his treasures to art dealers here and employing the money in founding the asylum. But the old man found that his art objects had nowhere near the value he believed they possessed, and each day's tramping around among dealers left him more and more discouraged.

The police have sent out a general alarm for him, but they fear that in his great disappointment he may have killed himself.

FOREST FIRE LOSS $1,000,000.

Cattle, Lumber, and Farmhouses Destroyed in Pennsylvania.

RIDGWAY, Penn., May 14. — Forest fires in Lycoming, Potter, Cameron, Elk, and McKean Counties continue unabated to-night. Already the damage is estimated at over $1,000,000. Weather conditions are threatening to-night. Unless a heavy rain falls soon it is believed the large number of men fighting the flames will be unable to subdue the fires, and lumber in the five counties will be completely destroyed, causing an enormous loss.

The fire in Elk County, which threatened this city yesterday, was turned back through the efforts of the Fire Department and many volunteers early to-day. At Hamilton and Straights, towns near here, men fought the flames all night to save several valuable chemical companies.

The fire in Lycoming, Potter, and Cameron Counties is the worst in the history of the section. In Lycoming County a strip thirty miles long and more than ten miles wide is burning, and many settlements are in danger. A number of farmhouses have been burned, and scores of range cattle have perished.

Throughout the burning district, telephone and telegraph wires have suffered, and communication with many points is suspended. Details of the fire are coming in slowly. A force of men were hemmed in by flames Saturday near Slate Run, Lycoming County. With difficulty they got through nearly to Slate Run, where they remained standing in the water for six hours. The fires have been burning fiercely since last Wednesday.

Latest Shipping News.

SS Manchioneal, Port Antonio, May 9; ss Obidense, Port Antonio, May 9; ss Symra, Cienfuegos, May 9; ss Northeast, Guanica.

When you go to the country take ANGOSTURA BITTERS, an exquisite [illegible]

THREE AUTOS UPSET, ONE DOWN A BANK

Among Many Accidents of a Spring Day Which Result in Few Serious Hurts.

DOCTOR'S CAR IN ONE CRASH

Chauffeur Out in Owner's Car Spills Guests in West Drive—Child Run Over at Entrance to Garage.

Several automobile accidents were reported yesterday. Three cars were overturned and one fell over an embankment through a wheel coming off. There were few serious injuries.

About 3:30 yesterday morning a car having the license number 25,584, which, according to the police, is owned and was driven by John Harris of 314 West 117th Street, was running north at a good rate of speed along the New Rochelle Road, not far from the Hunter's Point Inn. In it were Mrs. J. V. Wright of 412 West 115th Street, Mrs. George Arons, wife of the manager of the Douglas Shoe Store at 250 West 125th Street, and M. W. Forney of 469 West 140th Street.

The driver did not notice a stump of a tree on the Eastern Boulevard and the machine ran into it, overturning the car. Harris was caught under the tonneau and could not get free. There was a little fire and he feared that he would be burned. He called to Mrs. Wright to come and help him, but she ran to the Hunters' Island Inn and summoned the waiters. They pulled Harris out and sent the party home in a taxicab.

They went to the office of Dr. Leonard Jaslo, at 206 West 121st Street, and woke him. He attended to their hurts and they weer all able to go home. Mrs. Wright complained that she had lost a handbag in which was a considerable sum of money, but what she bemoaned more was the loss of certain keys to strongboxes in which she kept her valuables. When Mrs. Wright was asked last night about the accident she denied that she knew anything about it.

John Conley, a traveling salesman of Westchester Village, was out in his machine on Saturday afternoon with Albert Seixas, a clerk of 1,517 Haight Street, the Bronx, and met on Amsterdam Avenue two school teachers, Miss Ada Rooney and Miss Alice Weston. The men asked the teachers to go to a dance at City Island, and set out to return home about 1 o'clock. Then they went for a spin, and about 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning came along Pelham Parkway at a speed of forty miles an hour.

Conley noticed the wheel nearest to him was beginning to wobble and tried to stop the car. He failed, and all the four jumped. Conley and the two teachers managed to get clear, but Seixas fell down an embankment with the machine after him. Another automobile came along, and the chauffeur stopped to offer help. He telephoned to Dr. W. E. Hedry of 461 St. Peter's Avenue, who came and attended the party. None of them was seriously injured.

As Reuben Freeman, a real estate operator, of 610 Flatbush Avenue, was running west on Dean Street, Brooklyn, yesterday afternoon Dr. Thomas Hegeman of 2,603 Newkirk Avenue turned the corner in his machine from Carlton Avenue. Both men tried to turn out, but the doctor's car struck Freeman's fairly in the middle and overturned it. Mr. Freeman and an eleven-year-old lad, George Jackson, were thrown under the machine, but Joseph Ryan of 610 Flatbush Avenue, who was riding with them, was thrown clear.

Passers-by lifted a corner of the machine and Freeman and the boy were extricated. Dr. Hegeman took them to the Bergen Street Police Station, where Dr. Cunningham of the Swedish Hospital declared that neither was seriously injured. The Freeman car was wrecked, but Dr. Hegeman's escaped damage.

Mounted Policeman Conlon found early yesterday morning four men lying beside a wrecked automobile in the West Drive of Central Park, near Sixty-sixth Street. The machine had struck a tree and was turned over.

It belonged to B. A. Armstrong of 300 West 109th Street, and had been taken out by his chauffeur, Thomas Whalen of 772 Tenth Avenue, when, according to Mr. Armstrong, it should have been in the repair shop. The other men were John Lawlor, a laborer, of 444 West Fifty-sixth Street; John Foley of 452 Tenth Avenue, and George Wilson of 421 West Twenty-first Street. Dr. Perry of the Presbyterian Hospital was called, and took Lawlor to the hospital with him.

As Molly Kelly, a 9-year-old girl of 159 West 80th Street, was crossing the west drive of Central Park yesterday afternoon she was run down by an auto owned by J. Fred Boss, an insurance broker of 14 West 95th Street. She was taken to the Presbyterian Hospital, with bruises of the head and body, but her conditions is not serious.

As Louis Meche of 950 Ogden Avenue was taking his machine yesterday afternoon into the garage at 490 East 163d Street, after a ride with his wife, John Bolton, 8 years old, of 50 East 163d Street, ran in front of it. The machine knocked him down and ran right over his abdomen. Mr. Meche picked the lad up and hurried to a drug store. The Mount Lebanon ambulance was summoned and he was taken there. He will probably recover.

Edward Southard of Hicksville, L. I., was run down last night by an unidentified automobile at Huntington. He was taken to the Nassau Hospital with his right leg broken. It will probably have to be amputated.

Nicholas Penzini of 2,464 Hughes Avenue was riding a bicycle yesterday afternoon with his head down so that he could not see where he was going along Pelham Parkway, near White Plains Road. He ran full tilt into an automobile driven by William Campbell of 102 West 183d Street. He was taken to the Fordham Hospital suffering from a possible concussion of the brain.

To the same hospital was taken also with a broken collarbone John Brown of 1,093 Union Avenue, who had run into a public hack driven by Louis Cameron of 328 City Island Avenue, in City Island Avenue, near the City Island bridge.

SCHUMANN-HEINK GIVES BAIL.

Thought It Was for Herself, but Her Chauffeur Was the Prisoner.

Mme. Schumann-Heink's automobile was stopped in North Broadway, Yonkers, yesterday by Motor Cycle Policeman Linahan, who chased it and an automobile belonging to B. Kohlman of the Hotel Majestic here for several miles. Linahan accused the chauffeurs of racing, and both auto parties were taken to the station house.

Mme. Schumann-Heink, who was accompanied by her husband, three sons, and a

Continued on Page 3.

THE POLICE PARADE

will be shown in a series of excellent illustrations in the Pictorial Section of The Times in next Sunday's is-

FIND PHILIP BAYARD DYING UNDER WINDOW

Statesman's Son Either Fell or Jumped While a Patient in Washington Hospital.

INJURIES ALONE NOT FATAL

Death Due Principally to Shock While He Was Suffering from Pericarditis —No Bones Broken.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—After falling or jumping from the third to the second-story veranda of the Garfield Hospital last evening, Philip Francis Bayard of Wilmington, Del., son of Thomas F. Bayard, once Secretary of State and Ambassador to Great Britain, died this morning without regaining consciousness.

An autopsy revealed that Mr. Bayard suffered from pericarditis and died from a shock which broke no bones and would hardly have resulted seriously to a man of normal health. An inquest will be held to-morrow by Coroner Neritt.

Mr. Bayard recently came to Washington from Baltimore, where he had been visiting his sister, Mrs. Ellen M. Lewenkaupt of 206 McMechen Street. He stopped at 435 Second Street, Southeast, until taken to the hospital on Friday evening.

Dr. Taylor B. Dixon had been called in the previous Tuesday, but the patient's condition became such that the physician decided he should be taken to a hospital. Two special nurses were engaged to look after Mr. Bayard, that he might have constant attendance.

About 8 o'clock last evening the patient was left alone for a few moments. Ten minutes later it was discovered that he was missing from his room on the third floor. Searchers then found him on the second floor veranda. Whether he jumped, fell, or attempted to climb down one of the posts is not known. He was carried back to his room, but sank rapidly, and at 5:30 o'clock he died.

Mr. Bayard's brother, Thomas F. Bayard, a lawyer of Wilmington, and his sister, Mme. Lewenkaupt, arrived in Washington to-day, expecting to have the body sent immediately to Wilmington for burial. As Coroner Nevitt had already decided to hold an inquest, they will stay until to-morrow.

Special to The New York Times.

WILMINGTON, Del., May 14.—Philip Francis Bayard, who was killed in Washington to-day by either jumping or falling from a window of the Garfield Hospital, where he was a patient, was the youngest son of the late statesman, Thomas F. Bayard, of this city. He was born thirty-eight years ago at the old Bayard homestead here, which has not been occupied by the family for many years. He had not been in Wilmington for several years.

In 1907 he entered the Consular service, being appointed Deputy Consul at Tangier. He resigned the same year. Since then he had been living in Washington, where he was a translator. He was also a frequent visitor to his sister at her home in Baltimore. He will be buried in the Bayard family vault, beside his father, mother, and several brothers and sisters, in old Swedes Cemetery here, on Wednesday afternoon.

Thomas F. Bayard, Chairman of the Democratic State Committee and a lawyer of Wilmington, went to Washington to-day when notified of the tragedy. He returned to-night. When asked what caused the death of his brother he replied: "Bright's disease." When further questioned as to whether the death was intentional, he refused to discuss the matter.

WHEELER TO LEAVE YALE.

Divorced Professor, Mulcted in $100,000 Alimony, Expected to Retire.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., May 14.—Yale University officials decline to make any statement relative to the standing, as a member of the Faculty, of Prof. Henry Lord Wheeler, who holds the Chair of Organic Chemistry in the Sheffield Scientific School, but his friends admit that he is not expected to return to the university. There is no rule barring members of the Faculty from retaining their chairs after being divorced. Till Prof. Wheeler was divorced on Friday no such case had arisen. Faculty members who are removed are allowed to retire ostensibly on their own volition and without publicity.

It is stated by Prof. Wheeler's friends that he will not only retire from his professorship at the end of the present school year in June, but that he will not resume his classes meantime. Recitations close May 31, and arrangements have been made to place his classroom work in other hands for the fortnight which remains.

Prof. Wheeler left this city suddenly yesterday, after learning of the Superior Court decision mulcting him in $100,000 alimony in connection with his divorce case. It is supposed that he has gone to Chicago, where his property interests and relatives are.

It is believed that he does not intend to submit peacefully to the court order to pay the sum named. The Connecticut rule in assigning alimony is never to decree a sum greater than one-tenth of the wealth of a person. It is understood that Prof. Wheeler inherited more than $1,000,000. His father has been prominently identified with the traction interests of Chicago, and is rated as a multi-millionaire.

Prof. Wheeler's wife, who was Miss Eve Swarthout, an actress, cannot be found, but is stated by her counsel to be in the city. Her friends say that she has not yet fully recovered from recent injuries which compelled her to go to a hospital here.

Deed May Identify Body from River.

A deed and photograph may lead to the identification of the body of a man about 50 years old, found floating in the East River, off Thirty-sixth Street, on Saturday morning. The deed and photograph were found in the inner pocket of the coat when Morgue attendants searched the body. The deed bore the date, "March 13, 1894," and transferred property in Verona, Essex County, N. J., from David Hook to Andrew L. Parkhurst. The outlines of a man and a woman could be distinguished on the photograph.

MRS. TAFT ILL HERE, PRESIDENT WITH HER

He Returns Hastily from Harrisburg, but Will Go on to Washington This Morning.

ANOTHER NERVOUS ATTACK

Long Illness Followed Last One a Year Ago—Reported Improved at Midnight—Daughter Summoned.

Mrs. William H. Taft, wife of the President, is ill at the home of her brother-in-law, Henry W. Taft, at 36 West Forty-eighth Street. She is said to be suffering from a recurrence of a nervous disorder which prostrated her two years ago, but according to reports from the sickroom at midnight is in no immediate danger and expects to be able to return to Washington in a few days. Mrs. Taft is under the care of Dr. Evan M. Evans, the family physician of Henry W. Taft.

President Taft hastened here from Harrisburg, Penn., last night. It had been his intention to go direct to Washington from Harrisburg, where he spoke yesterday afternoon, but he was unwilling to return to the capital without seeing Mrs. Taft again and learning from the physician whether it would be wise for him to leave her bedside.

Upon his arrival here at 10 o'clock last night, however, Mrs. Taft's condition had improved to such an extent that the President will go on to Washington this morning. Mrs. Taft will remain at the home of her brother-in-law for a few days. Miss Helen Taft is with her mother, having been summoned from Washington by telegraph yesterday morning. The President's two sons, Robert and Charles Taft, were also notified of their mother's illness, but were told not to come here at present.

President and Mrs. Taft attended the dinner of the Academy of Political Sciences at the Hotel Astor on Saturday night. Mrs. Taft sat through the dinner at the table of William M. Ivins. At 11 o'clock, after President Taft had finished speaking, he and his wife left the Astor and proceeded at once by automobile to the Henry W. Taft home. Mrs. Taft had shown no signs of illness at the dinner, but had chatted gayly with Mr. and Mrs. Ivins and their friends.

Shortly after reaching the home of her brother-in-law Mrs. Taft became ill. Dr. Evans, whose office is at 56 East Fifty-fifth Street, was summoned by telephone shortly after midnight, and reached the Taft home a few minutes later. Dr. Evans decided that a trained nurse was necessary, but informed the President that that he saw no immediate cause of alarm in Mrs. Taft's condition. She needed rest and quiet for a few days.

It had been Mrs. Taft's plan to accompany her husband to Harrisburg yesterday morning, and they had planned to go direct from there to Washington last night. But in view of Mrs. Taft's condition, the President decided to make the trip alone, and to come back here before going to Washington. He left here for Harrisburg at 10:04 o'clock yesterday morning in his private car, the Ideal, accompanied by his secretary, Charles H. Hilles, and his military aid, Major Butt.

The first news of Mrs. Taft's illness came in the form of a news bulletin issued from the President's private car yesterday afternoon as it passed through Philadelphia.

"Mrs. Taft had a recurrence this morning of the nervous trouble which she suffered two years ago," said the bulletin, "but in a less severe form. On account of this it is probable she will not return to Washington for three or four days. This has caused a change in the President's plans for the Washington trip, and he will return to New York to-night. Dr. Evan Evans is in attendance. The President probably will return to Washington to-morrow, unless there are developments that are entirely unlooked for now."

When reporters reached the home of Henry W. Taft they were told that Mrs. Taft was in no danger, and that her condition had improved.

"I am in charge of the case and can safely say there is no cause for alarm," said Dr. Evans. "Mrs. Taft has had a slight recurrence of her nervous trouble. It is nothing serious, and there is absolutely no cause for alarm."

"Mrs. Taft is greatly improved to-day," said Mr. Taft, "and to-night she is resting easy. We have the utmost faith in Dr. Evans, and he assures us there is no cause for alarm."

This was shortly before President Taft arrived from Harrisburg. Mr. Taft explained that the family thought it best to have Miss Helen Taft come here, not because her mother was in any danger, but because a mother always wants her daughter around when indisposed. He said that Robert and Charles Taft would not be called here unless a sudden and unexpected turn for the worse occurred in their mother's condition.

Four city detectives were on hand at the Pennsylvania Station at 10 o'clock last night to meet the President and his party. They followed the President in an automobile to the Henry W. Taft house and waited there for half an hour.

Four automobiles waited an hour at the Pennsylvania Station for the President's party. Gen. Alexander MacKenzie of Washington was in one of them. He is an old friend of the President, and they greeted each other warmly. Those who saw the President arrive noticed that his customary smile was gone. He showed the worry that he felt.

It was 11:30 o'clock when the President reached his brother's home. A group of reporters awaited his arrival, but outside of that the street was almost deserted.

President Taft went immediately to his wife's room on one of the upper floors. She was awake when he arrived, and they chatted a moment, and the President joined his brothers and his daughter in another room, where a late dinner was served.

As midnight approached one of the President's party came out and read the following statement, which had been prepared at Secretary Hills's direction:

"Mrs. Taft is much improved to-night, after a steady improvement all day. Dr. Evans says that she will be able to return to Washington within a few days. President Taft will return to Washington at 10 o'clock to-morrow morning. Miss Helen Taft will remain with her mother. Secretary Hillis leaves for Washington at midnight."

A nervous attack, similar to her present one, was suffered by Mrs. Taft on May 17, 1909, while she was making an excursion on the Presidential yacht, the Sylph. Mrs. Taft was on her way from Mount Vernon to Washington with a party of friends when the first symptoms of a nervous breakdown became evident. It was said that she was overcome by the ordeal of witnessing an operation on her son Charles at the Eye and Ear Hospital in Washington that morning and by the heat of the afternoon sail down the Potomac River.

She was removed from the Presidential yacht and taken back to the White House, where she was ill for a long time. She was obliged to give up all her social engagements for the remainder of the Summer.

Members of the Taft family say that the present nervous attack is probably the result of the trying season of social events in which Mrs. Taft took a leading part during the Winter and Spring.

BELMONT FIGHTS A FIRE.

Forest Blaze Was Endangering His Country Place at Babylon, L. I.

Special to The New York Times.

BABYLON, L. I., May 14.—A fire in the pine woods near the nursery farm of August Belmont, two miles north of here, endangered to-day his country home, as well as other buildings on the place.

Mr. and Mrs. Belmont were at the nursery, and when word of the fire came he went out and aided Supt. O'Shea in fighting the flames. The fire burned rapidly and the deer pen was in danger. For a time it was feared that Mrs. Belmont's pet deer would be consumed. By back firing, the flames were subdued and no great damage was done. The woods are very dry, and it is said the flames may spring up again at any moment.

SEEK MISS ARNOLD IN RIVER.

Her Brother Views Body Recovered Yesterday—Jewelry Not Like Hers.

John Arnold, a brother of Dorothy Arnold, who disapeared from her home many months ago, visited the Bellevue Morgue early this morning and viewed the body of a young woman found in the East River at the foot of East 89th Street yesterday afternoon.

Arnold said the body might be that of his sister, though he could not be sure. The body was so far decomposed that identification would be difficult. When the jewelry found on the body was described to Arnold he said it did not tally with that worn by his sister, yet he insisted that the body might be that of his relative.

FARM WEALTH $8,928,000,000.

Increase of $104,000,000 Over 1909—Texas in the Lead.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The value of wealth produced on farms of the United States was $8,928,000,000 during 1910 as estimated by the Department of Agriculture in a statement just issued. This is an increase of $104,000,000 over 1909.

Texas with her 10,000,000 acres of cotton wrested from Illinois during 1910 the honor of being the first State of the Union in value of principal farm crops, which aggregated $364,110,000.

47 NEW POSTAL BANKS.

Postmaster General Hitchcock Has Established 176 Since Jan. 3.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Postmaster General Hitchcock announced to-day the designation of forty-seven additional postal savings depositories, making a total of 176 postal banks since Jan. 3. The offices designated to-day will be ready to receive deposits on June 12. The new offices are nearly all in small towns in the South and West.

16,000 AT LUTHERAN SERVICE

Centenary of the Birth of Dr. Walther Celebrated at St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14.—A Lutheran service was held in the Coliseum to-day, when 16,000 persons gathered to celebrate the hundredth anniversary of the birth of the Rev. Dr. C. W. Walther, who is credited with reviving the Lutheran Church in the United States. The celebration was in connection with the session of the Missouri Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran Church.

A chorus of 4,000 voices sang, including 3,000 children and students of Concordia Seminary, founded by Dr. Walther in St. Louis.

"GRINDS" GET HIGH PLACES.

Cornell Figures Show They Are More Successful in Life.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., May 14.—Of the Cornell alumni who have attained distinction in life a majority were "grinds" while in the university. This is shown by a compilation made by The Cornell Era.

"The prominent student," or seeker after college honors, is not so likely to succeed. The figure show that of 170 persons of prominence 101 were "grinds" and 69 were prominent students.

"The fact that 67 of the whole number of famous men are educators perhaps accounts," The Era says, "for the preponderance of grinds. A future educator is essentially more of a grind than other men."

The famous Cornellians include 28 scientists, 10 geologists, 24 lawyers, 20 engineers, 13 authors, 10 journalists, 10 physicians, 9 agriculturists, 4 manufacturers, 4 chemists, 4 architects, 3 diplomats, and 3 bankers.

AIRSHIP FOR NEWSGETTING.

French Editor Snapshots Cycle Contest in a Thirty-Mile Wind.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 14.—An aeroplane was used to-day for the purpose of newspaper reporting. Marcel Violette, editor of La Vie au Grand Air, braved a thirty-mile wind in a Farman biplane, piloted by an aviator, in order to follow the episodes of a cycle race from Bordeaux to Paris.

The machine went up from the aerodrome at Etampes shortly after 10 A. M. After rising to a considerable height, the racers were sighted near Angeville. The wind was then blowing its strongest, but the pilot stuck to his task.

While M. Violette snapshotted, the wind machine swayed, making forced evolutions above the racers for over two hours, and grounded only after the supply of films had become exhausted.

CHURCHGOERS IN A RIOT.

Two Shot and Ten Others Stoned in Fight to Oust the Pastor.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 14.—A riot in which two persons were shot and ten others injured, resulted late to-day when a delegation of the congregation of St. Casmir's Polish Roman Catholic Church attempted forcibly to remove the pastor, the Rev. Ignatius Piotrowski, because they were dissatisfied with the way he conducted the affairs of the church.

The delegation was met by members loyal to the pastor, and a fight ensued. Police were called, and a general fight followed, in which revolvers were drawn by the police and the protesting church members and stones were thrown.

Patrolman Arthur Hopcraft received a severe scalp wound when one of the bullets went through his helmet. Frank Grabowski was shot twice in the thigh. Others were cut and bruised. Thirty patrolmen are guarding the block in which the church and priest's residence are located.

RABAGO ADVANCING TO RETAKE JUAREZ

Has Combined with Luque's Forces, and Has Artillery—Orozco to Meet Him.

DIAZ GETS 15 DAYS' GRACE

If He Does Not Meet Rebel Terms Advance on Capital Will Begin—Peace Advocates Hopeful.

Special to The New York Times.

JUAREZ, Mexico, May 14.—A ragged insurrecto courier arrived here to-night with information which may mean another battle for the possession of Juarez within the next few days. He reports that Gen. Rabago, who is said to command a force of from 800 to 1,500 Federals, has arrived at Villa Ahumada, eighty miles south of this city, and there effected a junction with Gen. Luque, who recently evacuated Ojinaga, opposite Presidio, Texas.

The information has thrown the insurrecto army into a fever of excitement. A detachment of the rebel army will set out at sunrise to-morrow to hold back the Federals. Gen. Orozco, who yesterday had a clash with Gen. Madero, will command the expedition.

According to the courier, the Federals are plentifully supplied with ammunition, and also have a strong force of artillery, including modern fieldpieces.

Fifteen Days for Peace Parleys.

President Diaz has just fifteen days to agree to terms of peace acceptable to Gen. Madero and his followers. Should he refuse the insurrectos, under the leadership of Gen. Madero, will begin a march upon the City of Mexico.

This statement was made to-day by one of Gen. Madero's advisers. It followed a statement by Oscar Braniff, one of the Mexican Government's unofficial peace negotiators, who said that he and his colleague, Esquival Obregon, were making an effort to arrange a programme of peace which would be acceptable to both sides. The insurrecto officer also said that the Federal Government was working to find a way to meet the demands of the Maderists.

In the present negotiations of the preliminary peace programme Judge Carbajal, the official envoy of President Diaz in the parleys that came to naught, and were followed by the capture of Juarez, has no part. Señor Braniff says, however, that if the preliminary programme goes through Judge Carbajal will again become the official Commissioner, while Dr. Vasquez Gomez, the Provisional Minister of Foreign Affairs, will represent the revolutionists.

In his talk with THE NEW YORK TIMES correspondent, Señor Braniff referred bitterly to certain persons who, he said, were busy in Juarez doing everything possible to balk the present peace movement. He was asked to name the persons, but refused. He admitted that Señor Obregon, his colleague, was the person against whom the attacks were directed.

The story that disturbed Señor Braniff was to the effect that a large sum of money, put at more than $100,000, had been offered Gen. Orozco, the insurrecto General who threatened Gen. Madero yesterday, if he would become an agent to discredit the insurrecto movement. Although Gen. Orozco and others concerned have strongly denied it, the report has found believers among the rebels. So intense is the feeling that Señor Obregon has been advised to keep on the American side of the Rio Grande, and he is following that advice.

"The story is absolutely without foundation," said Señor Braniff. "It was concocted to injure the efforts now under way for peace. No such offer was ever made nor even thought of by Señor Obregon or any one else officially or unofficially connected with the Mexican Government."

Rafael Hernandez, who was the original bo-betweeen when efforts were first made to bring the warring factions together a few months ago, is again active and has transmitted certain proposals which are said to be looked on favorably by both sides. The proposals include an immediate reorganization of the Cabinet of President Diaz, and the introduction into the new Cabinet of four members, half its membership from the revolutionist party. President Diaz could remain in power until complete tranquillity be restored.

Te reinforce the effect of the change in the Cabinet a second proposal is under consideration, that is, to permit the revolutionists to name the Governors of fourteen of the twenty-seven States. This would strengthen the important guarantees which the revolutionists have been clamoring for. The change in the Cabinet is placed above all other demands by the rebels, as they hold that a reorganization of that body would mean overhauling the Federal Government.

Orozco Apologizes for Outbreak.

Gen. Orozco is sorry to-day over his action yesterday in threatening Gen. Madero—so sorry, in fact, that he went to Gustavo Madero, the Provisional Minister of Finance, to-day and apologized to him for his treatment of Gen. Madero. Apparently there is now full harmony between the civil and military officers of the revolution and the authority of the civil officers is recognized. Gen. Orozo was in consultation with Gen. Madero at times to-day.

Among the insurrectos it was explained to-day that Gen. Orozco had been worked up to his encounter with Gen. Madero by friends, who had gone to him and told him that he was the victim of a trick in that he had not been made Secretary of War in the provisional Cabinet. This explanation bears every evidence of truth; in fact, it is practically admitted by some of the men in the close confidence of Gen. Madero.

Another reason for Orozco's feeling was given by a man close to Gen. Madero, who places part of the blame on the shoulders of a young newspaper reporter, who was a bit too enthusiastic in reporting an exclusive interview with Col. Garibaldi just after the fall of Juarez.

"This young fellow," said the man, "had a talk with Garibaldi and wrote the story as if it had been dictated by that soldier. It was entitled 'How Col. Garibaldi planned the Capture of Juarez,' and to Col. Garibaldi was given the entire credit for the victory. Of course Col. Garibaldi claimed no such credit, but the paper that printed it was circulated among the insurrecto soldiers, and there were enough among them who could read English to cause the rapid spread of the news throughout our army. Orozco heard it and it made him unhappy and somewhat jealous, to say the least. Then he went over to El Paso and the crowds in the hotel lobbies hailed him as a great soldier, and he became still more discontented."

Customs Receipts Given to Army.

Orozco's row had one happy result, so far as the rebel soldiers are concerned, for last night $5,000 American money was distributed among them. This sum represented all but $1,000 of the money that was taken in as duties at the Juarez Custom House yesterday. The Madero customs officials have received notice of the entry to-morrow of dutiable goods, the tax on which will add $3,000 more to the insurrecto treasury. It is believed this sum will be trebled during the day.

Gustavo Madero, the Provisional Finance Minister, was asked this afternoon if the $5,000 distributed last night was to be considered as pay.

"It certainly is not to be so considered," he answered. "Our men are not fighting for money, but for the liberty of their country. It was simply spending money for them while they are resting in Juarez."

The $5,000 was divided between about 1,700 officers and men, and a little calculation will show that none among them got a large sum. Capt. Linderfeldt of the American Legion, for instance, received $6. The money, however, quieted the grumbling.

An agreeable disappointment noted today by many was the calmness with which the insurrecto leaders received the news of the escape of Gen. Navarro into El Paso yesterday. It was feared that a large number of them, particularly those connected with Col. Villa's command, would evidence their resentment, particularly as the escape followed a demand by Villa for the punishment of Navarro. No resentment was shown.

Navarro to Keep His Parole.

Gen. Navarro is now in seclusion in a house in El Paso, and is watched over by the police. The United States Secret Service and the American army patrol also are keeping in touch with him.

Judge Carbajal visited Gen. Navarro this afternoon, and was in conference with him for several hours. His object was to discuss the wisdom of having Navarro put himself under American protection indefinitely. The defeated officer, however, is said to have replied that he would not consider such a thing, but would respect the parole given him by Gen. Madero as sacred and return here whenever Gen. Madero so desired. Gen. Madero is understood to have no intention of inviting his late antagonist to return at present, as he realizes how bitter is the feeling against Navarro on the part of so many of his soldiers.

Gen. Navarro expressed his deep gratitude for the kind treatment he had received from the insurrecto leaders.

"From Madero, his family, and other chiefs of the revolutionists I have had all manner of consideration," he said. "I have told Madero if my absence is creating discord to let them have me, as I highly appreciate what he has done."

Gen. Navarro is endeavoring to persuade the Federal officers under him, who broke their parole and came to El Paso after the surrender, to return to Juarez and report to their captors. Some sharp discussions took place to-day between one or two of the Federal officers and the General, who upbraided them for their lack of honor. His arguments were without result. The violation of the paroles had much to do with the sudden outburst yesterday.

Anticipating a rush of sightseers to Juarez to-day, orders were issued by the Government forbidding street cars to cross from El Paso. Apparently the order kept few out. Visitors came across the international bridge by thousands all day. Those who could came in automobiles and other vehicles and the less fortunate came on foot.

The visitors were not disappointed in finding plenty to interest them. The insurrecto soldiers were everywhere, and a more picturesque body of men it would be hard to find. Many varieties of uniforms were to be seen on the soldiers—though they were alike in that each displayed on his sleeve or his hat the colors of the revolution—as they lounged on the sidewalks, chatted in adobe doorways with the native women, or vainly tried to understand the English of some sightseer. All carried guns, while strapped around their bodies or across their bodies in suspender fashion were the cartridge belts, all full. Their hats were mostly Mexican in shape, though of many materials, with the high-peaked crowns. Hundreds of cavalrymen galloped about the city, many of them rushing well-kept horses that had been captured from the Federals. Guns and sabres both, these horsemen sported.

Cathedral Shows Scars of Fight.

Thousands visited the Cathedral, on top of which the Federals had erected barricades to repel the rebels. The edifice showed everywhere the effect of the rain of bullets and shrapnel for which it had been the target. Opposite was the Market House, above the main entrance to which is the stone carved name of Luis Terrazas. It was, until the revolution, the name to conjure with in Chihuahua, for the estate of this family is so big that it takes a fast railroad train a whole day to get out of it, and more than 100,000 head of cattle roamed it before Chihuahua became a hotbed of the revolution and the rebels levied on the cattle.

Around the corner was the barracks where old Gen. Navarro made his last stand and where he gave up his sword to Col. Caribaldi. The place was full of rebel soldiers.

Madero's temporary executive mansion, one of the ancient adobe houses of the city, one story high, was another much visited point of interest. In front of it are a score of mud huts, while the backyard, with its scores of green chinaberry trees, faces the great jagged mountain behind Juarez, where no life, except, perhaps, that of a reptile, can exist. Through the yard runs an irrigation ditch on the banks of which are the chinaberry trees. Every one of these was the shelter for a dozen or more of troopers, men of Capt. Castillo's command, the bodyguard of Madero.

The adobe city offers a great contrast to beautiful and modern El Paso. To-night this side of the Rio Grande is as dark and quiet as the other side is brilliant and lively.

NEW YORKER IS ARRESTED.

Gerald Brandon Accused of Talking About Navarro's Whereabouts.

Special to The New York Times.

EL PASO, Texas, May 14.—Gerald Brandon, of 76 West Ninety-second Street, New York City, was arrested to-night by order of Mayor Kelley of El Paso on a charge of disorderly conduct in that he told some one that he knew the hiding place of Gen. Navarro.

Brandon represents El Diario of Mexico City here. He is a nephew of Isaac Brandon, head of the banking house of Isaac Brandon & Brothers of New York and Panama.

The peculiar thing about the arrest was that many another knew the whereabouts of Navarro, including all the newspaper men here.

MINISTERS MAY GO IF DIAZ DOES NOT

Cabinet Presses Discussion of His Resignation, Interrupted by News of Juarez Row.

MORE TROOPS IN THE CITY

Force of 1,500 Brought in from Morelos District—Rumor of 10,000 Rebels in Outskirts.

BY STEPHEN BONSAL,
Special Correspondent of The New York Times.

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MEXICO CITY, May 14.—A quiet and orderly Sunday has served greatly to tranquilize the capital and its alarmed inhabitants, both Mexican and foreign. Ministers Limantour and Vera Estanol, indeed all the Cabinet members, were at the National Palace of the Ministries all day. A Cabinet Council under President Diaz at his home in Cadena Street was sitting this evening continuing the debate on the President's resignation, which was unhappily interrupted last night by the exaggerated news of the differences between Gen. Madero and Gen. Orozco at Juarez.

The discussion, I have good reason to believe, will be pushed until the resignation of Gen. Diaz is an accomplished fact, or another split in the Cabinet is brought about. There is a prevailing belief in well informed circles that Gen. Diaz's resistance to public opinion on this question is nearing the end.

The fortification of the Central Bank was completed to-day. It is the Clearing House of the Mexican State banks, and loopholed as it is and with the doors and windows re-enforced with steel plates, it will be prepared to engage to-morrow upon its usual line of banking business. The careful and comprehensive measures which have now been taken by all the large institutions here will, it is thought, prevent any serious demonstrations, certainly any successful one. The only danger of the situation was in the possibility of surprise, which now is out of the question.

Americans Feared Outbreak.

The Guadalajara exodus of Americans and other foreigners, it appears, was caused by the manifest hostility of a large section of the population of that place, though no overt act was committed.

There is not the slightest indication of anti-foreign or, more especially, anti-American feeling in this city, and yet away down in many Mexican hearts there is a fear and dread that their national integrity is in danger.

A Mexican gentleman, for whom, like every one else, I have great respect, told me this afternoon that he might be wrong, that he might and probably would be ashamed of it in the morning, but he felt sure that if the news came that American troops had crossed the frontier and invaded the sacred soil of his country, he would, by uncontrollable impulse, find himself, with all of his education and civilization, joining the ignorant mob which, he assured me, would attack the American Legation immediately.

Report of Advance on Capital.

Of the rumors which have some substance, I chronicle without any personal opinion one that 10,000 insurgent troops have arrived from the south and are now camped on and near Awasco Mountain, only a few miles outside and above the city. This is the mountain one sees so clearly, which makes such a beautiful picture looking down Bucarelli Street. I have looked down the street for some time now with a strong field-glass and have seen no sign that the mountain is occupied.

It is, however, certain that several military trains have come from the Cuernavaca and Morelos line, bringing with them about 1,500 Federal soldiers. They may be yielding before the advance of Gen. Figueroa, or they may be coming in merely to reinforce the capital garrison during a few anxious hours.

The garrison, now reinforced, of Belem prison, were busy as bees all yesterday. The many roofs of this curiously rambling and added-to structure have been connected with bridges, and apparently all the garrison is posted on the roofs, with six machine guns placed at advantageous points to sweep the nearby streets.

The Diaz Government is absolutely silent on the situation. It is felt that a statement of any kind would be reassuring, but none is forthcoming, and, strange to relate, the Mexican press and even the Ministerial organs are quite as isolated as regards official news as we are. The Ministerial papers are magnifying the differences between Madero and his fighting men, but they do not appear wholely confident that this line is pleasing to the Government.

ROW BALKED PEACE PLAN.

Diaz Cabinet Was Discussing a Radical Measure When the News Came.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.
From Another Correspondent.

MEXICO CITY, May 14.—All the prestige gained by Gen. Madero in the taking of Juarez was lost when yesterday's dissension in his camp became known here. President Diaz and his Ministers had been closeted together all the afternoon, and there was reason to think that a most radical step was being considered to restore peace. An attendant, however, brought in an extra telling of the quarrel at Juarez, and the meeting adjourned, while the drawn faces of the Ministers lightened with a hope that has been absent for weeks.

Gen. Orozco has cheated the revolution out of its greatest victory. It will take the fall of Chihuahua or an equally important place to regain the lost influence. With so many evidences of the looseness of the rebel organization, each day is seeing more people convinced that "even a bad Government is better than no Government."

Now Think Madero Is Weak.

The people are beginning to remember that Gen. Madero was unknown to the people generally in Mexico before the last campaign, despite his millions. His deeds were not of the kind that gave him standing even in his own precinct. The conservative public are recalling his Oaxaca speech, when he asked the peons to vote for him in order that they might wear plug hats and Prince Albert coats, as he did.

The conviction is growing that a weak man accidentally adopted a course of policy just at a time when an outburst of public opinion found it the line of least resistance and carried the leader into a sphere far beyond his capabilities.

The good from the Maderist movement has been acomplished. Many think that the Government, forced to the very point of collapse, will now be glad to follow the reform programme scrupulously, which will be far better than any present attempt at a change.

Looking for a New Leader.

While Gen. Madero's prestige has been injured, the country is ripe to follow any leader the situation may develop who may show the strength and judgment to handle the situation. As yet the revolution has developed no such character, and much danger lies in the possibility that the factions in the different sections of the country will develop men with rival ambitions to be the Chief Executive. This has been the case in former revolutionary periods, and the factional strife has continued indefinitely until a man strong enough to dominate all has developed.

Despite the energetic action on the part of the United States to still the belief that it will interfere, the consensus of opinion among the foreigners of all nations is that an American protectorate will be necessary before complete tranquillity will be restored. This reasoning is based on the fact that after thirty years of peace in which to found a stable Government under the direction of a man of most decided ability, the whole fabric is torn down and the Government forced to a pitiable plight in less than five months of revolution, and no better opportunity for stability will ever be offered.

Merchants here take a pessimistic view of the situation. New goods are being purchased sparingly because of fear of a prolonged struggle.

Plan for Division of Land.

A favorable impression has been created by the introduction of a bill for the division of the rural estates in the Chamber of Deputies yesterday. The bill provides for the purchase of large tracts of land in each district by the Government, which are to be offered for sale to persons who will agree to farm for themselves. The terms are to be easy, and arrangements for irrigation, roadways, and titles are amply covered.

While objection is bound to be raised to some articles, as a whole the bill meets the requirements of the situation far better than any one expected and is a tribute to the ability of the new Minister of Public Works and Agriculture, Señor Marroquin. The bill received its first reading yesterday, and will come up again to-morrow.

A general housecleaning is taking place in the Department of Justice. Practically every employe has resigned this week and new appointments will change a majority of the personnel in the department.

Due to the unsettled conditions, the auction Saturday on the Mining Board of Trade was suspended. Yesterday's reports from the interior show the same long list of towns captured by wandering rebel bands and the same list of atrocities. There is a general increase in the alarm over the prevailing conditions tending more and more toward anarchy and the rule of might. One leader of the Vera Cruz band has the novel idea of visiting as many undefended towns as possible. He then calls an election and has new officers nominated and a ballot taken during the few hours of his stay. These officials, with the understanding that they represent the provisional Government, are left in charge. The plan seems to be working well. The people are pleased at the use of the ballot and the fairness of the elections. Even old officials are allowed to nominate the candidates and vote for them.

The conditions at Port Vera Cruz are growing worse. The rebels hold San Miguel, eight miles away, with less than a hundred soldiers. Vera Cruz gunboats in the harbor are useless, and could not fire on the rebels on account of the damage to the town.

The territory tributary to Tehuantepec along the National Railway is tranquil. Guadalajara fears an attack, and the merchants have voted that the city should be surrendered if the rebel band should be stronger than the garrison, to prevent loss of life of non-combatants, the damage of property, and the danger of looting following the defeat of the garrison. Guadalajara is the second city in size in the country. Temax, Yucatan, reports a strong revolutionary movement. The Puebla situation is daily growing worse. Work on remodeling the historic fortifications on the hills of Loreto and Guadalupe is being pushed rapidly. The objection of the populace to allowing the siege of the city may cause an uprising against the Government forces within the city in case they insist on making a stand within the city itself.

The tenseness of the situation in this city is illustrated by the result of the rumors of a demonstration. Yesterday the alarm became very general. People of all classes crowded the groceries and markets, laying in supplies. Chickens went up to $4 each, and other things in proportion, and everybody felt foolish this morning when the night was remarkably quiet for Saturday night.

Mimi Aguglia, the noted Italian actress, who has been marooned in Durango by the rebel siege for several weeks, thereby missing important Argentina engagements, is to have a special military escort, which will attempt to get her through the rebel lines, together with eightly members of her Sicilian company. A large indemnity is to be claimed for each day of time lost. It has been a matter of diplomatic intercourse recently with Italy.

5th Avenue Restaurant
FIFTH AVENUE BUILDING, entrance on 24th St.
SITE OF FIFTH AVENUE HOTEL

DINNER 6 TO 9.30 P. M.
A LA CARTE OR IF DESIRED
AT FIXED PRICE, $1.25

SAY FEDERALS BROKE FAITH.

Took from Cananea Supplies Which They Agreed to Surrender.

CANANEA, Mexico, May 14.—Col Chiapas, accused of having killed Prefect Talamantes of Montezuma and his two sons, was the only Federal officer who opposed entering into negotiations with Gen. Juan Cabral, the rebel leader, prior to the surrender of Cananea. Fearing chine guns, and supplies. Instead, the upon, regardless of the fate of the city, Chiapas insisted on fighting. He was finally overruled by the other Federal officers.

The Federals, it is said, did not live up to the terms of the surrender made with Cabral. According to the agreement the Federal troops were to march out with their rifles and cartridge belts, but were to leave their surplus ammunition, machine guns, and supplies. Instead the Federals took out about 25,000 rounds of ammunition, their machine guns, horses, and entire supply of forage. The municipal building was stripped of its furnishings, as was also the jail.

The revolutionary leaders, at a meeting to-day, presided over by Gen. Cabral, chose the provisional officials of Cananea. At noon they were sworn in. They pledged themselves to make effective the constitution of the Republic, to assist in reforming the laws of Sonora, and to uphold the no re-election and all other demands of the revolutionary party. In the afternoon the officers were introduced to the people in the plaza and were received with a great popular demonstration.

After a thorough examination failed to unearth any military mines, the rebels occupied the City Hall and the barracks. Federal sympathizers were taken into custody, the crowds cheering each arrest.

A trainload of material and 100 men have been sent by the Greene-Cananea Copper Company for the repair of burned railroad bridges. Railroad telegraph wires are working again between Cananea and Nogales, and train service is expected to be resumed on Monday.

NOGALES, Mexico, May 14.—The arrival to-day of the Federal force that evacuated Cananea has swelled the garrison to 800 men. Asked whether they would make a stand here against the rebels, Col. Ojeda, the Federal commander, replied:

"We are ordered to fight."

With five machine guns the Federals can put up a desperate fight.

LOOTING IN MEXICO CITY.

American Woman Says Professional Thieves Pose as Rebel Agents.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, May 14.—The train from Mexico on the International & Great Northern which arrived in San Antonio to-day was crowded with Americans and foreigners. An extra sleeping car and two extra day cars were filled with persons who came directly from the City of Mexico. They said the line was open all the way from Laredo to the capital, and that no trouble was experienced in reaching this city.

Mrs. Fred Wolters spoke for a party of a dozen women, whose husbands have remained in Mexico until they can arrange their affairs.

"We are glad to get out of that country with clothing on our backs," said Mrs. Wolters. "The looting now going on in the City of Mexico by professional thieves, who are masked as agents of the revolution, is terrifying. We have feared that thugs would not merely take our property but add murder to their crimes. The City of Mexico before I left had heard of the fall of Juarez. The sympathies of the people are with the rebels, and there was hardly any holding them when they learned of the insurrecto victory.

"I might say without fear of contradiction that within two weeks most of the foreign population of the capital city will be either in the United States or on the water out of Vera Cruz, sailing for some friendly port for safety. Every foreigner in the city has the flag of his country flying from some conspicuous place on his home, but this will afford very little protection.

"All along the route from the City of Mexico to the Mexican border at Laredo we heard nothing but 'Viva Madero!' The inhabitants asked the passengers at each stop when the insurrecto leader would arrive and take their town."

CONSUL REPORTS LOOTING.

Denied by Rebel Agent—Intervention Denial Popular in Mexico.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—Consul Edwards at Juarez has reported to the State Department rumors of dissension and bad feeling among the insurrectos at Juarez, and that considerable pillaging and looting has been going on since the surrender of the city. From ten to forty refugees have been seeking protection at the Consulate daily. When asked about this to-night, Mr. Vasconcelos, the insurrecto confidential agent, said: "That is all over now. My information is that all is quiet in Juarez, and that Gen. Madero has disposed of all dissension."

Consuls and consular agents at various points in Mexico have advised the State Department that the emphatic statement that this Government has no intention of interfering with the Mexican situation, has caused favorable comment on all sides. Consular Agent Taylor at Guaymas, reported that the "non-intervention telegram" will be "immensely appreciated and supported by all American residents."

Consul Haskell, at Salina Cruz, telegraphed that the report that the revolutionists have captured Salina Cruz and San Geroneme is untrue, and that there is no activity on that side of the Isthmus.

GIRL SAVES CHILD IN A WELL.

Miss Van Tassell Climbs Down 25 Feet to Rescue Eleanor Hosar.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., May 14.—Miss Hattie Van Tassell, the young daughter of Ambrose Van Tassell of Valhalla, received congratulations to-day on her brave action yesterday in rescuing five-year-old Eleanor Hosar from drowning in a well twenty-five feet deep and containing six feet of water.

Several other children, who had been playing with Eleanor, gave the alarm, and Miss Van Tassell ran to the well and saw the child's head above the water. Miss Van Tassell descended into the well by stepping from stone to stone, which protruded like steps. She was able to grasp the child by the arm and held her head above the water until several men arrived with ropes and both were then pulled to the surface.

WIRELESS HUNTS PILOT BOAT

All Ships on Lookout for Bermuda Vessel, Missing Now Five Days.

All ships bearing wireless apparatus within the zone of communication from New York were asked to-night to keep a lookout for the Burmuda pilotboat, which, with a crew of five men, has been missing for five days. The United Wireless Telegraph Company received last night from Capt. P. J. Fraser of the steamship Bermudian this message:

> Pilot boat No. 2 of Bermuda, sloop rigged, painted black, gaff mainsail, five men on board, missing five days without provisions. Keep extra lookout for any vessel of this description.

The Bermudian is due to reach here to-day.

MERRITT WILL DROP WATER STORAGE PLAN

Amendment Which Would Throw Open Forest Reserve Not to be Passed.

WILL ACCEPT BURD'S IDEA

Not More Than Three Per Cent. of Forest Reserve Land to be Taken for Water Storage.

Assemblyman Edwin S. Merritt, Jr., of St. Lawrence County has notified the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks that he is willing to drop his proposal for such an amendment to the Constitution as would throw open the lands of the forest reserve for the storage of water and the construction of dams at the discretion of the Legislature. He has agreed to accept the limitations on such use of the reserve lands as is provided in a resolution introduced by Senator George B. Burd of Buffalo.

This resolution provides that not more than 3 per cent. of the forest reserve lands may be taken for the construction and maintenance of reservoirs for municipal water supply, for the canals of the State, or to regulate the flow of the streams. Moreover whatever reservoirs are constructed shall always be constructed, owned, and operated by the State, and the beneficiaries must pay a reasonable sum to recompense the State. This concurrent resolution has already been approved by the Senate Judiciary Committee.

It will amend Article 7, Section 7 of the State Constitution, which took effect on Jan. 1, 1895, and reads:

> The lands of the State now owned or hereafter acquired, constituting the Forest Reserve, as now fixed by law, shall be forever kept as wild lands. They shall not be leased, sold, or exchanged or taken by any corporation, public or private, nor shall the timber thereon be sold, removed, or destroyed.

Since this was adopted there have been many attempts to amend it. Mr. Merritt's consent to the substitution of Senator Burd's resolution is hailed by the Association for the Protection of the Adirondacks as a great triumph.

PARKER LITIGATION TO END.

Mrs. Parker's Death Likely to End All the Domestic Litigation.

The death of Mrs. Jane Hume Parker in Geneva, Switzerland, on Friday, it was said yesterday, will end the litigation which has been going on between her and her former husband, John Alley Parker, a banker, Mrs. Edith Moser Ellis of 65 West Fifty-fourth Street and Samuel B. Ellis of Philadelphia.

Mrs. Parker brought suit for divorce against her husband in December, 1909, naming Mrs. Ellis as co-respondent, and he brought a counter action for divorce, naming Ernest A. Odenega, a Vienna musician. On Dec. 29 Mrs. Ellis had Mrs. Parker arrested on the charges of criminal libel and perjury, and she was held on both charges. Judge Hendrick by writ of habeas corpus had her released from the first charge on the ground that the statments made regarding Mrs. Ellis were privileged, and on the second charge the Grand Jury refused to indict.

Mr. Parker got his divorce by default on March 6 while Mrs. Parker was ill in Geneva and her lawyer was waiting for an affidavit from her to take before Justice Neuburger to open the default on the ground that there was sufficient evidence to overthrow the judgment obtained against her, when the report of her death reached this city.

In the meantime Mrs Ellis brought suit for divorce against her husband and obtained a decree, and he is suing Parker for $200,000 damages for the alienation of his wife's affections.

PLOTTED TO KILL MATTEAWAN DOCTORS

Continued from Page 1.

that it should now be regarded as a State hospital for the insane of a special class requiring specialized attention and treatment, but to be regarded substantially as are the insane in other State hospitals.

They believe that in following this plan a larger proportion of cures will result, and that the public attitude of question and suspicion of the management of the institution will be relieved. They therefore recommend that the insane persons now subject to a prison term in the Matteawan State Hospital be transferred to Dannemora, proper provision being made, and that the law be so amended that the Matteawan Hospital shall be put under the jurisdiction of the State Commission in Lunacy.

From personal inspection, from the reports of Messrs. Brown, MacDonald, and Flint, and from the outcome of the investigation conducted by the District Attorney of Dutchess County your Commissioners are satisfied that no unusual conditions of violence or depravity exist in this institution, and that no patients are detained therein who are in such condition of sanity as to require their discharge, beyond the usual time needed to determine whether the conditions in each case justify such action. The examination of the experts shows that approximately the usual number of patients are in a condition making them ready for discharge, and when such is the case a discharge follows.

Little Restraint Used.

With reference to the discipline in the wards, it appears that no restraint is used except the restraining sheet, which is in use in State hospitals, and what is known as a camisole or canvas shirt, so arranged that the arms are retained inside of the shirt, although they have free play there. The inmates are, however, allowed much less freedom on the wards and in the grounds than is the case elsewhere. No punishments are used in the hospital and the attendants are not provided with any method of restraint of patients except the use of such force as is necessary to prevent violence upon the wards and between the patients.

Your Commissioners find that the medical care is somewhat less systematic and less scientific than that in the State hospital system, and believe that by transferring the institution to the Commission in Lunacy, needed reforms in this respect will follow. They find that the estimate system is not followed in detail with the thoroughness followed in the State hospital system, and believe that a closer supervision should be had. They wish to state, however, that they have no reason to believe that any improprieties exist, or have existed, in this regard.

When Drs. MacDonald and Flint began their examination of the inmates, the latter numbered 793. Of these they were able to examine without difficulty 761. Harry K. Thaw, who killed Stanford White, and was declared insane, was one of thirty-two inmates who declined to be examined. But his subsequent conduct made any examination unnecessary. He delivered himself of a harangue in the presence of the alienists, which was taken down by a stenographer and later wrote a letter which they declared would furnish an index of his mental condition.

The alienists in their report to the Commissioners make these suggestions:

1. A certain number of harmless dements, who are able to do some work and do not require the strict discipline to which all patients are subjected, might be removed from the building and segregated in a detached building outside of the hospital inclosure. This would, in a measure, relieve the present congestion of the wards.
2. Under the insanity law, all female convicts becoming insane while undergoing sentence are sent to Matteawan. It would be for the good of this institution if, at the least, female convicts becoming insane while undergoing sentence of more than one year should be sent to the Dannemora State Hospital, the same as male convicts. The mixing of old convicts with those indicted for a misdeameanor or undergoing sentence of one year or less is not desirable.
3. A careful review of the personnel of the hospital might result in the transfer of a few inmates to other institutions or possibly to the care of friends. Such an investigation we did not attempt; and, indeed, it was beyond the scope of our instructions. It is but fair to the hospital to say that in no instance did we find an inmate wrongfully detained or one subjected to inhuman or improper treatment at the hands of officers or attendants.

The report of the alienists is voluminous. It contains a complete record of the examination of each of the inmates. Everything said or done during the examinations was taken down by a stenographer, and this record has been preserved.

In nineteen instances the alienists made especial investigations with a view of determining the fitness of inmates to be discharged or sent to trial as the case might be. Included in this number was Lizzie Halliday, who was confined at the hospital, suffering from homicidal mania, after being accused of nine homicides, "four of these well authenticated and five reasonably certain." This inmate killed a female attendant in the hospital who violated a rule forbidding an attendant while alone to release a patient who is in seclusion.

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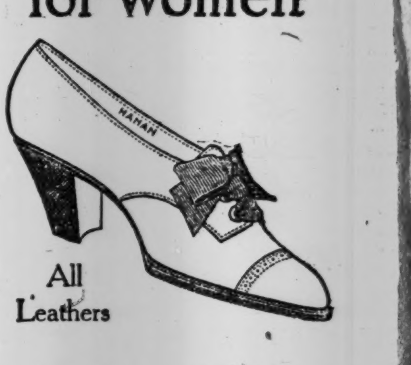

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MAYOR ACTIVE IN PLANS

Municipal Gymnasiums a Feature—Department to be in Charge of a Commissioner of Recreation.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—As a first step in adjusting its recreation service to match modern conditions, Boston has just organized a Municipal Athletic Association, said to be the first of its character in the United States. Later it will become a factor in the Park and Recreation Department, that is now in process of creation by the consolidation of several departments. Mayor John F. Fitzgerald is Chairman of the preliminary athletic association and the City Treasurer is its Treasurer. The active administration work will be done by an Executive Committee of interested citizens.

An ordinance has been submitted by the Mayor to the City Council consolidating the present Park, Public Grounds, Bath, and Music Departments into the Park and Recreation Department. The plan has had the approval of the Mayor, the Council, and the Finance Commission. The details of the method by which it is to become effective are now being worked out. According to the ordinance before the Council, the department will be in charge of a Commissioner of Recreation, at $6,000 a year, appointed by the Mayor. He will be certified by the State Civil Service Commission as qualified for the position, which is according to the law providing for apointments of all city department heads. There will be two deputies as subordinates, one in charge of a park division and the other at the head of a recreation division, each with a salary of $4,000. An advisory board will serve without pay, being appointed by the Mayor from nominations by various organizations, to bring about active coöperation between municipal authorities and interested citizens. The ordinance provides that the advisory board "shall consider all matters affecting the policy and general conduct of the department and shall make recommendations for the guidance of the Commissioner, when requested by the Commissioner or whenever said board deems such recommendations advisable or necessary."

"The work of the athletic association," says the Mayor, "will include field and track sports, swimming, baseball, and other games suitable for developing vigorous muscles, sound constitutions, and those habits of individual self-control and united action which are so important an element in good citizenship."

Preparations are already in progress for the outdoor features of this policy. A baseball league is in process of formation. There will also be swimming competition, with provisions for girls as well as boys. For this preliminary work the city is to appropriate $2,000. Later, plans will be worked out for the municipal gymnasiums, with team or group contests in gymnastics, dancing, and swimming, as well as indoor athletics and games. Winter sports and recreation out of doors will also have attention.

The ordinance covers the city parks, public grounds, beaches, baths, playgrounds, indoor and outdoor gymnasiums, athletic fields, Summer band concerts, Winter indoor concerts, &c. All these things have been in charge of the Park Department, Public Grounds Department, Bath Department, and Music Department, whose combined anual budgets equal about $1,000,000.

GET FOUR LOTTERY MEN.

Agents of the Italian Government Arrested Here and in New Jersey.

Agents of the Department of Justice, under the direction of Division Superintendent Irvine Mitchell, arrested yesterday three men on the charge of operating a lottery. The arrests followed that on Saturday of Guiseppe Galla of Paterson, N. J., for carrying prize lists of lotteries from one State to another. The men arrested yesterday described themselves as Alfonzo Perella, Nicholas Ciago, and Niccolo Della Vecchia.

Government agents said last night that the Italian Government lottery had been carried on in this city for years on a small scale, but recently the territory had extended to New Jersey. Six weeks ago a lottery drawing circular was given an agent of the department, who was told that it was issued from a café in Mulberry Street. Two weeks later a similar lottery prize circular was found in Paterson, N. J., and it was then discovered that an agent of the Italian Government lottery was dispatched from this city to Paterson weekly to deliver circulars announcing the prizes.

Central Office men were put on his trail, and the collector was followed to Paterson and other Jersey towns as he made his collections and delivered circulars announcing the prize-winning numbers. He was the man arrested Saturday.

The detectives say the four men conducted an agency for the Italian Government lottery under the guise of a café and cigar factory in Mulberry Street.

The Italian Government derives millions of dollars annually from its lotteries, which are conducted in eight cities. The numbers run from 1 to 90 and the prizes are large. The collections are made during the week, and on Saturday the lucky numbers are announced.

CHILDREN LOST IN THE PARK.

Boy and Three Little Girls Picked Up by the Police Last Night.

A five or six year old boy and three little girls of about the same age were found in Central Park last night hopelessly lost. They were so frightened that they could not remember their names or the location of their homes, and were sent to the Children's Society.

The boy and one of the girls were found asleep on a bench on the East Drive near Sixty-fifth Street, and the other two girls were standing near by, tired out. John Watts of 412 East Eighty-eighth Street came upon the lost children and turned them over to a patrolman of the Arsenal station. The little boy was dressed in a dark suit with tan stockings and shoes. One of the girls was dressed in blue and wore a white straw hat. The other two girls wore dark dresses and were hatless.

The police made several efforts to get the names of the children from them, but failed. The children were so sleepy that they could scarcely keep awake while being interrogated. It is believed that they strayed away from their homes near the Park in the late afternoon.

SENATORS APATHETIC ON ARBITRATION PLAN

Draft of Treaty with Great Britain Ready, but They Are Talking of Amendments.

JEALOUS OF THEIR RIGHTS

Insist That They Should Be Consulted in Disputes That May Arise—Outlook Hopeful, Nevertheless.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The drafting of the terms of the arbitration treaty as it will be first submitted to the British Embassy, and through it to the Foreign Office in London, is practically concluded by the State Department, and there seems to be little reason to doubt that the President will realize his wish to send the treaty to the Senate for ratification at the present session of Congress. As ratification on the British side is not required of Parliament, the sending of the instrument to the Senate here will mark the last stage before the treaty is promulgated by the President, unless amendments are insisted upon that will reopen negotiations.

In view of the imminency of the receipt of the treaty for final consideration, there is a strange apathy on the subject among the Senators. What feeling there is is undoubtedly friendly, and the general impression is that in some form the treaty will be ratified. But while in England popular demonstrations of a gigantic sort have informally indorsed the plan fathered by Mr. Taft, here among the Senators who will have a determining voice in the least detail of the treaty it has attracted so far only the most passing attention.

Interest in the Senate will undoubtedly be largely crystallized when the final draft of the treaty is submitted to it, but already it is possible to pick out two conclusions which seem to be accepted pretty generally by the Senators. The first is that the Senate's constitutional right to be consulted in the particular cases that will arise under the general arbitration treaty must be preserved. The second is that even with this reservation the proposed treaty will mark a long stride forward in the direction of universal peace. Apparently there is no disagreement as to the desirability of taking this step.

Considerable vagueness still exists, naturally, as to how the step forward can be taken with a general treaty and still retain for the Senate its full power to scrutinize the particular cases that must be submitted to arbitration under it. There is a feeling, however, that no matter how strictly the reservation in favor of the Senate may be made, that body will still be in honor bound under the treaty to do its best to be "reasonable" in what demands it may insist on in regard to the terms of the submission of the cases to the court of arbitration.

These dispatches have already pointed out that the treaty will be a slim affair in general terms, leaving many details to be settled when particular cases come up, and the Senators now believe that the treaty will bind them simply not to nullify the subsequent efforts of the Administration toward arbitration by any unreasonable position in regard to these details.

"A treaty, after all," said one member of the Committee on Foreign Relations, "cannot be enforced in the sense that a law is enforced. At best a treaty is a gentlemen's agreement, and this treaty of arbitration will be no less than that."

This Senator pointed out that the Senate's right to consultation in the making of treaties is constitutional, and he doubted that the Senate, without a constitutional amendment, even if it wished to, could waive that right. In his opinion matters would come up for discussion under the general arbitration which would in effect either be matter for new treaties or modification of old treaties, and in either case the Senate would have to be consulted.

Much, it is felt, will depend upon the nature of the first cases that come up for arbitration after the ratification of the treaty. If these are matters of small moment, recourse to arbitration under the terms of the treaty will rapidly come to be considered routine, and the cumulative effect of every reference to arbitration will be extraordinary in adding to the binding nature of the instrument now in process of drafting.

In this connection it is pointed out that there are now no vexed questions that might by their particular complexion endanger at the outset, the success of the arbitration experiment, and that, with the arbitration treaty once in existence, all differences will be settled so early that there will not be time for them to become embittered.

WIDOW BENT ON SUICIDE.

Turns on Twenty-one Gas Jets in Her Rooms, but Is Rescued in Time.

Twenty-one gas jets in three rooms of the apartments of Mrs. Elizabeth Rice, a widow, at 526 East Eighty-first Street, were turned on by her yesterday morning in an attempt to end her life. The woman said afterward it was no one's business if she wanted to die, and that when she gets well, if she does, she will surely try again to kill herself.

Mrs. Rice lives on the sixth or top floor of the tenement. She is a housekeeper and lives apparently comfortable. David Bernstein, an insurance collector of 60 East Ninety-eighth Street, called yesterday to get her insurance premium and found the doors locked and a strong odor of gas coming from the rooms. He and the janitor, Adolph Krumholtz, forced a bedroom door and found the woman in bed unconscious.

Twelve gas jets were turned on in that room and nine in two other rooms. The jets were quickly turned off and the woman carried into the hall, where she was soon revived by a Presbyterian Hospital surgeon.

At Mrs. Rice's home it was said that her husband died about three years ago, leaving her comfortably well off. She has a daughter, Rose, 15 years old, who is in ill-health. The would-be suicide was taken to Bellevue Hospital.

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NO TRACE OF CALLOWAY.

Friends of the Young Broker Know Nothing of His Whereabouts.

Nothing has been heard of Ernest E. Calloway, a former member of the firm of Charles D. Freeman & Co., stock brokers, at 21 South William Street, who disappeared on Wednesday. At his handsome new home, at Hackensack, Mrs. Calloway, his stepmother, and his sisters are anxiously awaiting some news of him. Members of the Hackensack Dramatic Association, in which he was a leading member, are anxious also to know what has become of him. According to reports, his brokerage account is badly tangled.

Since the First National Bank of Ridgefield Park and the Hackensack Coal and Lumber Company made attachments on the household effects in the Calloway home on Thursday many other claims have followed. The first attachments amounted to $2,000, and there are contractors' bills that foot up as much more. The deposits of Calloway in the Hackensack banks were immediately attached when news of his disappearance was confirmed.

The fine residence was built through the Hackensack Mutual Building and Loan Association, which has a first mortgage on the house. The interior is luxurious, having cost not less than $40,000.

Calloway's father was for years private secretary to J. P. Morgan, and the young man was employed in the Morgan office several years ago. The father left his home while the family was living modestly at Ridgefield Park. The young man's disappearance was abrupt, and not planned, for he took not even a handbag with him. There was a dinner party at his home that night, and the guests waited for him until midnight.

BASEBALL PLAYER SHOT.

In the Fight He Fractured His Assailant's Skull with a Bat.

There was a ball game yesterday at 211th Street and Tenth Avenue, Inwood, between the Spokane and Ansonia teams, the former representing the lower east side and the latter the district in the neighborhood of 110th Street and Amsterdam Avenue. The Spokane team was ahead in the sixth inning, when Capt. Michael J. Giannini of 96 West Houston Street saw a crap game in progress on the sidewalk and walked over to stop it, fearing that the police might interfere and perhaps stop the baseball game, too.

Witnesses say every one ran except John Reid of 145 West 100th Street. Giannini struck him on the head and shoulder with a baseball bat. According to the story the police learned later, Reid reached for his pistol and a friend of Giannini shot at him and missed. Reid drew his revolver then and shot Giannini in the head. Then he ran.

Abraham Phillips of Eighty-seventh Street and Broadway, seated in an automobile, saw Giannini fall, and driving to him put him in the back of the car, where two women made room for him, and drove him to the Washington Heights Hospital. There the bullet was removed, but his condition was said to be serious.

A crowd chased Reid into the waiting room of the Subway station at 207th Street and there he was arrested by Policeman Kinnane of the Kingsbridge Station. He was taken to Fordham Hospital, where it was found that his skull was fractured. Afterward detectives arrested Frank Burns of 118 West 102d Street and Joseph Bianculli of 394 Newark Avenue, Jersey City Heights, as material witnesses.

INCREASE TELEPHONE RATES.

First Case Before Commerce Commission Favors Company.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Inter-State Commerce Commission decided yesterday the first telephone case considered by the commission since Congress placed telephone companies, as common carriers, under the commission's jurisdiction.

The decision, prepared by Commissioner Harlan, was in the case of William D. Shoemaker of Drummond, Md., against the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone Company. Shoemaker declined to sign the residence telephone contract presented because the charge demanded (the regular Washington rates) was materially higher than paid for the same service by twenty-seven neighbors in Drummond, old subscribers who had contracted with the company when it operated the now-abandoned exchange at Drummond.

The complainant maintained that the rate was unlawful and discriminatory, but did not aver unreasonableness. The commission upheld his attitude as "entirely sound." It held:

"The contracts between old subscribers and the defendant, even though valid when made, cannot, after Congress has undertaken to regulate the rates and practices of telephone companies, be accepted as now justifying different charges as between different subscribers similarly situated, such undue discrimination being forbidden by the act."

The discontinuance of this discrimination will increase the companies' revenues, as it necessitates increasing the rates of the twenty-seven old subscribers to conform to current rates.

CALLS PRESS BIASED.

Bachelder Wants Inquiry Into Publishers' Relations with Recprocity.

CONCORD, N. H., May 14.—In a telegram addressed to Senator J. H. Gallinger to-night former Gov. Nahum J. Bachelder, Master of the National Grange, protests against recent remarks of Senator W. J. Stone of Missouri in the Senate committee hearings on the Reciprocity bill, and suggests that the relations of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association with the reciprocity movement be investigated.

Senator Stone's remarks referred to a report that attorneys for the grange were sending out matter in opposition to reciprocity under the frank of Senator Gallinger.

Mr. Bachelder declares that Senator Stone's remarks are a reflection on the National Grange and on the farmers of the country generally, and believes they were instigated by representatives of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association. He says that the Grange was not willing that its representatives should appear before the committee for the purpose of having garbled reports sent out to newspapers, intended to show that the farmers are not opposed to Canadian reciprocity, unless arrangements are made for a general investigation of the relations of the American Newspaper Publishers' Association with the reciprocity movement.

TWO MEN FIGHT WITH RAZORS

Crowd Witnesses a Sanguinary Encounter in Chatham Square.

Loungers in Chatham Square and Chinatown saw two men meet in the Square at 10 o'clock last night, exchange a few angry words, and then suddenly draw razors and go at each other. They slashed and fought all over the square, and soon there was a crowd of nearly 1,000 persons looking on at the fight.

Policeman Dineen of the Oak Street Station saw the crowd and burst through it to the fighting men in the centre. One of them ran, but the other turned on the policeman, and not until he had struck the razor from the man's hand with a blow of his club could the policeman subdue him.

In the station house the prisoner said he was Salvatore Curcio, a barber, of 654 Columbus Avenue. Beyond saying that he was settling an old quarrel with the other man, Curcio refused to talk of the fight or tell the name of his opponent. Curcio was badly cut about the face and neck, and a Hudson Street Hospital surgeon was summoned to dress his wounds.

Asquith Sees Veto Bill a Law Soon.

LONDON, May 14.—Premier Asquith, at a private political dinner party held quite recently, expressed his absolute conviction that the Veto bill would become law without concession or compromise within a short time, probably a few weeks.

RECORDS SHOW FARM LIFE MOST PERILOUS

Of All Industrial Accidents 45 Per Cent. Happen to Agriculturists.

20 PER CENT. FATAL IN 1909

Most Factory Mishaps Occur on Saturday or Monday, Is Demonstrated by Manufacturers' Exhibition.

The experience of several large manufacturing plants in the prevention of industrial accidents and results of research that has been carried on in Germany for the last twenty-five years have been set forth for the benefit of the members of the National Association of Manufacturers, which will begin its annual convention to-day in the Waldorf. In a large room adjoining the convention hall are displayed photographs of safety devices, actually in use in manufacturing plants, and charts showing the industries particularly subject to these mishaps, the hours of the day and the day of the week on which most accidents occur, being shown also.

It has been brought out by the German statistics that agriculture suffers far more from accidents than any other occupation. Of the total number of mishaps resulting in temporary disability, 45 per cent. occur in agriculture, 9 each in iron and steel trades and in building operations, and 8½ per cent. in mining. It is explained that it is natural that the agricultural laborer should be especially subject to accident, for he has to handle teams, machinery, and explosives, and is too much a jack-of-all-trades to be skilled in any one. Modern methods also increase the risk of the occupation, for Canadian records show that the percentage of deaths increased steadily from 11 per cent. in 1904 to 20 per cent. in 1909, while in mining there had been much fluctuation, but apparently no permanent increase.

The large number of accidents on Saturdays is generally explained by the fatigue of the week telling on the men, but it is noted also that the Monday accidents are about as numerous. This gives rise to the suggestion that the day of rest sometimes is not too wisely spent. Other charts show how the percentage in the number injured increases from 4 to each 1,000 workers between the ages of 18 and 20 to 16 a 1,000 of those between 60 and 70. On the other hand, at no time of life is the number of women injured greater than 3.25 per 1,000.

Many of the photographs exhibited by such concerns as the National Cash Register Company, the International Harvester Company, and the Grosvenor-Dale Company show how simple safety appliances may be. A shield over a revolving saw will save many workers' fingers; a little red paint on a dangerous point will call the worker's attention to it almost unconsciously; a railing in front of a freight elevator will prevent passers falling down the shaft. Repeatedly the exhibit impresses the fact that precautions against accident need not be costly.

Speaking of the exhibit, John Kirby, Jr., President of the National Association of Manufacturers, expressed the hope yesterday that it might form the nucleus of a department of co-operative aid in safety appliances. Manufacturers attending the convention will be asked to register the requirements of their plant, and working drawings of the devices directly interesting them will be furnished to them.

John Foster Carr, Secretary of the National Immigration League, will speak this afternoon on immigration, and will recommend keeping open the door. Edward Wetmore, ex-President of the American Bar Association, will discuss the patent laws, and Charles M. Jarvis, President of the American Hardware Corporation, will speak on the Panama Canal.

PLAN TO PROTECT WORKERS.

New Street Proposed in Queens to Do Away with Danger from Trains.

To protect the several thousand men and women employed in the factories along Newtown Creek in the vicinity of Blissville, Laurel Hill, and Belin, and reduce the death rate on a stretch of track of the Long Island Railroad which has earned the name of "Dead Man's Curve," owing to the number of workmen killed there by trains, plans are under way for the building of a new thoroughfare, to be known as Creek Street.

The proposed highway is to run along the margin of Newtown Creek on the Queens side. To build the street, in some places it will be necessary to extend the bulkhead line on the Queens side, fill in the creek for the required width, and dredge off a corresponding width on the Brooklyn side, thus keeping the creek the same width as it is now. This will cut off several large factories whose plants take up the intervening land between the railroad tracks and the wharves on the creek front. They oppose the plan, as it will deprive them of their water front.

Opposition is also met with by owners of waterfront on the Brooklyn side of the creek, who don't want to lose any of their land by having it cut off to make up for the narrowing of the creek on the Queens side.

According to statistical reports, Newtown Creek carries the largest yearly tonnage of any similar waterway in the world, and yet complaint is made that Congress has repeatedly refused appropriations for its improvement, Representatives from inland States being of the opinion that, as it is simply an inconsequential creek, hence an effort is on foot to change the name to Nassau River.

A WOMAN BEHIND THIS DUEL.

Men Flee After Shots Before New Orleans Flat House.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 14.—Seemingly by appointment, four men this morning entered Daneel Park, a little square in the aristocratic section of New Orleans, as church bells were ringing and St. Charles Avenue, upon which the park fronts, was alive with promenaders, automobiles, and carriages. Two entered together from the avenue, and the other two walked from Octavia Street, opposite an apartment house. All four met in the centre of the park. Two of the men exchanged greetings, their companions standing at one side. Then the principals deliberately walked apart ten paces each, each whipped out a revolver and shot once. Then the four took to their heels.

An excited woman in the apartment house telephoned the police. By the time the automobile patrol wagon arrived nothing was to be seen of the men, and only a scattering of nurse maids and their charges indicated something untoward. The woman who telephoned refused to give her name and could not be found. Nurse girls had confused recollections of the appearance of the men. Passers-by who heard the shots could not remember which way the men ran.

Then came a mysterious message to headquarters.

"It is a private affair," it said, "wherein a lady's name is involved. It does not concern the police, much less the public."

Hand Crushed Saving Woman's Hat.

James Newkitz, 39 years old, a New York Central brakeman living at 116 Simpson Street, Bronx, was coupling cars at 158th Street and Sherman Avenue yesterday, when he was attracted by the sceams of a woman. A gust of wind blew a large picture hat past him and it lodged on the track. Newkirtz thrust his hand before the wheel of a freight car after the hat, but the wheel caught his hand and crushed it. The hat, however, was rescued and retured to its owner.

LIKES PLAYING GOVERNOR.

Ackerman Has Something of a Picnic Holding Wilson's Place.

Special to The New York Times.

TRENTON, N. J., May 14.—Pending the return of Gov. Wilson from his trip West Acting Gov. Ackerman comes to the State House about every day for the transaction of official business. The President of the Senate is getting a lot of fun out of acting as Governor. He frequently brings his family along to the State House, making the trip from his Union County home in an automobile, and the occasion takes on the appearance of a picnic.

Gov. Wilson will also find a lot of important business awaiting nim, business which the Acting Governor does not feel warranted in taking up. There will be the naming of a State Commissioner of Schools at a salary of $10,000 a year and for a term of five years. The new Commissioner will have the naming of four assistants who will get $4,500 a year. It is believed that one of the assistants will be Charles J. Baxter, the present State Superintendent of Public Instruction, who now gets $5,000 a year, and that another will be Mr. Baxter's present assistant, J. Brognard Betts.

Another place to be filled is that of State Commissioner of Weights and Measures, a new office. This place is worth $2,500 a year, and the Commissioner has the appointment of three assistants. In addition to this County Commissioners are to be appointed in each of the twenty-one counties of the State.

The Governor will also have the appointment of the new State Board of Education, which under the provisions of the Frelinghuysen bill passed by the last Legislature will consist of eight instead of twenty members. These Commissioners are to serve without pay. He will likewise have the appointment of a Tax Commissioner in Monmouth County to succeed the late Judge Hoffman.

These various appointments recall among other things that the past Legislature was the most extravagant in years in the way of creating new offices and adding to the remuneration of others.

In regard to a rumor sent here from Trenton last night that Gov. Wilson might offer the State Commissionership of Schools to Dr. Nicholas Murray Butler, President of Columbia University, Dr. Butler said that there was not a word of truth in it. Dr. Butler has not been a resident of New Jersey for fifteen years.

OUR ENERGY DUE TO THE SUN

This Is Dr. Brown's Theory—Solar Rays Cause Cancer, Says Dr. Tozzer.

Special to The New York Times.

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., May 14.—Intense brilliancy of sunlight is credited as a likely cause for the nervous energy and restlessness which characterize the typical American's quest for success by Dr. Percy Brown of the Harvard Medical School.

"The superabundance of energy of Americans," says Dr. Brown, "may be due to the climatic conditions about us, and in no small part to strong sunlight. There may, however, be a similarity in the effects of the ultra-violet rays and the X rays. We are familiar with the results of long exposure to the X ray, both as regards the well-known X ray burn and the effect on the nervous system.

"Exposure to the X ray over a long period of time in many instances might tend to increase what has been called Americanitis, or, in other words, a condition of irritability and extreme activity."

Dr. Brown's colleague, Dr. A. E. Tozzer, who is engaged in cancer research, even believes that the sunshine of our climate may in generations to come bring about the decadence of the race. Investigations bearing on this theory are now under way at the Medical School. The secret of the energy-giving principle of the sunlight whose rays are so strong in the clear American atmosphere, is to be found, he says, in the actinic rays—the active short beams of the ultra-violet type. It is from these, he believes, that the danger to future generations is to be feared.

Dr. Tozzer sees in these actinic rays a causation of three cancer cases in the Medical School.

"Cancer," he says, "starts from a bad case of sunburn, where the skin, in peeling, fails to react and becomes atrophied. From the mere irritation in the beginning the skin grows thin and parchmentlike. Blotches of a brownish hue, like large freckles, appear, and from these cancer starts."

SAVED FROM PARK RESERVOIR

Diver Pulls Out Despondent Man After a Fight.

Persons walking around the reservoir in Central Park, opposite Eighty-sixth Street, yesterday afternoon were startled when a man climbed on the railing and leaped into the water. Grover Muller of 535 East Eighty-eighth Street took off his hat and coat, dived in, and after a fight towed the man to the wall of the reservoir.

Patrolman Thomas McKeon of the Arsenal Station, with the assistance of two men, formed a chain and managed to reach the men in the water. They were drawn up on the walk and an ambulance was summoned from the Presbyterian Hospital.

The rescued man, who described himself as Donald A. Stewart, 42 years old, a clerk, having no home or occupation, was removed later to Bellevue a prisoner on the charge of attempted suicide. Stewart declared he had been out of work for months and was despondent.

THREE AUTOS UPSET, ONE DOWN A BANK

Continued from Page 1.

daughter, was under the impression that she had been arrested, and pleaded with Capt. Lent to let her go. The Captain, supposing she meant the chauffeur, Frank Lepper, told her $50 bail would be necessary. None of the party had $50.

The singer was greatly troubled by the belief that she would be locked up, when Ben O. Newberger of 55 East Seventy-fifth Street, who had been arrested also for speeding, drew out his pocketbook and offered her the $50, declaring:

"We may not know each other, but I know you by reputation, and I am glad to be able to accommodate you."

Mme. Schumann-Heink declined at first to accept the money, but finally did so, and her chauffeur was liberated. Mr. Newberger gave bail for himself, and Mr. Kohlman bailed out his chauffeur.

AUTO RACER SET AFIRE.

Haycraft's Clothes Ablaze When Machine Is Wrecked at Jacksonville.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 14.—E. Haycraft, driving a big automobile against Bob Burman in a small machine in a special match race of five miles at Moncrief Park, narrowly escaped death in an exhibition here to-day. Burman passed Haycraft and the cloud of dust interfered with Haycraft's view of the turn.

His machine crashed into the fence, turned turtle, and hurled Haycraft into a ditch. The gasoline tank of the big racer caught fire and the wrecked machine was burned. Haycraft's clothes caught fire and it was with difficulty that he was saved from the second danger.

TRAIN HITS AUTO; 3 DEAD.

Woman and Two Men the Victims—Two Others Hurt and One May Die.

UTICA, N. Y., May 14.—An automobile containing five persons was struck by a milk train on the Herkimer branch of the Mohawk & Malone Railroad near Kasts Bridge this afternoon. Three were killed and two severely injured.

THE DEAD.
BILLINGTON, Miss JULIA.
HARVEY, FRED, chauffeur.
VAN WIE, W. H.

THE INJURED.
JONES, Miss GERTRUDE.
VAN WIE, Mrs. W. H.

Mrs. Van Wie and Miss Jones were taken to a Little Falls hospital. Miss Jones is not expected to live. Her home is in Rome. The others came from Fultonville.

Ask the man who owns one

JOHN WANAMAKER

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72 Miles a Day for Fifteen Months

JOHN WANAMAKER has had seven *Packard three-ton trucks* in active service in New York for *fifteen* months and another for *eleven* months

Total mileage	217,714
Average daily mileage of each truck including lay-ups, reserve service, etc. (26 days a month)	72
Average monthly mileage of each truck	1,877
Average yearly mileage of each truck	22,524

For months at a time several of these trucks averaged one hundred and ten miles a day.

Catalog and facts about truck service on request. Packard trucks are used in 122 lines of trade.

Packard Motor Car Company of New York
Broadway and Sixty-first Street

The Straw Hat you have in mind is at Saks'

¶ ***Where all good straw hats are, for that matter.***

¶ Been quite a lot of talk lately about straw hats, but it has had little effect. One had to walk the length of Broadway to see one, in fact.

¶ It will be different now, however.

¶ With each season that passes New Yorkers are more inclined to time their advent in a straw with the first Saks straw announcement. They unquestionably feel more satisfaction in following the decrees of a specialty store like Saks', than in those issuing from stores which deal in everything in general but nothing in particular.

¶ And our collection of straws and Panamas for the present season justifies that preference. There is finality about Saks straw styles, and the man who buys his straw hat at Saks' finds that fact of itself sufficient assurance that he is getting the best the town has to offer.

¶ Wide brimmed Sennits are a popular choice this season, and we have also Milans, Splits, and Mackinaws, in an excellent assortment of styles.

From 2.00 to 6.00

¶ A special hat to fit the man who balks at disciplining the average straw to his cranial dimensions, is a new English idea, with what is known as an "Ivy" sweatband. This device is simple and sufficient. It enables the wearer to adjust the size of his hat to a nicety. And nothing but a cyclone can blow it off.

English straws, 3.00

¶ Panamas of varying excellence, in many new blocks, or in the rough for individual blocking. Reasonably priced.

5.00 to 25.00

Siamese Bangkoks

Value 5.00. Special Monday at 3.50

This is a subterfuge designed to urge a visit from you! These Siamese Bangkoks are ideal for Summer wear. It is the lightest hat in the world and is made from threaded bamboo by the natives of far Siam. Four models. One value. One price.

Broadway **Saks & Company** at 34th St.

WINGED HELPER OF LABOR.

Tarrytown, N. Y., Gives to the World the Simple Tale of Grohan's Hen.

Special to The New York Times.

TARRYTOWN, N. Y., May 14.—The white Leghorn hen owned by John Grohan of Glenville which a few weeks ago followed him to the trolley car to pay his fare with a nickel he had forgotten has again proved her devotion to her master.

Yesterday Grohan enjoyed a half holiday, and started to build a small chicken coop. The hen stood by and watched him pick up nails and drive them home. After he had picked up half a dozen the hen just walked over, picked one up with her beak, and dropped it in his hand.

This was simple, and Grohan was getting along well with his job when he smashed his finger and couldn't hold the nails. The hen, evidently seeing that something was wrong, held a nail in her beak. Grohan placed the hen's head near the board, and with a gentle tap started the nail, and the hen then picked up another.

It was an easy job after that, and with the hen holding the nails against the boards and Grohan driving them home the coop was soon completed.

PATIENTS SEE A SUICIDE.

Panic in Hospital as Sick Man Plunges Through Fifth-Floor Window.

Twenty patients in the fifth floor ward of the Long Island College Hospital, Brooklyn, were thrown into momentary panic early yesterday morning when a seaman, who had been taken there suffering from pleurisy, committed suicide by throwing himself out of the window.

The dead man is August Rosenfeld. His cot was separated from a window by a table, on which was a pot of geraniums. Rosenfeld asked one of the orderlies, about 5 o'clock in the morning, to get him a basin of water. No sooner had the orderly left the room than the sick man rose and with one bound threw himself through the window. It had been closed, and his body carried with it the lower sash and the flowers that had been on the table. Underneath was a stone-flagged courtyard. Dr. Zuckerman of the house staff said death had been instantaneous.

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WHILE AWAY READ THE TIMES. Before going to the country leave order with your newsdealer for the Daily and Sunday editions of The Times, 75c. per month, or telephone 1000 Bryant.—Adv.

PINKNEY ESTATE SALE

The Title Guarantee & Trust Company desires to announce that it has examined the titles to all of the property in the Pinkney Estate sale and is prepared to issue policies to purchasers.

Surveys will be furnished in each title without extra charge. Our examination of these titles in advance of the sale enables us to issue policies to buyers promptly and economically.

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Capital . . $ 4,375,000
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176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., Bklyn.
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ADVERTISEMENT.

A Stern Chase is a Long Chase

BUT whether the length of it is advantage or not depends on whether you lead or follow.

Would you care to try to overtake "Ivory Soap" or "Gold Medal Flour?" Yet a chemist or a miller might prepare for you articles as well suited for their purposes as these.

What makes them impregnable? Merely two facts:—

That they are premier goods of honest quality which, once bought, give the satisfaction that insures reorders.

That the whole country knows them by name; that millions have used them and believe in them. This is called "good-will" and in the cases mentioned could alone be sold to-day for more than it has cost.

Sooner or later—perhaps already, someone in your line will get a lead over his competitors, and every day will see it increase.

We reach more than 1,400,000 families with The Ladies' Home Journal—more than 1,850,000 people buy The Saturday Evening Post. These people are almost without exception from the half of the population whose trade is worth while.

Our booklet on Modern Advertising may help you to see how the chase may be shortened. There are many fields with rich advertising possibilities as yet untouched. The booklet is worth reading. Sent on request.

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The circulation of The Ladies' Home Journal is more than 1,400,000 a month. That of The Saturday Evening Post is more than 1,850,000 a week. We have reached this commanding position in our field by the same merchandizing methods we propose to you.

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Immediate Relief—

for a throbbing, aching bunion, by wearing the Coward Bunion Shoe, built on the Coward Bunion Last.

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A shapely shoe of great comfort for bunion feet.

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TAFT AGAINST UNIONS OF FEDERAL WORKERS

Would Be a Danger to the Government, He Says, by Forcing Demands with Strikes.

TALKS TO RAILROAD MEN

Harrisburg Streets Lined with Thousands, Who Regret He Must Cut Short His Stay.

HARRISBURG, Penn., May 14.—Contrary to his personal inclinations, but in the belief that it would do much to silence sensational reports of the seriousness of Mrs. Taft's illness, President Taft came to Harrisburg to-day. He had intended to spend the night in the Pennsylvania capital, but instead he stayed here only three hours and then returned to New York. He went to the home of his brother, Henry W. Taft, where Mrs. Taft lies ill.

In the few hours he was here the President motored through streets that were lined with thousands of people, silent for the most part because they had heard through bulletins posted about town of Mrs. Taft's illness; visited Representative Olmsted for a half-hour, and made a speech to the tenth biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railroad Men. The President was introduced by Gov. Tener. It was a straight-from-the-shoulder talk the President made, but the delegates seemed to like it.

The President kept close to his text. He spoke of trades unions, their good and bad points, but he wound up by defining his position in regard to the affiliation with the American Federation of Labor of organizations of Government clerks. The question, he said, is most likely to come up in Congress. It presents a serious problem, which, the President declared, demanded the attention of the whole people.

"I think," said the President, "some persons have gone to the extreme of holding that there ought to be no combinations of Government employes permitted. I think, however, that in all governments, and I have given some examination to the subject, the Government employes are permitted to combine and have associations for their betterment, but the proposition now is that such combinations should be allowed to affiliate with trades union organizations made up of the employes of private employers, and to use the same methods in securing better terms of employment that are recognized as lawful and justifiable in the ordinary trades union; in other words, that it is entirely proper for combinations of postal employes and others to combine in an association to affiliate with the American Federation of Labor, and then to hold in reserve as an instrument for enforcing their claims, presented to Congress for increased compensation or the betterment of terms in other respects, the boycott and the strike, which are instruments recognized by the American Federation of Labor and supported and justified by it when used by the trades unions affiliated in such Federation.

"This presents a very serious question, and one, which if decided in favor of the right of Government employes to strike and use the boycott, will be full of danger to the Government and the republic.

"The Government employes of France resorted to it and took the Government by the throat. The executive was entirely dependent upon these employes for its continuance.

"When those in executive authority refused to acquiesce in the demands the Government employes struck, and then with the helplessness of the Government and the destruction of all authority and the choking of Government activities it was seen that to allow Government employes to use such an instrument was to recognize revolution as a lawful means of securing an increase in compensation for one class, and that a privileged class, at the expense of all the public.

"I do not think that reasonable minded trades union men who are fully alive to the necessity for vigorous means to enforce their rights in their controversies with capital and with their employers will fail to see the broad difference that exists between their case, in which they are contending for the betterment of their livelihood against the naturally selfish motives of their employers, and that of the class of Government employes who are privileged not only in the amount of their compensation, the less number of hours of their employment, and the greater permanency of tenure, and who serve the Government of all the people, the very existence of which will be threatened should they combine together to quit the Government service all at once, and paralyze the benefit, and the equal benefits, that that Government is properly supposed and held to confer upon the people at large.

"It is likely that this question is going to be made an issue in Congress, and it calls for the most earnest consideration.

"The Government employes are a privileged class whose work is necessary to carry on the Government and upon whose entry into the Government service it is entirely reasonable to impose conditions that should not be and ought not be imposed upon those who serve private employers."

The President was welcomed to the city by Mayor Meals in a brief address, and then Congressman Olmsted discussed recent bills in Congress affecting labor. When the President had finished speaking he was escorted to the residence of Congressman Olmsted by the Governor's troop and a detachment of State police from Pottsville. He received a number of Harrisburg residents and later on visited the executive mansion to pay his respects to the Governor and Mrs. Tener, and called at the home of James M. Lamberton, a classmate at Yale.

The President started at 5:35 for New York, his progress to the station being through streets lined with people from the central section of the State, who came to the city during the afternoon. He was repeatedly cheered, and when the train left the station crowds lining bridges and railroad tracks waved him farewell.

The President's change of plans forced the abandonment of the dinner to have been given in his honor by Gov. Tener at the executive mansion had a review of Boy Scouts of this city planned for to-morrow morning.

KAISER OFF ENGLAND'S COAST

British Warships Salute the Hohenzollern at Sheerness.

LONDON, May 14.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern, with the Emperor and Empress and Princess Victoria Luise aboard, arrived at Sheerness this evening.

The German cruisers escorting the yacht exchanged salutes with the British warships. The latter were gayly dressed, and the crews gave a cheering welcome to the visiting sovereigns.

Their Majesties remained aboard the Hohenzollern, and will proceed to London in the morning.

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Anything desired, same as when well, and while taking food SIP

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It Rarely, if Ever, Fails to Restore Good Digestion.
Ask your friends who have tried it.
Park & Tilford, Acker, Merrall & Condit Co., Charles & Co., Hegeman, Riker, Bigelow and all First-Class Druggists and Grocers, or MANACEA WATER CO., 13 Stone St., N. Y.

MEUX SALE TO-DAY.

Treasures of Brewer's Widow Include Stuart Silver and Tudor Staircase.

LONDON, Saturday, May 6.—Antiquarians look forward eagerly to the sale of the collections of English silver, furniture and other treasures of the late Lady Meux, who died recently, leaving an eccentric will for the disposal of her great fortune.

Lady Meux was an actress, who married a wealthy brewer, and gave the greater part of her estate to Admiral Sir Hedworth Lambton on condition that he take her name. Another portion of her fortune was willed to Lord George Cholmondeley on condition that he marry "a lady in society." The young Lord promptly proceeded to wed an American actress, Mrs. Stirling, who had figured in two divorce suits.

The sale begins May 15 at Theobalds Park, the Meux seat, and will last ten days. Historically the most interesting feature of the collections is an Elizabethan carved oak staircase, believed to have been trodden by Queen Elizabeth, James I., and Charles I. The manor dates to the fifteenth century, and in 1563 came into the hands of Hon. William Cecil, who entertained the monarchs there. The staircase, after passing through several hands in later years, was bought by Sir Henry Meux, who established it in his museum. Needless to say, "American millionaires," the magic words with European dealers in antiques and art, are expected to come to the front in the bidding for this, as well as other parts of the collection.

The silver plate to be sold amounts to 10,000 ounces. Much of it is of the Stuart period and includes a set of Charles II. dinner plates, supposed to have belonged to Nell Gwyn. Considering that a porringer of Charles II.'s time recently sold in London for $10,000 and a pair of spoons for $5,250, some big prices are looked for.

Lady Meux bequeathed a valuable collection of Egyptian antiquities to the British Museum, but it was refused because she insisted that the collection be exhibited intact, and this would have interfered with the classification system to which the museum clings. Several mummies and coffins, with dates ranging back to 2600 B. C., will also go under the hammer.

WIRELESS FOR POLE REGION.

Norway Plans Applying System Over a Wide Arctic Area.

CHRISTIANIA, Friday, May 5.—The Norwegian Government has taken up the adaptation of wireless telegraphy to the peculiar geographic conditions of the northern lands. Central radiograph stations are to be established at Christiania, Mandal, Bergen, and Hammerfest, which will give communication by wireless over a wide area. Norway will be kept in touch on the south with the coasts of Denmark, Germany, and Holland, on the west with England and Scotland, and on the east with Russia.

Most novel of the features of the new system will be constant communication with polar waters through stations at Hammerfest and Spitzbergen. Two wireless stations will be established on the coast of Spitzbergen manned by a staff of twenty-five men, who will spend the long arctic Winters on the island. The first reports from polar expeditions may in future be transmitted to the world by this route. Incidentally, communication with whaling and fishing vessels, as well as tourist ships in Summer, is expected.

NO MASSACRE AT KIEV.

Panicky Feeling Because of Rumors, but Day Passes Without Disturbance.

KIEV, Russia, May 14.—Notwithstanding the rumors current yesterday of a threatened massacre of Jews on Sunday perfect quiet reigned in Kiev to-day. The rumors gave rise to much unrest and a panicky feeling, but as the day passed without disorders of any kind apprehensions were gradually allayed.

In order to be prepared for emergencies, however, the Government issued a proclamation calling for order and declaring that it would vigorously suppress any untoward acts, but the precautionary measures of holding the police in readiness for trouble apparently were unnecessary.

LAFAYETTE BURIED.

Funeral Procession Passes Through Three Miles of Crowded Streets.

EDINBURGH, May 14.—The funeral of Lafayette the Great, the vaudeville artist, who was burned to death in the fire which destroyed the Empire Palace Theatre here, took place this afternoon. There was a remarkable display of public interest, and the funeral procession passed through three miles of crowded streets.

Lafayette's enormous automobile, in which rode one of his favorite dogs, followed the hearse. The ashes were placed in the coffin containing the dog Beauty.

CHANGED HER FAITH FOR DR. LATSON

His Secretary, Known as Alta Marhevka, Is Identified as Ida Rosenthal.

MET HIM WHEN SHE WAS 14

Attempt to Follow Him in Death Fails —She Will Be in Court To-day— Suicide Theory Supported.

The young woman who has been known as Alta Marhevka, but whose real name is Ida Rosenthal, and who attempted suicide early Saturday morning following the death of her employer, Dr. W. R. C. Latson, says that she deeply regrets having tried to take her own life.

"I realize now that it was the most foolish act of my life," she said yesterday in the presence of a policeman at the Washington Heights Hospital, where she was taken after the police broke down a bathroom door in the apartments of John Washington, at 3,671 Broadway, and found her unconscious from illuminating gas.

Miss Rosenthal, who was Dr. Latson's secretary and who attempted suicide because she said Dr. Latson's spirit had appeared and asked her to follow him into the next land, has almost recovered. The doctors say she will probably be able to leave the hospital to-day and appear before Magistrate Herbert in the Harlem Court to answer a charge of attempting suicide. The young woman will probably be committed to Bellevue Hospital for observation, and, if found to be sane, she will either be taken in charge by her father, Samuel Rosenthal, of 60 East 110th Street, or by Mr. and Mrs. Harry D. Gue of Brooklyn, friends of the late Dr. Latson.

The life history of Miss Rosenthal was learned yesterday when her father and her sister, Mrs. Rebecca Cohen, were located at 60 East 110th Street. From them it was learned that Miss Rosenthal changed her name about a year ago when she renounced the Jewish faith and embraced the strange views of Dr. Latson, under whose influence, her family says, she fell nearly six years ago.

Miss Rosenthal, who is now about 20 years old, came here from Russia with her father and sister Rebecca when Ida was a child. They lived for several years in the lower East Side, and Ida attended Public School No. 62, Ludlow and Orchard Streets. She was graduated when 13 years old and was the valedictorian of her class.

Shortly afterward she took up settlement work, attending the lectures at the Recreation Rooms at 186 Chrystie Street. It was there she met Dr. Latson about six years ago when he was a lecturer on health themes. The doctor became interested in her and they met frequently. Ida's family say they had the highest regard for Dr. Latson at that time. He told them that Ida, with her ambition, her intelligence, and her winning ways had a bright future, and he asked permission to teach her. She made frequent visits to Dr. Latson's office and began to study nursing.

It was not until a year ago that Mr. Rosenthal and Mrs. Cohen lost faith in Dr. Latson. Ida had been a devout member of the Jewish Church, but about that time she gave up her religion. Just what her religious views were, her family say, they do not know, further than what they have read in the newspapers since Dr. Latson's death.

A year ago Ida told her sister that Dr. Latson had predicted a great future for her as a writer and lecturer. She was then assisting him in writing editorials for the magazine Health Culture, of which Dr. Latson was an editor.

Then Mrs. Cohen and her father learned that Ida had forsaken the Jewish faith, and until Saturday they had heard nothing from her. About a week before the tragedy they discussed the advisability of getting the police to look for Ida and Dr. Latson, but Mr. Rosenthal was averse to this.

"My sister is a good girl," said Mrs. Cohen yesterday. "She is an honest girl. All these lies they have printed about my sister have nearly broken my heart. Sometimes when I read all the lies I feel like killing myself. And my father suffers terribly from it all.

"Whatever you say about my sister, please say that she is honest. She has never told a lie, and she never will. What has been done is done, and I am sure that Ida will never again try to take her own life. She will return to her religion, I know, and all will be well."

Mrs. Cohen went to the Washington Heights Hospital yesterday hoping to have a talk with her sister. But when she entered the sickroom Ida Rosenthal waved her away.

"Please go away," she said. "I am too nervous to talk to you now. Later, perhaps, but not now. I want to rest and think."

To the ward physician, Dr. Jacobs, Miss Rosenthal said yesterday that she intends to give her story to the public as soon as she is a little stronger.

"It is not just that I rest under all these lies," she said. "When the public hears my story all the blame will be removed from every one."

Friends of Dr. Latson said yesterday that the doctor was not an atheist. His family was Presbyterian, and he himself was inclined to that form of religion, but was interested in theosophy, Buddhism, and other faiths merely as an investigator. Those who knew him best say that Dr. Latson was always of an inquiring mind, and that the study of the occult was almost a passion with him in the last few years.

Dr. Latson was buried yesterday in Woodlawn Cemetery. There was a simple service, conducted by the Rev. Dr. A. L. Smith, a Presbyterian minister and friend of the Latson family, at the undertaking rooms at 307 West Fifty-first Street. Dr. Latson's sister, Mrs. Gertrude Goss of 130 Bradhurst Avenue, attended the funeral. Harry Weinberg, a lawyer, of 261 Broadway, to whom Miss Rosenthal wrote a note just before she attempted suicide, asking him to destroy all her papers, was also at the funeral. Dr. Latson's mother was not at the service.

It was learned from one of Dr. Latson's friends yesterday that one important fact had been overlooked in the Coroner's investigation of the case. This friend said that Dr. Latson, when about 16 years old, broke his right arm while playing football. He never fully recovered the full use of his arm and could not bend it. This fact, says Dr. Latson's friend, may well account for his sending a bullet upward through his jaw instead of pressing the revolver to his temple. The bullet which killed Dr. Latson entered his head through the lower jaw, just above the collar line.

The position of the bullet was one of the reasons which led Coroner's Physician O'Hanlon to arrive at his conclusion that Dr. Latson was murdered. This theory is still rejected by Coroner Feinberg.

AGRICULTURISTS MEET.

International Assembly Elects Congressman Foster Vice President.

ROME, May 14.—The General Assembly of the International Institute of Agriculture met to-day. Signor Raineri, Minister of Agriculture in the Luzzatti Cabinet, was elected President and David J. Foster of Vermont, Chairman of the Committee of Foreign Affairs of the American House of Representatives, Vice President. Four commissions were appointed, Victor H. Olmsted, Chief of the Bureau of Statistics of the Department of Agriculture, being named as Vice President of the Commission on Statistics.

King Victor Emmanuel visited the institute in the afternoon and received the delegates. He congratulated the Americans on their representative delegation, which includes, besides Mr. Foster and Mr. Olmsted, David Lubin of California, the permanent representative of the United States at the institute; Charles F. Scott of Kansas, Chairman of the Committee of Agriculture of the House of Representatives E. Dana Durand, Director of the Census of the United States, and Mr. Champlin of Boston.

The programme of the General Assembly embraces the organization of an international agricultural meteorological service with the object of issuing warnings of atmospheric disturbances likely to damage crops, the protection of birds useful to agriculture, measures for combating plant diseases, improvement in statistical records of exports and imports, and a uniform method of crop reporting.

NAVY UNFIT AS REVOLT NEARS

Haiti Faces a Revolution, with Her Warships Crippled.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, May 14.—In spite of the threatened revolution in Haiti, the Government of that republic has been compelled to send two warships here for general repairs. The entire Haitien Navy is reported to be in a crippled condition, and the disaffection among the sailors has been serious ever since the blowing up of the gunboat La Liberte last October. It his been found necessary to remove the ammunition from the various ships.

Advices received here by mail say that the Government is confident of stamping out the revolution, which has made some headway in the north in favor of Gen. Leconte.

POPE BANS SEPARATION LAW.

But Defers Expressing Condemnation Officially Till Portugal Enforces It.

LISBON, May 14.—A Lisbon newspaper says that, according to a communication received from the Vatican, the Pope has concluded an examination of the separation law, and absolutely condemns it, but as it is not to be enforced until July 1, he will await that date before expressing his opinion officially, in the hope that in the interim the unwavering opposition of the Portuguese clergy to the law and their refusal to take stipends may induce the Provisional Government to alter some of its most stringent clauses, especially concerning interference by the Government with the clergy's canonical rights which wholly appertain to the Church.

It is reported that, in the event of the actual decree being enforced, many churches will be closed, and the priesthood will be deprived of all property and reduced to poverty. However, it is well known in official circles that the Government desires to avoid a rupture with the Holy See, as that would tend to aggravate hostility in the section of the country which is almost wholly Catholic, especially in the north, against the Government in the forthcoming elections.

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TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J. B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6th AVE, 18th & 19th STS. NEW YORK.

MAIN BUILDING
Dry Goods and Wearing Apparel.

GREENHUT BUILDING
Everything for the Home.

Quaint "Mission" Lamps and Ceiling Lights.

When is a light NOT a light? When it's NOTHING BUT a light! In other words, the modern house-light is a failure if it isn't ARTISTIC. To illuminate is not enough; it must also DECORATE. Our big Lamp Store has arranged a wonderful display of beautiful lighting fixtures for today's selling—and all MODERATELY PRICED. We furnish them in weathered oak, golden oak, mahogany, white enamel, etc., to match any cabinet work. Price-details now:

Table Lamps—complete for electricity, gas or oil. At $2.25, $2.95, $5.95, $11.75, $12.50, $17.50, $23.50
Desk Lamps... $3.50, $5.50, $6.50, $9.25
Wall Brackets at $3.25, $4.75, $6.95, $7.95, $11.50
Ceiling Dome—gas or electric; square or hexagonal shades; leaded panels; At $9.75, $23.50, $26.50
Electric Showers—as illustrated; at............ $17.50
Others up to............... $28.50
Floor Lamps—at.................. $29.50
(GREENHUT Building, Main Floor.)

Ask for S.&H. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

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Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

Two Wonderful
Blue Serge Suits
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Standard Values at 22.50 and 25.00

There is no possibility of a Smith Gray & Co. serge suit losing color. Every Smith Gray & Co. blue serge fabric is exposed on the roof of our factory for two weeks or longer—then, subjected to powerful acid tests for both color and cotton—we guarantee them sun-proof—that they will withstand all climatic and atmospheric changes —and that they will never crock or fade a shade.

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These 15.50 and 18.50 serge suits, in fineness of fabric, models and tailoring, distinctiveness of style and surety of service, are the superior of any serge suits that you can buy under ordinary conditions at 22.50 and 25.00, because they are the Smith Gray & Co. standard at this price—a standard that you will find higher than that maintained by any other tailors of fine clothes.

You may choose from eight distinctively styled two and three button models, for men, young men and boys—sizes 32 to 50—coats are full and half lined—your size is here today—we urge that you act NOW.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall.
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Timely Piano Facts

Does your piano need repairing?
Summer prices make large savings

An Exchange Proposition

The more valuable your piano the more money you risk if you don't keep it in perfect repair.

A piano needs a reasonable outlay of money each year to insure to you its best service. It is an intricate piece of machinery and like any machinery will deteriorate if neglected.

If you are going away for the summer, let us have your piano to overlook, repair where necessary, tone restore, and keep in tune.

Our charges during the summer are actual cost and besides you have your piano stored free of charge.

The service of the Sterling Piano Co. emphasizes the value of the specialist.

The Piano business in all its branches has been our life work for over fifty years.

We don't just sell pianos—we make them, rebuild them, store them and pack them in damp-proof boxes for safe shipment to all parts of the world.

All our work is guaranteed; but aside from that our reputation is a valuable asset and absolutely protects you in all dealings you have with us.

If you have an old piano or a new one which you wish to exchange for a

Sterling Playerpiano

its full value will be allowed to apply on your purchase.

We will give you a due bill to apply in the Autumn if you don't want a new piano until then. If you intend to move, this will save the moving charges or storage charges too.

You will have no difficulty in selecting a good piano, because we only sell reputable ones.

We will not permit any mystery of quality.

There can be no juggling with prices.

We have one price only, the same to all, and which can be verified by any one.

We carry over four hundred pianos in our Warerooms, with thoroughly competent, experienced, conservative and conscientious piano salesmen to fully explain exactly what you will get.

There isn't a reasonable want that we cannot supply and every promise is backed up by business methods which have made one of the largest exclusively piano businesses in the world.

We own and operate three distinct factories in which we make the Sterling, Huntington and Mendelssohn Pianos and Playerpianos, each of which has attained the very highest reputation in its class. Our selling prices are the actual cost of manufacturing, with a fair profit added, and no more.

Our terms are fair and reasonable, either cash or easiest monthly payments.

Open Saturday Evenings
The Sterling Piano Co., Sterling Building
518-520 Fulton St., cor. Hanover Place, Brooklyn

MORE VAGRANTS HERE THAN EVER BEFORE

City Lodging House Shelters Twice as Many as in First Four Months of Last Year.

FARM COLONY PLAN URGED

Homeless Men Could Then Be Made to Earn Part of the Cost of Their Support.

Vagrancy is rapidly increasing in this State and is becoming a problem of alarming proportions, according to statements made yesterday by Charles K. Blatchly, Superintendent of the Joint Application Bureau of the Charity Organization Society and the Association for Improving the Condition of the Poor. In New York City particularly the number of homeless and unemployed men applying for relief has shown a startling advance.

"While exact figures as to the number of professional tramps, mendicants, and temporarily or permanently unemployed men able to work in the State at large cannot be had," said Mr. Blatchly, "we know from our experience here, from the records of other relief organizations, and from the testimony of local officials in all parts of the State that the vagrancy evil is assuming alarming proportions. In this city especially the records of the various relief organizations show a tremendous increase of homelessness and vagrancy within the past twelve months. Our own figures show that in the six months up to the end of March last we had over 18,000 applications from homeless men, as compared with 12,000 in the same length of time in 1910, an increase of 50 per cent. The Charity Organization Society reports a similar increase in the number of applicants at its woodyard, and we are sending there over 3,000 a month regularly.

"We maintain a social secretary at the Municipal Lodging House, and it is probabe that the figures showing the number of men sheltered at this institution furnish the most accurate indication of the increase of homelessness—that is, vagrancy—in this city. During the past four months the number of men sheltered there has been practically twice as great as it was in the first four months of 1910, and the total for the past year was many thousands in excess of the highest previous record and nearly three times as great as it was only five years ago.

"This table shows the number of persons cared for at the Municipal Lodging House in the first four months of each of the past five years, indicating that the recent increase shows no signs of falling off, as would be the case if it represented merely a passing and temporary condition:

	January.	February.	March.	April.
1911	24,366	18,905	19,457	15,715
1910	11,252	11,779	10,318	7,776
1909	12,544	11,507	12,081	9,694
1908	11,864	10,902	11,024	9,353
1907	5,067	4,187	4,234	3,723

"From the above figures it will be seen that the number of men seeking the city's protection for a night's lodging has been between four and five times as great throughout the first quarter of 1911 as it was in 1907. Of course, general employment conditions were better in 1907 than they are now, and this undoubtedly accounts in part for the increase, but it does not explain the doubling of the figures within the past year, as there has been no such marked change in industrial conditions within that time.

"The remedy for this condition, in the opinion of the practical workers, who have been brought into direct contact with this problem of the increase in vagrancy, is to be found in the establishment of a State farm colony, where the labors of these men may be utilized to meet the expense of their maintenance, and where some of them undoubtedly can be turned from tramps and beggars into self-supporting citizens. The records show that about one-third of those committed to penal institutions in this State for vagrancy are under 30, and a farm and industrial colony would be able to turn some, at least, of these younger men into self-supporting workers. For the others it would be better to make them contribute some part if not all of the cost of their support, which at present represents an annual expense to the State of over $2,000,000.

"A very important effect of the adoption of the farm colony plan, which is provided for in a bill before the Legislature, would be in ridding the State of a large proportion of its tramps, of which New York now has far more than its due quota in proportion to its population. Those of us who have had occasion to note the startling increase of the vagrancy evil hope that the Chanler bill providing for a State Commission to investigate vagrancy and to locate a site for a State farm colony, possibly on lands now belonging to the State, will be enacted into law before the Legislature adjourns."

FRAUDS IN IMITATION GEMS.

Jewelers Seek to Prevent Fraudulent Use of the Word "Synthetic."

Maiden Lane jewelers have been asked recently to join with British jewelers in a new effort to expose and eliminate frauds in the sale of sham gems. The French and German jewelers have already obtained legislation to protect the trade and the public from deception.

Included in communications on the subject are letters from Prof. Verneuil of Paris, the inventor of the processes used in making synthetic rubies and sapphires, declaring that the only synthetic stones used in the trade are the red ruby and the white and blue sapphire.

Much higher prices are obtained for synthetic stones than for any other kind of imitations, and so dishonest dealers are selling so-called synthetic emeralds, pearls, and other gems that the chemists have not yet succeeded in making, but which are imitated in a cheap way with paste.

Among the signs that have actually been used, and which are declared to be fraudulent, are the following, copied from store windows in several cities:

> Pearls, emeralds, rubies, and sapphires, exactly like the earth-born stones; the only difference is that they were created in man's laboratory instead of in nature's.
>
> Pearls, sapphires, rubies, and emeralds produced by secret process. They possess the same qualities of sheen, luster, and mild radiance of the natural stones and are positively indistinguishable from those costing fabulous sums. The only difference is one of sentiment.
>
> Synthetic diamonds possess the same specific gravity, density, and durability and luster of the best-mined diamonds and defy experts' tests, at one-fifth the cost.

Prof. Verneuil writes that certain savants in Paris have reproduced the emerald artificially, but some of the qualities of the natural gems are lacking, and the crystals have never reached the dimensions necessary for their use in jewelry.

Synthetic or fused pearls, he says, are impossible. As to the supposed synthetic diamonds, the professor says that they have been made only in microscopic size and at enormous cost, so they cannot possibly be used in jewelry.

A new trick is to cut the synthetic white sapphires in the shapes of brilliants and sell them as synthetic diamonds.

The British jewelers propose that something be done to prevent dealers from using the word "synthetic" or any similar term except in connection with the rubies and sapphires. Even the synthetic rubies and sapphires, the jewelers say, can readily be distinguished from the natural stones. The dealers admit that the coloring and appearance of the laboratory products are superior to those of many of the natural gems, and yet, they say, the public is turning back to nature's products, even in rubies, in imitating which the laboratories have won their greatest success.

FALLS DYING AT DOOR.

Driscoll Awakes to Find Gas Escaping—He and Wife Saved.

A neighbor living above Michael B. Driscoll, formerly champion two-mile runner, heard some one fall in the Driscoll apartment, at 53 Oak Street, Yonkers, yesterday morning, and ran downstairs. He found Driscoll lying unconscious in front of the open door of his flat. In the bed was Mrs. Driscoll, also unconscious. Gas was escaping from the disconnected tube of a gas stove.

The neighbor shut off the gas and called a doctor, who found that Driscoll and his wife were nearly dead. It was not until evening that either regained consciousness.

The couple were to have made an early start to Coney Island yesterday morning, and Mrs. Driscoll had arisen and started breakfast on the gas stove, afterward returning to bed. The tube had been disconnected, and the couple were overcome in their sleep.

WINNIPEG CHECK MAN WANTED HERE

Detectives Hunting for Dr. Mortimer M. Harriss for Some Shady Transactions.

COLLECTORS ON HIS TRAIL

Well-Known Figure at Restaurants and Hotels Along Broadway Until His Disappearance in December.

Dr. Mortimer M. Harriss, who is being sought by the police of Winnipeg on a charge of obtaining money with worthless checks, and whose victims are said to number 100 or more, is also wanted here for several questionable transactions, it was learned yesterday. He is known in shipping circles and among the hotels of this city, and according to some of his acquaintances here the young man blossomed out as a "frenzied financier" along Broadway several months ago before changing his base of operations to Winnipeg.

Harriss was for a while employed by the Ward Line as a ship's surgeon. He was attached to the Seguranca, plying between here and Havana. While in this service Dr. Harriss made many friends among the passengers. He got in trouble here last December, although the story did not come out until yesterday, following the publication of a dispatch in THE TIMES from Winnipeg telling of a warrant having been issued there for his arrest. That terminated his connection with the Ward Line.

Engaging manners and faultless dress made Harriss a familiar figure along Broadway. He was a frequenter of the best-known restaurants between Thirty-fifth and Fifty-ninth Streets, and was on friendly terms with at least half a dozen music hall stars. He lived in fine style at the Marie Antoinette, where he was quick to make friends, and the hotel management said yesterday that it was not until he had left the hotel early in December that it was learned he was being sought by collectors and detectives.

Harriss appeared last at the Marie Antoinette on Dec. 6, registered, and was assigned to his customary room. He told the hotel manager that he had just got back from Havana on the Seguranca, and was thinking of leaving the Ward Line and turning to other fields of endeavor. The next day he left.

On the day after his departure a detective called and wanted to see him. The detective was followed by a procession of bill collectors, process servers, and other sleuths. It was learned that Harriss had opened an account some time before with the uptown branch of the Colonial Bank, near the Marie Antoinette. His account there was never very large, but the authorities say he has been active with his checkbook since leaving town.

One check for $100 on the Colonial Bank, which was drawn by Harriss, was presented at the Marie Antoinette for collection after his disappearance. The management informed the holder that they knew nothing of the doctor's debts and could give no clue to his whereabouts.

The doctor's acquaintances at the hotel said yesterday that he is a Cuban, but has spent most of his life in the United States. According to dispatches from Winnipeg, he lays claim to relationship with "a wealthy manufacturer, A. H. Harris of Riverside Drive, who is interested in the manufacture of rural mail delivery boxes for the Government." No such man could be found yesterday.

NEGRO SHOOTS FIVE MEN.

Four Deputy Sheriffs Wounded by Murderer, Who Is Finally Killed.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., May 14.—Two negroes are dead and one mortally wounded, and four Deputy Sheriffs are wounded, one fatally, as the result of a murder committed by one of the negroes to-day on the Williams place, twenty-one miles south of here on the Mobile road, and a spectacular battle that followed an effort to capture the murderer.

The dead are Tom Benson and Peter Foils, negroes.

The injured are Ike Primers, colored; Eugene Naftel, deputy, shot in shoulder; Harry McCord, deputy, shot in abdomen and will probably die; Owen Ellis, deputy, shot in the eye; —— Alford, chauffeur, shot in shoulder, hand, and face.

Benson murdered Foils and shot and mortally wounded Primers at 9 o'clock this morning. The cause of their trouble is unknown. Sheriff Hood sent Deputy Sheriffs Rives, Naftel, and Ellis to the scene in an automobile. When they arrived Benson was barricaded in his cabin, refusing to surrender, and declaring he would die first.

The officers then opened fire on him, and he returned it, wounding Naftel. Sheriff Hood was telephoned for, and he went out this afternoon with Deputies McCord and Bridges. The posse again opened fire, and an hour's battle esued, Ellis and Alford were wounded in this fight.

Failing to dislodge Benson by their continuous fire from pistols, the posse set fire to the cabin, and when the cabin was filled with smoke the negro stumbled through the door and was shot down. He picked himself up and returned the fire, wounding Deputy McCord in the abdomen. Taking refuge behind a fence he fired several other shots at the officers, but finally was killed.

The wounded men were hurriedly brought to a hospital here.

FOUR DEAD ON DEVIL'S CURVE

Overlapping Orders Send Freight Trains Together in a Fog.

WHITE RIVER JUNCTION, Vt., May 14.—Speeding in opposite directions on a single line of Boston & Maine track, two freight trains came together two miles south of here in a heavy fog early to-day, killing four trainmen and seriously injuring three others. The wreckage caught fire and several of the bodies were badly burned.

The trains in collision were a Central Vermont local freight bound from White River Junction for Springfield, Mass., and a northbound Boston & Maine freight, with consignments from Springfield for distribution at White River Junction. The four dead are Ralph H. Fairman, head brakeman; Roy Kendall, brakeman; James M. Livingstone, brakeman, and R. S. Webber, fireman.

Overlapping orders, by which both trains are said to have received official word to continue in opposite directions over the single track, are declared by the engineers to have caused the collision. The wreck tied up traffic for hours. The tender of the Boston & Maine locomotive was thrown bottom up on top of the Central Vermont locomotive, which had been headed south but which in the collision was turned completely about.

Calls for Charter Hearings.

The Citizens' Union sent a letter yesterday through its Chairman to Corporation Counsel Watson protesting against hasty legislative action on the proposed Charter and suggesting that conferences be held to discuss it. It is proposed to take up important features of the Charter and acquaint the public with their meaning.

SEEK MISSING MILLIONS.

No Trace of Rudolph Van Baren's Supposed Fortune Can Be Found.

When Rudolph Van Baren of White Plains died of a brief illness in St. Vincent's Hospital last October, a representative of Corporation Counsel Henry R. Barrett's office, who had gone to ask him about the whereabouts of $5,000,000 he was supposed to have hidden, failed to get the information, and search for the fortune still is being conducted by the Corporation Counsel and a score or more banking institutions.

All that Mr. Van Baren is said to have revealed on his death bed were the words, "The boys know where it is." These "boys," it was learned, were Charles A. Campbell, a Chicago florist, residuary legatee, and Edward and Frederick Piggott, twins, in whose house in White Plains the old man and Campbell had lived for several years. The Piggotts, who are proprietors of a White Plains grocery store, were mentioned as beneficiaries to the extent of $100,000 each.

But none of these "boys" knew anything about the whereabouts of the treasure, always having been kept in the dark as to Van Baren's business dealings.

The wealth of the old man, it is stated, dated to 1904, when he disappeared for several months, and on returning said that he had been to Holland to settle up an estate which, he said, included an island in a Holland harbor leased to the Government. After his return, his friends said, he had plenty of money, and often spoke of a mysterious safe deposit box where his art treasures and jewels were stored.

SAVE TIME TO SAN FRANCISCO

Overland Limited to Clip Four Hours and a Half, Making a Record.

Beginning with Sunday, May 28, you can go from Chicago to San Francisco on the Union Pacific-Southern Pacific Overland Limited in sixty-eight hours instead of seventy-two and a half hours, the present time. The management pointed out yesterday that that would mean the saving of half a business day. The clipping off of fours hours and a half was described yesterday by J. C. Stubbs, Director of Traffic of the Union Pacific, as a dividend to the traveling public.

"It is the initial step," he said, "toward realizing to travelers using the Union-Southern Pacific system the advantages made possible by the sums expended in improving our roadbed, in installing electric block signal protection, betterment of power and equipment," &c. The new time constitutes a record speed between the two cities.

The Overland Limited now leaves Chicago at 7 P. M., arriving in San Francisco at 5:28 P. M., three days later. Under the new schedule it will leave Chicago about 8:30 P. M., arriving in San Francisco about 2:28 P. M. Eastbound, the train now leaves San Francisco at 10:40 A. M., and arrives in Chicago at 1 P. M. It will leave San Francisco at 10:20 A. M. under the new schedule and arrive in Chicago about 9:10 A. M.

Dr. Lyon's
PERFECT
Tooth Powder
not only cleanses, preserves and beautifies the teeth *without injury*, but imparts purity and fragrance to the breath, removing instantly the odor of tobacco.

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street 34th Street

On Monday and Tuesday,
May the 15th and 16th

SILK DEPARTMENTS. *In Both Stores.*

"McCreery Silks"

Famous over half a Century.

Complete assortments of Plain and Novelty weaves and colors in Summer Dress Silks.

Sale of Ten Thousand Yards of heavy weight Black Satin Duchesse and double faced Peau de Soie. 36 inches wide.
1.25 per yard
value 2.00

All Silk Natural Ecru Shantung Pongee and White Washable Habutai. 36 inches wide. 75c per yard
value 1.25

COTTON DRESS GOODS. *In Both Stores.*

Second Floor.

20,000 yards of Washable Cotton Dress Fabrics in dainty Pompadour, Dresden and Bordered Patterns, also Scotch Gingham in a large variety. 15c to 50c per yard

White Irish Ramie Linen Suiting, especially adapted for Automobile, Seashore and Mountain wear. 36 inches wide.
27c per yard

James McCreery & Co.
23rd Street 34th Street

Bankrupt Sale of Jewelry
at less than Manufacturer's Cost
Gold and Silver Watch Chains, Fobs, Lorgnette Chains, Chain Trimmings and Mountings, Precious and Semi-Precious Stones used in manufacturing.
Open from 10 to 4
LANGDON P. MARVIN, Trustee of WILLIAM SMITH & CO. 11 Maiden Lane

B. Altman & Co.

COMMENCEMENT OUTFITS FOR MISSES

THE PRESENT STOCK INCLUDES GOWNS OF WHITE MUSLINS, BATISTE AND LAWN; EVENING WRAPS; TRIMMED MILLINERY; FRENCH UNDERWEAR, HAND-MADE AND HAND-EMBROIDERED; SHOES, SILK HOSIERY, GLOVES, PARASOLS, FANS, ETC.

ALSO JEWELRY NOVELTIES FOR GIFT PURPOSES.

COMMENCEMENT GOWNS MADE TO SPECIAL ORDER IN WORKROOMS ON THE PREMISES.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT. ADVERTISEMENT.

An Appeal to the Women of Greater New York

We are going to give you an average of 6% in cash on the money you spend to live.

We are going to protect the wage earner of your family with an Accident Insurance Policy for $500.00, carrying accident benefits of $5.00 a week for six weeks.

We are going to provide you with a magazine devoted to practical home problems.

It will be accomplished through cooperative distribution. The plan has been thoroughly matured and scientifically worked out in its minutest details.

It has received and is continuing to receive the unqualified endorsement of every intelligent person who has investigated it. Among these are some of the most prominent and competent men in the country.

The plan is truly American, its fundamental principle, which means strength and permanency, is ORGANIZATION.

This company is organized under the conservative laws of the State of New York, and is managed by a Board of progressive, responsible and thoroughly experienced business men.

A complete **organization of the consumers** on one hand to secure for them the best quality in everything they buy, full weight, full measure and the lowest possible prices.

On the other hand, **a perfect organization of responsible, reliable retailers,** selling life's necessities, with their stores so situated as to fully satisfy the convenience and needs of the organized consumer.

This double organization means

FIRST: Standardization of all necessaries of life.

SECOND: A lowering of the cost of living.

THIRD: An increase of income to consumers in the form of periodical cash dividends amounting to 6% of their total expenditures, excepting rent

FOURTH: Other benefits which cannot be described in this announcement will be carefully explained to inquirers.

It means for the Associate Retail Dealer absolute protection in his business against the ruinous competition represented by combinations of capital, questionable methods, and too many irresponsible dealers.

It means a big increase in trade, a satisfied trade, a decrease in credit business, and a consequent increase in cash business.

It also means an increase of at least 50% in the dealer's net profit due to the increase of business without corresponding increase of operating expenses, and large savings in the purchase of goods, which will be done through our buying exchange, having a membership of many thousands, which will be operated by the Association for the exclusive benefit of its retail members.

A corps of high-class, intelligent, experienced men are now organizing Greater New York.

The Motto of the UNITED STORES ASSOCIATION is fair dealing for all, malice for none, and an earnest desire to benefit and protect producers, distributors and consumers.

WOMEN OF NEW YORK, go to your Retail Dealers and tell them you want them to join the UNITED STORES ASSOCIATION because you want to receive an average of 6% on the money you spend.

Join the UNITED STORES ASSOCIATION yourself, and we will give you this dividend.

If your expenditures are only $500.00 a year, this means $30.00 in cash to you, payable monthly, if desired.

We will welcome inquiries from interested **responsible and reliable retailers** and consumers generally.

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17 Daily Trains

THERE'S no waiting for trains. You can get one almost any hour of the day or night

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To BUFFALO

Along the Hudson River, through the Mohawk Valley—"Water Level"—You can sleep.

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NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

CHARITY SUPPLIES AT SHORT WEIGHT

Contractors Forced to Make Up the Loss by Refunding Money to the State.

MANAGEMENT STRICTER NOW

Real Farmers Put in Charge of Institutions' Farms and Extra Inspectors Always on Duty.

ALBANY, May 14.—Dennis McCarthy, Fiscal Supervisor of State Charitable Institutions, has recently thrown an interesting sidelight on the cost of living problem and incidently saved the State money in the maintenance of its charitable institutions. He discovered that original packages of food, such as dried fruits, coffee, sugar, and flour, as furnished by the contractors to institutions, frequently contained less than they are labeled. In three months Mr. McCarthy saved the State $527, by demanding and receiving from contractors refunds to cover shortages in weights of these so-called "original packages." Under former administrations of the Fiscal Supervisor's office original packages, with rare exceptions, were not weighed. While no definite figures are obtainable, the loss to the State, it is stated, must have extended into the thousands.

Under the old system institutions counted the number of boxes, barrels, pails, or packages, but did not weigh them. The shortages recently discovered were especially noticeable in packages of lard compound. During January, February, and March four charitable institutions reported a shortage of eighty-one pounds of lard compound, all of which was shipped in tubs supposed to contain sixty pounds each. Similar shortages were noted in packages of prunes, raisins, rolled oats, rice, coffee, dried peaches, sugar, barley, salt, and beans.

This reform in the management of State charitable institutions under the present Fiscal Supervisor is pointed out in the report of an investigation by Henry C. Wright, made public here. This investigation supplements Mr. Wright's year and a half investigation of the financial management of all State institutions, made for the State Charities Aid Association, a report of which was recently made public. Mr. Wright's larger investigation antedated the term of the present Fiscal Supervisor.

Among the other reforms found by Mr. Wright to have been introduced by the present Fiscal Supervisor are the employment of two additional inspectors to investigate and report on the efficiency of administrative methods in the various institutions; the employment of a field auditor, who makes periodical investigations; and the employment of a dietitian. A new system of requisitioning supplies from storerooms has also been introduced.

Farmers have been obtained for the institutional farms upon civil service examination. These farmers are now in charge of the State charitable institution farms and are expected to save the State large sums of money by giving the farms more economical and scientific management. Also careful chemical tests are now made of all milk and many other foods supplied to the institutions.

Among the more important of the recent reforms in the Fiscal Supervisor's department found by Mr. Wright is the purchasing of coal on the basis of heat units. Formerly coal was bought from the local dealers by the ton and used in a more or less careless and wasteful manner. During the last Winter, however, automatic steam pressure gauges have been installed on all boilers in charitable institutions and daily reports of the variation of steam pressure are forwarded to the Fiscal Supervisor's office in this city. Using these reports, coal can be purchased more economically than before.

Specifications for supplies have also been considerably improved, Mr. Wright finds, and stewards have been instructed as to the qualities of the various supplies which they are expected to receive. Mr. Wright thinks that marked economy should result from these innovations.

A Well-Conducted Tour.

One hundred and twenty conductors of the Southern Pacific Railway Company arrived here yesterday on a special train in which they are touring the country as guests of the company. The party will be entertained in a five days' stop here by the local union of the Order of Railway Conductors, and will then visit Boston. The conductors came over Southern lines and the Pennsylvania Railroad, and will return West over the Canadian Pacific lines by way of Buffalo.

PRESENTED TO KING GEORGE.

Silas McBee and J. R. Mott Are Received at Buckingham Palace.

LONDON, May 14.—John R. Mott of New York, Secretary of the World's Students' Christian Association, and Silas McBee, editor of The Churchman, who have been visiting the Russian and other Eastern churches, were received to-day in audience by the King at Buckingham Palace. The American Ambassador, Mr. Reid, presented the Americans, and his Majesty was much interested in their experiences.

Mr. Mott and Mr. McBee this week will attend the first annual meeting of the commission appointed by the World's Missionary Conference at Edinburgh to consider more uniform co-operation by the missionaries of the world.

Wm Vogel & Son

MEN'S STRAW HATS. THE WORK OF MAKING STRAW HATS FOR THIS FIRM WAS ENTRUSTED TO SUCH MAKERS ONLY WHOSE PARTICULAR FACULTY IS THE DEVISING OF HATS OF PERFECT OVAL AND THAT BESPEAK WEARING QUALITY AND DISTINCTIVENESS OF STYLES.

JAMES HARDING & CO.'S ENGLISH HATS.............. $4.00
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JAMES BUTLER INC CHOICE GROCERIES

Quaker Corn Flakes
Nearly three quarts of crisp, fresh-toasted corn flakes in large 10c. pkge.......... 5c

5 lbs. Granulated Sugar for 25c
Best Creamery Butter, fresh from Western Creameries, lb. 25c
Belle Brook Print Butter, in clean cartons, each......... 27c
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East View Eggs, Large, new laid, in sealed cartons only, dozen.. 25c
Essie Sugar Corn, Maine's choicest, 12c can, reduced to..... 10c
Essie Tomatoes, Finest fruit in largest 15c cans, each 12c
Peerless Malt Extract, Strengthening tonic......3 bottles 25c

Butler's Borax Soap, cake... 3½c
Fairy Soap, Babbitt's Soap, cake.. 4c
Kirkman's Borax Soap, cake. 4c
Best Laundry Starch, lb..... 4c

"The Kayser"
"Kayser" THE GUARANTEE THAT GUARANTEES
"The Kayser"

Glove

The genuine "Kayser"—
Long Silk Gloves
"Cost no more" than the "ordinary kind" don't wear out at the finger ends and every pair contains
A Guarantee that Guarantees
"a new pair free" if the "tips" wear out before the glove—you take no risk.
For over a quarter of a century "KAYSER'S" have been the standard silk glove of America. There's a way to tell the genuine—"look in the hem" for the name "KAYSER," it is assurance of glove satisfaction, and is there for your protection.
Short Silk Gloves, 50c., 75c., $1.00
Long " " 75c., $1.00, $1.25, $1.50
3 Julius Kayser & Co., Makers, New York

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3, $3.50 & $4 SHOES FOR MEN

YOU are invited to visit W. L. Douglas shoe store and inspect the Spring and Summer Oxfords and high cut shoes. The greatest variety, all the latest novelties, including Short Vamp Shoes which make the foot look smaller; High Heel Shoes for Young Men, as well as the more Substantial Styles which have made W. L. Douglas shoes a household word everywhere. Whatever your ideal of a shoe, you will find it in a W. L. Douglas store. W. L. Douglas warrants every pair of his shoes to hold their shape, fit better and wear longer for the money than any other make.

BEWARE OF SUBSTITUTES.
CAUTION! The genuine have W. L. Douglas name and the retail price stamped on the bottom, which protects the wearer against high prices and inferior shoes.
BOYS' SHOES, $2.00 & $2.50.
The Best School and Dress Shoes for the Price in America.
If you cannot obtain W. L. Douglas shoes in your town, write for catalog. Shoes sent direct from factory to wearer, all charges prepaid.
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356 Sixth Ave.
845 Eighth Ave.
963 Eighth Ave.
250 W. 125th St.
BROOKLYN
421 Fulton St.
708-710 B'dway.
1007 Broadway.
1367 Broadway.
478 Fifth Ave.
1779 Pitkin Ave.
Newark—
887 Broad St.
Jersey City—
18 Newark Ave.

Reduction in Edison Rates

The New York Edison Company takes pleasure in announcing to the public that on July 1st, 1911, an important reduction will be made in its rates for electric current in Manhattan Island and the Bronx.

The reduction will apply to all consumers operating electric motors, and to all users of electric light whose bills exceed $25 monthly.

This modification of the present schedules will result in a saving to our customers of approximately $1,250,000 annually, and will affect about 85% of all current sold to the public.

This reduction is made in accordance with our continuing policy of reducing prices, to small as well as large consumers, as rapidly as may be consistent with larger growth and an extended scale of operation, with its attendant economies.

As we include the supply of standard incandescent lamps and a large amount of incidental service, the maximum cost of electric current, even to the smallest of our consumers, is now substantially less than 10 cents a kilowatt hour, which is the legal rate in this city.

Ten cents a kilowatt hour is less than the maximum price for electric current in any of the other large cities of the world, including Paris, Berlin and London.

Recognition of the relative cheapness of the Edison Service, which is of a quality nowhere excelled, is evidenced in its extensive use by the smallest consumers and in all sections of the city.

In their simplicity these rates place no restriction upon the extent or character of the installation.

Convenience and decorative lighting, so important for the home; various kinds of heating and cooking appliances; pneumatic cleaners, laundry irons, kitchen motors; special display lighting in business; individual motors or motors of unlimited size in manufacturing; all may be installed and operated without service cost other than for the current actually consumed.

These new rates, which will supersede all former rate schedules of the Company, have been filed with the Public Service Commission, in accordance with the provisions of law.

The rates and service conditions in detail may be obtained upon application to this Company. The Official Public Service Commission schedules will be on file in our General and Branch Offices, where they may be conveniently consulted.

The New Schedules

General Rate

The first	250	K W Hrs. of monthly consumption at	10c
Next	250	" " " " " " "	9c
"	250	" " " " " " "	8c
"	250	" " " " " " "	7c
"	500	" " " " " " "	6c
Excess over	1500	" " " " " " for the excess at	5c

These rates include the supply and renewal of all standard incandescent lamps, and carbons for and trimming of arc lamps, or an equivalent allowance in the price of Tungsten or Tantalum lamps. Where of advantage to the consumer, power may be included under the General or Wholesale Rate.

Consumers making a yearly contract who agree to an average monthly use of not less than 1,500 kilowatt hours, including power if desired, may renew their incandescent lamps, supply carbons for and trim their arc lamps, and otherwise care for their installations, and for so doing will receive a special discount of ½ cent a kilowatt hour.

Power Rate

The first	200	K W Hrs. of monthly consumption at	9½c
Next	200	" " " " " " "	8c
"	2,500	" " " " " " "	6c
Excess over	2,900	" " " " " " for the excess at	5c

Automobile, Storage Battery and Refrigeration Rate

The first	2,500	K W Hrs. of monthly consumption at	5c
Next	2,500	" " " " " " "	4c
Excess over	5,000	" " " " " " for the excess at	3c

This rate is dependent upon a minimum monthly consumption of $25, and includes the agreement that where the use of current does not exceed 50,000 kilowatt hours monthly the cost shall not exceed $1500.

Special attention is called to the low cost of electric current for automobiles for business or pleasure, and for electric ice making and refrigerating plants.

With the exception of the Wholesale and the "Breakdown" rates, which in their nature affect but few consumers, the entire service of this Company will be rendered under these three simple schedules. ¶ Experts in every department of engineering in which electric current may be used, whether for light, heat or power, are always "At Your Service" for advice or assistance, without cost and without obligation on the part of any one to use electric current.

THE NEW YORK EDISON COMPANY
GENERAL OFFICES 55 DUANE STREET—TELEPHONE EXCHANGE WORTH 3000

BRANCH OFFICES—Maintained for the Special Convenience of the Public

424 BROADWAY	126 DELANCEY ST.	124 WEST 42d ST.	839 THIRD AVE.	27 EAST 125th ST.	360 EAST 149th ST.
Spring 9890	Orchard 1960	Bryant 5262	Plaza 6543	Harlem 4020	Melrose 3340

At Your Service

PINCHOT HOME AGAIN, TO VISIT ROOSEVELT

James B. Regan, Back on the Same Ship, Tels of Champagne Riots.

DESOLATION ABOUT EPERNAY

Further Disorder Expected—Gen. Woodford Found Europe Wasn't Worrying Much About Mexico.

Gifford Pinchot, former Chief Forester of the United States, accompanied by his brother, Amos R. E. Pinchot, returned home from Europe last night on the Holland-America liner Rotterdam. He had traveled through Italy, France, Germany, and Switzerland, and joined the ship at Rotterdam.

Mr. Pinchot had nothing to say on politics. He said he was going to visit Col. Roosevelt at Oyster Bay to-day or to-morrow.

Mr. Pinchot did remark that he was not surprised that Henry L. Stimson had been made Secretary of War, and said that Mr. Stimson was a very capable man, and would do well in whatever post he was appointed to.

During his stay at Florence Mr. Pinchot went to the School of Forestry at Vallombrosa. He did not think the Italian officials could teach this country anything about tree culture or the preservation of forests.

James B. Regan, proprietor of the Hotel Knickerbocker, who also returned on the Rotterdam with Mrs. Regan and their daughter Marion, said that the champagne district around Epernay looked as if the country had been smitten by war and pestilence, it was so desolated.

"On May 3 and 4," said Mr. Regan, "I went in an automobile from Epernay to the scene of the recent riots. On either side of the white, straight, level French roads one could see the ruins of the burned chateaux and warehouses, where the peasants broke open the huge tuns in the vaults below, let the wine run out, and then smashed the bottles in thousands and finally set fire to the building. No work was being done by the peasants in the district, although the portions of the vineyards which escaped damage showed signs of having a very good crop of grapes. The people seemed to be sullen and looked as if they were brooding over their grievances, and I was informed, on good authority, that further rioting was expected before things are finally settled.

"An officer who was an eye-witness of the incident said that in pillaging the chateau of a wealthy woman more than 75 years old, who had been known for her charitable acts to the poor of the district for half a century, and who had nothing to do with the champagne trade, the rioters were begged by the white-haired owner on her knees to take all but to spare the only painting she had of her dead daughter. Mad in their desire to wipe everything off the earth, the rioters seized the picture and tore it into fragments in front of the aged woman and threw the pieces into the flames."

Mr. Regan said that all the big London hotels were looking forward to doing a big business in coronation week at an increase in prices from 50 to 100 per cent. They were not depending upon Americans, as thousands of colonials were expected. Hotel proprietors in Paris hoped to be crowded in coronation week with Americans who would leave London to avoid the crush.

Gen. Stewart L. Woodford, accompanied by his wife, returned from a two months' trip through Italy, Switzerland, and France. Asked what was the general impression abroad with regard to Mexico, he said that the people he met and conversed with did not seem to trouble themselves much about it, as they were perfectly satisfied with the manner in which the United States was acting and also had perfect confidence in President Taft.

Other passengers were Mr. and Mrs. John H. Hanan, Mr. and Mrs. Frank H. Armstrong, Miss Helen Brayton, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Brookfield, Robert J. Cook, Miss Mary E. Downie, Mr. and Mrs. Tom C. Grant, Mr. and Mrs. Horace C. Henry, Mrs. Frank Bigelow Kennard, Mrs. N. P. Ketcham, Andrew McKinley, Mrs. Addison Melvin, Mrs. John Wilder, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Rothchild, Charles Talbot Smith, and Mrs. J. B. Wright.

Going to Plan a Boom for Tahiti.

Among those arriving yesterday on the French liner Touraine was David de Larminat, a French engineer, who is on his way to Tahiti, the French island in the Pacific. He is going to study conditions there, believing that a great era of development for the island will begin with the opening of the Panama Canal.

WHO KNOWS IS DEFEATED.

Speedway Champion Loses Title to Ardelle.

Trotters and pacers were out on the Speedway yesterday, and the large crowd that thronged the course saw the best sport of the year, as the horses proved to be evenly match in most cases and produced some fast and close finishes. A surprise greeted the regular followers of the sport when Christopher Hackett's black pacer Who Knows was treated to a defeat, which has not happened in over a year. The sidewheeler to lower the colors of the Hackett pacer was the new acquisition of James A. Murphy, Ardelle, 2:04¼. In taking the measure of Who Knows, the task was not an easy one, and Mr. Murphy was forced to extend his charge fully in each heat in order to gain his point.

The brushing was good, and the defeat of Who Knows was not the only surprise, as the colors of the Straus stable were also sent to the rear in the brush between the old-timer Denver, who was opposed by a new-comer in Robbie B. McGregor, with M. C. Reynolds in the wagon. In the opening heat the pair raced along close to each other, and after passing the quarter mark it was evident that Bobbie was going fast enough to force Denver to extend himself in order to check the former's speed. Nearing the finish Denver gained gradually by going at top speed, yet his opponent was still close, but at the close Mr. Straus shook Denver up and nosed out the other horse.

In the second heat the pair came along close to each other as far as could be seen from the finishing post, and at the quarter Robbie, on the inside, looked to have the lead by half a length. At the third furlong the Reynolds trotter made a skip, and while Mr. Straus was getting ready to take Denver back, the former regained his gait, and from there to the finish the fight was real exciting, Denver again nosing the other out, this time hardly by a head.

Another of the old guard that was sent down to defeat was W. C. Urban's old-time trotter Judge Boardman, 2:27½, which, after taking the measure of Trixie H., 2:13½, in a fast drive, was badly trounced by William Scott's Elliott B., 2:17¼. In a brush against Hugh Reilly's Octavia, 2:15¼, Elliott B. had an easy job and showed the way home by a handy margin.

Baron Delect, 2:16¼, the Oakland Baron pacer driven by T. W. Bassett, showed yesterday that he has speed enough to set pace to pacers with records several seconds faster than his mark. He had three brushes with F. J. Costello's Aintree, 2:10¾, driven by Trainer Eddie Bass, and won best two, in a quite decisive manner. Last Sunday's score between President Gibbons and Vice-President Dr. Ferster was settled yesterday. A week ago the latter, driving Strathino, carried the former's good pacer, Claro, to a run and was declared winner, but yesterday he could not head off Mr. Gibbons' green trotter, Mahlon Wilkes, and suffered a rather amusing defeat.

Sol B. Wolf was out early with Minnie Albert, 2:13¼, looking for victims, but could not find any until Thomas C. Harper of Staten Island showed up behind George Patchen, 2:08¾. The two pacers raced well all the way, but Minnie showed the better of the two by winning both heats at a very small margin.

Horn Brothers kept the drive lively for over an hour driving the old-time trotter, Dr. Eddy, 2:21¼, and Bobbie H., the former showing the better of the pair in the majority of the contests. In a three-cornered race with Thomas Young's brown gelding C. C., Dr. Eddy won the first brush, but in a repeat the pair was badly beaten by the stranger. June Bug, 2:11¼, the black pacer which John Lawrence recently brought to the Speedway, had his first brush yesterday and was declared winner, as he readily beat Dr. Fersters' Strathino and M. C. Reynolds' Dr. Threet. Mr. Murphy drove his trotter Brother Milroi, 2:14½, and had two brushes with A. Mullady's black pacer, The Aristocrat, winning both.

INDIANA AUTO TOUR.

Manufacturers Ratify Plans for Four-State Event.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 14.—Indiana automobile manufacturers officially launched the Four-State Tour for Hoosier cars at a meeting held in this city last week, accepted the plans as previously formulated, adopted a tentative route, subject to changes by a pathfining committee, and set the starting date for Wednesday, July 12.

The date first selected for the start, July 6, was considered too soon after the holiday, and July 12 was therefore decided upon. It was the consensus of opinion that the daily runs should not be more than 125 miles, which will permit of many stops in towns along the route, for this will be an educational and trade-boosting trip as well as a contest. In fact, if after leaving St. Louis it is found that interests warrants an extra day or two being spent upon the road the intinerary will be accordingly increased.

As has already been announced, the party will leave this city about noon of July 12, and will reach St. Louis for a Sunday stop on Saturday night, visiting en route Terre Haute, Bloomington, Peoria, Springfield, and other cities. During the week of July 17 the caravan will proceed northward along the west bank of the Mississippi River as far as Dubuque, then across Northern Illinois, through the towns of Freeport, Rockford, Elgin, and others, to Chicago; thence to Indianapolis.

LION AGAIN STARS AT CONEY ISLAND

Claws a Keeper, Who Shows His Wounds to the Audience at Dreamland.

BIG EARLY SEASON CROWD

Full Summer Police Force on Duty, but Little Disorder at the Big Resort—Few Swimmers.

The largest crowd of the season, probably 150,000 in number, visited Coney Island yesterday. From early morning till late evening Surf Avenue, the Bowery, and the walks between the two were filled with men, women, and children. It was a good-natured crowd, and one with money to spend, and the amusement resort proprietors got their first real taste of "easy money" which flows into their coffers throughout the Summer.

There was the usual Sunday accident in the animal arena in Dreamland. A dress rehearsal was in progress and Bonavita was trying to get Prince, a forest-bred lion, into the arena, when the animal attacked Vincent Rivero, a trainer, in the runway between the cage and the arena. Before he was beaten off the lion had ripped Rivero's scalp from the back of his head to his right eyebrow and bitten his left shoulder.

Rivero, covered with blood, walked through the audience to the office, where Dr. Turner of St. Gregory's Hospital, who was in the audience, and Dr. Greenwald from the Coney Island Hospital, attended him. There were many women in the audience and they were terrified at the appearance of the trainer. He was taken to the Coney Island Hospital.

The seventy-five extra policemen who do duty on the Island in Summer reported yesterday, and for the first time this year there was the usual quota of policemen in the streets. The crowd was orderly. Few ventured into the water.

Several small accidents marked the day. Fred Wagner, of 1,071 Herkimer Street got so excited when he got a bite while fishing from the Iron Pier that he fell into the water. Anthony Poger of Surf Avenue and West Eighth Street dived after him with his clothes on and got him out after a struggle.

A small dog which committed suicide by trying to bite the rear wheels of Oscar Strong's automobile caused the machine to swerve into a Smith Street trolley car in Neptune Avenue near the Ocean Boulevard. Strong, who lives at 2,071 Schenectady Avenue, and Miss Lillian Suter of 518 East Thirty-third Street were thrown out. The girl was badly bruised. Strong was little hurt. Mrs. Belleman of 110 West 100th Street, Manhattan, took the girl in her automobile to the Coney Island Hospital. The Strong auto was wrecked.

There was a crowd of homeward-bound folk in a Smith Street car which left the Island shortly before 6 o'clock. At Coney Island Avenue and Kermit Street, near the Park Circle, the car ran into a Franklin Avenue car which was taking a switch there. This car was derailed, and everybody in both cars got a shaking up. None was hurt seriously.

SPRINT RACE PLANNED.

Scratch Event at 125 Yards Will Attract Best Men.

The Irish-American Athletic Club management is endeavoring to corral the leading sprinters of the land for the 125-yard scratch race which is scheduled for decision at the games of the Winged Fist Decoration Day at Celtic Park. The race at this distance has always been a thriller, last year's being no exception to the rule, when Tex Ramsdell, the intercollegiate champion, came along and took the measure of Bobby Cloughan.

It is anticipated that Ramsdell will be a starter in the coming event, this being almost assured, as he will not be a competitor in the intercollegiates, being barred by a Pennsylvania eligibility rule. Gwyn Henry, another Texan and the 220-yard National champion, is fast rounding into form, and expects to add to the prestige of the Lone Star State as a developer of short-distance runners.

The prizes are varied and valuable, consisting of gold watches, traveling bags, and gold fountain pens. The list of events covers almost everything in the gamut of track and field athletics, and is as follows:

100-yard run, novice; 125-yard run, invitation, scratch; 220-yard run, handicap; 250-yard hurdle race, (2 feet 6 inches,) handicap; two-thirds-mile run, handicap; two-mile run, (100-yard limit,) handicap; two-mile steeplechase, scratch; five-mile bicycle race, (lap prize,) handicap; one-mile relay race, (open to all,) handicap; hop, step, and jump, (5-foot limit,) handicap; running high jump, handicap; throwing the discus, handicap; throwing 16-pound hammer, handicap; putting 16-pound shot, (right and left hands, 10 feet to count,) handicap.

Justice Cragen on Trial To-day.

Fifty extra jurors have been summoned for the trial of Municipal Justice John M. Cragen, against whom seven indictments charging grand larceny were returned in connection with the graft hunt in Queens last Fall. The trial will begin before Justice Isaac M. Kapper in Long Island City this morning. Justice Cragen will be defended by James W. Osborne, while Deputy Attorney General James A. Parsons, assisted by District Attorney Frederick G. DeWitt, will conduct the prosecution.

ARREST IN WHITEFORD CASE.

But Kelly Is Not the Man Suspected of the Murder.

Deputy Police Commissioner Dougherty is superintending the investigation of the murder of John Whiteford, the elderly man who was found dead above his saloon at 43 Williloughby Street, Brooklyn, early on Friday morning. Yesterday he put John J. Kelly of 112 Lawrence Street through a four-hour examination, and when it was over Kelly had lost something of the jauntiness with which he first hailed Dougherty.

"Well," he is quoted as having said, "I suppose you want me for the Whiteford murder. Now I have an alibi ready for you."

It is known that Kelly is not the man that Dougherty is after. The Deputy Commissioner is working hard on the problem presented by the first murder case he has had since he went into office.

SAMPSON'S FIRST TEST.

German Wrestler Will Tackle Zbyszko at Star Casino.

Paul Sampson, the champion of Germany, and Stanislaus Zbyszko, the Polish giant, will grapple to-night at the Star Casino, 107th Street and Lexington Avenue. The match, which will be decided under catch-as-catch can rules, will be to a finish, and should furnish one of the best contests ever witnessed in New York. Both men are in perfect condition for the contest, after undergoing a special preparation. Several important matches depend on the result. Americus, the Baltimore heavyweight wrestler, will be at the ringside to challenge the winner, while Gamo, the East Indian champion, has expressed a desire to tackle the victor of the bout.

Sampson's first appearance in this country stamped him as one of the most formidable mat artists before the public, showing unusual skill, which with his enormous strength makes him an adversary worthy of the best men in the world. Zbyszko needs little introduction to the wrestling public. He has gone down the list of the best men on this side of the water, defeating them with apparent ease. He has never been extended to the limit, and Sampson is expected to be the first to take his measure.

The match, which has excited an unusual amount of interest, will be preceded by several preliminaries between good wrestlers. Sampson and Zbyszko will enter the ring promptly at 9:30, and will remain in the roped circle until a decision is reached. As the pair are evenly matched, the spectators will witness an interesting display before a fall is obtained. The advance sale insures a big house, many of the members of athletic clubs taking blocks of seats. Popular prices will prevail.

AN UNUSUAL SALE OF
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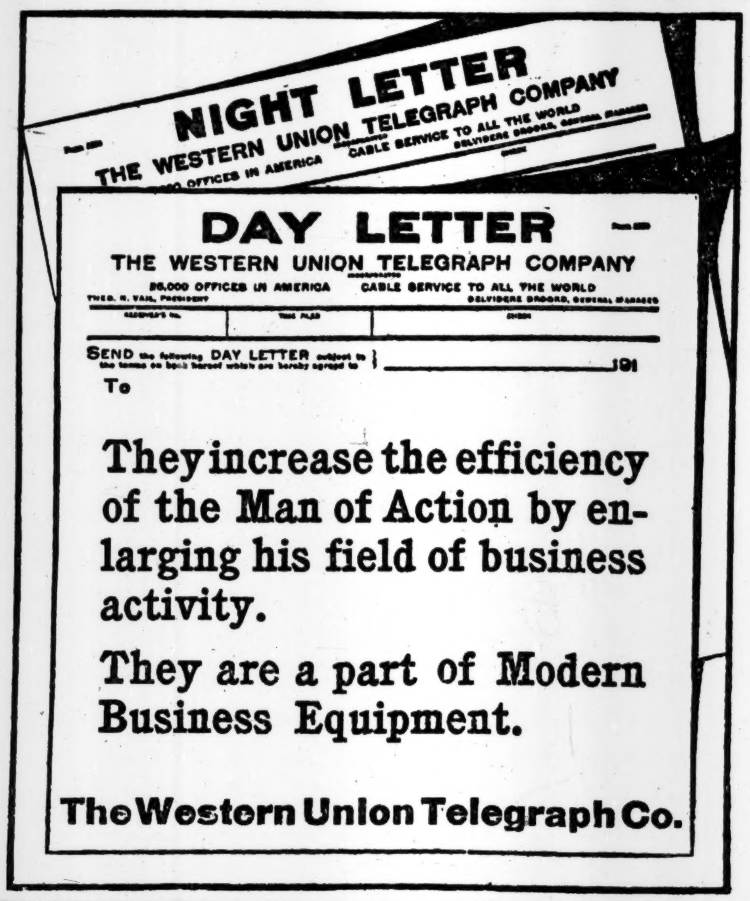
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Remarkable Offerings of White Dress Cottons, Bedspreads And Sheets and Pillow Cases Second floor
Mid-May Clearance Sale of 2,000 Pairs of Lace, Madras And Crete Curtains, at Sharp Savings Sixth floor
$25 Brass Bedsteads, in Handsome design, at $15 Seventh floor
$40 Royal Wilton Worsted Rugs, 9 x 12 ft., at $24.50 And Other Fine Offerings of Domestic Rugs Sixth floor
Open-stock Dinner Sets for Country Houses at Specially Low Prices Fifth floor
Important Sale of High-grade Refrigerators Fifth floor
A Clearance of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts Involving Bloch and Other Fine Styles at Great Reductions Fourth floor
Boys' $3.75 and $5 Wash Suits at $2.50, Also $2 Wash Suits at $1.25 Fourth floor
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BROADWAY NEW YORK THIRTY-THIRD ST.

ENGLISH POLO TEAM BEATS PICKED FOUR

Interesting Practice Match at Cedarhurst Results in Score of 12 to 4.

During an interesting practice game on the Rockaway Hunt Club field at Cedarhurst yesterday afternoon the English challenging team outpointed a picked quartet, comprising one English and three American players, by a score of 12 goals to 4, notwithstanding the latter benefited by a change in make-up at the sixth period.

On this occasion Lieut. Palmes, who has been off the team for several days, lined up at No. 1, Capt. Edwards played at second position, Capt. Lloyd directed at No. 3, and Capt. Barrett was the "back." For the first five periods they were opposed by J. S. Phipps, George E. Johnson, L. E. Stoddard, and R. L. Agassiz, Allan Forbes of Boston relieving Stoddard and Capt. Wilson relieving J. S. Phipps. The combat bristled with exciting incidents, and while at no stage was there a doubt about the issue, the Englishmen frequently found it necessary to introduce new moves, cross-field drives, and placings, as well as a number of remarkably clever curling shots around the group of ponies, in order to counteract the onslaughts of their vigorous opponents.

There was evidence that the challengers have profited by their scrutiny of the form shown in previous games by the Meadow Brook defenders. In yesterday's play they repeatedly resorted to long driving and swift riding as customary in America. They have practiced against yesterday's players several times, and have solved their main tactics pretty thoroughly, as they easily duplicated many of the latter's best moves. Having the advantage of two goals in the opening period, they were slightly overconfident in the second, and so were held down by Stoddard and his colleagues. In the third "chukker" honors were even on the score board, but by no means so in the matter of position and dexterity in midfield play. The English officers found the ball quicker, and oftener drove it from nearly half-field to the end lines, thus demonstrating the force they can put behind the sphere if required. Not only did they send it with good direction, but they curled it wonderfully, Capt. Edwards giving several exhibitions of this sensational style of driving. Capt. Lloyd was more conspicuous than heretofore, and registered so many under-clips and back-handers to place the ball for his "forwards" that he was generally voted an artist. On the other side, J. S. Phipps got in many strokes from remarkable angles, particularly one which earned him a goal at the east end after two and a half minutes' warm struggle in the third period.

A new electric device, like a miniature foghorn, was tried for notifying players when periods closed. After the third period, however, the siren was not heard by the competing teams, and they began the fourth "chukker" without taking any rest or changing ponies. They played for over twelve minutes, therefore, which was a severe test for some of the younger ponies, particularly a four-year-old mare from the Dupree outfit which Stoddard was riding. Then, after changing, they agreed to start the fifth round, and because they were short on the fourth they decided to continue the game for one more bout after the official eight periods were rung off.

During the fifth rally, when players were wound up to top notch, a ball from Capt. Lloyd's mallet struck in the head the handsome brown pony called Gillo, which Stoddard was riding, and the mount went to its knees for a second, but quickly got up again on its pins. Its rider rolled to the grass unhurt, and was able to resume instantly, though play was stopped over two minutes.

From this forward Edwards and Palmes alternated at piling up the score on the British side. There was much "wafting of atmosphere" on both sides, and the ball was ridden over quite frequently on account of the speed at which the ponies were urged. Capt. Wilson did not appear to get down to business with his usual agility until well along in the seventh period, but he made up for several ineffective strokes by a crushing drive west which resulted in one of the finest goals ever scored. The most brilliant exchanges and finest polo occurred in this period. In midfield Wilson got on for a run east, then Forbes picked up the "leave" and drove hard. Edwards tried a short stop to block it while Lloyd was riding Johnson to put him off his stroke. But the latter ignored the opposition and clipped the ball under his own and all the ponies. Barrett, who was playing a star game, turned it neatly, and it came west at lightning speed. Then followed a thrilling run past the clubhouse, with Johnson in possession of the sphere clear to three-quarter field, where the electric spark, Palmes, clipped it away, his twisting shot glinting it between the posts, while onlookers rose to their feet and cheered him to the echo. The line-up:

ENGLISH TEAM.	MIXED TEAM.
1—Lieut. Palmes,	1—J. S. Phipps, (Capt. Wilson,)
2—Capt. Edwards,	2—Geo. E. Johnson,
3—Capt. Lloyd.	3—L. E. Stoddard, (Allan Forbes,)
Back—Capt. Barrett,	Back—R. L. Agassiz.

Goals.—English—Palmes, 5; Edwards, 6; Lloyd, 1. Total—12. Mixed team—Stoddard, Phipps, Agassiz, Wilson, 1 each. Total—4. Referee—William A. Hassard.

Polo at Westchester.

The regular annual tournament under the auspices of the American Polo Association, assigned to the Country Club of Westchester, opens to-day on the club grounds. Five teams have entered—Cooperstown, Taconic, Country Club of Westchester, Meadow Brook Juniors, and Essex Freebooters. The two first mentioned will be represented to-day respectively by players handicapped as follows:

Cooperstown—C. P. Beadleston, 3; C. C. Rumsey, 4; M. Stevenson, 6; F. S. von Stare, 4. Total, 17.

Taconic—Walter Goodwin, 2; Walter McClure, 3; Hamilton Hadden, 3; Philip Boyer, 2. Total, 10.

BEACHEY'S FAST FLIGHT.

Aviator Covers Seventeen Miles in Fifteen Minutes.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., May 14.—A four days' aviation meet closed here to-day with the departure of Lincoln Beachey at 5:25 from the aerodrome for New Haven, where he is to take part in the Yale aviation meet the latter part of this week. The start of the flight for New Haven was in front of the grand stand, and as Beachey's machine was carefully examined for the flight, it was headed in the direction of New Haven, seventeen miles away. Beachey climbed into his seat, and after the usual run on the ground, the machine arose into the air and without a circle or turn the flight was begun. A telephone message was received from the aviator at New Haven half an hour later, saying that he had arrived there safely at 5:40, having covered the distance in fifteen minutes.

The other features of the afternoon were the carrying of passengers to the height of 1,000 feet, the sending of wireless messages to New York, and the dropping of make-believe bombs on to the outline of a torpedo destroyer from a height of 500 feet.

On Friday, when the winners of a local contest were given rides in McCurdy's aeroplane, they were carried only across the field and at a height of about ten feet. To-day the two, Miss Margaret Shea and Frank Arnold, were taken up by Beachey for flights of three and four minutes and a height of over 1,000 feet was reached in each case.

AMERICAN HORSE WINS.

Col. Hunsicker's Bolide II. Takes Fillies' Trial Plate at Longchamps.

PARIS, May 14.—For the first time this year an American owner captured one of the big events over the Longchamps race course. Col. Millard Hunsicker's Bolide II. won the fillies' trial prize, worth $17,600, from a good field. The distance was one mile, and Bolide II. finished a length in front of W. F. Latman's La Becasse and Walburge, which finished second and third respectively. The betting was 12 to 1 against Bolide II.

The Colts' Trial Prize, at one mile, worth $19,800, was won by Edmond Blanc's Lord Burgoyne. M. Prat's Gavarni III. was second, and Mme. Cheremeteff's Rubinat II. third. The betting was 3 to 1 against Lord Burgoyne, which won only by half a length.

World's Grass Track Record.

MELBOURNE, Australia, May 14.—Jack Donaldson of South Africa to-day easily defeated C. E. Holway, the American sprinter, in three races, 75, 220, and 100 yards, respectively. The 100-yard event was done in 9 4-5 seconds, which is a world record for a grass track.

For Other Sports See Pages 9 and 12.

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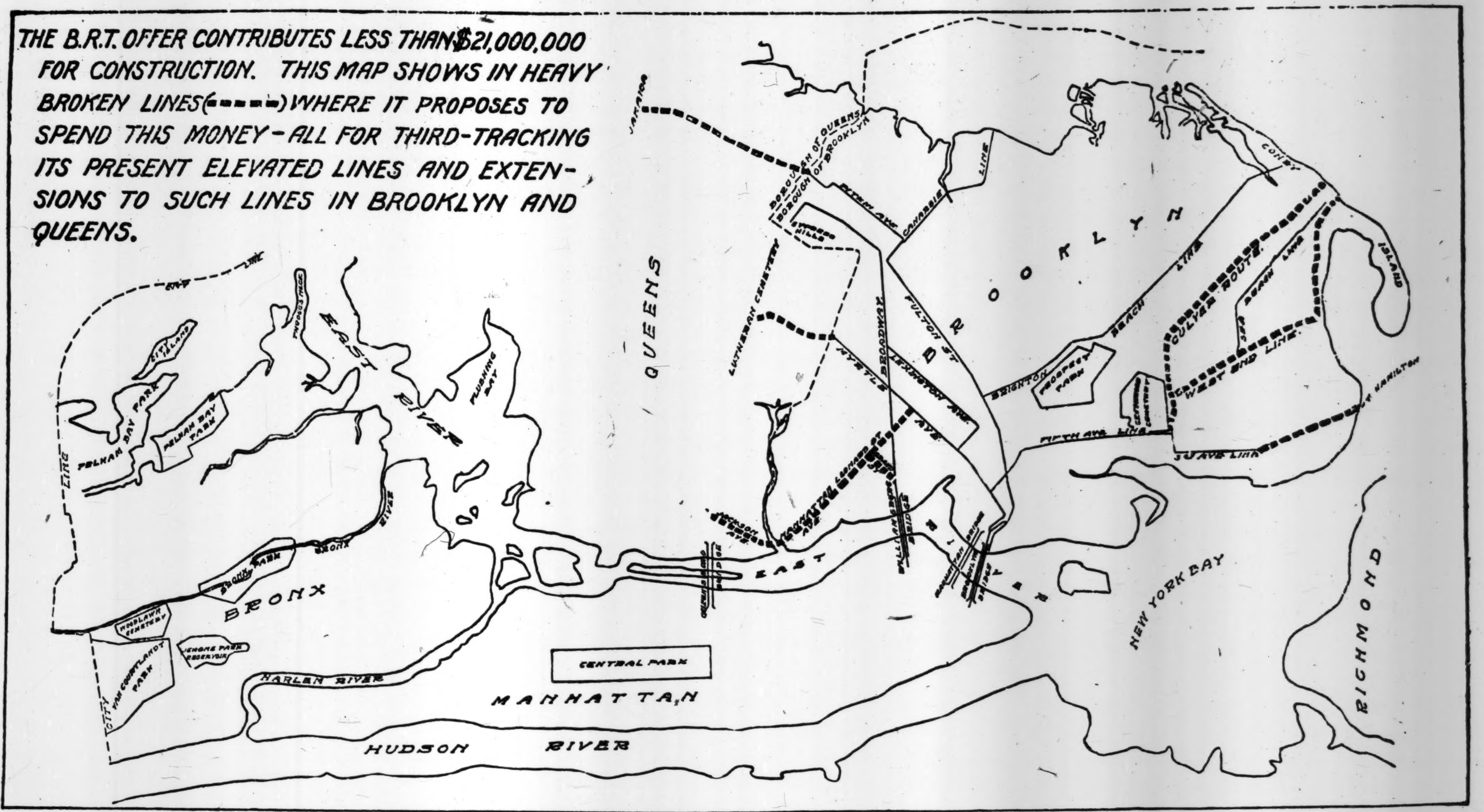
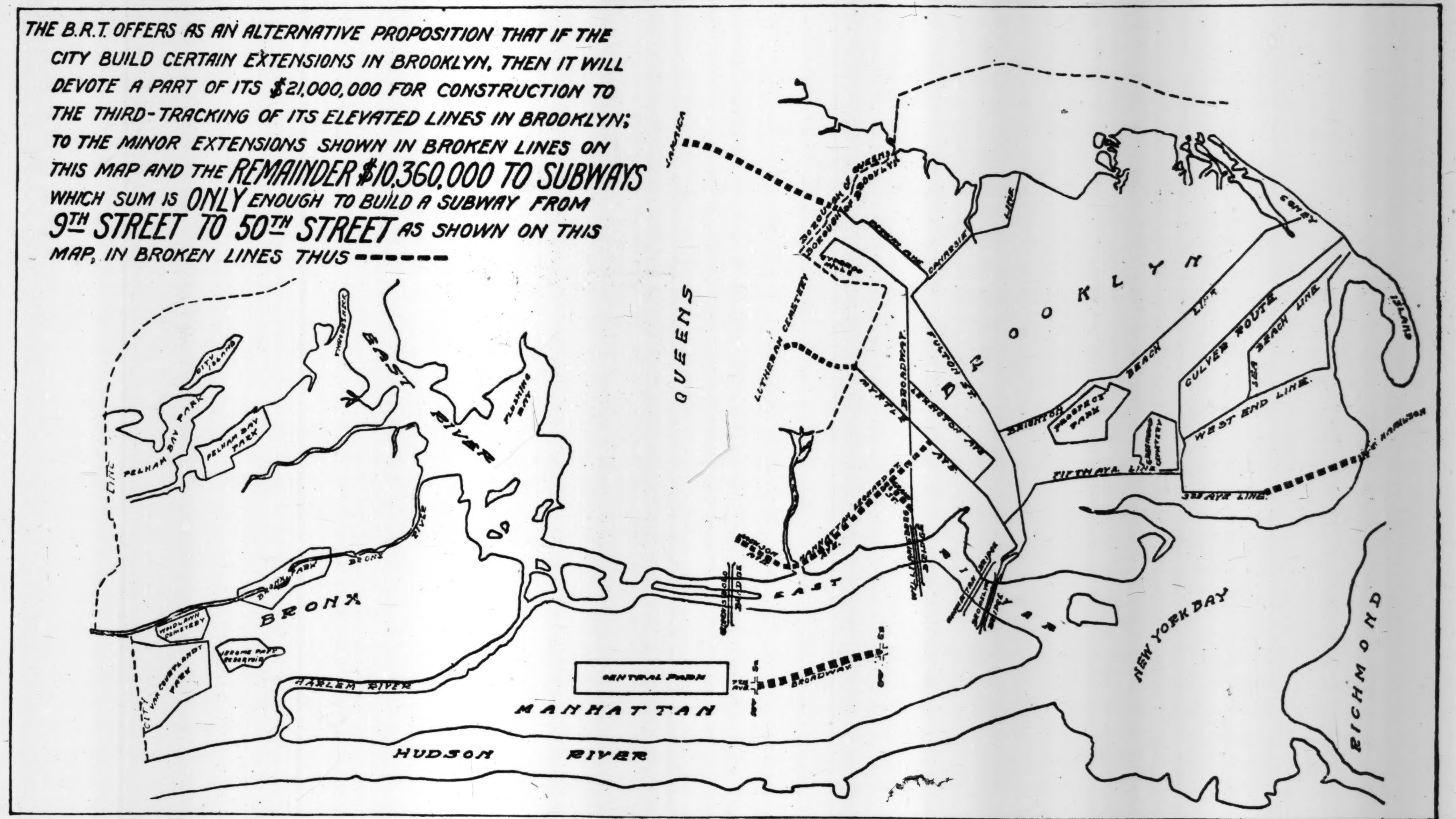
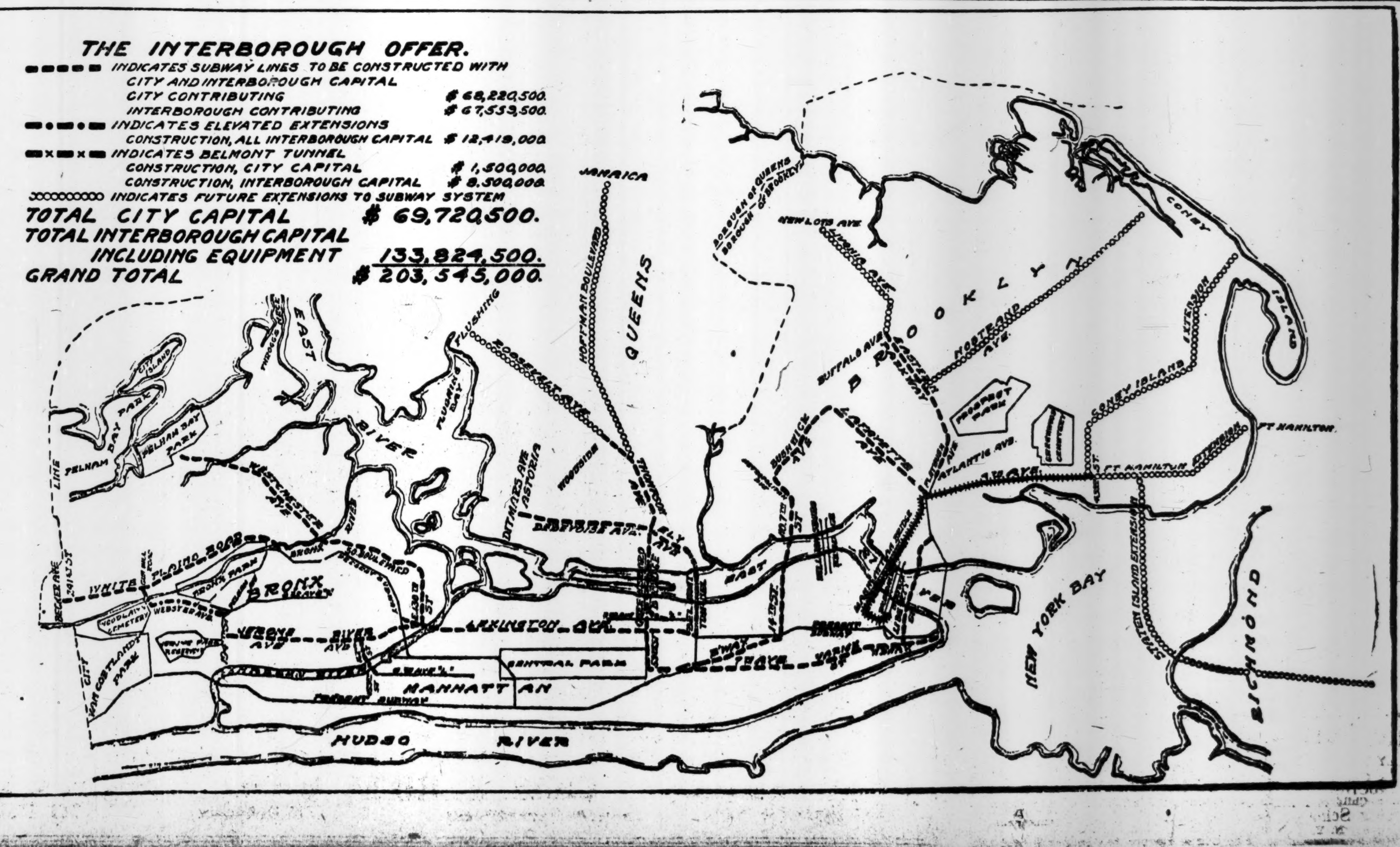
Study These Maps and See How Little Money the B. R. T. Offers to Put Into Construction


THE B.R.T. OFFER CONTRIBUTES LESS THAN $21,000,000 FOR CONSTRUCTION. THIS MAP SHOWS IN HEAVY BROKEN LINES (■■■■■) WHERE IT PROPOSES TO SPEND THIS MONEY—ALL FOR THIRD-TRACKING ITS PRESENT ELEVATED LINES AND EXTENSIONS TO SUCH LINES IN BROOKLYN AND QUEENS.


THE B.R.T. OFFERS AS AN ALTERNATIVE PROPOSITION THAT IF THE CITY BUILD CERTAIN EXTENSIONS IN BROOKLYN, THEN IT WILL DEVOTE A PART OF ITS $21,000,000 FOR CONSTRUCTION TO THE THIRD-TRACKING OF ITS ELEVATED LINES IN BROOKLYN; TO THE MINOR EXTENSIONS SHOWN IN BROKEN LINES ON THIS MAP AND THE REMAINDER $10,360,000 TO SUBWAYS WHICH SUM IS ONLY ENOUGH TO BUILD A SUBWAY FROM 9TH STREET TO 50TH STREET AS SHOWN ON THIS MAP, IN BROKEN LINES THUS ■■■■■■


THE INTERBOROUGH OFFER.

■■■■■	INDICATES SUBWAY LINES TO BE CONSTRUCTED WITH CITY AND INTERBOROUGH CAPITAL	
	CITY CONTRIBUTING	$68,220,500.
	INTERBOROUGH CONTRIBUTING	$67,553,500.
■•■•■	INDICATES ELEVATED EXTENSIONS	
	CONSTRUCTION, ALL INTERBOROUGH CAPITAL	$12,419,000.
■×■×■	INDICATES BELMONT TUNNEL	
	CONSTRUCTION, CITY CAPITAL	$1,500,000.
	CONSTRUCTION, INTERBOROUGH CAPITAL	$8,500,000.
∞∞∞∞	INDICATES FUTURE EXTENSIONS TO SUBWAY SYSTEM	

TOTAL CITY CAPITAL	$69,720,500.
TOTAL INTERBOROUGH CAPITAL INCLUDING EQUIPMENT	133,824,500.
GRAND TOTAL	$203,545,000.

NAPS HAMMER TWO YANKEE PITCHERS

Crippled New York Team Defeated, 14 to 3, in First Sunday Game at Cleveland.

THE SCORE.

Cleveland	0	0	7	0	0	3	0	4	.	—14
New York	0	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	— 3

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Graney, lf	4	1	1	2	0	1
Olsen, ss	5	3	2	3	2	0
Jackson, cf	5	2	2	4	1	0
Easterly, rf	5	3	2	1	1	1
Stovall, 1b	5	2	4	11	0	0
Turner, 3b	4	1	1	1	3	0
Ball, 2b	4	1	1	1	5	0
Fisher, c	5	0	2	4	3	0
Harkness, p	5	1	3	0	1	0
Total	42	14	18	27	16	*2

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, cf	2	0	0	0	0	0
Wolter, rf	4	0	1	2	0	0
Bailey, 3b	4	0	1	0	3	0
Cree, lf	4	1	1	2	0	0
Knight, 1b	4	0	2	8	1	0
Gardner, 2b	4	1	3	2	4	1
Roach, ss	4	1	1	3	2	0
Sweeney, c	4	0	1	7	0	0
Warhop, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
Quinn, p	3	0	1	0	1	0
Total	34	3	11	24	11	1

Three-base hits—Jackson, Ball, Olsen, and Easterly. Sacrifice hit—Daniels. Stolen bases—Ball, Gardner, and Cree. Double play—Knight and Gardner. Hits—Off Warhop, 8 in two and two-thirds innings; off Quinn, 10 in five and a third innings. First base on balls—By Harkness, 1; by Warhop, 1; by Quinn, 3. Struck out—By Harkness, 1; by Quinn, 2. First on errors—Cleveland, 1; New York, 1. Left on bases—Cleveland, 8; New York, 6. Time of game—One hour and forty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Mullen.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 14.—By cornering the market on singles and specializing in three-base hits Cleveland defeated the New Yorks in a one-sided game to-day by the score of 14 to 3. Neither Warhop nor Quinn could withstand the onslaught of the Naps in Cleveland's first Sunday game. They scored seven runs off the pitcher with the Indian name in less than three innings, while Quinn yielded the same number in the five innings he officiated.

It was a different team that New York presented. With Manager Chase a very sick man, the distress signal was sent to Jack Knight in New York, and the all-around player arrived here to-day, despite the fact that he is not a well man. He played first base. That allowed Wolter to return to right field. A new face was also seen on third, the difficult corner being presided over by Bailey.

The crowd of 15,595 had settled down with the expectation of witnessing a pitchers' battle when the Naps started their attack on Warhop in the third. Gus Fisher began with a single to left, Harkness singled against the right field wall, Graney walked, filling the bases. On Olsen's grounder to Roach, Fisher was thrown out at the plate. It was then that Jackson tripled to the score board, driving three runners home. Easterly's single scored Jackson. Stovall also singled, he and Easterly scoring when Ball tripled to left. Fisher's second single of the inning scored Ball. Then Acting Manager Hemphill replaced Warhop with Quinn, who at once fanned Harkness, ending the inning after seven runs had been scored on seven hits and a base on balls.

Quinn, who had been driven from the box himself in the third inning Saturday, pitched well for two innings, and then the Naps broke loose again. Harkness led off with a single, Graney singled, while Olsen's hit filled the bases. On taps by Jackson and Easterly to Gardner, Harkness and Graney were downed at the plate. The bases were still filled, however, and hard singles by Stovall and Turner scored Olsen, Jackson, and Easterly.

The eighth inning also spelled fireworks. Olsen's triple was the entering wedge. Jackson flied to Wolter. Easterly followed with a triple that sent Olsen home. Stovall's fourth hit counted Easterly. Gardner's error saved Turner and sent Stovall to third. A pass to Ball filled the bases, and while Fisher flied to Wolter, Harkness distinguished himself with a third cleansing to right that scored Stovall and Turner. Graney obligingly flied to Cree.

In the meantime New York scored but three times. Singles by Cree, Knight, and Gardner produced one in the fourth, after two men were out. The other two came in the seventh. Gardner led off with a single to left. Roach's fly was muffed by Easterly, who also dropped Sweeney's drive after a long chase, Gardner scoring. Warhop flied to Graney, whose wild throw home let Roach across the plate.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 14; New York, 3.
Detroit, 6; Boston, 5.
Chicago, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
St. Louis, 6; Washington, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

No games scheduled.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City, 12; Montreal, 3.
Buffalo, 1; Newark, 0.

Where They Play To-day.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

New York at Cleveland.
Philadelphia at Chicago.
Boston at Detroit.
Washington at St. Louis.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

St. Louis at New York, 4 P. M.
Chicago at Brooklyn, 4 P. M.
Cincinnati at Philadelphia.
Pittsburg at Boston.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Montreal.
Newark at Toronto.
Providence at Buffalo.
Baltimore at Rochester.

Standing of the Clubs.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Detroit	23	5	.821	**New York**	11	13	.458
Boston	15	11	.577	Washington	10	13	.435
Philadelphia	13	10	.565	Cleveland	11	17	.393
Chicago	12	12	.500	St. Louis	6	20	.231

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	20	6	.769	Cincinnati	11	9	.550
New York	15	9	.625	St. Louis	7	14	.330
Pittsburg	15	9	.625	Boston	8	19	.296
Chicago	14	11	.560	**Brooklyn**	6	19	.240

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	17	3	.850	Providence	8	11	.400
Toronto	13	7	.650	Newark	8	13	.381
Buffalo	10	8	.556	Montreal	7	14	.333
Baltimore	11	9	.550	Jersey City	5	13	.278

New Men Help St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14.—With new players in the game, St. Louis to-day defeated Washington, 6 to 2. Score:

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotton, cf.	4	0	1	2	0
Austin, 3b.	4	1	1	2	4
Meloan, rf.	4	1	1	1	0
H'man, 2b.	3	0	1	5	0
Hogan, lf.	3	0	1	2	1
Stephens, c.	4	1	2	6	0
Wallace, ss.	4	1	2	1	4
Myers, 1b.	3	1	1	8	0
Pelty, p.	3	1	0	0	4
Total	32	6	10	27	13

WASHINGTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf.	4	0	2	2	0
Conroy, lf.	5	0	0	3	0
Lelivelt, 1b.	4	0	1	10	1
El'feld, 3b.	3	1	1	1	4
Gessler, rf.	4	1	2	1	0
Cun'h'm, 2b.	4	0	0	2	3
M'Bride, ss.	4	0	3	1	2
Henry, c.	4	0	1	3	2
Groom, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Otey, p.	2	0	0	1	0
*Miller	1	0	0	0	0
†Schaefer	1	0	0	0	0
Total	36	2	10	24	12

*Batted for Groom in the third inning.
†Batted for Otey in the ninth inning.

Errors—Wallace, Conroy, Elberfeld, Gessler, Otey.

St. Louis	1	3	0	0	1	1	0	0	.	—6
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	—2

Two-base hit—Myers. Three-base hits—Meloan, Halliman, Austin. Sacrifice hits—Pelty, Hogan, Myers. Double play—Pelty, Wallace, and Myers. Stolen bases—Elberfeld, Gessler. Hit by pitched ball—By Pelty, (Elberfeld.) Bases on balls—Off Pelty, 1; off Otey, 1. Struck out—By Pelty, 6; by Otey, 2. Hits—Off Groom, 6 in 2 innings; off Otey, 4 in 6 innings. Left on bases—St. Louis, 6; Washington, 9. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Dineen.

Slugging Match at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., May 14.—In a slugging match in which ground rules played an important part, Detroit defeated Boston to-day, 6 to 5. Collins was hit steadily throughout the game, while Boston found Works for six hits in the second and third. The score:

DETROIT.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Drake, lf.	5	2	2	3	0
Bush, ss.	3	2	2	2	3
Cobb, cf.	4	0	0	3	0
Cr'ford, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Del'h'ty, 2b.	5	0	1	3	5
Mor'ty, 3b.	4	1	3	1	2
Ness, 1b.	3	0	1	11	0
Stanage, c.	3	1	1	3	1
Works, p.	1	0	0	0	0
*Mullin	1	0	0	0	0
Lively, p.	2	0	0	0	1
Total	34	6	11	27	12

BOSTON.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf.	4	1	2	0	0
Gardner, 2b.	4	0	2	3	2
Riggert, cf.	4	0	0	5	0
Lewis, lf.	3	1	2	1	0
Engle, 3b.	5	1	1	4	2
Wagner, ss.	3	0	0	2	3
Wil'ms, 1b.	4	2	2	7	0
Car'gan, c.	4	0	1	2	0
Collins, p.	4	0	1	0	3
Total	35	5	11	24	10

*Batted for Works in the third inning.

Errors—Gardner, Wagner, Williams, Carrigan, Bush, Stanage.

Detroit	2	3	0	0	1	0	0	0	.	—6
Boston	0	1	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	—5

Left on bases—Boston, 11; Detroit, 10. Two-base hit—Moriarty. Three-base hits—Moriarty, Drake, Hooper. Sacrifice hits—Bush, Cobb, Williams. Sacrifice flies—Ness, Gardner. Stolen bases—Bush, Delehanty, Riggert. Double play—Engle and Gardner. Hits—Off Works, 6 in 3 innings; off Lively, 5 in 6 innings. Struck out—By Lively, 2; by Collins, 2. Bases on balls—Off Works, 3; off Lively, 2; off Collins, 4. Wild pitches—Works, Lively. Hit with ball—By Works, Riggert. Time of game—Two hours and four minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Egan and Connolly.

Chicago Trounces Athletics.

CHICAGO, May 14.—Morgan's wildness and a timely single by Bodie in the seventh inning enabled Chicago to win the first game of the Philadelphia series to-day, 6 to 5. The score:

CHICAGO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
McI't're, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
H.Lord, 3b.	2	1	1	2	3
Cal'han, lf.	2	0	1	1	0
Bodie, rf.	3	0	1	1	0
Collins, 1b.	4	2	1	10	1
Tan'hill, 2b.	4	1	1	5	6
Corhan, ss.	4	0	1	3	3
Sullivan, c.	2	2	1	3	3
White, p.	2	0	1	0	5
Total	27	6	8	27	21

PHILADELPHIA.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
B.Lord, lf.	4	0	0	1	1
Oldring, cf.	3	1	1	0	0
Baker, 3b.	3	1	1	1	3
Davis, 1b.	4	1	3	8	2
Murphy, rf.	3	1	0	2	0
McInnes, ss.	3	0	2	7	3
Derrick, 2b.	4	0	1	1	2
Thomas, c.	1	0	0	1	1
Liv'st'n, c.	3	0	0	2	2
Bender, p.	1	0	1	0	0
Morgan, p.	3	1	2	1	1
Total	32	5	11	24	15

Errors—McInnes, 2.

Chicago	0	3	0	0	0	1	2	0	.	—6
Philadelphia	0	0	1	0	0	2	2	0	0	—5

Two-base hits—Sullivan, Davis. Three-base hits—Collins, Oldring, Tannehill. Hits—Off Bender, 4 in 2 innings; off Morgan, 4 in 6 innings. Sacrifice hits—Callahan, B. Lord, White. Stolen base—H. Lord. Double plays—Baker, Davis, and McInnes; Tannehill, Corhan, and Collins; H. Lord, Tannehill, and Collins. Left on bases—Chicago, 4; Philadelphia, 5. First base on balls—Off Morgan, 3; off White, 4. Hit by pitcher—By Morgan, Sullivan, Callahan. Struck out—By Morgan, 1; by White, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Perrine and Sheridan.

Buffalo Shuts Out Newark.

Joe McGinnity's team of Indians were shut out by George Stalling's herd of Bisons at Newark yesterday, 1 to 0. The game turned out to be a pitcher's battle between Parkin, who was in the box for the Newarks, and Stroud for the Buffalos. Parkin allowed but four hits, but two of them were made in the fifth inning and resulted in the one run. The score:

BUFFALO.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Henline, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Starr, ss.	4	0	0	2	8
White, lf.	4	0	1	2	0
McCabe, rf.	4	0	0	1	0
Sharpe, 1b.	4	1	2	10	0
M'D'n'd, 3b.	2	0	0	2	2
T'sdale, 2b.	3	0	0	2	5
B'k'dorf, c.	3	0	1	6	0
Stroud, p.	2	0	0	0	2
Total	30	1	4	27	12

NEWARK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
Browne, rf.	4	0	2	3	0
Nee, 2b.	4	0	0	1	6
Kelly, lf.	4	0	0	2	0
Dalton, cf.	4	0	0	2	0
Cady, c.	4	0	1	8	2
*McAl'ter	0	0	0	0	0
Louden, ss.	3	0	1	3	2
Frick, 3b.	3	0	0	2	2
Agler, 1b.	3	0	0	10	1
Parkin, p.	3	0	1	1	2
Total	32	0	5	27	15

*Ran for Cady in ninth inning.

Errors—Browne, Frick, Starr, Truesdale, Stroud.

Newark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0
Buffalo	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	—1

Sacrifice hits—Louden, McDonald. Stolen bases—Louden, Dalton. Two-base hits—Sharpe, (2.) Three-base hit—Browne. Base on balls—Off Parkin, 1; off Stroud, 1. Struck out—By Parkin, 8; by Stroud, 4. Balk—Parkin. Passed ball—Beckendorf. Double plays—Truesdale, Starr, and Sharpe; Truesdale and Starr. First base on errors—Newark, 3; Buffalo, 2. Left on bases—Newark, 6; Buffalo, 4. Time of game—One hour and forty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Murray and Kern.

State League.

At Troy—Troy, 15; Syracuse, 6.
At Albany—Utica, 3; Albany, 0.
At Scranton—Scranton, 11; Elmira, 7.
At Wilkesbarre—Wilkesbarre, 9; Binghamton, 1.

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 5; Kansas City, 3.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 2; Toledo, 1.
At Louisville—Columbus, 7; Louisville, 5. Columbus, 10; Louisville, 1. (Second game.)
At Minneapolis—St. Paul, 10; Minneapolis, 7.

For Other Sports See Pages 8 and 12.

MARTIN SHERIDAN IN WINNING FORM

Former Champion Makes Good Discus Throw at the Pastime A. C. Games.

Martin J. Sheridan of the Irish-American Athletic Club emerged from his retirement yesterday at the games of the Pastime A. C. and showed that his arm had not lost its cunning in respect to discus throwing when he scaled the Grecian missile a distance of 135 feet 2 inches. He was closely pursued, however, in the event, an exhibition, by Jim Duncan, who made a mark for himself with 134 feet 7 inches.

Gwyn Henry, the National 220-yard champion, managed to do himself justice in the scratch hundred, when he defeated R. Stevenson and O. Ehrhardt, both of the Pastimes, in the handiest kind of fashion in the sterling time of 10 1-5 seconds. In view of the fact that the performance was accomplished against the wind, indications rather point that the Texan sprinter is rounding to himself and will be a hard man for local runners to compete against from now on.

As a fitting ending to a keenly contested series, Tom Collins, John Daly, and several other Dalys showed their speed and stamina in a two-mile special running race. The other Dalys were in receipt of 175 yards, and although they were in the van for a bit over a mile, the irrepressible Tom and Frank Daly had the latter part of the race to themselves, and in a dingdong finish Collins won, after a well-sustained sprint, by fifteen yards in 9:56 3-5. The summary:

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Final Heat—Won by W. Farley, (10 yards;) Roy Dorland, (scratch,) second; J. B. Waldman, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:10 1-5.

600-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by S. J. Planck, (15 yards;) Myles McHugh, (12 yards,) second; R. Stevenson, (7 yards,) third. Time—1:18.

Two-Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by A. Voellweko, (scratch;) S. Schwartz, (10 seconds,) second; J. Rednond, (15 seconds,) third. Time—16:47.

1,000-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by Myles McHugh, (30 yards;) Tom Dolan, (scratch,) second; J. McCabe, (35 yards,) third. Time—2:27 3-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by Harry J. Smith, (scratch;) J. J. Stack, (30 yards,) second; M. Taub, (45 yards,) third. Time—15:25 2-5.

Discus Throw, Handicap.—Won by J. Dolan, (20 feet,) with 98 feet 11¼ inches; J. Georgeopoulis; (14 feet,) second, with 103 feet 5 inches; A. Schmidtlein, (8 feet,) third, with 107 feet 9½ inches.

300-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by S. J. Planck, (10 yards;) W. Mulhall, (20 yards,) second; R. Stevenson, (5 yards,) third. Time—0:33 2-5.

600-Yard Run, Special—Scratch—Won by Edward Frick, N. Y. A. C.; Roy Bonsib, N. Y. A. C., second. Time—1:16 1-5.

100-Yard Dash, Special.—Scratch—Won by George Henry; R. Stevenson, second. Time—0:10 1-5.

Discus Throw, Special.—Scratch—Won by Martin J. Sheridan, I.-A. A. C., with 135 feet 2 inches; J. H. Duncan, Mohawk A. C., second, with 134 feet 7 inches.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, May 14.—Jersey City gave Montreal another trouncing to-day. The Skeeters hit the ball hard, and the Royals played poorly in the field. With the bases filled in the fourth Butler hit over the right field fence. Yeager and Hardy were put out of the game by Umpire Black. Jersey City made six runs in the fourth after Demmit muffed a fly with two out. The score:

JERSEY CITY.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
D'n'ger, lf.	4	1	0	3	0
Ryan, 2b.	5	0	0	1	1
Abstein, 1b.	4	2	1	7	1
Gettman, cf.	5	1	1	3	0
Wheeler, rf.	4	3	3	0	1
Dolan, 3b.	1	2	1	4	2
Ful'ton, ss.	2	2	1	1	4
Butler, c.	5	1	3	6	1
Bartley, p.	4	0	0	2	2
Total	34	12	10	27	12

MONTREAL.

	AB	R	H	PO	A
French, 2b.	4	0	0	4	2
Yeager, 3b.	3	0	1	1	0
Nattress, 3b.	1	0	0	1	0
Miller, cf.	5	0	1	2	2
Gandil, 1b.	5	0	3	10	1
Demmit, lf.	5	0	2	2	0
Hanford, rf.	4	1	0	0	0
Holly, ss.	3	1	3	0	4
Hardy, c.	0	0	0	1	1
Curtis, c.	3	1	1	5	1
Evans, p.	1	0	0	0	1
St'sfield, p.	0	0	0	0	0
Dubuc, p.	3	0	1	1	4
Total	37	3	12	27	16

Errors—French, Miller, Demmit, Holly, Dubuc.

Jersey City	1	0	3	6	0	0	0	0	2	—12
Montreal	0	0	1	0	0	2	0	0	0	— 3

Home runs—Abstein, Butler. Three-base hit—Wheeler. Two-base hits—Buttler, Holly, Gettman, Gandil. First base on errors—Jersey City, 3. Left on bases—Montreal, 13; Jersey City, 5. Stolen bases—Deninger, Gettman, Dolan, Fullerton, Holly, (2,) Curtis. Bases on balls—Off Evans, 3; off Dubuc, 1; off Bartley, 5. Hit by pitcher—By Bartley, 1; by Evans, 1; by Stansfield, 1; by Dubuc, 1. Struck out—By Bartley, 5; by Dubuc, 2. Double plays—Evans, Curtis, and Gandil; Holly, French, and Gandil. Sacrifice hits—Dolan, Fullerton. Wild pitch. Bartley. Time of game—Two hours. Umpires—Messrs. Black and Rudderham.

CHASE ON SICK LIST.

Special to The New York Times.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, May 14.—Hal Chase, the manager and Captain of the New York Americans, is believed to have contracted an attack of pneumonia and will be forced to remain in this city for some time. At first it was thought that Chase had tonsilitis and that he would soon be able to play again, but the developments of the past day or two have been somewhat serious. His physicians to-day said that he had all the symptoms of pneumonia. Chase is a very sick man and needs constant care.

It was also reported here to-night by some of the players who have been with Chase that he is also suffering from erysipelas. It will be some time before Chase is able to rejoin his team.

LYNCH UPHOLDS UMPIRES.

National League President Will Not Have His Officials Verbally Abused.

President Thomas J. Lynch of the National League called his umpires, together for a conference yesterday, and among other things strongly censured players for verbally abusing his officials, and also told the indicator holders to hustle the games along and not have them take up so much time. President Lynch says he doesn't care whether the suspension of a player hurts the chances of a club or not, he will suspend him and fine him, too, if he addresses any of his umpires in outrageous language, as some of them have done. The following officials were present: Henry O'Day, James Johnstone, William Klem, Charles Rigler, William Brennan, Mal Eason, W. F. Finneran, John Doyle, and Secretary John A. Heydler.

The umpires accounted for some of the recent long games because of the unusually heavy batting. They also reported that the changing of pitchers and the time consumed by players and managers in receiving and giving instructions were delaying factors. Managers of clubs will be asked to co-operate wherever possible with the umpires in expediting matters on the playing field. The umpires were instructed, in cases where it is agreed to call a game at a stated time in order that one team may catch a train, that they play to a finish any inning, once it is started, even though the game go beyond the time agreed upon.

Complete reports were made by the umpires as to the causes responsible for the recent suspension of players. "In every one of these cases," stated President Lynch, "I find that the language used by the offenders was outrageous. I want to go on record now that I will not tolerate this kind of talk to the umpires, either during the game or after the game. In my time as an umpire I never stood for such language, and I certainly shall protect every man on my present staff to the limit from this kind of abuse. I am determined to stop it, and if suspensions will not do it I will add heavy fines

Post Office Clerks' Games.

The athletic games and picnic of the New York Post Office clerks are announced for May 28 at Celtic Park, Long Island City. The following events are open to all registered athletes: 100-yard, 300-yard, 1,000-yard, and three-mile runs, handicap; 100-yard run, novice; throwing the discus, handicap; throwing 35-pound weight, handicap, and medley relay, handicap. There will also be a 600-yard run, handicap, open to Catholic Athletic League runners, and several events for Post Office clerks. The prizes offered at this meet are rated the best ever given at a local amateur meeting. In the Amateur Athletic Union events the athletes finishing first, second, and third will receive stop watches. In the three-mile run the first five across the line will get prizes.

Haycraft Has Narrow Escape.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., May 14.—E. Haycraft, driving a big automobile against Bob Burman in a small machine in a special match race of five miles at Moncrief Park, miraculously escaped death in an exhibition here to-day. Burman passed Haycraft and the cloud of dust interfered with Haycraft's view of the turn. His machine crashed into the fence, turned turtle, and hurled Haycraft in a ditch. The gasoline tank of the big racer caught fire, and the wrecked machine was burned. Haycraft's clothes caught fire, and it was with difficulty that he was saved from the second danger.

PREPARE FOR RUSH AT INDIANAPOLIS

Private Residences to be Used for Visitors During International Sweepstakes.

Special to The New York Times.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., May 14.—One city in the United States has been turned into a public lodging house for two nights. Hundreds of private residences owned by wealthy citizens have been turned into impromptu hostelries, and almost every door in the city is opened to visitors.

This is Indianapolis, Ind., where the 500-mile International Sweepstakes race will be staged at the Motor Speedway, on Memorial Day, May 30. For months the hotels have been besieged with requests for reservations, and the proposition became so enormous that the Speedway management solicited the aid of the citizens in housing the throng of 100,000 visitors expected to witness the long race.

The citizens responded with a will, and the result is that the majority of the residences have become places of refuge for the visitors. The Speedway management has established a room bureau which has listed hundreds of rooms for the benefit of visitors, and this bureau is assigning rooms to all who request them. The rooms will be ready for use on the nights of May 29 and 30, and a clerk will be at the Speedway offices all night to give the visitors a place to lodge.

This is the first time that Indianapolis has been overtaxed, but the citizens have met the emergency, and will take care of all without difficulty. There is no need of a single visitor going without a bed and excellent accommodations. Correspondence with the Speedway Room Bureau will settle any questions for the prospective spectators.

The same conditions have caused the Speedway people to increase the seating capacity of the grounds, until now under the hands of a throng of workmen, there is almost three-quarters of a mile of solid stands to seat all who come. In addition to this more than 200 acres of ground have been prepared to park cars and arranged so that the occupants of the parked cars may view the race.

Auto Meet for Brighton Beach.

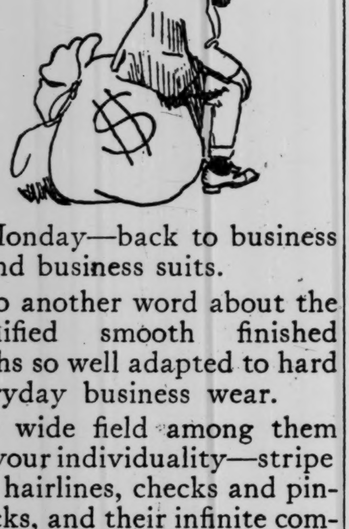
Dan Smith has secured a license from the Contest Board of the American Automobile Association for the National Circuit automobile meet at the Brighton Beach track June 24. It is the intention of Manager Smith to hold other meets at Brighton Beach during the Summer and Fall. Smith has had considerable experience in handling auto meets and expects to secure the entries of the fastest cars and best drivers.

Lecture on Motor Trucks.

"The Use and Abuse of Motor Trucks" will be the subject of Charles E. Stone, manager of Alden Sampson Manufacturing Company, tomorrow evening at 8 o'clock in the Auditorium of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association. Mr. Stone is a specialist on motor trucks, and for men interested in this branch of the automobile business his address will be interesting. Joseph F. Brown will talk on "The Carburetor." The lectures, which are free to the public, mark the opening of a new term of the automobile school conducted by the West Side Y. M. C. A.

St. Louis Pays $5,000 for Hogan.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., May 14.—The local American League Baseball Club last night purchased "Bill" Hogan, an outfielder, from the Philadelphia team for $5,000. Pitcher Gregory was released to Oakland, Cal., and "Gus" Owens, an outfielder, was released to the Omaha team.



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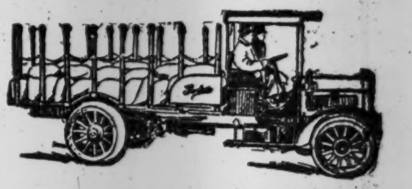

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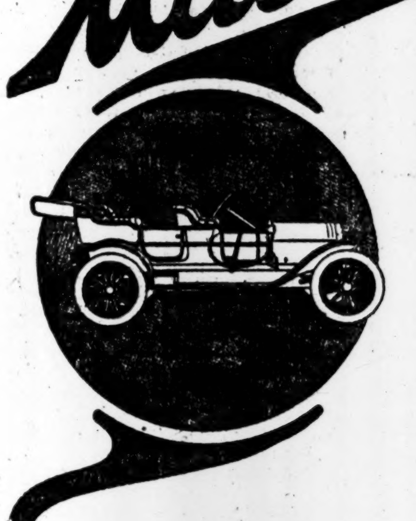

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Address all communications
THE NEW YORK TIMES.

Publication Office	Times Square
Downtown	15 Beekman Street
Wall Street	2 Rector Street
Harlem	263 West 125th Street
Brooklyn	343 Fulton Street
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Entered as second-class mail matter.

NEW YORK, MONDAY, MAY 15, 1911.

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PRESIDENT AND JUDICIARY.

Mr. Taft certainly speaks as an expert of long experience and high authority when he says, in effect, that crime largely goes unpunished in this country because of the way we treat our Judges. We limit their functions, we weaken their sense of responsibility, we deprive them of the wholesome influence they might have and ought to have in securing full justice equally for the accused and for society.

What the motives are that have produced this result by means of legislation is a question of some complexity. "An unfounded fear of judicial tyranny," cited by the President, is doubtless one. The confusion wrought in the minds of voters by the multitude of offices, judicial and other, is perhaps the chief. The average voter really cares little and knows less about the work of a Judge, and candidates are selected for him between whom he has to choose pretty blindly. The influence of lawyers in the Legislature, as suggested by Mr. Taft, counts for much, though it is unpleasant to concede the fact, since they sin against light more than other legislators. And back of all lies the "lighter regard for law and its enforcement on the part of our people as a whole." We make, as a rule, a queer distinction between crime and the criminal. We abhor the one and shrink from punishing the other, and we look with a certain disfavor on Judges who incline to simple, swift, and sure justice. They may be respected; they are not popular. And that feeling extends to Judges as a class, and to any system that really makes them effective.

We are still in bonds to the feeling born many generations ago, when in England the courts were under the influence of the throne, and justice required that their powers should be restricted. In England, far more than here, as the President points out, the restrictions due to conditions now past have been removed, and the Judges are clothed with the powers necessary to aid to the utmost in seeing that full and impartial justice is done to all concerned. They stand for society and its permanent and general rights, which demand equally that no man shall be punished or escape punishment unjustly. Their tenure, their dignity, their compensation, and the powers lodged in their hands are all in accord with their supreme function. Just at present, it is only too true that the tendency in this country is away from this conception of the use to which the courts should be put. We believe that tendency to be a passing one. It is too flatly opposed to the deep and lasting interests of the community. The movement in which President Taft is so vigorously enlisted is an indication of wholesome reaction, and we are confident that it will prevail.

"FREE" SCHOOLS.

What portion of the children of the country get what good there is to be got from the public schools? The Sage Foundation has made a study of this question, the results of which have been presented in considerable detail in The Times, covering 386 of the larger cities. The following little table shows how many of every eighteen pupils there are at three successive stages, with the average age:

Grade.	Age.	Number.	Per Cent.
First	6	18	100.0
Fifth	11	10	55.0
Eighth	14	5	27.5
High school	18	1	5.5

This is not an encouraging picture. It shows very serious defects in our system considered as a system of general and free schooling—schooling that only half the children of 11 or over have, and a little more than a fourth of the children of 14, cannot be called "general." Still less can it be called so for the class supposed to be benefited by the high schools, of whom less than 6 per cent. remain to graduate. And since the families where children are withdrawn at 11 or 14 continue to pay taxes, indirectly but surely, the schooling can hardly be called "free."

An effort is being made in this and other large cities to provide further schooling for the classes unable to remain in the present schools, and to make the instruction of a kind that will be substantially useful to them in earning their living. This plan has been considerably developed in some of the cities of Germany, where "continuation" schools are in successful operation. Practically these schools are trade schools. They have two interesting and valuable features. Instruction in them is directed to the principles and methods of the industries in which the pupils are engaged, and employers are required to give their employés from ten to sixteen hours' time in each week for study. The organization of industry in this country is not favorable to such a system. Our people are not accustomed to governmental regulation to this extent, and are not predisposed to accept it on the part of either the employer or the employed. Decision as to the trade to be followed is neither so definite among us nor so early made. But the underlying idea is a sound one. We believe large employers of skilled, or partly skilled, labor would find their profit in promoting it. We are sure that the trades unions, by working it out carefully and extending it gradually, would greatly advance their influence and increase their strength. It is becoming plainer every year that our present slipshod, ill-directed, ill-adapted methods in a large part of our public schools, especially those which alone the young pupils can attend, are grossly defective.

THE QUARREL AT JUAREZ.

A quarrel between Brutus and Cassius should precede a defeat at Philippi, if analogy is not to be set awry. In Mexico, however, you may not safely reason by analogy. Mexico has no Antony to lead its troops to victory over the would-be destroyers of a dynasty, and Caesar, still unharmed in the Capitol, has grown too old to do military service. The whole trouble in Mexico is due to the age of Gen. Diaz and his inability to reconcile himself and his methods to the spirit of a new era. In the circumstances, the discretion, patience, and skill in the government of men shown by Madero are most encouraging.

A new and striking test of his courage and power of will was afforded in the quarrel at Juarez with Orozco, who is obviously a typical Mexican revolutionary fighter, hot-headed and impulsive, and lacking self-control. That Orozco is the better fighter of the two is easily understood, but that Madero is his master, and the real head of the revolution, was proved conclusively in that incident which will not be forgotten by historians, when the provisional President faced his armed and impassioned opponent, and remarked: "Kill me if you will. You can see I am entirely unarmed."

Madero has protected his prisoner of war, Gen. Navarro, as he promised, and he has shown in the futile peace negotiations that he is willing to make concessions for the sake of his country. Saturday's incident at Juarez should greatly increase his influence over the insurrectionists throughout the republic, but Mexico and the Mexicans cannot be judged by ordinary standards. The present revolution will form a remarkably interesting passage in history, but nobody can guess just how it is going to turn out.

THE TRUST DECISIONS.

A Stock Exchange firm has addressed its weekly circular to the Supreme Court in the form of an open letter, and the official circles of Washington are shocked at the idea that anybody could suggest that the court should either render its decision before it adjourns for the Summer or else should forego its vacation in order that the country may not continue its involuntary holiday. The futility rather than the impropriety of the procedure is what will impress most observers. The court more than once has considered the argument that its methods should be controlled by the necessities of the country, and it has always referred such protestants against the law to the makers of the law.

Prosperity and the reverse are all as one to the court, which does not regard it as one of its functions to dispense either. That it leaves to the politicians of all sorts, parvenus, healers, or statesmen indifferently. It is their function to deal with the people, and, also, it is the function of the people to choose which sort they will have to act as an earthly providence and dispense privileges which shall be a substitute for individual effort and efficiency in producing fortune or misfortune. At the very time that the circular is addressed to the Supreme Court other petitions are being sent to the lawmakers. How useless it is to address the court regarding a single statute when laws of the same sort are being petitioned for by the shoal, and are in the way of enactment by Congressmen who think that the path to re-election is by giving intellectual children and financial incompetents the sort of laws they think they want.

Meanwhile, it is timely to ask whether the decisions, so long awaited with dread and now petitioned for so anxiously, will release trade and labor from its living death when finally they do arrive. Admittedly, once they would have had such an effect. That was before the National machine had lost so much momentum, and before other even more fundamental factors became efficient. The decisions were wanted in order that the smashing of the trusts might cheapen prices. But we are experiencing a price reaction adequate to satisfy the most exacting, and the trusts never were so strongly intrenched. It was alleged that the trusts made the cost of living unendurable by marking up the prices they exacted through their omnipotence, and now it is seen that the power which marked prices up does not avail to prevent a superior power from marking them down, to the greater inconvenience of the trusts themselves than of the consumers, who are unhappier now that their cost of living is falling than when they found the higher prices less burdensome. The sickness which comes from the heaving of the ocean of prices is always more trying on the descending wave than on the ascending. The cure will come if the sickness is sufficient to relieve the country of the sort of legislation which was prescribed in the soup kitchen and Coxey army era as a sure cure for adversity.

Take the case of the Beef Trust. It was investigated by the most ferocious tamer of trusts—except labor trusts—that ever was or will be or can be. His investigator reported that its profits were due to the magnitude of its business, and to its efficiency, its profits being due to its economies in utilization of by-products. Simultaneously it was being prosecuted in the courts, and now comes a decision marking a step toward imprisonment, although its prices are falling before it is convicted. Possibly next most obnoxious is the Sugar Trust, whose monopoly is smaller in relation to the total trade than when it was organized, and whose prices are less than they were a decade ago, although other prices have risen. The Steel Trust also is less of a monopoly than at its formation, and its influence upon prices and the trade has been even more beneficial to its rivals and its customers than to itself. There are exceptions to the rule of the beneficence of the capitalist trust, but it is simple truth that the farmers' trust, the labor trust, and the unorganized extortions of the middlemen have been more oppressive than the octopuses whose blood is thirsted for. The reason is simple. The other trusts have sought to thrive on the obnoxious methods of monopoly, the extortion of unearned profits, the restriction of output, the reduction of efficiency. The corporate trusts which are hated have sought to reduce costs, and to multiply profits by large scale economies which have enabled payment of the largest wages the world has ever experienced.

The labor trust and the political trust have decreed that they must go. Why ask the Supreme Court to allow them to stay? Never in the world's history has legislation produced prosperity. The time of the dominating importance of any court decision whatever is past. More important influences are at work, and it is best that they should be allowed to work a perfect cure of popular hysteria, comparable to the financial hysteria from which the country emerged not long ago.

THE MAYOR'S AMATEUR BANDS.

We note with regret a disposition to treat ironically Mayor Gaynor's recent suggestion that the citizens should organize brass bands of their own to provide such music as may be needed in the public playgrounds Summer evenings. The Mayor has refused to sanction an appropriation of public money for such free musical entertainment this year. His idea of free concerts by amateur bands is worth considering. The suggestion that if the amateur bands go to the playgrounds to perform other folks will stay away is not unreasonable. But if all the amateur cornet players and flutists of Manhattan and the Bronx are induced to segregate themselves long Summer nights, and toot and blow, in certain specified public places, sleep will return to many humble dwellings from which it has been rudely driven, and the comfortable peace of real home life will be restored to many flats. The Mayor has pointed a way in which the musical aspirations of many persons may be satisfied without agonizing their neighbors.

The idea that the Musical Union will object to these performances has been too hastily expressed. The union always needs new members. All unions do. Organizations of amateur musicians will soon become professional and apply for admission to the union. That is to say, after the members have played together for some little time they will feel that their services deserve payment. Until that time comes the union can afford to ignore them. We are not at all sure that their concerts in the playgrounds will not attract large audiences of a sort. "Amateur nights" have become so popular in some of the cheaper variety halls as to bring into existence, we understand, a new profession of "amateur nighters," the members of which subject themselves to the hook for hire and salary. The introduction in the Summer night concerts of the playgrounds of the hook, as an instrument of correction and discipline, might greatly increase the innocent enjoyment of the multitude.

Mr. Kipling, in some verses he has written for a school book of English history, tells us that the Thames River remembers

> * * * the bat-winged lizard birds,
> The Age of Ice, and the mammoth herds,
> And the giant tigers that stalked them down
> Through Regent's Park into Camden Town.

The Thames must also recall, if its memory for comparatively recent events is not impaired, as is the case frequently with very old persons and rivers, that Mr. Kipling was once expected to set it afire, and that it escaped conflagration. But it has survived many such dangers, and still flows, serenely cool and uncharred, under the "twenty bridges from Tower to Kew."

Acute observers who saw the police parade on Saturday agree that the day of the fat New York policeman has passed. Yet some of those fat officers of yore were pretty good thief catchers and commendable guardians of the peace. It is not to be doubted, however, that we now have the finest looking police force in the world.

The appearance in Christie's auction rooms, London, of the veritable ring of the Earl of Essex, which the unhappy Countess of Nottingham failed to convey to Queen Elizabeth in time to save the Earl's head from the axe, may console the disappointed Englishmen who had been vainly hoping to have the Ark of the Covenant and the Tablets of Moses placed on temporary exhibition in the British Museum, prior to their sale, for a fabulous sum of money, to an uncouth and grasping American billionaire.

The report that only 100 persons are considered socially worthy to be invited to certain Chicago dances should be taken cautiously. Why, New York had 400 "exclusives" away back in the nineteenth century, and the social register has since grown alarmingly. It is not the Chicago way to have less of any good thing than New York has.

Of course Mr. Hammerstein is keyed up again, as his new London opera house is nearly finished. Once more he is to enter the field of impresarioship. The report of an interview with him in the special cable dispatches of The Sunday Times reveals him in his most buoyant mood. But the very best thing for Mr. Hammerstein and for opera in London would be for the Royal Opera to take over his splendid new house, and abandon antiquated and uncomfortable Covent Garden Theatre. That would be a practical and sensible outcome of Mr. Hammerstein's invasion of the British capital.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Queer Case and a Queer Verdict.

Down in Aiken, S. C., the other day a Coroner's jury, after it had given to a shooting case the careful and intelligent investigation for which such bodies are famous all over the world, brought in as the result thereof the following verdict:

> We, the jury, find that the deceased, Joe Miller, came to his death by gunshot wounds from the hands of H. W. McMillan, and that he was justifiable in doing so.

One's first thought, on reading this pronouncement, is that it ought considerably to lighten the sorrow of Joe Miller's friends and relatives, since it formally and officially frees him from blame or criticism for getting in front of H. W. McMillan's gun. A diferent interpretation of the verdict, however, is made by The Columbia State.

That paper, which evidently took a second thought, reaches the probably correct conclusion that the jury intended to vindicate McMillan, not Miller, and it proceeds to condemn that course with a severity easily enough explained by the circumstances of the killing. It seems that McMillan, while going home late Saturday night with several companions, saw somebody crouching on the sidewalk in front of McMillan's home. When hailed this person, later identified as Miller, jumped up and ran off, whereupon McMillan shot and fatally wounded him. It was testified next day that there were tracks in the yard which Miller might have made and that there were "traces of steps going upstairs to McMillan's room, the door of which was found open."

But Miller was a negro, while McMillan belonged to the class described as prominent citizens, though he was not an officer of the law or under any special obligation to apprehend persons suspected of crime. So The State thinks that the shooting and the jury's judgment of it are disquietingly significant of a reprehensible tendency to hold human life cheap. That opinion is apparently warranted by the facts as presented, but The State says it knows that it will win no friends and make a few more enemies by expressing it. That, also, if true, is disquieting, since it hints at a deep-seated and grave evil.

In fairness it must be added that McMillan has been arrested and held for trial in $2,000 bail, although the Coroner's jury declared his act justifiable. The State says that there is no doubt what the result will be and that the trial was probably desired by the defendant in order that his vindication may be made still more formal.

Who Steps on Dogs Gets Naught.

For many years it has been a firmly fixed principle of law that a dog is not to be held vicious, or his owner held responsible for him as such, merely because the animal has once bitten a human being. In other words, a single bite is passed over as a pardonable indiscretion, or as nothing worse than a manifestation of the natural and immitigable doggishness of dogs, to be expected of them as long as they remain dogs and to be tolerated by humans as long as they keep dogs. To this rule—a wise and logical one, we think—and to its natural corollary, that a second bite puts the biter out of the running with or category of good dogs, brands him as vicious, and lays heavy responsibility on his owner—there has now been added another equally important as well as equally wise and logical.

As pronounced by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, State of New York, in a decison just rendered, the new rule is that money damages cannot be collected for injuries suffered from tripping and falling over a dog when the latter lies asleep on the floor of a corridor leading to his master's apartment. One Helen McCluskey sought to recover compensation to the amount of $6,000 for hurts inflicted when she stumbled over a dog residing in Madison Avenue. The facts in the complaint were admitted by the defending owner, but he insisted that his right to have a dog involved the dog's right to sleep on said owner's floor and imposed upon all and sundry the obligation to step around or over the sleeping dog or suffer whatever consequences might follow an effort to walk through him. And the court upheld the defendant's contention and dismissed the plaintiff's, declaring the owner of the dog to have been guilty of nothing worse than negligence, if that, and certainly not of maintaining a nuisance, even though his dog did sleep on the floor of a corridor used in common by several tenants.

Whether this ruling will stand when carried to still higher tribunals we do not pretend to know, but every dog will hope so and every lover of dogs—which is much the same as saying that it ought to stand, and that ought to be much or quite the same as saying that it will stand. Let people look where they're going if they object to falling over dogs. By the way, why didn't the owner of this dog bring a cross suit for damages? He and the dog must both have suffered, in feelings at least, when Mrs. McCluskey fell. But perhaps she could claim the right to fall once, as the dog to bite once, without incurring penalty. That would seem to be only fair.

A Nobody Makes a Lament.

Somehow it doesn't seem quite right that the general public, so deeply and properly interested in the new Public Library, should be excluded from the exercises, ceremonies, and orations which have been arranged to mark the completion and opening of the great and beautiful building, the glacier-slow construction of which we have all been watching for so many wearily impatient years.

Of course, there would be difficulties, perhaps insuperable, in the way of inviting us all to the "doings" of that festivial day, for we count by millions, not thousands, and not all of us, however much we wanted to be present and however cordial might be the invitation extended to us, could attend. But to be excluded from our own library—not to hear the speeches because we are not among the 500 highest National, State, and municipal officials and diplomats, not to walk in reverent and admiring procession through the building after the speeches because we are not numbered in New York's distinguished citizens—that is just a bit hard, just a bit invidious, just a bit undemocratic, possibly one of those little blunders somebody said were worse than crimes.

We banished ones are too humble to venture advice to our betters, and it's a late day to make new arrangements for the 23d—ominous date!—but we're going to think some long, long thoughts, not those of youth, as we wander around back of the police lines, disconsolate and snubbed, seeing nothing and hearing nothing, while the 500 and the 15,000 walk in haughty majesty into the very heart of things.

Oh, well, we have our remedy—we have only to make ourselves distinguished, and then we, too, will be invited to like doings in the future. Perhaps that's better than growling about present exclusion.

THE WORKING WOMAN.

As a Suffrage Agitator She Is Not to be Envied.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Considerable nonsense is propounded in a would-be exploitation of the "downtrodden" American working woman; she, quite innocently, has become the final resort of the frenzied suffragist orator. In all the range of positions occupied by working women, that of professional suffrage agitator seems least enviable. At all events, the representative American working woman is neither a whiner nor an egotist; she neither whimpers about her allotted task, nor imagines herself superior to the rest of the universe. In the sternest school of our modern world, she has learned the supreme lesson of her own capabilities and her own limitations. These broad-visioned, sane women have achieved both religion and philosophy, and are not quarreling with the high destiny that made them women. Above and beyond all things, they ask no pity of the world.

The working woman is primarily not a shirker. But would it be fair to thrust this stalwart-hearted, burdened woman into the maelstrom of political excitement, to add another weight and responsibility into her crowded, sometimes nerve-racked days, to fling her, handicapped, into the stress and strife of political warfare?

Furthermore, permit me to add that the American working woman has a very real respect for American men. She knows positively that men are not forcing women to carry heavy banners through the streets of a crowded city, with poles caught in sockets at their distorted waists, or to parade themselves in brutally revealing fashion along five miles of city pavement.

CHARLOTTE E. ROWE.

Yonkers, N. Y., May 12, 1911.

Riverside Park Damaged.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Perhaps the prettiest part of Riverside Park is near the Sailors and Soldiers' Monument. It has always been one of my greatest pleasures to go there and watch the changing seasons from this vantage point. The sweep to the north down from the monument is most beautifully formed by nature and has been assisted by man.

This Spring it is more pain than pleasure that I derive from going there. One hill and green has been so long used as a baseball ground that the grass is all trampled off. At the top of the same hill and parallel with the walk a footpath has been worn. The cement pavement between the flights of steps leading down to the river is broken and forlorn, and as you look to the north you see another hillside, on which the grass has been ruthlessly destroyed. The place looks sick and weary, and with little of the joy that Spring should bring to it.

ELIZABETH PETERS.

New York, May 13, 1911.

Sidewalk Irregularities Forbidden.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, "A Pedestrian," is correct in supposing that the nuisances in the shape of irregularities in sidewalks are illegal. The revised ordinances prescribe the pitch of the sidewalks toward the curb. The method of adjusting irregularities lengthwise of the sidewalk also gives the height of the curb and forbids projecting vault covers, &c., all of which regulations are more respected in the breach than in the observance.

ANOTHER PEDESTRIAN.

New York, May 13, 1911.

"Not Excluding Females."

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Abraham Lincoln in 1836 said in his letter to The Sangamon Journal: "I go for all sharing the privileges of the Government who assist in bearing its burdens; consequently, I go for admitting all whites to the right of suffrage who pay taxes or bear arms, by no means excluding females." Perhaps the words of so great a man may help dispel some of the cloggers of progress and evolution.

FRANCES PAGE BURR.

Lawrence, L. I., May 13, 1911.

Smoking Automobiles.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Yesterday I entered Central Park at Fifth Avenue, and while seated about one hundred yards from the entrance I counted until I got tired the automobiles that entered unchecked, leaving a continuous trail of choking smoke behind them.

DISGUSTED.

New York, May 12, 1911.

PRENDERGAST IN THE PULPIT.

Controller Talks in Williamsburg Church of Good Government.

Controller Prendergast occupied the pulpit of the United Congregational Church, at Lee Avenue and Hooper Street, Williamsburg, last evening, when he talked on "The Things We Ought to Know" before a congregation that included 200 members on the Congress Club.

In his discussion of good government he stuck closely to the impersonal. He took the occasion to reiterate his belief that the toilers of the political organization should be rewarded.

ADLER REBUKES INSURGENTS.

Ethical Culture Society Not Going In for Realism, He Says.

Dr. Felix Adler, speaking yesterday morning at the thirty-fifth anniversary celebration of the founding of the Ethical Culture Society, said that after the movement had been "painfully" built up, it was now threatened at its very foundations by the younger element, who demanded "action."

"Our young men are now trying to hurry us on to 'betterment,' to improvements, to humanitarianism, to secular reforms," he said. "They say there is no red blood in us. We have lost in power and influence, they say, and they ask us what we are doing for the ethical life in uplifting men. We must be practical, they say, and show results.

"I have been in public life more than thirty-five years, and never have I seen reform so hopeful. There is an intense and earnest hope of making grand changes, huge steps in advance. They are all most intemperate. Tuberculosis is not only to be alleviated, but to be no more. Poverty is to be abolished. Fifteen years ago, when Dr. McGlynn said that, he was said to be speaking wildly. There is a remarkable sanguineness in the possibility of the accomplishment of these great reforms all over the world. There has been no parallel before of such a time. The world is demanding palatable extremes."

Dr. Adler said these reformatory movements were not a substitute for the "best" in man, in life, the real "best," the spiritual "best." They did not essentially improve the characters of people. They did not solve the problem of the personal life. He thought the same traits were foun din reformers, too, that were found in men generally—obstinacy, mean gossipping, ambition, jealousy. And he saw the great danger of Jesuitism when many joined in a reform—the danger of regarding and holding that the end justified the means.

"Having painfully built up this movement for thirty-five years," he said, "we shall defend it. We are not to be swept off. We will not become a realist movement."

The exercises were held in the Ethical Culture Society Building, at Central Park West and Sixty-third Street. There was a musical programme and readings. Percival Chubb also made an address. There will be a dinner on Tuesday evening in the society building to celebrate the anniversary.

SCHOOLS MAKE AMERICANS.

So Says Rabbi Wise in His Address at the Free Synagogue.

"If we would really Americanize the foreigner," said Rabbi Stephen S. Wise in his address at the Free Synagogue yesterday morning, "we must help him to maintain and enable America to assimilate the best things of the spirit that he brings with him from the European world. We must help the foreigner to understand that Americanization need not imply vandalism touching the finest things of the old life. Americanization does not imply repudiation of Europe.

"We dare not lose sight of the reverence we owe to the civilizations which lie back of many of the immigrants who come to this land. Strange and uncouth they may seem to us, but among them are the children of great and abiding civilizations, and let no man be disesteemed merely because he is unlike ourselves. We do not wish the foreigner to simulate the manners of America. We would have him assimilate the matter of Americanism at its highest.

"The Americanization of the foreigner is not a process which is to be interpreted in the terms of the melting pot. There is a fusing which results in confusion, and there is no reason why peoples and races and faiths of the world should here surrender and abandon all their individuality for the more or less arbitrary purpose of achieving a new racial amalgam.

"Among the instruments of Americanization none is more importatnt than the school. No matter who are the entrants into our schools, out come Americans. The American school must be kept free from sectarian influence and denominational entanglements. Within the last few days we have heard of a proposed assault upon the educational system of our city. Happily the citizenship has awakened to the peril involved, and will repel every threatened invasion of the integrity of the school system. No name, however high, and no office, however exalted, will shield the men who plan this raid upon what ought forever to be one of the inviolable institutions of American life."

GIVES MEMORIAL FOUNTAIN.

Henry C. Swords to Erect One to His Mother in Trinity Churchyard.

As a memorial to Ann Maria Cotheal Swords, her son, Henry C. Swords, has given a drinking fountain to be placed in front of Trinity Churchyard and a trough for horses, to be erected in Trinity Place.

The drinking fountain has been designed by Thomas Nash. It will be of stone, and about fourteen feet high. It will contain four drinking basins for the use of the public. The basins are so arranged that two of them can be used from the churchyard by the large number of men and women who use it as a place of rest during the noon hour, while the other two will be reached from the sidewalk on the Broadway side.

The lantern, surmounting the shaft, will be four-sided and will have ornamental niches on two sides, in which are to stand statues of St. Nicholas and St. George. These two characters have been chosen as representing the Dutch and English branches of our National descent. On the other two sides of the lantern will be shields bearing the coat-of-arms of the City of New York, and the seal of Trinity Corporation.

The memorial inscription will be carved on the base of the fountain and will read: "In Memory of Ann Maria Cotheal Swords."

STEVENS INSTITUTE JUBILEE.

Old Castle to be Turned Over to It on Its Fortieth Anniversary.

The fortieth anniversary of the founding of Stevens Institute of Technology, in Hoboken, will be celebrated on Saturday afternoon, May 27. On that day Stevens Castle, with several acres of ground, for many years the home of the Stevens family, will become the property of the institute.

Col. E. A. Stevens, son of the late Edwin Augustus Stevens, by the provisions of whose will the institution was founded, will hand over the keys of the castle to Dr. Alexander C. Humphreys, President of the institute. It is planned to remodel it into a dormitory, preserving as far as practical the present arrangement of the rooms. A feature of the celebration will be a parade of the alumni, in which will march members of every class that has been graduated since the founding of the institute, and the original Faculty will be represented by students in old-time costumes. There will also be floats representative of the advances in science and mechanical arts made possible by the inventions of members of the Stevens family.

Memorial Altar at St. Chrysostom's.

A stone altar and reredos are to be erected at St. Chrysostom's Chapel, in West Thirty-ninth Street, in memory of the late vicar, the Rev. Thomas Henry Sill, the funds for the memorial being provided by the members of the congregation of the chapel and their friends. It is expected that the altar and reredos will be completed this Summer.

Evening Trade School Exhibition.

The Stuyvesant Evening Trade School, East Fifteenth Street, near Second Avenue, will hold its third annual exhibition this evening. Principal T. Harry Knox will be in charge, and the exhibition will be open from 7:30 to 9:30 o'clock.

The classes will be seen at work at carpentry, cabinet and pattern making, forging, plumbing, electrical work, steam engineering, architectural drawing, and other industrial lines.

CROWD SEES SCOTS GO TO CHURCH IN KILTS

Young Highlanders Escort Civil War Veterans in a Commemorative March.

WEARY POLICEMAN LEADS

He Was as Tall as the Tallest Scot, but He Was a "Mc," Not a "Mac"—Dr. Wylie Preaches on Battles.

Central Park West was walled yesterday afternoon with Scotch men and women, lasses and laddies, and even babies, all doing honor to the veterans of the Seventy-ninth Highlanders, who rode up the avenue in carriages, guarded by other Highlanders in kilts, on their way to the Scotch Presbyterian Church, at 96th Street, to attend the services commemorative of the fiftieth anniversary of the Highlanders' departure from New York for the civil war.

Twenty-nine of the fifty-nine survivors of the Highlanders were in the parade, which started from the Caledonian Club in Fifty-seventh Street. Many of them wore plaid shawls, but kilts were not in evidence in the carriages. All along the route there were cheers, and the hilltops of Central Park were crowded with persons waving miniature Scotch flags.

Heading the parade was a lone policeman, taller than the tallest Scot. He walked wearily along and seemed not the least interested in his followers. His depressed face showed traces of ancestry in an isle not far from the Highlands. Some one on the sidewalk addressed him as McSweeney, and the policeman smiled faintly.

More than 100 young Scotch Highlanders followed the lone policeman, and members of the Caledonian Club marched as guard around the veterans' carriages. Col. Andrew D. Baird of Brooklyn and Capt. Robert Armour of Washington were the only veterans who walked. Other organizations in line were the Highland Guards, the Pipe Band and Drum Corps, the Celtic Society, the New York Scottish Society, the St. Andrew's Society, and Clan MacKenzie No. 29 of the Scottish Clans.

"Hello, Mac!" yelled some one from a crest in Central Park.

About a hundred faces turned in that direction, and the MacGregors, the MacDuffs, and the MacGuinesses in their variegated tartans laughed heartily, while the bagpipes started "The Campbells Are Coming."

The church in the meantime had been crowded to overflowing, the choir loft being so filled that it had to be cleared out in order to allow the singers to enter. When the parade arrived the members of the Caledonian Club drew up in an open double line and allowed the veterans, headed by worn battle flags from the twelve engagements in which the Highlanders fought, to file into the church.

The Rev. Dr. David G. Wylie, pastor of the Scotch Presbyterian Church and President of St. Andrew's Society, preached on "Battles and Victories." He said in part:

"The Bible is largely a book of battles; when we read its pages we walk through battle fields. The series begins in Genesis and proceeds to Exodus, where we find that Israel fought against Amalek, and prevailed because he was on the right side. The Israelites in their forty years' travel through the wilderness engaged in many battles with the Arabs, and when Joshua led them to the conquest of Canaan they were compelled to fight for the possession of the land of their fathers.

"To-day there comes to our minds the bitterness of defeat and the joys of victory. Soldiers of the Seventy-ninth, doubtless at this moment memories of victories and defeats are running through your minds. You have engaged in battles which have become famous in the annals of history—Bull Run, Port Royal Ferry, Chantilly, Antietam, Fredericksburg, Vicksburg, Jackson, Knoxville; the Wilderness, Spottsylvania, Petersburg, and Appotomattox. A large area of country was covered by your marches through Maryland, Virginia, South Carolina, Tennessee, Mississippi, and Kentucky.

"In this time of peace we may fittingly turn our thoughts for a few moments to war. War is righteous sometimes, but should be entered into only when all possibilities of peace have been exhausted. War is attractive. Great military heroes comand respect; their tombs are covered with trophies and their names written on the scroll of fame. But war results in a burden of shame, sorrow, and immorality. War's concommitants are plunder, violence, screams of the wounded, groans of the dying, desecration of churches, violation of women, and brutal intoxication. The horrors of war make men pale and sick at heart. It has been the same everywhere; at Gilboa, Waterloo, Gettysburg, and Ladysmith.

> "For a' that, and a' that,
> It's comin' yet for a' that,
> That man to man, the world o'er,
> Shall brothers be for a' that."

FORM NEW CHURCH SOCIETY.

Men and Religious Forward Movement to be Launched To-day.

A new movement, with social reform as its aim, to be known as the "Men and Religious Forward Movement," will be launched to-day in the office of the Rev. Charles Stelzle, 124 East Twenty-fourth Street, Social Service Secretary of the new organization and representing the leading church societies and churchmen of the country. The movement is to extend to ninety of the principal cities of the United States and Canada.

A schedule of subjects to be investigated has been prepared by Mr. Stelzle. The subjects involve, generally, the co-operation of the churchmen with municipal authorities and authorities on housing and general health conditions, and with social workers in each city interested in educational and recreational life, workingmen concerned about economic and industrial conditions, and leaders of educational and social improvements.

In each city will be a local laymen's committee of 100 to supervise the campaign, and it was said yesterday that the studies of religious and social conditions among men and boys would be the most comprehensive ever attempted. Also it was said that a result of these studies would serve as a basis of plans of the National men's brotherhoods, International Committee of the Y. M. C. A., and International Sunday School Association.

Among the organizations incorporated in the advancement of the movement are the Brotherhood of Andrew and Philip, Baptist and Congregational Brotherhoods, Brotherhood of Disciples of Christ, Gideon's, (Commercial Travelers,) Lutheran, Methodist, Otterbein, (United Brethren Church,) and Presbyterian Brotherhoods, Brotherhood of St. Andrew, International Sunday School Association, International Committee of Young Men's Christian Associations, and the United Presbyterian Brotherhood.

"We bespeak for this movement," said the Rev. Mr. Stelzle, "the indorsement of all social workers who have been indifferent to the church, because they have felt that the church had not been concerned about the burdens of those to whose interests they devote their lives. We value this movement because it gives all the workers in the social field an opportunity to come face to face with one another and with the workers in the church."

The officers of the movement are James G. Cannon President, Charles T. Thompson Vice President, Hubert Carleton Recording Secretary, James H. Post Treasurer, Fred B. Smith Campaign Leader, and Roy B. Guild Executive Secretary.

TELL OF GOOD WORK IN SAVING BAD BOYS

Annual Meeting of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society Held at Hawthorne School.

VOCATIONAL TRAINING GIVEN

Mortimer L. Schiff's Report Shows 388 Cases Handled During the Year—Others Praise the Institution.

About 300 members and friends went to the fourth annual meeting of the Jewish Protectory and Aid Society, at the Hawthorne School of the protectory, in Westchester, yesterday afternoon, and listened to addresses by Mortimer L. Schiff, the President of the society; Commodore E. T. Gerry, and Judge Mack of Chicago and watched the 300 boys of the institution march and countermarch. A special train left the Grand Central Station at 11 o'clock in the morning, and after the guests had luncheon in one of the big halls of the school grounds they were taken to the synagogue, where the speeches were made.

Mr. Schiff said in his speech, which was his annual report:

"As is known to the members of the society, our work is divided into two departments—namely, the school at Hawthorne and the work among prisoners of our faith in other institutions for delinquents of this State. Referring to the first of these two departments, we beg to report that we have had at the school at Hawthorne during the past year 388 pupils, of whom there remained 301 on Dec. 31, 1910. During the year there were committed to us 188 boys, as follows: Two for assault, 9 for burglary, 85 for petit larceny, 5 for grand larceny, 15 for disorderly conduct, 26 as ungovernable children, 4 for peddling without a license, 8 for deserting their homes, 10 for truancy, and 24 for no proper guardianship.

"We discharged on parole 79 boys, of whom 45 are working, 21 are attending school, and 7 are unemployed; 4 were returned for violation of parole and 2 have left the city. This makes a total of 155 boys paroled since the beginning of the school, of whom 126 are doing well, 11 are doing fairly well, 4 were rearrested and committed to other institutions, 2 deserted their homes, 3 have removed—whereabouts unknown—and 9 have had to be returned to the school for violation of their parole.

"We are making slow but steady progress with vocational training, but have now about reached the limit of what we can do in this direction, until such time as we may be in a position to erect a building especially constructed for this purpose. We are giving at present instruction in woodworking, telegraphy, metal spinning, and music, and in addition employ a considerable number of boys in farming and agricultural work. We find that the boys show great interest in work of this nature, and we only regret that we are not in a financial position to do the work more adequately and on a larger scale.

"While of course, our wards, knowing that they are under restraint, have a natural desire to return to their homes, no matter how poor these may be, we are still gratified to find that our boys, after parole, retain a kindly memory of the services which we have tried to render them, and that their feeling towards us is not that of a discharged prisoner, but rather of a graduate of a school.

"As we become more intimately acquainted with the problems involved, we realize more and more the need of a society such as ours, and to our regret, must confess that while we are doing all we can with the means and facilities at our disposal, much is left undone, which is at least as important as what is being accomplished. As an instance of this we desire to call particular attention to the need of some provision being made for delinquent girls of our faith.

"During the past year we are glad to say that we have been able to take all commitments of Jewish boys from the Children's Court who were suitable to be sent to such an institution as ours, but the same condition exists with girls as existed in regard to boys before the building of the school at Hawthorne. This matter has been many times discussed by the Board of Managers, but after the most careful thought and consideration we have reached the conclusion that we are not in a position to take girls at Hawthorne at the present time. Some provision, however, must be made for them, and we hope that the community may see its way clear to take this matter up and give it earnest thought and consideration.

"During the past year there has been considerable discussion, both in the public press and also among those interested in the work, about the various changes in the administration of the inferior courts, and which finally took form in the Page bill. It is, however, our opinion that more is needed in connection with probation, and that there should be in all courts, of whatever nature, dealing with delinquents—both adults and juveniles—a properly equipped body of probation officers, paid by the State or city, and that such probation officers, as far as feasible, should represent the different religious faiths, so that delinquents may, if possible, be committed to the care of an officer of their own faith. It should not be left to private sources to furnish the means for the payment of the salaries of such officers, but the private organizations, such as ours, dealing with these questions, should exercise some supervisory and consultive control of these affairs and have some voice in their appointment. A new building for the Children's Court is also of the utmost necessity, and we hope that the time many not be far distant when we may have in this city a properly located, modern, and model building for this purpose."

Judge Mack, who at one time was Judge in the Juvenile Court in Chicago, said that he heartily applauded what Mr. Schiff had said about probation officers.

"It is such institutions as this and the Juvenile Court," he said, "which mark a new era in the history of jurisprudence. Lawyers are familiar with the fact and laymen may know that no difference has been made until recently between child and adult so far as criminal laws were concerned. History tells of the hanging of children of nine. The State first stigmatized children, then cast them among criminals, and finally made them into criminals by this association. You can't take a child into the Police Court, and treat him as a criminal, put him in jail with old offenders, and expect him to retain any of his original innocence. The new era has changed all this."

Commodore Gerry spoke in praise of the Jewish protectory school in terms of glowing praise, and said that his conscience hurt him because he hadn't attended every meeting.

Among those who were present were Thomas D. Walsh, Superintendent of the New York Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children; H. C. Preston, Superintendent of the Brooklyn S. P. C. C.; Hasting H. Hart, of the Russell Sage Foundation; George P. Robinson, President of the Catholic Protectory; Dr. Charles Schramm, Jacob Wertheim, N. Taylor Phillips, Leopold Stern, Benno Neuberger, Morris Golland, Dr. M. G. Schlapp, and Isaac Seligmann.

After the meeting the society adjourned to the lawn, where to the accompaniment of a band made up of boys from the school the other boys gave a drill. Emanuel Levinthal received a medal from Col. O'Keefe for being the best boy in the school.

ON THE ATLANTIC HIGHWAY.

Three Transatlantic Steamships Bring Many to Port.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers, were:

LAPLAND (Antwerp)—Albert W. Cary, Palmer Christian, Mr. and Mrs. L. A. Christie, John Fincastle, Mrs. Fairfax Harrison, Miss Winifred Harper, the Right Rev. Henricus Hollmann, Morton Hoyt, Mrs. Edward S. Knapp, Henry H. Knox, the Rev. and Mrs. George Grenville Merrill, Mr. and Mrs. Abbott L. Mills, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Morse, Mr. and Mrs. Frank W. Perkins, Major and Mrs. George H. Penrose, A. N. Stollwerck, and J. K. Wetherby.

TOURAINE (Havre)—Albert Bertrand, Mr. and Mrs. Jose M. Capo, Miss Ada M. Durant, Dutheil de la Rochere, J. P. Lippert, Robert Menabotti, D. A. Majani, and Mrs. W. S. Turnbull.

COLUMBIA (Glasgow)—Miss E. F. Briggs, Miss M. J. Collins, Miss A. K. McNair, Mr. and Mrs. James Park, Robert G. Tannant, and Leonard Wadsworth.

HONOR EX-SCHOOL PRINCIPAL

Bed Endowed in Beth Israel Hospital as Memorial to Miss McAleer.

As a memorial to their former Principal, Miss Mary F. McAleer, the teachers and alumnae of Public School 188, for girls, have endowed a bed in the new children's ward of the Beth Israel Hospital. The hospital is at Monroe, Jefferson, and Cherry Streets, and was selected because Miss McAleer devoted many years of her life to the betterment of conditions on the east side. A tablet in memory of Miss McAleer has also been placed in the ward.

Miss McAleer was a Principal in public schools in this city for more than twenty years, a former Vice President of the Principals' Club, and a member of the Interborough Association and the Association of Women Principals. She organized and became Principal of the girls' department of Public School 188 in 1904.

WASHINGTON SOCIAL EVENTS.

Smart Set Takes to Horseback Riding—Brooks-Cromwell Wedding.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, D. C., May 14.—The horse is again a most important factor in the social life of the National capital. The young man who does not ride or drive, can never hope for social success, however hospitable he may be in the matter of dinner parties, while the girl who cannot take a hurde in Rock Creek Park or run a flat race on Potomac Speedway can never achieve belleship.

The President usually attends the semi-weekly concert in Potomac Park on horseback, while Miss Taft attributes her splendid physical condition at the end of the longest and busiest season ever known, even to a White House débutante, to the fact that she has at least two hours in the saddle every day.

The Misses Meyer, daughters of the Secretary of the Navy, are among the expert horsewomen of the capital, Miss Alys Meyer having won several ribbons in the recent horse show.

Miss Harriet Wadsworth, daughter of former Representative James W. Wadsworth of New York; Miss Jennette Allen and Miss Helen Buchanan, two noted army belles; Miss Caryl Crawford, Miss Laura Merriam, Miss Marion Oliver, Miss Olga Roosevelt, Miss Marthena Harrison, Miss Katharine Brown, the Misses Murray, are all famous for their achievements in the saddle, while Miss Elkins, Miss Bloomer, and Miss May Williams, in addition to the accomplishment, are noted whips. Mrs. Peter Gerry, who gave up her horses for French racing motors a few years ago, has returned to the saddle, and was one of the most enthusiastic followers of the hounds in the past season.

Gen. Leonard Wood finds his greatest recreation in horseback riding, not at Fort Myer, but in Rock Creek Park, where he is usually accompanied by Mrs. Wood.

Gen. Clarence Edwards, frequently the companion of the President, has put his automobile out of commission since Mrs. Edwards's departure for Europe, while among the younger bachelors of the riding set are to be found Major William E. Horton, Capt. William T. Davis, the Messrs. Huidekoper, Dr. Cary T. Grayson, George O. Totten, Lord Eustace Percy, and Capt. Sowerby of the British Embassy, and Charles Richardson.

NEWPORT SOCIETY HAPPENINGS.

Marble House Takes Down Its Shutters—Plans for Summer.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., May 14.—Mrs. Richard Gambrill is the first of the Summer residents to install an independent water supply for her large residence. She had a number of artesian wells sunk on the lawn, which will supply all the water required for the estate.

Edward J. Berwind is having a large coal storage and refrigerating plant built in his home, and a year hence he may erect an independent electric lighting plant.

Richard Gambrill, Jr., and Pembroke Jones have returned to Harvard, after enjoying the week-end in Newport.

Hermann Oelrichs has returned to New York.

Mrs. M. K. Van Rensselaer, who recently returned from Europe, is at the Corson cottage.

Commodore and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James, who have been spending the week-end at The Lodge, have returned to New York.

Mr. and Mrs. I. Townsend Burden, who have been spending a week at their villa farm, have returned to New York, and intend to return to Newport later in the Summer.

Many of the Summer residents called at the Pomeroy cottage to-day to leave flowers and inquire about the condition of Mrs. Charles C. Pomeroy, who is quite sick.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt is planning to return from England in July, which is earlier than his usual time of returning to Newport.

Stuyvesant Leroy, who recently returned from Aiken, has gone to Maine for a few weeks' fishing.

Judge and Mrs. John Clinton Gray are spending a few weeks at Hot Springs.

Col. Edward V. De Morrell has concluded his Newport visit and returned to Philadelphia.

CARS FOR ORPHANS' DAY.

Over Two Hundred and Fifty Vehicles Promised for the Youngsters.

Since the first entry of two De Dion trucks and a touring car for Orphans' Automobile Day, June 7, the committee has received offers of 73 touring cars, 20 trucks, and 4 sightseeing wagons. Exclusive of this, the Motor Truck Club has guaranteed 100 trucks and the Connecticut Cab Company has donated the use of 50 yellow taxis. Several of the city department cars have been offered and the municipal officials have co-operated with the committee.

The proposed route leads from Seventy-eighth Street down Broadway, across Forty-eighth Street, down Fifth Avenue, through the Washington Arch, across Fourth Street to the Bowery, and over the Williamsburg Bridge; then along Bedford Avenue, Ocean Avenue, and Ocean Parkway to Coney Island.

Additional entries have been received from the following: Pope-Hartford, Reo, National, Gaggenau, E. M. F., Ward, Packard, De Dion, Garford, and Rainier trucks. Tickets for the subscription dance to be held at Reisenweber's May 24 for the benefit of the Orphans' Fund may be obtained from headquarters, 408 Thoroughfare Building.

DURYEA'S BODY CREMATED.

Expected That Nurses Will Share Largely in His $2,500,000 Estate.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., May 14.—The body of Walter Edgar Duryea, who died here on Friday, was cremated at Union Hill, N. J., last night after funeral services at his home, 169 Lorraine Avenue, conducted by the Rev. Henry E. Jackson of the Christian Union Congregational Church. The ashes were taken to Glen Cove, L. I., to-day, and put in a mausoleum adjoining that of Mr. Duryea's father and mother.

Mr. Duryea died reputed to be worth $2,500,000, and the disposition of his estate is awaited with great curiosity. The will is to be filed in the office of the Surrogate at Newark to-morrow, according to reliable information obtained here to-day. Mr. Duryea was never married, but it is said that two of his devoted attendants in his long invalidism, Miss Elinor Pergrine and Miss Hatfield, will receive substantial bequests in his will. Three sisters survive him.

THEIR GUESTS OF 1861 AT GOLDEN WEDDING

Friends Will Honor Dr. and Mrs. Rodenstein, Married Fifty Years To-morrow.

HE A CIVIL WAR SURGEON

Tells of Indian Fighting in Texas—She a Daughter of Mayor Tiemann and Grandniece of Peter Cooper.

With a reception to their friends, including several who were present when they were married in 1861, Dr. and Mrs. Louis A. Rodenstein of 561 West 162d Street will celebrate to-morrow afternoon their golden wedding anniversary.

Mrs. Rodenstein is a daughter of Mayor Daniel F. Tiemann, who served the city from 1857 to 1858, and a grandniece of Peter Cooper. She is the sixth of her family to have a golden wedding in the last sixty years. Her grandfather, Anthony Tiemann, celebrated his on April 28, 1852, and her father, and three aunts each lived to complete fifty years of married life. Mrs. Rodenstein comes of a long-lived family, her father dying in 1898 at the age of 93, and her mother in 1901 at the same age.

Dr. Rodenstein can boast a career full of stirring incidents. He was born in Frankfort-on-Main, Germany, on Feb. 19, 1834, and went to New Orleans in 1842 in a sailing vessel with his parents. The trip took more than five weeks. The family went by steamer to Galveston and then to Houston, settling in Austin, Texas, where young Rodenstein attended the school of Dr. Anson Jones, last President of the Republic of Texas.

"Austin at that time," said Dr. Rodenstein, "was a place of 300 or 400 persons, and its character may be judged by the fact that the Court House and county jail, one of the chief buildings of the city, consisted of a log cabin of two rooms. It was a frontier town, and we had plenty of excitement, with the bad characters that came among us, and across the upper part of my left leg I bear to this day the scar of a Comanche arrow.

"One day when I was about 15 years old, when my mother and father were away, a band of 1,000 Comanches, including women and children, raided the town and carried off two white women. It was not a very unusual thing in those days for white women to be seized and held for ransom.

"The Mexican War was just over, and there was no one in the town except boys. But you must remember that in those times there really were not any boys in Texas. You were either a baby or a man, and had to act like a man. Capt. Crumley, a ranger, who had just come back wounded from the war, called out about a dozen of us boys, and we set out next morning on the trail of the Indians.

"In two days we caught up with them, but instead of our rescuing the women, we were in danger of being captured ourselves. We had muskets, it is true, and the Indians had bows and arrows only, but sometimes the arrows came so thick they seemed to cast a shade.

"Capt Crumley ordered us to retreat toward Mexico and for twelve or fourteen days we made as much speed as we could, fighting the Comanches the whole way. We would light the prairie grass in our rear, and it would burn toward them and force them to make a détour. They were also hampered by their squaws and children, and so we managed to keep ahead of them. I was shot in the leg by an Indian who came creeping up through the long prairie grass, but there was nothing for me to do but to keep up as best I could on my pony.

"At last, one day when we were not far from the Rio Grande, Capt. Crumley saw right ahead of us specks on the prairie.

"'It's all up, boys,' he called. 'You've fought like heroes, but they've cut us off.'

"The Indians halted, too, and we waited events, till suddenly Crumley called out:

"'Good God, it's not Indians. It's the soldiers.'

"They were rangers on their way back from the Mexican war, and they came in the nick of time. I'm afraid a good many Indian women and children were killed in the charge they made."

Dr. Rodenstein had another stirring experience as a volunteer surgeon on the battlefield of Antietam. With nineteen other young doctors, he answered a call for medical assistance after that bloody fight. He arrived at Sharpsburg two days after the battle, and found that McClellan's army had moved away, leaving behind hundreds of the more desperately wounded. They had been lying on the field for two days without attention.

The doctor was placed in charge of seventy-five wounded in a farmhouse in which the only bedding consisted of hay. He had no anaesthetics and only such assistance as the more slightly wounded could render. He and the other volunteer surgeons were even refused food by the military authorities, and had to pay a negro to cook for them.

"The country had been ransacked by two armies," Dr. Rodenstein said, "but somehow that man managed to provide two goods meals a day of chicken and cornbread and bacon. What was our mortality? Well, not 100 per cent, but Sherman was quite right about what war is."

In three weeks the doctor was ill with typhoid, and he tells how they shipped him North, giving him nothing to eat but hardtack and black coffee. Then the Washington authorities wanted to visit the battlefield, and the trainloads of wounded were sidetracked for hours to allow their special to pass.

Dr. Rodenstein saw also something of the Draft Riots, and as Surgeon to the Twenty-second Regiment was in the Orange Riots. When he was established in New York again he was one of the founders of the Manhattan General Hospital, now the J. Hood Wright.

The old Tiemann homestead stood at 127th Street and Clermont Avenue, but was razed to make way for apartment houses in 1902.

MRS. M. M. BUTLER WEDS.

J. E. De Kay a Suitor for Her Hand Before She Married Dr. Butler.

Mrs. Margaret McLeod Butler, widow of Dr. D. P. Butler of the Rutland Sanitarium for Consumptives, who died Oct 14 last, was married on May 6 to James Ellsworth De Kay, a wealthy New Yorker of 159 East Thirty-third Street. He was a suitor for her hand before her first marriage.

After the death of her first husband, Mrs. Butler came to New York, where she engaged in work for the poor on the east side. Mr. De Kay, learning that she was in the city, renewed his suit. He had not seen her since her marriage to Dr. Butler over two years ago.

The wedding to Mr. De Kay took place at the Church of the Incarnation, the Rev. Dr. William M. Grosvenor, rector of the church, officiating.

Illness Hastens Their Marriage.

P. V. Clodio and Miss Emelie Chapin were married yesterday in the rectory of St. Anne's Church, Seventy-sixth Street and Third Avenue. Owing to the serious illness of the bridegroom's father, Victor Clodio, the marriage took place yesterday instead of on Wednesday, as intended. Only relatives and a few intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom were present. Mr. Clodio gave a farewell bachelor dinner to his friends on Saturday evening, his guests including ex-Commodore E. J. Schroeder, R. E. Fulton, Baron Walter von Glenanth, Jesse Froehlich, Charles I. Scott, Louis Levy, Wallace and William Robertson, Eugene Gunther, M. R. Clodio, J. O'Connor, S. Gilmer, Joseph Allard, and Duncan Curry.

MANUSCRIPT OF 1485.

Curious Document of the Reign of Henry VII. on Sale.

A curious and interesting manuscript, entitled "Services att Court in K. Hen. 7th Time," will be sold at Sotheby's in London on May 26. It consists of 93 pages quarto, and was written at the beginning of the reign of Henry VII., who was crowned Oct. 30, 1485. The following are a few extracts:

> As ffor the Ressauynge (receiving) off A quene and her crounacion * * * Item when a Quene shall be Ressauyd out of a straunge Realme, the Kinge muste purvey sertayne lordes and ladys off Estat to mete with hir at the see sidde, and conuey hir to the palis, where the Kinge wilbe weddied, the whiche I report me unto the Kinges grace. Also it muste be undirstoud whether the Kinge wilbe weddid preuely or openly, the which I report me unto the gret Estates of his londe. And that done she muste bene so conveid unto her crounacion to the cete of london, the whiche cete must mete hir Vinyle without the town in their beste array.
>
> As ffor the crounacion of a Kynge * * The house of Westminster shall mete the Kinge in Westminster hall * * also the Barons of [illegible] shall take the clothe of estate to [illegible] ouer the Kinge * * then the quene shall go throughhe the quere * * and the archbischope shall sit in a chaire before the highe Auctere and the Kinge in a nother * * when they singe Veni Creator Spiritus * * then shall his handes be anoyntid * * shall put on the mantelle of saint Edwarde * * be crounyd.
>
> As ffor Candilmasse day, Item. on Candilmasse day the Chambrelayn, or a Baron, may bere the Kynges tapere, goinge on the Kynges right hand against the suerd goinge in procession, and on Estere day the Kinge muste bere his torche hym seine.

The following entry regarding the Knighthood of the Garter is interesting, as the date of its founding has never been agreed upon:

> As ffor the College of Windesore ffor Seint Georges ffeste.
>
> To the honoure of God and of the holy & glorious Virgyne Mary and Seint George and of our souerene lorde E., after ye conqueste the iijd Kynge of England in the yerre of his regne the xxiij., in this wise ordined, establisched and founded a certayn company in his castelle of Windessore in the manere folowithe, (here come names of knights.)
>
> Item it is accordide that none be chosene fellowe of the said ordre but that he be a gentillman of blode and a knyght without on reproche. And the xxvi. Knyghts aboue namyde shall bere ther mantelles and garterr ordined in the sam place when they shall be present at the said castille, that is to say as ofte tymes as they shall entir within the chapelle of Seint George, etc.

A few pages of the manuscript are cut down or inlaid and some corners torn, but otherwise it is in good condition and complete. The writer swears that he "faithe and trouthe shall bere unto our souerene lord, Henry the VII., Kinge of England and off ffraunce and lord off Irlond."

CHILD ABLAZE IN CHURCH.

Fatally Burned as She Brushes Against a Candle at Communion Service.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW ORLEANS, La., May 14.—Leonie Benard, aged 12 years, was fatally burned this morning when she overturned a candle in St. Mary's Church, New Roads, La., while taking first communion with a class of 150 boys and girls. Thomas Mix and Justin Patin, who rushed from the body of the church to the chancel rail to try to extinguish the blaze, were severely burned about the hands and face.

It was a great day at the little church. All the pomp and circumstance which could be evoked to make the first communion service impressive was used. The Rev. Father Bachiochi, the pastor, was assisted by several other priests, and the church twinkled with hundreds of candles. Hardly a resident of the little town but had a child or a little niece or nephew in the big class.

The services were almost over, and little Miss Menard was one of the last line. As she stood waiting, she brushed against one of the candles and overturned it. The flames leaped up her veil and into her hair. The church immediately was in an uproar, and the children were fleeing toward the door. Father Bachiochi tried to stop the disorder, and a few halted. Mix and Patin ran forward and beat at the flames with their hands, but they were too late to prevent fatal injuries to the little girl.

CAVALIERI WON'T SING HERE.

Brother Tells Her of Strong Feeling Over Her Matrimonial Troubles.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 14.—Despite repeated efforts on the part of Manager Henry Russell of the Boston Opera Company it seems unlikely that Boston will hear Cavalieri in the next opera season. The prima donna is now suffering from an attack of bashfulness, rebutting all arguments to persuade her to sign a contract with the stubborn refusal to appear before an American audience until her matrimonial differences are finally settled. It is known now that they are not proceeding favorably to her, and her brother, Oreste, who has just arrived in Paris, has advised her not to appear in America, as he believes there is strong feeling against her because of her quarrel with her husband, Robert W. Chanler.

Mr. Russell re-engaged Baritone Baklanoff this morning, notwithstanding the fact that his insubordination last season caused him to be fined $10,000 by the Boston opera management.

"As a Man Thinks" to Run on Here.

The Shuberts announced last night that the engagement of John Mason in "As a Man Thinks" will continue at the Thirty-ninth Street Theatre until the end of June, Mr. Mason and his company will take a five weeks' vacation and will reopen at the same playhouse on Aug. 5.

VISITORS AT LENOX.

Special to The New York Times.

LENOX, Mass., May 14.—Percy D. Haughton and J. Wells Farley of Boston have arrived.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles S. Mellen and Miss Marion Mellen are at the Inn in Stockbridge for the week-end, and will go to New Haven to-morrow.

Dr. and Mrs. C. W. Williams, who have been in Stockbridge for several weeks, have gone to New York.

Mrs. C. S. Lamont and Mrs. James R Jesup will arrive at the Curtis Hotel to-morrow for the season.

Miss Emily S. Lippincott and Miss E. Haslam of Philadelphia and J. Lawrence Hutton and John Hutton of New York are at the Inn in Stockbridge.

Miss Mary Weyman has arrived in Stockbridge for the season.

Julius Spencer Morgan, George D. Morgan, and Miss Caroline Mrogan, who have been at Ventfort Hall, have gone to New York.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

Katherine Emmet has been engaged by John Cort as leading woman with Lawrance D'Orsay in the revival of "The Earl of Pawtucket." Mr. Cort also announces that he will produce a new play by Rupert Hughes, called "Sadie," a dramatization of Karl Harriman's novel.

Mort Singer has decided to present "The Heart Breakers," a new musical comedy staged by Ned Wayburn, at the Princess Theatre, Chicago, on May 30, for a Summer run. The piece will be given for the first time at the Davidson Theatre, Milwaukee, on May 21.

Members of the various New York consistories of Scottish Rite Masons will attend the Gaiety Theatre to-night as a compliment to J. J. Coleman, a prominent member of the order, whose daughter, Ann Murdock, plays the role of Marjorie Newton in "Excuse Me."

$100,000

Partnership Protection

Net cost 1911 on policies issued 1910:

Age	25	35	45	50
Net cost	$855	$968	$1,275	$1,650

Smaller or Larger Amounts Pro Rata.

Policies renewable every five years at attained age without medical examination. Investigate this before deciding on ANY policy.

ROBERT A. SASSEEN, 165 B'way, City

POTASH DISPUTE END SAID TO BE IN SIGHT

Efforts of Ambassador Hill Leave Only the Price to be Settled Upon.

AMERICANS ARE INSISTENT

Conference in Brussels Now Under Way—Germans Irritated by the Persistence of Our Delegates.

The interests of thousands of Southern and Western farmers and of fertilizer manufacturers throughout the country are centred in conferences now going on in Brussels, Belgium, over the American claims to large quantities of German potash, contracts for which were made months ago but delivery of which has been held up by regulations imposed through the influence of the German potash syndicate.

A very large sum of money is at stake, as well as an increased cost of fertilizer, of which potash is a most important ingredient, and it is certain that the American conferrees will not give up until the last card has been played. Already, it is said on good authority, the German Government has been somewhat irritated by the plain manner and the persistence with which representatives have pressed the American claims. It is said to be due chiefly to Ambassador David Jayne Hill, who has just returned to his post in Berlin to prepare for turning his office over to his successor, yet to be named, that the negotiations have reached a point where the conferrees have to agree only on the price at which potash is to be sold to the American contractors.

Germany has a natural monopoly of potash, which is said to be essential to the fertilizer preferred by most of the Southern farmers because best suited to the needs of a wornout soil. If Germany won't export it at a price which the farmer can afford to pay, the latter will suffer, experts say, because as yet no satisfactory substitute has been found.

Though Germany has a natural monopoly of the product, it is not, as might be expected, evenly distributed over the country. Some of the mines being rich and the potash readily and cheaply got ready for market. In other instances it costs much to work the poorer mines, and consequently the owners of these mines cannot afford to market the yield at anything like so low a price as the owners of the rich mines having an almost unlimited supply.

To control the prices of the product throughout the world, a syndicate was formed, composed of practically every potash producer of importance in the empire. For some time after organization, the syndicate had things its own way in limiting the production and the exportation of potash and the price paid at home and abroad. Then, about two years ago, there was a disagreement among the members of the syndicate, and it was dissolved.

The agents in Europe of the large American dealers had been watching the situation closely, and as soon as possible after the dissolution of the syndicate had succeeded in making extensive contracts with owners of some of the richest mines for heavy shipments to America at reasonable prices.

These contracts are said to have extended over several years and to have included a number of options, which the Americans are anxious to improve because of their great value. But, according to those who have made a study of the recent developments in the controversy, when the former members of the syndicate, particularly those who had properties difficult to make profitable and such others as had not made contracts with Americans, saw what an American market had been opened to potash, and how some producers were selling at a lower figure than they could afford, a movement was started to revive the syndicate. This was successful, and efforts were at once made to put such legislative and other restrictions on the exportation of potash as to make the American contracts practically worthless.

The American contractors protested to their Government, and the Secretary of State brought the matter to the attention of Ambassador Hill, who wrote a note of protest to the Chancellor of the Empire. As this apparently did no good his messages on the subject stiffened very much, by directions from Washington. The persistency of America began to get on the German nerves, but Ambassador Hill was not blamed, it is said, because it was plain that he was simply transmitting the instructions of his Government.

Meantime Mack Davis, an expert from the Bureau of Industrials of the Department of Agriculture, was sent to Berlin to argue the matter. Ambassador Hill gave a dinner in his honor, introducing him to the German Secretary of Commerce and other German officials with whom he would have to deal. Mr. Davis was not a diplomatic agent, but a commercial agent, it has been semi-officially explained, but his manner of pointing out the American view of the situation proved irritating, and the negotiations were not greatly advanced, it is said.

Thereafter Ambassador Hill again took the matter up, and succeeded in carrying it to the point where only the price at which the commodity was to be sold to the American contractors remains to be settled.

ALL HIS NINE LIVES BURIED.

But This Cat Survives Even Chloroform and a Garden Grave.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., May 14.—Jeffreys, a black cat, belonging to Howard W. Stoltz of Linden Avenue, was so disabled in a fight that it was decided to make away with it. Jeffreys was put in an old tin boiler, sufficient chloroform to end nine lives poured in, and the lid put on.

A few minutes later Jeffreys was removed from the boiler, and buried eighteen inches deep in the garden.

Mr. Stoltz, who vouches for these happenings, says further that he reported to his children that Jeffreys was out of his misery, and that they went to bed in tears, but that when Mrs. Stoltz came downstairs this morning she found Jeffreys at the back door meowing for admittance.

Stoltz decided that since Jeffreys was so insistent on living he should have every chance, and sent for a veterinary, who treated Jefferys's wounds with every prospect of his injuries soon being healed.

TO BUILD TURKEY'S RAILWAYS

Concession Granted New York Company—State Department Aids.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The State Department expressed its gratification today over cable advices from the American Embassy at Constantinople that the application by the Ottoman-American Development Company, a corporation with offices in New York City, for a concession to construct an extensive railway system in Asiatic Turkey has been approved by the Grand Vizier and Council of Ministers of the Ottoman Government and referred to Parliament for final action. The State Department strongly supported the effort to secure this concession.

Food Fact!

Feel well-fed all day when you begin with

Grape-Nuts FOOD

"There's a Reason"

MRS. ADELA SLOANE DEAD.

John Sloane's Widow and Related by Marriage to the Vanderbilts.

Mrs. Adela Berry Sloane, widow of John Sloane, head of the carpet firm of W. & J. Sloane, died yesterday morning at her home, 883 Fifth Avenue. Mrs. Sloane was Miss Adela Berry. She was well known in New York society. Mr. Sloane's brother, William D. Sloane, married Miss Emily Vanderbilt, sister of the late Cornelius Vanderbilt.

John Sloane died Dec. 9, 1905, leaving an estate of more than $1,000,000, the value of the real estate alone being given at $700,000. He bequeathed to his widow the mansion in Fifth Avenue, and a countryhouse, Wyndhurst, and other real estate at Lenox, Mass. Most of the residue of his estate was left to his widow and two sons, John and William Sloane. About two years ago Mrs. Sloane transferred Wyndhurst and all of her real estate at Lenox to her son, John Sloane.

The funeral of Mrs. Sloane will be held Wednesday morning at 10 o'clock.

Dr. W. R. A. Wilson.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., May 14.—Dr. William Robert Anthony Wilson died this afternoon at his residence in this city. He was born in Washington, Ill., on Jan. 28, 1870. After a medical course at the New York College of Physicians and Surgeons he practiced medicine in Peoria, Ill., for a short time, but relinguished practice owing to ill-health. He came to Pittsfield in 1906 and devoted himself to literary work. He was the author of the novels "The Rose of Normandy" and "A Knot of Blue." His boys' books were "Comrades Three" and "Journeys of the Kit Kat Club."

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. JANE NOYES DODGE, daughter of the late Dr. Richard Nopes of Gouverneur, N. Y., died suddenly last night from heart disease, while on a visit to her daughter, Mrs. J. L. Gill, 101 Willard Avenue, Bloomfield, N. J. She was 70 years old.

WILLIAM H. CAMPBELL, for many years employed in the Register's office, Brooklyn, died in the St. George Hotel, on Clark Street, Brooklyn, last Friday. He was 70 years old and a member of the Crescent Athletic Club and the Veterans' Association of the Twenty-third Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

ROBERT PERRINE LEE, a lawyer, died suddenly of heart disease on Saturday night in his home, 52 East 63d Street. He was 76 years old and had been practicing in this city for nearly half a century.

EDWARD H. FLAVIN, formerly Coroner of Kings County, died on Thursday at his home, 750 Hancock Street, Brooklyn. He was born in Rockport, Ill., seventy-three years ago.

HARVEY CLARK, a real estate dealer, died on Saturday at his home, 342 Westchester Avenue, Port Chester. He was born in Cooperstown, N. Y., sixty-six years ago.

ESTELLE FRANCES TAYLOR, widow of Frederick Bayard Taylor, died on Thursday at her home, 274 Rich Avenue, Mount Vernon.

Hot Air Balloon to Race Aeroplane.

Schenck Brothers, proprietors of Palisade Park, have arranged an aeronautical contest as a feature of the opening of the park next Saturday. Leopold Stickney, said to be the oldest balloonist, is coming from his farm at Watertown, Wis., to compete, in his old hot-air balloon, against Frank Goodale, who will use an aeroplane. Goodale will have charge of the aviation exhibit. Last Summer he made a trip in his airship from the park to Times Square and back.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BLOCH.—May 9, Union Hill, N. J., to Mr. and Mrs. M. Bloch, a daughter.

DEGNER.—May 10, 85 Lenox Av., to Mr. and Mrs. A. Degner, a son.

Married.

SMITH—SEITZ.—May 10, Julia A. Seitz to Alexander I. Smith.

WAIBEL—MURPHY.—May 10, Helen V. Murphy to Gus J. Waibel.

Brooklyn.

BASS—FISH.—May 12, Dorothy G. Fish to Stanley H. Bass.

Died.

BEPPLER.—On May 14, 1911, at his late residence, 183 2d Av., William Beppler. Funeral private. It is requested to omit flowers.

CAMPBELL.—May 13, 1911, at St. George Hotel, Brooklyn, N. Y., William H. Campbell, beloved husband of the late Catharine Stephens and elder son of the late William H. and Mary C. Campbell. Relatives and friends are invited to attend the funeral at Boardman's Funeral Chapel, 8 Clinton St., Brooklyn, N. Y., Tuesday, May 16, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

CRARY.—On May 13, 1911, William Proctor Crary, in the 59th year of his age. Services at 760 Carroll St., Brooklyn, Tuesday, May 16, at 2 o'clock.

DAY.—On May 12, 1911, at her late residence, 100 Morningside Av., (West,) Rachel A., daughter of the late Rev. Mulford and Sarah Thompson Day. Funeral private.

DODSON.—At her late residence, in Bethelem, Penn., on May 13, Jane Elizabeth, widow of the late Weston Dodson, in the 74th year of her age. Funeral services from Trinity Episcopal Church, Bethelem, Penn., on Tuesday, May 16, at 2:30 P. M. Interment private at the convenience of family.

ELLIOT.—At Kostock, Germany, May 11, in his 90th year, Dr. Augustus Greelé Elliot of New York City.

FROTHINGHAM.—At Lochworth, near Albany, N. Y., May 13, 1911, Worthington Frothingham, in the 80th year of his age.

HARRIS.—Suddenly, on the 12th inst., George Harris of 1,229 66th St., Brooklyn, husband of Grace Frame, late of Hamilton, Scotland.

HOGG.—On Sunday, May 14, 1911, at 60 Herkimer St., Brooklyn, Mary Louise, daughter of Kenneth S. and Mary Symons Hogg, in the 6th year of her age. Funeral private.

HOLMES.—At Norwalk, Conn., May 13, 1911, George M. Holmes, in his 81st year. Funeral from his late residence, 144 Main St., Norwalk, Conn., Wednesday, May 17, 1911, at 3:30 P. M. Carriages will meet trains leaving Grand Central Station, New York City, at 2 P. M.

LAYTON.—On Saturday, May 13, 1911, Emma L. Merry, wife of William Frederic Layton. Funeral services at home, 1,649 Amsterdam Av., this (Monday) evening at 8 o'clock. Interment Newark, N. J.

MILLER.—On Saturday, May 13, 1911, James Miller, in his sixty-sixth (66) year. Funeral service Monday, May 15th, at 8 P. M. at his late residence, 553 9th St., Brooklyn. Interment on Tuesday morning in Greenwood Cemetery.

NICHOLS.—At her home, Greenfield Hill, Fairfield, Conn., May 12, 1911, Susan Warner Nichols, daughter of the late Rev. Samuel and Susan N. Nichols. Funeral services will be held at her late home on Monday, 15th inst., at 2:30 o'clock P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Fairfield Station on arrival of 12:02 train from New York.

PINNER.—Simon Leo Pinner. Funeral "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d., (Campbell Building,) Monday, 2 o'clock.

REINBRECHT.—On May 12, T. W. Reinbrecht. Funeral from his late residence, Spring Valley, N. Y., Monday, May 15, at 3 P. M.

ROE.—Anna Paulina Roe, widow of the late E. P. Roe, at Bermuda, May 13. Notice of Funeral later.

SACKETT.—On May 13, 1911, Julia K., wife of Walter L. Sackett and daughter of the late William J. and Katharine Carroll Mead. Funeral services at chapel of the Lafayette Avenue Presbyterian Church, corner of South Oxford St. and Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, May 15, at 2 o'clock P. M. Interment Greenwich, Conn.

SCHMIDT.—Saturday, Hedwig Hulda Ida, wife of John C. Schmidt. Funeral late residence, 45 Washington Av., Richmond Hill, Tuesday, 2 P. M.

SLOANE.—Suddenly, Sunday morning, May 14, 1911, at her residence, [illegible] 5th Av., Adela Berry, wife of the late John Sloane. Funeral services at her late residence on Wednesday morning, May 17, at 10 o'clock.

SMEDEL.—On Saturday, May 13, F. W. Smedel. Funeral notice later.

WESTON.—On Sunday, May 14, at her late residence, 251 West 81st St., Mary E. Cone, widow of Edward Weston. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WOODRUFF.—At Litchfield, Conn., on the 14th inst., Elizabeth Parsons, wife of George M. Woodruff and daughter of the late James B. and Eliza Ferris Parsons. Services at the Congregational Church, Litchfield, at 1 o'clock P. M., Wednesday, 17th inst., on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station, New York, at 8:55 A. M., New Haven Railroad.

ZOEBISCH.—On May 13, 1911, Charles A. Zoebisch, aged 87 years 4 days. Funeral services at his late residence, 362 Clinton St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday evening, May 16, at eight o'clock. Interment at convenience of the family. Kindly omit flowers. Boston, Chicago, and Philadelphia papers please copy.

AHEARN.—Charles, 124 West 63d St., May 12, aged 44.

Died.

APPLETON.—Robert, May 13. Funeral 62 West 102d St.

BATTERSBY.—Emma, 152 West 74th St., May 13. Funeral private.

BAUMANN.—Caroline, 524 10th Av., May 13. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

BREMSER.—Emil, 1,729 Wallace Av., Bronx, May 12, aged 61.

BYSCH.—Jeanette, 1,869 Livingston Av., May 12, aged 36.

CASEY.—Catharine, 101 Watts St., May 13. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

CONSTANCE.—Virginia, 156 East 82d St., May 12, aged 1.

CROUGHAN.—Penelope, 209 West 15th St., May 12. Funeral to-day.

ECKENSBERGER. — Christine, 751 Jackson Av., Bronx, May 13.

FLYNN.—Bridget, 557 West 42d St., May 12, aged 77. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

GERLACH.—Margaret, 401 East 144th St May 12. Funeral to-day, noon.

HARBIN.—John, 535 West 43d St., May 13, aged 36.

HARRISON.—Abraham, 280 East 11th St., May 12.

HENNICK.—Michael, May 13. Funeral 204 West 67th St. to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HOLLAND.—Cornelius, 249 Bleecker St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

HOLTJE.—Catharine, 204 West 80th St., May 12. Funeral to-day.

LANTHIER.—Norbert O., 151 West 20th St., May 12, aged 65.

LINDENBERGER.—John G., 53 East 131st St., May 13, aged 69. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

LOEB.—David, 440 East 146th St., May 12, aged 49.

MARTZ.—Werner, 2,078 Vyse Av., May 12. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MORITZ.—Margaretha, 2,338 Webster Av., Bronx, May 12, aged 89.

O'NEILL.—Mary, 2,919 Meyers St., Throg's Neck, May 12, aged 44.

O'TOOLE.—Charlotte, 166 East 78th St., May 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

RAFFERTY.—Annie, 1,467 3d Av., May 12. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

ROGERS.—Charles H., 4,346 Park Av., May 13. Funeral service to-day.

ROHLFS.—Henry, 528 West 49th St., May 12, aged 46.

SCHMITT.—William L., 435 Convent Av., May 13, aged 15. Funeral private.

SCHUMANN.—Dorothy G., 110 East 115th St., May 13, aged 19. Funeral notice later.

SHEEHAN.—Theresa A., 1,307 Theriot Av., Bronx, May 13.

SMYTH.—James, 415 West 56th St., May 12, aged 35.

SOMMER.—Mathilda, May 12, aged 70. Funeral 688 9th Av. to-day, 1:30 P. M.

STAHR.—Gladys S., 1,230 Brook Av., Bronx, May 12.

SULLIVAN.—Owen, 159 East 109th St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

TICK.—Andrew, 1,702 2d Av., May 12, aged 28.

TOBEN.—William, May 12, aged 56. Funeral 241 West 23d St.

WILLIAMS.—W. F., 736 Magenta St., Bronx, May 12, aged 14.

WINDELER.—Peter, 1,488 2d Av., May 12, aged 44. Funeral to-day, 1:30 P. M.

Brooklyn.

ATKINS.—Blanche E., 481 9th St., May 12. Funeral private.

BAER.—Hattie, 4 South Elliott Place, May 12.

CAMPBELL.—Annie A., 196 Decatur St., May 13.

ESPEY.—Jane, 285 Myrtle Av., May 12, aged 60. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

FLYNN.—Ellen, 449 Sackett St., May 13, aged 54. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

HOYNS.—Peter, 205 Patchen Av., May 13. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

KEARNY.—James, 416 43d St., May 12.

KIES.—Ernest, 60 Conklin Av., May 12. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

MAGER.—Carolina, 58 Tompkins Av., May 13, aged 68. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

MULKERIN.—Patrick, 3,014 Snyder Av., May 12, aged 64.

OWENS.—Isabella, 200 Court St., May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

PRESTON.—Marie L., 361 58th St., May 12.

SIMMS.—James H., May 12. Funeral 1,763 Fulton St.

SLATER.—John J., 477 10th St., May 12.

STANTON.—Mary A., 1,353 Bergen St., May 13.

SULLIVAN.—Timothy E., 165 Forbell Av., May 13. Funeral to-day.

Connecticut.

CUTHILL.—Alexander R., New Haven, May 12, aged 2.

HANSEN.—Annie, Hartford, May 12, aged 89.

Long Island.

FROEBER.—Barbara, Winfield, May 13, aged 79. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

PHILLIPS.—Frank J., Rockland Centre, May 12, aged 48. Funeral to-morrow.

STRAUBE.—Martha, College Point, May 12, aged 34. Funeral to-day, 2:30 P. M.

New Jersey.

AARONS.—Isaac, 918 Willow Av., Hoboken, May 12, aged 60.

BECKER.—Henry C., North Bergen, May 13, aged 66. Funeral to-morrow, 2 P. M.

BERTOLUCCI.—Ida, 414 Jefferson St., Hoboken, May 12, aged 2.

BRECHT.—George F., Town of Union, May 12.

CASTLES.—Patrick, Elizabeth, May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 9 A. M.

CASTRONUDO.—Angelo, 54 15th St., West New York, May 12.

CODY.—James, 137 Garden St., Hoboken, May 12, aged 57.

CONWAY.—Ella, Atlantic City, May 12. Funeral service to-day.

CROWLEY.—James 216 Railroad Av., May 12, aged 60.

CUMMINGS.—Ethel A., 862 New York Av., Jersey City, May 12.

EDWARDS.—Frank W., Bayonne, May 13, aged 61. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

FENSKE.—Julius, Town of Union, May 12, aged 61.

FERRIS.—Lemuel, 110 8th St., Hoboken, May 12 aged 79.

FUCHS.—Vincent, 359 Germania Av., Jersey City, May 13.

GILLOON.—Theresa, 86 Orient Av., Jersey City, May 12, aged 26.

HAFELFINGER.—Margaretta, Weehawken, May 12, aged 44.

HARRIOTT.—Isabelle, Plainfield, May 13. Funeral service to-day.

HARRIS.—William, 103 Congress St., Jersey City, May 12, aged 40.

HEATON.—Eliza, 327 West St., Hoboken, May 12.

HILL.—Edward C., 108 North St., Jersey City, May 12.

HOLBROOK.—Virginia, Rutherford, May 12. Funeral private.

JENTZ.—Frederick, Secaucus, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

LARSEN.—Hannah G., 82 Huron Av., Jersey City, May 12.

LEPPERT.—Mrs., 1,213 Washington St., Hoboken, May 12.

LINNE.—Helen J., 148 Cator Av., Jersey City, May 12. Funeral to-day.

McCAFFREY.—Thomas F., Town of Union, May 12, aged 45.

McNENAMIN.—Dominick D., 278 5th St., Jersey City, May 12, aged 36.

MAEHER.—W., 20 Thorn St., Jersey City, May 12.

MASTANDREA.—John, 43 St. Paul's Av., Jersey City, May 12, aged 26.

MAYNES.—Eleanor, Town of Union, May 12, aged 2.

MINOR.—Melva, 114 Congress St., Jersey City, May 12.

RENNEMANN.—Lena, Plainfield, May 12, aged 78. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

RYAN.—Eleanor, North Bergen, May 12, aged 66.

SHALL.—C., 23A Westside Av., Jersey City, May 12.

STRACK.—Jessie, Elizabeth, May 12. Funeral to-day, 2 P. M.

TRAPHAGEN.—Estella, Guttenberg, May 12.

New York State.

BENJAMIN—Jon. L., Battle Hill Park, White Plains, May 13. Funeral private.

CLARK.—Harvey, Port Chester, May 13, aged 66. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

LEACH.—Mary L., New Rochelle, May 13, aged 55. Funeral to-day, 11 A. M.

TUNNICLIFF.—Clara H., Richfield Springs, May 13. Funeral to-morrow, 11 A. M.

WOOD.—Oscar, Haverstraw, May 12, aged 63. Funeral to-day, 3 P. M.

In Memoriam.

BARRETT.—James F., mass, St. Matthew's Church, to-day, 10 A. M.

COHEN.—Annie, in memory of; died May 16, 1908.

GAMBERT.—Hugo, unveiling monument, Maimonides Cemetery, May 21, 3 P. M.

GOLDSTEIN.—Dora, unveiling monument, Bayside Cemetery, May 21, 3 P. M.

HARRIS.—Heyman, unveiling monument, Salem Field, May 21, 3 P. M.

HUNKEN.—Christian, in memory of; died May 15, 1902.

JACOBS.—Dora, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, May 21, 3 P. M.

LEB[illegible]ST. — Amelia, unveiling monument, Washington Cemetery, May 21, 10 A. M.

LIBMAN.—Liberman, in memory of; died May 15, 1900.

MULDOON.—Eliza, mass, church of St. Paul, to-day, 9 A. M.

NAMMACK.—Mary, mass, St. Stephen's Church, May 17, 9 A. M.

PISER.—Abraham, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, May 28, 2 P. M.

ROTHSCHILD.—Mary, unveiling monument, Mount Neboh Cemetery, May 21, 2 P. M.

SCHOTT.—Cora, unveiling monument, Machpelah Cemetery, May 21, 1:30 P. M.

SENDER.—Hattie, memorial service, Salem Field Cemetery, May 21, 2:30 P. M.

SUAREZ.—Jose M., in memory of; died May 15, 1905.

THOMPSON.—Edward A., in memory of; died May 15, 1907.

VAN DAMM.—Mary, unveiling monument, Mount Zion Cemetery, May 21, 10:30 A. M.

UNDERTAKERS.

FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d. Chapels. Ambulance Service. Tel. 1324 Chelsea.

Dargeons, 107th St., Amsterdam Ave. $75 funeral complete. Phone 2070 Riverside.

CEMETERIES.

THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY is easily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys and by carriage. Lots $150 up. Telephone (485 Gramercy) for Books of Views, or representative.

OFFICE 20 EAST 23D ST., N. Y. CITY.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Rely Upon Platt's Chlorides to Disinfect the house drains, closets, sinks, &c.

ENGLISH BOXERS GET FIRST TRYOUT

Show Themselves Clever in Preparing for the Pastime A. C. Tournament.

Woodlawn Inn, the training quarters of the English boxers who are to take part in the international series next Friday and Saturday under the auspices of the Pastime Athletic Club, was the mecca yesterday for all the sportively inclined Englishmen and Scotchmen in and about New York, and hundreds watched the training stunts of the invading contingent with every evidence of intense satisfaction. It was the consensus that each had that class qualification which will make them real contenders when they face the pick of the American entrants.

After being made acquainted with the fact that the men had been through the game, gaining their knowledge of the sport from competition for fifteen years down to two, the latter length of time marking the to-date competitive life of R. Erskine, the Scotch lad, who recently won the Public Schools championship at the featherweight limit, and who will attempt to corral the honors in that class in the coming tournament.

After the training work the visitors renewed old acquaintances with the horde of football players and cricketers, who flocked in from Van Cortlandt Park and Columbia Oval. After their tea they took to the road, and tore off five miles in a manner which showed each and every one in deadly earnest.

It is the intention of the Pastime Athletic Club to finish its tournament in the two nights for which sanction has been granted. With this object in view the management will curtail the entry to such members as will warrant the completion of the classes by Saturday night.

While the calibre of the competitors in the professional bouts arranged for the ensuing week is not of as high class as some the followers of the game have been favored with, the latter will continue to find themselves confronted with the proposition of making a choice of matches which have been announced at the local clubs for the week.

To-night at the Colin Athletic Club, in Brooklyn, Willie Jones and Jimmy Moran will shape up in a go of ten rounds. Jones has been doing plenty of good fighting recently, and seems sure to give Moran a hard fight. The Olympics will also give their weekly entertainment to-night. At the Sharkey Athletic Club Wednesday night Ted Nelson, the Australian welterweight, and Jimmy Mitchen, the Brooklyn fighter, will be the principal attractions. Mitchen's only defeat in this vicinity was at the hands of Sailor Burke, and he is anxious to make amends for the licking in order to get on another bout with the sailor.

Marty Brown and Phil Cross are carded for the main bout at the Princess Athletic Club on Wednesday night. On Thursday night, at the Twentieth Century Club, Leach Cross will take on Eddie Murphy, a Boston boy with a good reputation. Murphy is said to have a long list of wins and knockouts against the best men in the East, and is credited with being a coming lightweight champion. He will have the incentive to victory of a match with Jack Britton, the Chicago boxer, who made such a hit last week with the New York fans.

Morris Harris and Jim Smith will be the attractions at the National Sporting Club next Friday night. These heavyweights can be relied upon to put up an interesting battle. Because of a defeat having been registered against him in their previous bout, the colored man is extremely desirous of beating Smith. The Fairmonts, Long Acres, and Sharkeys have all arranged bouts for the week end on Saturday night.

MOTT HAVEN A. C. OPENING.

Bronx Organization Holds Set of Invitation Games.

The Mott Haven Athletic Club opened the outdoor season yesterday with a set of invitation games on the Mott Haven oval. Several clubs had their men entered, but the home team, which numbered more than the visiting teams, secured the lion's share of the honors by capturing five first places.

The feature event was the mile run, which was captured by Dave Noble, an outsider, running unattached. Nine men faced the starter, and Noble went out in front from the start, setting a good pace, which showed him in front by a large margin at the half-mile post. After passing the half-mile mark Noble slowed up and allowed the field to close the gap he had made in the early part, with J. Meeks of the Long Island A. C. in second place. Noble managed to keep the premier position, but in the last 100 yards was pushed hard by the Long Islander and only won out by three feet in a hard sprint.

In the three-mile run W. Burke of the Mott Havens, after taking the lead in the second mile, ran a fine race and gradually opened a gap on the pack, which brought him up to the tape the victor by almost a quarter of a lap. J. Eisele of the Mott Haven A. C. went out in the first event on the card, which was the 65-yard dash, and won easily, and later on repeated his performance by taking the place in the quarter with apparent ease.

BROOKLYN WINS AT SOCCER.

Manhattan Loses Intercity Match by Score of 1 Goal to 0.

Brooklyn, represented by players from five clubs, got the verdict against a team representing six clubs outside of Brooklyn in the interborough soccer match arranged by the New York Auction League at Marquette Oval yesterday afternoon. The final score was Brooklyn, 1; Manhattan, 0.

After the game T. Bagnall, President of the Amateur League, made the formal presentation of the cup and gold medals to the Critchley Football Club, champions for 1911, and silver medals to the Clan McDonalds as runners up. Gold medals were also awarded to the Brooklyn Celtics, winners of the second division of the league, and silver medals to Clan McDuff, second in the competition.

Morris A. A. Opens Season.

The Morris Athletic Association held its inaugural set of monthly games for the members yesterday at Macomb's Dam Park, and with five events on the programme, the meeting terminated in a most satisfactory manner. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by A. Kussel, (3 yards,) E. Pilcer, (2 yards,) second; J. Levy, (7 yards,) third. Time—0.10 2-5.

600-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by J. Levy, (25 yards;) S. Aggen, (scratch,) second; R. Emdien, (scratch,) third. Time—1:20 2-5.

One-Mile Walk, Handicap.—Won by K. F. Hearns, (scratch;) M. J. Krause, (180 yards,) second; J. F. O'Connor, (150 yards,) third. Time—7:22.

Running High Jump, Handicap.—Won by E. Mayer, (3 inches,) with an actual jump of 4 feet 10 inches; S. Aggen, (scratch,) with an actual jump of 4 feet 11 inches, second; H. C. Backer, (6 inches,) with an actual jump of 4 feet 4 inches, third.

Putting 8-Pound Shot, Handicap.—Won by A. Emdien, (7 feet,) with an actual put of 38 feet 4 inches; J. Davis, (6 feet,) with an actual put of 38 feet 1¼ inches, second; S. Aggen, (8 inches,) with an actual put of 36 feet 1½ inches, third.

Polo Ponies and Show Horses in Sale.

One of the finest consignments of harness and saddle horses ever offered at auction will be sold to-night at Durland's electric auction. In the lot, which comes from the Powhatan Stock Farm of Pewee Valley, Ky., are sixteen sensational horses, many of which will make fine Novice Show entries, and the interest shown from the former offerings of this celebrated stable should arouse the show horse public.

"Dick" Schultz, who represents the Powhatan Farm, is in charge of the consignment.

To-morrow night, at the same auction, those in search of polo mounts will have the opportunity, when the consignment of twenty-eight California bred polo ponies will be put under the hammer.

The ponies are all brilliant looking, beautifully tempered, and considered very fast, all being out of "Steel Dust" mares, bred to thoroughbred stallions. In addition Mr. Preece will offer a lot of park hacks.

QUEAL FIRST IN FIVE-MILE RACE

Marathon Champion Defeats Good Field in Special Contest at Guttenburg.

William Queal, the William's Bridge runner, won his third successive race in eight days yesterday when he romped home first in a field of eight at the Guttenberg Motordrome in the open professional event of five miles, held in connection with the motor cycle races under the auspices of the Guttenberg Racing Association. He finished about ten yards ahead of Will Kohlemainen, the only one of the field who was in a position to dispute the leadership after the second mile. Queal allowed Kohlemainen to set the pace practically all the way until they reached the top of the stretch, when both began a sprint. Queal showed more reserve strength than the Finnish champion and finished ten yards ahead. His time was 25:12 3-5.

The eight men who faced the starter were Queal, Kohlemainen, Ted Crooks, Jim Crowley, Carl Niemenin, Al Raines, Bill Jones, a colored runner from Columbus, Ohio, and J. P. O'Driscoll of Jersey City.

Five motor-cycle races, at distances ranging from three to twenty miles, furnished several exciting finishes for the large crowd which turned out. The feature event was the twenty-mile open event, which closed the afternoon's programme, Balke, on a Merkel, was the winner in the fast time of 20:51, with Chappelle and Gutterson, both riding Indians, following in order, and close enough to make the leader extend himself all the way. The five-mile special event, between Lon Gutterson and Seerey, was called off on account of an accident to the latter's machine. The summaries:

Three-Mile Novice.—Won by G. Vanderpoel, (Indian;) C. Earle, (Eckel,) second; A. Jagoesagr, (Merkel,) third. Time—3:47 1-5.

Five-Mile Trade Riders' Handicap.—Won by J. H. Constant, (Indian,) 12 seconds; Al Teubner, (Merkel,) scratch, second; P. Drummond, (Indian,) 12 seconds, third. Time—5:26.

Five-Mile Professional, Free for All.—Won by C. Balke, (Indian;) A. G. Chappelle, (Merkel,) second; Lon Gutterson, (Indian,) third. Time—5:14 4-5.

Ten-Mile, Miss and Out.—Won by T. Hart, (Indian;) W. H. Ray, (Merkel,) second. Only two finished. Time—11:02 4-5.

Twenty-Mile, Open.—Won by C. Balke, (Merkel;) A. G. Chappelle, (Indian,) second; Lon Gutterson, (Indian,) third. Time—20:51.

Gray Takes Two Races.

T. Gray captured first honors in the opening set of games of the Paulist A. C. yesterday at De Witt Clinton Park, with a total of 13 points. Five events were decided, in which Gray took two firsts and a second. The games were all well contested and were productive of close finishes. The summaries:

60-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by T. Gray, (4 feet;) W. Card, (6 feet,) second; E. Ward, (scratch,) third. Time—0:06 3-5.

220-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by T. Gray, (3 yards;) W. Card, (6 feet,) second; J. Reardon, (5 yards,) third. Time—0:23 4-5.

440-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by E. Ward, (scratch;) T. Gray, (1½ yards,) second; J. Reardon, third.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by G. Mitchell, (40 yards;) F. Phiffer, (scratch,) second; J. Reardon, (20 yards,) third. Time—2:17 2-5.

One-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by J. McGarrity, (scratch;) P. Calsretter, (25 yards,) second. Time—5:00.

Slight Aviation Accidents.

Special to The New York Times.

GARDEN CITY, L. I., May 14.—Two small accidents occurred on the aviation field here to-day. Frank Fitzsimmons of the Aeronautic School of Engineers had trouble with his magneto, and his lower plane was damaged. Denee, a Frenchman, in the new Fairchild monoplane, ascended ten feet in the air, but, bothered by the people, who were running over the field, and especially a man and woman, who were directly in front of him, he lost control of teh machine. The force of his landing resulted in a broken skid. Capt. Thomas S. Baldwin made a short flight. At Belmont Park Joseph Richter took out the Schneider biplane and Stone was up for an hour. Earl Ovington visited the field and will probably fly there to-morrow.

DUNCAN'S CLUB RECORD.

Mohawk Athlete Puts Twelve-Pound Shot 52 Feet 2½ Inches.

J. H. Duncan of the Mohawk Athletic Club, who before the opening of the outdoor season announced his intention of going out this year for the records of Martin J. Sheridan with the shot and discus, made a good start yesterday in the members' games of the Mohawk A. C. at Macomb's Dam Park.

In the twelve-pound shot put Duncan established a new club record, when he hurled the missile a distance of 52 feet 2½ inches. The event was a handicap, and Duncan was placed on the scratch mark, allowing handicaps ranging up to ten feet. In the effort Duncan not only broke the record, but also took first place. The old club record of 47 feet 10 inches was made two years ago by J. Frank at the Pastime Oval, and had stood unapproached until yesterday.

F. Joyce, with a handicap of forty-five yards in the three-mile run, made good use of the start, and won from F. Masterson, who started from the back mark, with a good margin. The summaries:

100-Yard Dash, Handicap.—Won by S. Bishop, (6 yards;) J. Halpin, (7 yards,) second; J. Meehan, (7 yards,) third. Time—0:09 1-5.

220-Yard Dash, Novice.—Won by A. Goldfob; T. Juste, second; W. Stripling, third. Time—0:25.

880-Yard Run, Handicap.—Won by W. Hills, (25 yards;) J. Bell, (15 yards,) second; H. Mellor, (10 yards,) third. Time—2:01 4-5.

Three-Mile Run, Handicap.—Won by F. Joyce, (45 yards;) F. Masterson, (scratch,) second; J. Berkhardt, (225 yards,) third. Time—15:31.

Putting 12-Pound Shot.—Won by J. Duncan, (scratch,) with a put of 52 feet 2½ inches; J. McKay, (7½ feet,) with a put of 41 feet 8 inches, second; H. Kelly, (8 feet,) with a put of 38 feet 8½ inches, third.

Pepe Released to New Haven.

NEW ORLEANS, May 14.—Manager Frank of New Orleans to-day announced the release of Joe Pepe, who has played short and third with the locals, to the New Haven Club in the Connecticut League.

JOCKEYING AT VAILSBURG.

Kramer and Fenn Capture Feature Event in Slow Time.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWARK, N. J., May 14.—Joe Fogler and Eddie Root came out on top of the heap to-day in a one-mile team race, the stellar event of the Sunday bicycle meet on the Velodrome track. They won in two out of three heats from two opposing teams, composed of Frank Kramer and Willie Fenn and Floyd MacFarland and Jackie Clarke. Jockeying for place made the time of all the heats ridiculously slow. In the two-mile "Pro" Handicap Kramer took first money, Fogler failing to qualify. Frank Blatz of Jersey City went down in a spill in the last heat of the three-mile amateur and was carried from the track, severely hurt. A crowd of 10,000 saw the races.

Hazard in Winning Form.

Walter Hazard, the former expert of the Crescent Athletic Club, won his place in the third round of the Harlem Cup tournament yesterday on the courts of the Harlem Lawn Tennis Club, 131st Street and Seventh Avenue. Hazard met George S. Groesbeck of the West Side Club and defeated him, 4—6, 9—7, 6—4. In the first round, also, there were two grueling three-set contests, as George B. Legg, a young Englishman, defeated H. W. Robinson, 6—2, 3—6, 6—love, and I. Hartmann defeated Thomas Walsh, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4. Hartmann in his second round competition was so used up that he fell an easy victim to Harold Moore of Kings County, 6—love, 6—3, the winner advancing into the third round along with Hazard. The summary:

Harlem Cup, Men's Singles.—First Round—G. B. Legg defeated H. W. Robinson, 6—2, 3—6, 6—0; Walter A. Hazard defeated William D. Bourne, by default; Henry Manchester defeated Julio M. Steinacher, by default; Harold Moore defeated C. B. Burrowes, by default; I. Hartmann defeated Thomas Walsh, 3—6, 6—2, 6—4.

Second Round—Walter A. Hazard defeated George S. Groesbeck, 4—6, 9—7, 6—4; Harold Moore defeated I. Hartmann, 6—0, 6—3.

For Other Sports See Pages 7 8 and 9.

The Polo Player

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SEE LONG ISLAND

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An excellent opportunity to see the manifold beauties of Long Island and to select a place for a Summer or permanent home when the country is in its Spring grandeur.

Special one-day excursion tickets will be sold on May 17th at one-way fare for the round trip, with a minimum of 50 cents from New York (Pennsylvania Station), and 45 cents from Long Island City and Brooklyn for all trains from 8 A. M. until 2 P. M. Tickets good to return on any train on the **same day.**

Long Island Railroad trains are operated from the new Pennsylvania Station, 7th Avenue and 32nd Street, New York, and from the terminus of the Interborough Subway in Brooklyn.

For illustrated descriptive book, "Long Island Resorts," time-table, and list of real estate agents, send ten cents postage to General Passenger Agent, Long Island Railroad, Room 371, Pennsylvania Station, New York, N. Y.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

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WAUMBEK AND COTTAGES
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Detached family cottages, completely furnished, with hotel service.

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AUCTION SALES.

AN AUCTION SALE THAT DEMANDS ATTENTION.
We take pleasure in announcing a sale of

SHOES

of the utmost importance to the trade. $150,000 stock of the highest quality and leading styles of the present day, in men's, women's and children's Fashionable Footwear. The greatest sale of fine shoes ever sold at auction. Being the entire stocks formerly of M. Busch Cain of Pittsburg, Pa., known as a retailer of the most fashionable footwear in the United States, and several other prominent retailers.

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INSPECTION TO-DAY, MONDAY.

P. S.—Never in the history of auctions has the shoe trade had an opportunity to purchase such select, salable, leading style, prominent manufacturers' merchandise at public sale. Retailers and jobbers don't fail to attend, as the magnitude of this sale will interest you. Packing facilities for out-of-town merchants. Auctioneer's office, No. 11 Lispenard St. Tel. 953—Franklin.

TO MR. HENRY I. KOWALSKY, and TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

TAKE NOTICE that by virtue of the lien held by me against the following described personal property, to wit:

1 Bay Gelding,
1 Victoria Carriage, and
1 Brougham Carriage,

belonging to Mr. Henry I. Kowalsky of 115 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, and now in my possession, I shall sell such personal property at public auction to the highest bidder to satisfy such lien, at the yards of Van Tassel & Kerney, 130 East 13th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 22d day of May, 1911.

Dated, New York, April 26, 1911.

SIEGFRIED HEINEMANN.
STERNBERG, JACOBSON & POLLOCK,
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Fireproof. Sun parlor, private baths, running water; $10, $12, $15 up per week; $2 up per day. Special rates and booklet on application. O. D. PAINTER.

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Polo Carnival, Golf, various other outdoor sports.

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Most Famous Hotel of the North Shore.
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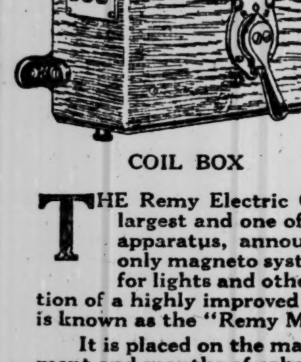

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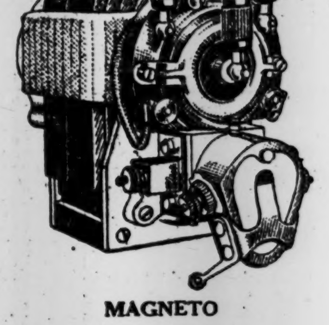

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It is placed on the market after years of laboratory development and months of exhaustive tests under the severest conditions of automobiling. Many motor car manufacturers assisted in this test, and they are unanimous in their praise for this new system.

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When the car is running the *magneto furnishes both electric lights and ignition and charges the storage battery.* When the car is standing, the storage battery automatically takes up the lighting load, without thought, knowledge, act or look from the driver.

A simple electrical regulating device maintains the constant current, giving a steady, ever-dependable, non-flickering light that floods the road far ahead upon the pressure of a button located on the mahogany coil box. This system requires no attention or outlay from the car owner.

It is a self-contained, direct connected, complete unit, performing two most important functions, better and at less cost. It takes less space than present separate dual ignition and lighting equipment. It is simple, reliable, fool-proof. The workmanship is careful and finished. The materials are the best

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SAFETY—A flood of brilliant steady light sweeping the road far ahead means speed with safety at night. The volume and penetration of the electric head lights eliminate the danger of rough and unknown roads. No chance for light or ignition to fail at bad crossing or turn, when it is needed most.

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RELIABILITY—Your magneto is your charging plant. You are not dependent on a tank gauge which gets covered with dirt and oil—which is so frequently inaccurate. You are not relying upon a temporary supply, short-lived at best.

There is nothing to forget. Your magneto is always with you, always on the job. No chance to get stranded.

You Can Get the Remy Magneto Light at

Auto Supply Company, 1789 Broadway, phone 1815 Columbus.
General Auto Supply Co., 1671 Broadway, phone 6160 Columbus.
Mutual Auto Accessories Co., 1937 Broadway, phone 5640 Columbus.
Wyckoff, Church & Partridge, Broadway and 56th Street, phone 8100 Columbus.
Lowe Motor Supplies Co., Broadway and 55th Street, phone 4648 Columbus.
Chas. E. Miller, 97 Reade Street, phone 2330 Worth.
Weaver-Ebling Auto Co., 2330 Broadway, phone 9641 Schuyler.
Hulse Garage Co., Inc., 514 West 145th Street, phone 2177 Audubon.
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A corps of experts will gladly explain this device to you at the New York Remy Branch Office. We will send booklet on request. Telephone, visit or write our New York Office.

CLEANLINESS—STYLE—No open flame. No soot, no odor. Does not collect dust or leak oil. Artistic lamp styles; pillar lamps, coaching body lamps, bullet lamps came *after* electric lighting.

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Due to the enormous primary current generated the Remy Magneto Light furnishes the hottest spark at all speeds. This means a more flexible motor, greater ease of operation in congested city traffic, or in meeting the inequalities of bad country roads. It means greater pulling power at low engine speeds.

The current is direct and constant. Hence the spark is of the same intense heat at all speeds. The timing range is unusually wide (70°), giving all possible advantage of piston stroke.

Surest system for starting the car without cranking. A vibrator is used for starting only. Starting without cranking is possible as long as the cylinder holds the charge of gas.

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We can install it quickly and at a reasonable cost.

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Users of Remy equipment are given an unequalled service. Remy branches, travelling experts, reach everywhere. Remy Service is Constant. It will please YOU as it is pleasing hundreds of thousands of users of Remy devices now.

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Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant.

Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; Mrs. W. J. Musick, cloaks, suits, and waists; 214 Church Street.

Sisson Brothers and Welden Company, Binghamton, N. Y.; B. F. Welden, laces and trimmings; Hotel Imperial; L. R. Marvin, cloaks, suits, and waists; The Breslin.

Richmond Dry Goods Company, Richmond, Va.; E. B. Sydnor, dry goods; 75 Spring Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Company, Rochester, N. Y.; Miss C. Jamieson, laces; 454 Broome Street.

Montgomery, Ward & Co., Chicago, Ill.; A. M. Hendricks, cloaks and suits; W. H. Garvey, dry goods; 43 Leonard Street.

Stewart Dry Goods Company, Louisville, Ky.; W. D. Thomas, laces and trimmings; 214 Church Street.

Ferguson-McKenney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; H. W. Mendenhall, hosiery and underwear; 350 Broadway; Hotel Pierrepont.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Babcock, shawls and infants' wear; 115 Worth Street.

Levis-Zukoski Mercantile Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. A. Cunningham, millinery and laces; E. Levis, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway.

Adam, Meldrum & Anderson Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. H. Myers, dress goods; Hotel Cadillac.

Brown Brothers, Troy, N. Y.; S. J. Brown, notions; The Hermitage.

Lynch & Kelly, Utica, N. Y.; M. F. Kelly, furnishing goods; Hotel Marlborough.

Weleck, C. F., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; C. F. Welek, notions, linens, and ribbons; 28 East Twenty-second Street; Hotel Grand.

Kahn-Furchgatt Company, Jacksonville, Fla.; L. Furchgatt, furnishing goods, cloaks, suits, and waists; 108 Worth Street.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; L. Freund, domestics; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Fraley, J., & Co., St. Louis, Mo.; J. Fraley, clothing; Hotel Wellington.

Rothschild & Co., Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Livingstone, muslin underwear, infants' wear, and corsets; 215 Fourth Avenue.

Schaper Brothers Merchandise Company, St. Louis, Mo.; W. Schaper, waists and dresses; Mr. Madden, ladies', misses', and children's plush and caracul coats; Buyers' Association, 69 Fifth Avenue.

Carley's, Des Moines, Iowa; Mrs. W. Carley, wash waists, suits, dresses, skirts, and coats; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Mahedy & Fleming, Shawnee, Okla.; J. S. Mahedy, dry goods; Hotel Broztell.

Russ, Eveleth & Ingalls, Boston, Mass.; Miss L. White, muslin underwear; 31 Union Square; Hotel Broztell.

Hirsch Brothers, Niagara Falls, N. Y.; H. S. Hirsch, furnishing goods; Hotel Broztell.

Whitney, T. D., & Company, Boston, Mass.; R. W. Bisbee, white goods; Hotel Victoria.

Myers, John George, Albany, N. Y.; W. Harris, silks; 31 Union Square; Hotel St. Denis.

Edson, Moore & Company, Detroit, Mich.; F. Hughes, domestics; 61 Leonard Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss B. Freiberg, handkerchiefs; 214 Church Street; Hotel Wolcott.

Gladding, B. H., Dry Goods Company, Providence, R. I.; Mrs. E. F. Warner, millinery; The Breslin.

Rich, M., & Brothers, Company, Atlanta, Ga.; C. F. Eisenbach, notions and jewelry; 40 West Twenty-second Street.

Scruggs, Vandervoort & Barney Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; A. G. Hoover, cloaks, suits and waists; 214 Church Street.

Bloch Brothers Clothing Company, St. Louis, Mo.; M. Herzog, cloaks and suits; Hotel Flanders.

SALESMEN.—Middle West and Denver to Coast for a strong line of silk and cloth dresses; can take as side line, if will not conflict; must have established trade; state full particulars. Confidential, N 30 Times.

WANTED—A thoroughly good line of popular price ladies' suits for the South on strictly commission basis; best of references. M 146 Times.

FOR SALE.

TYPEWRITERS RENTED
3 Months for $5
and upwards. Every machine is in fine working order and will be kept so during term of rental. Initial payment allowed to apply if purchased. WE SELL rebuilt machines, guaranteed for one year, at a saving of 50% to 75%. Send for catalogue.
TYPEWRITER EXCHANGE.
10 Barclay St., 7 Doors from B'way. Tel. 6353 Cortlandt. | 345 Broadway, Cor. of Leonard St. Tel. 5408 Franklin.

Horrocks DESKS
Oak Mahogany
All Finishes.
FRANKLIN OFFICE FURNITURE CO., 48 E. 20th St

UNDERWOODS
Remingtons, Smiths, and all other Typewriters sold, $15 to $60. We rent them and allow 6 months' rental to apply if purchased. We take care of them as long as you rent and one year after you buy. TYPEWRITER SALES CO., 5 Cortlandt St., cor. Broadway. Tel. 1983 Cortlandt.

DESKS & OFFICE FURNITURE
NEW AND SLIGHTLY USED.
Budd & Co., 40 E. 20th St.
Telephone 2661 Gramercy.

High-Grade Office Furniture
desks, tables, partitions, telephone booths; new and slightly used, &c.; immense stock to select from. BUDD & CO., 73 Spring St. Tel. Spring 5483.

DESKS Roll and Flat Top. Chairs, Filing Cabinets, Office Partition. HAMBURGER, 33 E. 20th St.

OFFICE PARTITIONS.
Highest grade of workmanship; lowest price. Save money by getting our price before you buy. David Kramer, 43 Broad St. Phone connec'n.

PIANOS AND ORGANS.

$95 ONLY for excellent mahogany upright; prime for country home. STEINWAY, great sacrifice. Looks like new, mahogany upright, modern improvements; fine tone and action; fully guaranteed. $135 New pianos and player pianos rented, privilege purchase; payments; no interest.
BIDDLE PIANO CO., 30 West 32d St.

Guide for Buyers.
One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.88; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS
A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.
EMBROIDERIES AND LACES.
Leumann, Boesch & Weingart, 122 5th Av.
MANICURE SUPPLIES.
Lustr-ite. (Floridine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.
MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings
Hauser & Davis Mfg., 59 East 8th St.
NECKWEAR. Men's.
Berliner, Strauss & Meyer, 733, 735, 737 Broadway.
RUBBER ROOFING AND ROOF PAINT.
The Rubber Roofing Manufacturing Co., 50 Church St.
SPECTACLES, Eyeglasses, Optical Goods.
Spencer Optical Co., 7 Maiden Lane.

MASTER'S SALES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS.—

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; GEORGE J. GOULD, ET ALS., COMPLAINANTS, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANT.

Consolidated Cause No. 2,501.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, COMPLAINANT, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, AND THOMAS J. FREEMAN, AS RECEIVER OF THE INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANTS.

Equity Cause No. 2,514.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of a decree in these causes made and entered on or about the tenth day of May, 1910, foreclosing the mortgage made by the International and Great Northern Railroad Company to The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated June 15th, 1881; and of decrees of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Texas, entered on or about the 25th day of June, 1910; the Eastern District of Texas, entered on or about the 27th day of June, 1910; and the Western District of Texas, entered on or about the 29th day of June, 1910; in the suits in equity in each of said last mentioned Districts pending, wherein The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustee, is complainant, and the International and Great Northern Railroad Company, The Mercantile Trust Company, and Thomas J. Freeman, as Receiver of The International and Great Northern Railroad Company, are defendants, and in accordance with an order dated September 28th, 1910, made and entered in said Consolidated Cause No. 2,501, and in said Equity Cause No. 2,514; I, WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN, the Master Commissioner in and by said decrees appointed for the purpose, will, on Tuesday, the sixteenth day of May, 1911, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the passenger depot of the International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the City of Palestine, in the County of Anderson, in the State of Texas, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, and as an entirety, and without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension, and with all muniments of title thereto and evidences of ownership thereof, the following property, premises, and franchises described in the said decrees, as follows:

"ALL and singular the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of the defendant International and Great Northern Railroad Company, whether owned at the date of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on the 15th day of June, 1881, or thereafter acquired by it, including its lines of railroad in the State of Texas, extending from the town of Longview, in the County of Gregg, in said State, through said County, and through the Counties of Rusk, Smith, Cherokee, Anderson, Leon, Robertson, Milam, Williamson, Travis, Hays, Comal, Bexar, Medina, Frio, La Salle, Encinal, and Webb, to Laredo in said last-mentioned County; and from the town of Mineola in Wood County to Troupe in Smith County; and from the City of Palestine in Anderson County, through the Counties of Houston, Trinity, Walker, and Montgomery, to Houston in Harris County; and from the town of Spring in Harris County, through the Counties of Montgomery, Waller, Grimes, Brazos, Robertson, Falls, McLennan, Limestone, Hill, Navarro, Ellis, and Johnson, to the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant County; with branches and branch lines from the town of Overton to the town of Henderson, in Rusk County, from the town of Round Rock to Georgetown in Williamson County, from the town of Phelps to the town of Huntsville in Walker County, from the City of Houston in Harris County to the town of Colombia in Brazoria County, from Navasota in Grimes County to Madisonville in Madison County, from Calvert Junction to Calvert, and from Waco Junction to East Waco; also, the railway and railway tracks and property appurtenant thereto, and certain tracts of land in and adjacent to the City of Houston in Harris County, State of Texas, known as the Houston Belt Terminals; a total distance of about eleven hundred and six miles of completed railroad, all in the State of Texas; also the trackage rights of the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company from Houston in Harris County to Galveston in Galveston County, in said State of Texas, over the railroad of the Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company, of 1882, accorded to it by an agreement between said last-named railroad company and said International and Great Northern Railroad Company, dated November 19th, 1895; also, all and singular the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company's railroads, tracks, rights of way, main lines, branch lines, superstructures, depots, depot-grounds, station houses, engine houses, car houses, freight houses, wood houses, sheds, watering places, workshops, machine shops, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, and fixtures, together with all its leases, leasehold-interests, leased or hired lands, leased or hired railroads, and all its locomotives, tenders, cars, carriages, coaches, trucks, and other rolling stock; its machinery, tools, weighing scales, turn tables, rails, wood, coal, oil, fuel, equipment, furniture, and material of every name, nature, and description, together with all its corporate rights, privileges, immunities, and franchises, whether held at the time of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or thereafter acquired (including the franchise to be a corporation), and all the tolls, fares, freights, rents, income, issues, and profits thereof, and all the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders thereof, as well as all property purchased or held by the Receiver herein, including any balance of cash, credits, and income which may remain in his hands after application thereof, as herein provided or as has been or may hereafter be directed by the Court herein, to the payment of receivership obligations and charges and to the payment of claims which may be allowed by the Court herein against the same with priority over said Second Mortgage dated June 15th, 1881; excepting, however, all land grants, lands, land certificates, town lots, and town sites, owned or controlled by the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company at the date of the execution of said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or at any time prior to said date, which were not, on the first day of November, 1879, or thereafter up to the said 15th day of June, 1881, actually occupied and in use by the said Railroad Company and necessary to the occupation and maintenance of its lines of railroad; and excepting, further, any portions of said premises and property which may have been released from the lien and operation of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, and the releases for which have been duly filed for record in the proper county."

The said premises and property will be sold subject to the mortgage dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage, and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court has, since the entry of said decree herein, ordered or decreed, or which it may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the Receiver herein under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein; and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein; or out of the proceeds of the said sale as in said decree directed; and certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely: The San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, will be sold respectively subject to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens, specifically and respectively affecting the same.

The Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any person until such person shall have deposited with him the sum of $100,000. Such deposit will be returned in case the depositor's bid be not accepted; but if his bid be accepted, then such deposit will be held by the Master Commissioner on account of the purchase price.

The purchaser, when the property is struck down to him, shall at once pay the Master Commissioner on account of his purchase a sufficient sum to make up with his deposit ten per centum of his accepted bid. The deposit required before bidding shall be paid in United States currency or in such certified draft, certificate or cheque as may be satisfactory to the Master Commissioner, or in a certificate of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company duly made payable to the order of said Master Commissioner. Said further payment shall be made either as aforesaid, or in the bonds and coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, taken at a valuation equal to the amount said bonds and coupons would be entitled to receive in cash out of the amount bid for the said property. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, such certificate being by him tranferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons. Should such further payment not be made, the property will be forthwith resold, without further advertisement, the Court reserving the right to consider such resale made on account of said successful bidder or as an original sale; and in case of such resale, the deposit received from the said successful bidder will be applied on account of the purchase price. Such further portions of the purchase price shall be paid in money as the Court may from time to time direct, the Court reserving the right to resell the premises and property herein directed to be sold upon the failure of the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors or assigns, to comply with any order of the Court in that regard, and in case of any such resale or the failure of the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their assigns, to comply with the terms of the bid or the orders of the Court relative to such additional payments, the said money, bonds and coupons so paid in as aforesaid shall be forfeited as liquidated damages and shall be applied toward the expenses of any resale ordered, or toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property at such resale shall bring less than at the prior sale. The balance of the purchase price may be paid either in money or in bonds or overdue coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, each said bond and coupon being received for such sum as the holder thereof would be entitled to receive under the distribution herein ordered and according to the priority herein adjudged. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, said certificate being by him transferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons.

Within thirty days from the confirmation of said sale or such further time as the Court may allow on application of the purchaser for good cause shown, the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, shall complete payment of the entire amount bid to the Master Commissioner; and on such payment the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, will be entitled to receive a deed of conveyance and bill of sale of the property purchased from the Master Commissioner, and from the other parties to this cause as in said decree herein provided, and to receive possession of the property so purchased from the parties holding possession of the same, subject, however, to the said mortgage, dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as Trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage; and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court, since the entry of the said decree herein has ordered or decreed, or may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the receiver herein, under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein, and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein, or out of the proceeds of said sale, as in said decree directed, and subject also, as to certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely, the San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens specifically and respectively affecting the same. And the Court reserves jurisdiction over said property, notwithstanding such deed or deeds or delivery of possession, for the purpose of enforcing such payment.

For a more detailed statement of the terms and conditions under which said sale will be made, reference is hereby made to the said decrees and each and every one of them on file with the Clerks of the several Courts hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated Dallas, Texas, April 17th, 1911.

WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN,
Master Commissioner.

GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN,
BAKER, BOTTS, PARKER & GARWOOD,
Solicitors for Complainant,
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

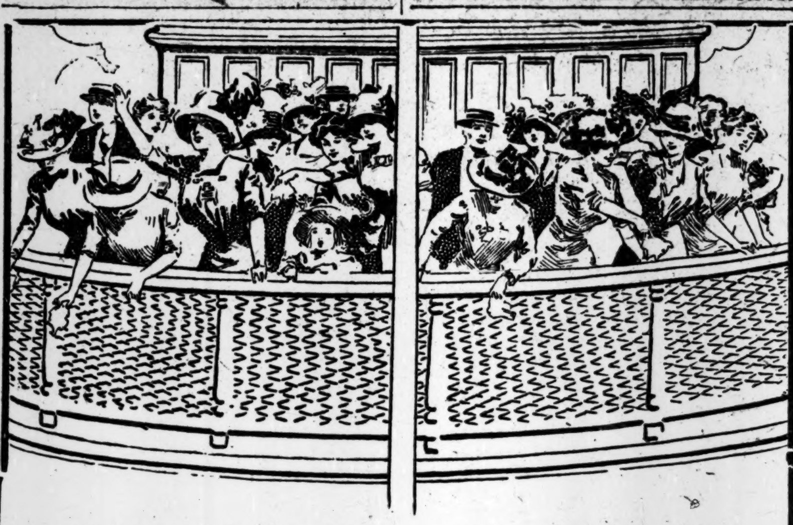
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an order has been duly entered by the Court adjourning the sale noticed in the foregoing advertisement to take place on the sixteenth day of May, 1911, to the thirteenth day of June, 1911, and that said sale will take place upon the terms and conditions stated in the said advertisement, on the said thirteenth day of June, 1911, at twelve o'clock noon, at the passenger depot of the International and Great Northern Railroad Company, in the City of Palestine, County of Anderson, in the State of Texas.

Dated May 15th, 1911.

WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN,
Master Commissioner.

GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN,
BAKER, BOTTS, PARKER & GARWOOD,
Solicitors for Complainant,
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.



FIRST TRIP UP THE HUDSON

The magnificent steamers Hendrick Hudson, Robert Fulton and Albany will resume service, daily except Sunday, between New York and Albany, making usual intermediate landings.

SEASON OPENS FRIDAY, MAY 19TH

First trip from New York Friday, May 19, and from Albany Saturday, May 20. The perfect way to see the perfect Hudson—150 miles of the most charming inland water scenery on the American continent.

HUDSON RIVER BY DAYLIGHT

The comfort of a floating hotel on the finest and fastest river steamers in the World. Spacious promenade decks and Dining Room—Music.

Leave Desbrosses St. 8:40 A. M., W. 42nd St. 9 A. M., W. 129th St. 9:20 A. M., landing at Yonkers, West Point, Newburgh, Poughkeepsie, Kingston Point, Catskill, Hudson and Albany. Easy connections North, East and West.

Steamer Mary Powell, between Kingston and New York, begins Monday, May 22nd.

Hudson River Day Line
Desbrosses Street Pier, New York.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day 5:30 P.M. from Pier 19, E. River.
New Management. Improved Service.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

"THE PUBLIC BE PLEASED."
BOSTON
COLONIAL LINE
VIA BOAT AND RAIL $2.90 ALL OUTSIDE ROOMS
Providence Direct............$2.00
Fall River (boat and rail)..$2.25
Worcester (Boat and rail)..$2.90
PALATIAL SCREW STEAMERS.
WEEK DAYS & SUNDAYS AT 5.30 P. M.
FROM PIER 39, NORTH RIVER,
Foot West Houston St.
"THE ONLY INDEPENDENT LINE BETWEEN NEW YORK AND NEW ENGLAND."
Finest Cuisine and Service.
Boats Equipped with Wireless Telegraphy.
'Phones 9491 and 9492 Spring.

BOSTON AND POINTS IN NEW ENGLAND
FALL RIVER LINE Via Newport and Fall River. Lv. Pier 19, N. R., foot Warren St., week days and Sundays, 5:30 P. M. Steamers COMMONWEALTH and PRISCILLA. Orchestra on each.
NORWICH LINE Via New London. Lv. Pier 40, N. R., foot Clarkson St., week days 5:00 P. M.; Pier 70, E. R., foot E. 22d St., 6:30 P. M. Strs. CHESTER W. CHAPIN and CITY OF LOWELL.
NEW HAVEN LINE For New Haven, Hartford, Springfield and North, week days only, leave Pier 28, E. R., 2:45 P. M.; foot East 22d St., 3:00 P. M. Str. RICHARD PECK.
BRIDGEPORT LINE Week days only, leave Pier 27, E. R. Steamer NAUGATUCK, 11:00 A. M.; Steamer BRIDGEPORT, 3:00 P. M., foot East 22d St., 3:30 P. M.
Tickets, staterooms, and information at City Ticket Office, 171 Broadway, near Cortlandt St. Telephone 5121 Cortlandt. Also at N. Y. Transfer and Tourist Offices and at Piers.
NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO.

$1 MANHATTAN LINE TO ALBANY
Round trip $1.50; good 10 days. Horses and automobiles at reasonable rates. Steamers lve. ft. W. Houston St. 5:30 PM. daily. Phone 9226 Spring

CATSKILL Evening Lines Steamers from pier 43, N. R., ft. Christopher St., at 6:30 P. M., for Catskill-Hudson, Coxsackie and intermediate landings. Passenger Service Mon., Wed. & Fri.—Freight Service daily.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

Sight-Seeing Yachts
Halcyon and Observation every day from Battery Pier, near South Ferry; at 10:30 A. M. and 2:30 P. M.

FOREIGN HOTELS AND RESORTS.

Germany.
GERMANY'S BEST HOTELS.
The Atlantic Kaiserhof, in Berlin, and the Atlantic Hotel in Hamburg. Write Town and Country, 389 5th Av., N. Y., for booklets.

Hotels and Restaurants.

WHERE TO DINE.
Travelers' Co., 20 West 34th St. Tel. 2472 Murray.

LÜCHOW'S
106 to 112 East 14th St. Tel., 1480—Stuyvesant.
FAMOUS GERMAN RESTAURANT.
A LA CARTE. TABLE D'HOTE.
Music by THE VIENNA ARTIST ORCHESTRA.
WURZBURGER HOFBRAU.
Pilsener Genossenschafts-Brauerei.
GRAND PRIX—Brussels Exposition, 1910.

CAVANAGH'S RESTAURANT, GRILL, & BANQUET ROOMS. MUSIC.
258-260 W. 23d St.
SHELLFISH, STEAKS, AND CHOPS A SPECIALTY.

Little Hungary 257 E. Houston. Tdh., with wine. Hungarian Music and Singers Every Evening.

REISENWEBER'S, 58th Street & Columbus Circle.
DINE IN THE OPEN AIR GARDEN
A FROG DINNER $1.25
A dainty dinner for warm weather that will please the palate and satisfy appetite.
Steamed Soft Clams, Southern style, or Crab Flake Cocktail.
Frogs' legs, meaty and crisp.
Dixie Biscuits.
Chicken, brown, juicy, tender.
Waffles, old Southern mammy style.
THAT SCAND'LESS QUARTETTE
most entertaining negro singers in town.
BRIGHTON BEACH CASINO
Ocean Parkway, Coney Island.
OPEN ALL YEAR.
SHORE DINNERS. PRIVATE ROOMS

Herald Square Hotel 34th St., just west of B'way. A la carte.

Port Arthur Chinese Restaurant. Alc., Tdh. 7 & 9 Mott St. See Eve. Telegram.

51-3-5 W. 35 St. Best Din., w. w., 65c. MORETTI Tel. 614 Murray. Lunch, w. w., 40c.

STAUCH'S CONEY ISLAND. High-class Rest. Open all yr. Alc. Music.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES
ALL OUR STEAMERS HAVE WIRELESS TELEGRAPH AND SUBMARINE SIGNALS
NEARBY SAILINGS: ENGLAND, IRELAND, THE CONTINENT
Adriatic, May 17, 3:00 P.M. | Lapland, May 20, 10:00 A.M.
St. Louis, May 20, 9:30 A.M. | Arabic, May 20, 11:00 A.M.
Minnetonka, May 20, 10:30 A.M. | Canopic, May 20, 3:00 P.M.
*The World's Largest and Finest Steamer, New S. S. OLYMPIC, (45,000 TONS) Sails June 28

American Pier 62, N. R., 9:30 A. M.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
St. Paul...May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
New York.June 3; July 1; July 29; Aug. 26
Philadel'a.June 10; July 8; Aug. 5; Sept. 2

Atlantic Transport
New York—London Direct. Pier 58, N. R.
Minnetonka.May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Minnehaha.May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
Minnewaska.June 3; July 1; July 29; Aug. 26
Minneapolis.June 10; July 8; Aug. 5; Sept. 2

Red Star Pier 59, N. R., 10 A. M.
London, Paris via Dover—Antwerp
Lapland...May 20; June 17; July 15; Aug. 12
Vaderland..May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 19
Finland....June 3; July 1; July 29; Aug. 26
Kroonland.June 10; July 8; Aug. 5; Sept. 2
Our Travelers' Checks Good Everywhere.

White Star Piers 60 & 61, N. R.
Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
MAMMOTH STEAMER
"Adriatic," May 17.
LONDON—PARIS—CONTINENT
Some excellent accommodations now available.
★OLYMPIC (New)........June 28; July 26
Adriatic...May 17; June 12; July 12........
Oceanic....May 24; June 21; July 19; Aug. 12
Majestic...June 7; July 5; Aug. 2; Aug. 26
New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Arabic.....May 20; June 17; July 15.........
Cedric.....May 27; June 24; July 22; Aug. 17
Baltic......June 3; July 1; July 29; Aug. 24
Celtic......June 10; July 8; Aug. 5; Aug. 31

Montreal—Quebec—Liverpool
Largest Steamers St. Lawrence Route.
New York & Boston
To the MEDITERRANEAN
Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
Canopic....May 20, 3 P. M. | Cretic....June 24
Romanic..June 10, 10 A. M. | Canopic...July 1
PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY, (TEL. 2100 RECTOR,) AND PIER 62, N. R., (WEST 23D ST.,) N. Y.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN
MEDITERRANEAN SERVICE.
Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa.
S. S. HAMBURG (10,500 TONS)
SAILS MAY 24, 2 P. M.
S. S. PENNSYLVANIA,
SAILS MAY 27, 9 A. M.
To HAMBURG via BOULOGNE.
She carries only second class in cabin. $55 and up.

CRUISES DE LUXE
CRUISING
'Round the World
On An Ocean Liner
Two Grand Cruises by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND, (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.
$650 and up. | including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore. | 110 Days Duration

REGULAR SERVICES
LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG
*PRESIDENT LINCOLN.May 17, 11 A. M.
†KAIS. AUG. VICTORIA..May 25, 9 A. M.
¶§PENNSYLVANIA.......May 27, 9 A. M.
CLEVELAND...........June 1, 10 A. M.
†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. §Will call at Boulogne. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg. ¶Second cabin only.
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Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa
S. S. HAMBURG........May 24, 2 P. M.
S. S. MOLTKE................June 3
‡S. S. BATAVIA...............June 21
‡Will NOT call at Algiers.
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MAURETANIA May 24, 9 A. M. | LUSITANIA May 31, 9 A. M.
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Pannonia June 1 July 20 Sept 7
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EXPRESS STEAMERS SAIL TUESDAYS, 10 A. M.
Kaiser Wilhelm II - - - - MAY 16
Prinz Friedrich Wilhelm - - MAY 18
Kaiser Wm. der Grosse - - MAY 23
Kronprinzessin Cecilie - - MAY 30
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*La Savoie....May 25 | *La Savoie....June 15
*La Lorraine..June 1 | *La Lorraine..June 22
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Columbia...May 20, noon | Furnessia...June 3, 1 PM
Caledonia...May 27, 9 AM | California..June 10, 9 AM
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Frank C. Clark : Times Building, New York

Shipping and Mails.

Miniature Almanac for To-day.

Sun rises..4:44 | Sun sets..7:00 | Moon rises..9:56

THE TIDES.

	High Water. A.M.	High Water. P.M.	Low Water. A.M.	Low Water. P.M.
Sandy Hook	9:02	9:07	3:00	2:47
Governors Island	9:28	9:32	3:45	3:27
Hell Gate	11:18	11:22	5:25	5:07

Arrived—Sunday, May 14.

SS Columbia, Glasgow, May 6.
SS Touraine, Havre, May 6.
SS Lapland, Antwerp, May 6.
SS Arabic, Liverpool, May 6.
SS Rotterdam, Rotterdam, May 6.
SS Idaho, Hull, April 22.
SS Arsterturn, Colombo, April 6.
SS Aurora, Curacao, May 5.
SS Cherokee, Turks Island, May 10.
SS Korona, St. Thomas, May 9.
SS Beta, Cienfuegos, May 5.
SS Vigilancia, Nassau, May 11.
SS Manzanillo, Manzanillo, May 7.
SS Oklahoma, Port Arthur, May 6.
SS City of Atlanta, Savannah, May 11.
SS Huron, Jacksonville, May 11.
SS American, Philadelphia, May 13.
SS Hamilton, Norfolk, May 13.
SS Everett, Boston, May 13.
SS Colon, Philadelphia, May 13.
SS Delaware, Philadelphia, May 13.

Outgoing Steamships.

	Mails Close.	Vessels Sail.
SAIL TO-DAY.		
Algonquin, Brunswick	—	3:00 P.M.
SAIL TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm II., Bremen	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Ikala, Montevideo	1:00 P.M.	3:00 P.M.
Tuscantius, Pernambuco	12:00 M.	3:00 P.M.
Noordam, Rotterdam	—	10:00 A.M.
Ince Bank, Pernambuco	11:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Florida, Naples	—	11:00 A.M.
City of Atlanta, Savannah	—	3:00 P.M.
Mohawk, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
El Valle, Galveston	—	12:00 M.
SAIL WEDNESDAY.		
Campania, Liverpool	6:30 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Adriatic, Southampton	11:30 A.M.	3:00 P.M.
Argentina, Azores	10:00 A.M.	1:00 P.M.
Bermudian, Bermuda	8:00 A.M.	10:00 A.M.
Zulia, La Guayra	8:30 A.M.	12:00 M.
President Lincoln, Hamburg	—	11:00 A.M.
San Marcos, Galveston	—	1:00 P.M.
Huron, Jacksonville	—	1:00 P.M.
Yumuri, Santiago	—	12:00 M.
Antilles, New Orleans	—	12:00 M.

Supplementary mails are open on the piers of the American, English, German, and French transatlantic lines until within ten minutes of the hour of sailing.

Incoming Steamships.

DUE TO-DAY.		
Elise Marie	Hamburg	Apr. 26
Comeric	Algiers	Apr. 29
Prinz Friedrik Hendrik	Haiti	May 8
Windber	Porto Rico	May 8
D. N. Luckenbach	Galveston	May 6
Santiago	Tampico	May 6
Ancon	Colon	May 8
Carolina	San Juan	May 10
Creole	New Orleans	May 10
El Occidente	Galveston	May 9
DUE TO-MORROW.		
Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse	Bremen	May 9
United States	Christiansand	May 6
Carmania	Liverpool	May 9
Barbarossa	Bremen	May 6
Uranium	Rotterdam	May 4
Basil	Para	May 3
Eastern Prince	Trinidad	May 8
Seguranca	Havana	May 12
Rio de Janeiro	Para	May 5
Saratoga	Havana	May 13
Brazos	Galveston	May 10
Niagara	Havre	May 6

By Marconi Wireless.

SS United States, incoming from Copenhagen, was reported 765 miles east of Sandy Hook at 3:35 A. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, Tuesday morning.

SS Finland, outgoing for Antwerp, was reported 150 miles southwest of Brow Head at 4:17 A. M. yesterday.

SS Lusitania, outgoing, was reported 523 miles west of Fastnet at 1 P. M. yesterday; due at Fishguard about 4:30 P. M. to-day.

By United Wireless.

SS Roosevelt, Knight's Key, was 99 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 14th.

SS Seguranca, Havana, was 165 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 14th.

SS Bermudian, Bermuda, was 198 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 8 P. M., 14th.

SS Rio Grande, Brunswick, was 99 m. N. of Brunswick at noon, 14th.

SS City of St. Louis, Savannah, was 371 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 14th.

SS Apache, Jacksonville, was 355 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at 7 P. M., 14th.

SS Carolina, San Juan, was 173 m. S. of Scotland Lightship at noon, 14th.

Foreign Ports.

Arrived.

SS New York, at Southampton, May 14.
SS Baltic, at Liverpool, May 14.
SS Caronia, at Liverpool, May 14.

Sailed.

SS Mauretania, from Queenstown, May 14.
SS Pannonia, from Gibraltar, May 14.
SS Cedric, from Queenstown, May 14.

Transpacific Mails.

Destination and Steamer.	Mails Close in New York.	
Japan, Korea, China (via Seattle)—Sado Maru	May 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via San Francisco)—Sierra	May 15	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii (via Seattle)—Hilonian	May 15	6:30 P.M.
Tahiti, Marquesas (via San Francisco)—Mariposa	May 16	6:30 P.M.
Hawaii, Japan, Korea, China, Philippines (via San Francisco)—Chyo Maru	May 19	6:30 P.M.
Samoan Islands, New Zealand, Australia (via San Francisco)—Boveric	May 21	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China (via Tacoma)—Chicago Maru	May 22	6:30 P.M.
Japan, Korea, China (via Seattle)—Oteric	May 25	6:30 P.M.

(For Latest Shipping See Page 1.)

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—An extensive area of low barometric pressure central over Utah and Colorado is causing unsettled weather, with local rains in the plain States, the Upper Mississippi Valley, and the Rocky Mountain and plateau regions. A new disturbance which is developing off the east coast of Florida has caused scattered showers in the South Atlantic States; elsewhere throughout the country weather remained fair. In the Middle Atlantic and New England States and the Middle Gulf States the weather will be generally warm Monday and Tuesday, but with increasing cloudiness Tuesday.

Temperatures will rise somewhat Monday in the North Atlantic States, and will fall Monday and Tuesday in the north plains States. Temperature changes elsewhere will be unimportant.

Storm warnings are displayed on the Atlantic Coast from Jacksonville to Cape Hatteras.

The winds along the New England Coast will be light to moderate, variable; Middle Atlantic Coast, moderate variable, mostly east and southeast; South Atlantic Coast, brisk and probably high northeast, except moderate north on South Florida Coast.

Steamers departing Monday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds, and generally fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY AND TUESDAY.

New England and Eastern New York—Fair and slightly warmer Monday; Tuesday, increasing cloudiness, light to moderate, variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania and New Jersey—Fair Monday; Tuesday unsettled, light to moderate winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	52	58	4 P. M.	55	60
6 A. M.	48	57	6 P. M.	57	58
9 A. M.	53	62	9 P. M.	52	55
12 M.	56	66	11 P. M.	56	55

This thermometer is 108 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 62; for the corresponding date last year it was 52; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 59.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 60; at 8 P. M. it was 56. Maximum temperature, 68 degrees at 1 P. M., minimum 55 degrees at 9 P. M. Humidity 47 per cent. at 8 A. M., 39 per cent. at 8 P. M.

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Have you consulted with a reliable firm of Bankers as to the possibility of increasing the income of your present investments with safety?
This is one of the periods when investments can be made with security to yield an income of between
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The amount of funds available does not prevent the possibility of making an investment, as securities are available for all amounts from $100 upwards.
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THE FINANCIAL SITUATION.

The investment demand for long-term securities slackened last week and the stock market drifted into extreme dullness, and, except on one day, its movement was narrow and irregular, with a generally reactionary tendency. Cumulative evidence of the present quiet in trade was supplied in such items of information as the decrease in unfilled steel orders and the continued and increased decline in railroad earnings. These unfavorable elements in the week's developments were tempered by the satisfactory crop report, and, on the other hand, were accentuated, so far as their direct bearing on the securities market was concerned, by the fact that again to-day the financial community faces the possibility of decisions by the Supreme Court in the American Tobacco and Standard Oil cases. To-day and May 29 are the only two remaining "decision days" of the present term of the Supreme Court, and unless rendered on one or the other of these days these decisions to which so much importance is attached by the business and financial communities will go over until next Fall. The latter is a possibility which is being considered, although it is hoped that such continuance for a number of months more of the restrictive influence of these impending decisions may be avoided. It is greatly desired that these decisions should serve the purpose of marking more clearly the course which the corporations of the country can follow legally in the pursuit of their business, and a further long delay in clearing up the uncertainty which has so long existed regarding these two important cases could hardly fail to have a discouraging effect upon the business community. Even if trade and finance, assured of a respite of a number of months from the possibility of the rendering of these decisions, should go on their normal way the postponement of the decisions until the Fall would necessarily mean a renewal then of the feeling of uncertainty which is now being caused by the waiting on the decisions in these cases.

Trading on the Stock Exchange, but meagrely reflected the influence of such factors as the crop report, the steel trade showing, and other such matters. Confined almost exclusively as it was to the same sort of professional dealings which have long dominated the business on the floor of the Exchange, the week's record in stocks was devoid of interesting incidents, except for a fairly sharp advance in a few leading issues which occurred on Thursday, only to be followed by reaction on the two remaining days of the week. More important than the generally narrow fluctuations in stocks was the lessened trading in bonds, particularly in long-term securities, which offered a striking contrast to the larger degree of activity which long-term securities had shown in the previous week and fortnight. This decrease in bond market activity hardly reflected a change in sentiment regarding the investment outlook, but rather represented, it would seem, a lull due to the fact that momentarily the bulk of the investment demand had been filled. Indeed, the bond market, though less active, continued generally firm, and a fair number of issues made new high prices for the year. It again became true, however, that the keenest demand from investors was for short-term securities, and several note issues offered to investors during the week were very quickly taken. One reason for the reduction in the volume of transactions in long-term investments was lessened buying of these issues by out-of-town institutions which had been investing in them to some extent, after having long confined themselves very largely to short-term investments. An incident of this out-of-town buying was a drawing down of New York balances by interior institutions, with resultant decreases in deposits and enlarged surplus reserve at this centre.

By far the most important of the matters which the financial community had to consider last week among current incidents was the May crop report of the Department of Agriculture giving the condition of Winter wheat on May 1. The hope of improvement during April was fully borne out by the report which showed a condition of 86.1 on May 1, compared with 83.3 on April 1. This improvement brought the condition of Winter wheat above the ten-year average for this date, and would unquestionably have indicated a record crop of Winter wheat were it not that the Winter-killed acreage was considerably larger than had been expected. In place of only 2,000,000 acres abandoned during the Winter, the department's estimates as of May 1 showed a reduction of 3,118,000 acres, reducing the area remaining to be harvested to 31,367,000 acres. This unexpectedly large Winter-killed acreage is regrettable, but offsetting it against the improvement in condition the promise on May 1 was only slightly under the April 1 expectations. As matters now stand the indicated yield of Winter wheat is 489,000,000 bushels, according to the newer system of crop estimating, which makes allowances for average deterioration from the date of the current report until the time of harvest. This indicated yield is less than 4,000,000 bushels under the 1906 crop of Winter wheat, which was the largest ever harvested. The older method of figuring, now again employed by the Produce Exchange, put the indicated yield on last week's report at 508,000,000 bushels. Granting the accuracy of the Government's estimate of condition and acreage, the final yield of Winter wheat will be above or below 489,000,000 bushels, according as the deterioration between May 1 and harvest is greater or less than the average for the past five years. In none of these five years did the condition between May and the final report show improvement, but in the preceding five years there were two in which the July condition figure was higher than the figure reported on May 1. There is warrant, therefore, for expecting a yield of Winter wheat practically equal to the largest ever harvested. The condition of rye on May 1, reported by the Government at 90, was also slightly above the ten-year average. The grain markets rose sharply during the second half of the week, but higher prices abroad and unfavorable reports from some of the European wheat growing districts were at least equally influential with conditions at home, directly bearing on our own crops in bringing about this advance.

At the close of the week the commercial agencies reported some increase in retail activity as well as a somewhat more cheerful tone among shippers largely as a result of more seasonable weather, but this was the only suggestion of increased business activity which was supplied by last week's incidents. So far as the general trade movement is concerned such figures as the Steel Corporation's unfilled orders, the month's report of copper production, and the increasing reduction in railroad gross earnings leave no doubt of the continuance of decidedly quiet conditions in business. At the close of April the United States Steel Corporation had on its books unfilled orders amounting to 3,218,704 tons, a decrease of about 228,000 tons during the month. This was the first statement since that issued in January last to show a decrease in unfilled orders. Since then there have been three successive monthly increases aggregating 770,000 tons. At the figure reported for April 30 the unfilled orders were still 540,000 tons above Dec. 31 last, when the unfilled tonnage was 2,674,757, the lowest figure ever reported by the Steel Corporation. Despite this showing, some lines in the steel trade display greater than average activity, this being notably true of structural steel, and beyond this the hope is entertained that railroad orders will shortly add more than their recent quota to the orders on the books of the steel manufacturers. At the same time all the information available makes it necessary to anticipate somewhat lean steel earnings for the current period. The copper producers' figures showed decreases both in the production and in the deliveries of copper compared with the previous month, but the stocks on hand at the close of April were larger by 3,500,000 pounds than on March 31. The decreased production reported reflected curtailment in activity at the mines, although this is only inaccurately indicated in the copper producers' figures, which cover the current output of the refineries rather than the output of the mines. The April production was larger than the February or January output, but with the exceptions of those months was the smallest reported since April a year ago. Another significant feature of the present business situation is the reduction being reported in the gross earnings of the railroads. Returns covering a very considerable mileage show for the month of April, as compared with the same month last year, a reduction of over 4 per cent. In connection with this showing, however, it is worth remembering that despite this decline the showing of the roads presenting this record is about as good as in 1907 when railroad earnings reached figures which seem large by comparison with any earnings other than those for the two years of business expansion following the depression which came as a sequel to the 1907 panic.

THE MARKETS OF EUROPE.

LONDON EXCHANGE INACTIVE.

American Securities, However, Show Spasmodic Energy.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, May 14.—Settlement was the chief concern of the Stock Exchange most of the week, the markets generally presenting few features of interest.

American securities showed spasmodic energy, but no more support was forthcoming here than in Wall Street. Easy money conditions continued, with rates occasionally hardening, as on Friday, in consequence of a large call.

IN THE BERLIN MARKET.

Mexican and Moroccan Situation Reflected in Stock Trading.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

BERLIN, May 14.—Political misgivings regarding Mexico and Morocco exercised a depressing influence on the Boerse early last week, but the tendency improved toward the close as the result of speculative covering operations at low prices.

Caandian Pacifics, which have come to be prime speculative favorites in the German market, attracted renewed attention, due to rumors of their impending introduction in the French market. Domestic steel and iron were firm despite continued unfavorable American reports. Money was easy during the week.

TRADING DULL IN PARIS.

Russian Securities the Only Ones to Show Unusual Activity.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, May 14.—Neither the uncertainty of the court decisions in the trust cases nor Moroccan news had much effect on the Bourse last week. The general aspect remained much the same, the market being rather dull, with the exception of Russian securities, which practically monopolized attention. Mexican securities were uncertain, although well sustained.

Copper closed firm after several fluctuations. On the whole, favorable conditions are predicted for Monday, settlement day.

SOME RAIL BUYING IN STEEL MARKET

Railroads Put In Orders for Tracks and for Steel Cars.

TRADE IS ENCOURAGED

But This Business Is Apparently Sporadic, and Little Hope Is Held of Its Continuance.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, May 14.—Steelmakers are encouraged by railroad ordering. The record in equipment for last week was 3,200 freight and passenger cars and 80 locomotives. Probabilities are that the steel car plants of the country will have to increase their running capacity slightly immediately after June 1. Total rail orders for April and May will reach close to 250,000 tons, with the pending orders from one or two roads. This and a similar rise in tonnage booked in structural material by reason of a number of large lettings closed in the East and at Chicago, were the bright spots in a very dull week.

The rail buying and car orders are looked on as a spasmodic feature. The railroads are not in position to buy liberally, and their disposition continues to be to hold back on orders for everything except immediate requirements. The tonnage total on this business, however, will help make a better showing in unfilled tonnage by the Steel Corporation for May than was shown for April, most of this business having been captured by the Steel Corporation.

Other large lettings are coming in this district in structural lines within the next fortnight. One of the largest of these is the Crucible Steel Company's extensions at its Midland (Penn.) plant, just out of Pittsburg, which, according to the plans now practically completed, will call for rush orders on 15,000 tons of steel, and the Ohio River bridge at Pittsburg, which will take in the neighborhood of 9,000 tons. The Crucible and other high-grade steel producers continue to run their plants at almost maximum capacity, notwithstanding the dullness in other lines.

One of the surprises of the advancing season is the continued slack demand in the merchant bar and bar iron trades, which were expected to make a better showing with the advent of warm weather. There has been a slight increase in the call for reinforcing bars for concrete work, but the railroads are far from up to their normal gait in their demand for bar iron, and the larger agricultural implement companies have not submitted their estimates on their requirements for the twelve months beginning July 1 next. The merchant bar trade is one of the few branches of the finished steel industry which is showing an accumulation of stocks. All other finished lines have been kept within the limits of consumption very strictly. In tin plate and sheets, especially, mills have been partly closed as soon as output showed itself in excess of actual specifications for shipment. When the revival in steel comes there will be no stocks to absorb before the rate of operation is increased.

The finished steel situation is further complicated by the possibility of labor troubles at the close of June, when the year's scales in the mills dominated by the unions expire. The Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel, and Tin Workers, which was in session at Canton, Ohio, last week, agreed to ask for the affirmation of the bar iron scales for another year, but is still unable to agree on the steel scales. Meantime some of the independent manufacturers have been considering the advisability of announcing slight wage reductions with the beginning of the new scale year. This will precipitate an ugly dispute, for the men are not disposed to submit to any reduction in the present wage. This situatiton will not affect the Steel Corporation mills, all of which are run non-union.

Some of the independent sheet mills are down to 50 per cent. of normal capacity. Notwithstanding which, prices are upheld much more consistently than was predicted a month ago. The Steel Corporation has been preaching the doctrine that the trouble with steel was not in the price, but in the inability of the country to absorb tonnage at the present juncture, and some of the reckless shading on finished product has stopped.

Additions to the crude steel capacity of this section before the close of May may make the situation in that line somewhat unwieldy. The Republic Iron and Steel Company's modern plant at Lansingville, Ohio, just completed, will start a part of its open-hearth steel furnaces the coming week. The Jones & Laughlin Steel Company, another strong independent, has the open-hearth department at its new plant at Aliquippa, Penn., just out of Pittsburg, ready to start, though no time has been set for the inauguration of operations. With these two new plants running even part time, there will be more output of crude steel in this district than the present demand would be able to take care of. Billets and crude bars are firmer this week, at the $23 base, than they were last, but buyers are avoiding forward contracts where possible until it is seen how the changed situation works out. Early last Spring, when the steel industry in Pittsburg territory was running at top speed, the billet producers still had sufficient capacity to enable them to ship to Chicago, which was experiencing a billet shortage at that time. Chicago has since reinforced her crude steel capacity, and there is no likelihood of further demand on Pittsburg district from that source.

Two sales of basic pig iron were made during the week on a new low basis, $13.25, Valley furnace. This is 50 cents lower than the April price on basic. The transactions at the new price totaled close to 10,000 tons of the one grade. Of this, 3,000 tons were bought by an independent sheet-steel interest at Canton, Ohio, the United Steel Company. The price, for deliveries through the third quarter, was $14, delivered Canton, which represents a shade less than $13.25, Valleys. The iron, however, came from a Cleveland furnace. Late in the week another sale of 5,000 tons was reported to the American Steel Foundries Company form Valley furnaces, for prompt delivery at Alliance, Ohio, at $13.75, delivered. This netted the Valley seller a little less than $13.25, at furnace. This price is better than the minimum reached in the decline last Summer and Fall, basic iron having sold in October of last year at $13, Valley furnace, for prompt deliveries.

The reduction in Lake Superior ore prices undoubtedly had something to do with this price decline. Buyers, ever since the reduction of 50 cents a ton on Lake ores was announced, have been hammering the market, having selected basic iron as the best grade on which to force a reduction, on account of the accumulated stocks, which threaten to come on the market without warning.

Other lines of pig iron were held at previously quoted prices—$15 at furnace for Bessemer; $13.65, furnace, for No. 2 foundry iron, the same for malleable, and $13.25, furnace, for forge and the low-grade pipe irons. There were rumors of shading in Bessemer during the week, but no specific sale at lower than $15 could be confirmed. Demand for foundry iron was too slight to test the market.

BOSTON COPPER GOSSIP.

Special to The New York Times.

BOSTON, May 14.—The output of the Lake Superior district during April is estimated at 18,053,175 pounds of fine copper, 1,621,607 pounds less than in the previous months, and 1,420,822 pounds less than in April of last year. April production of the Arizona Copper Company was 2,840,000 pounds, compared with 2,340,000 in April, 1909.

British Columbia Copper Company produced 804,542 pounds of copper in March, besides gold and silver.

The output of the Washoe and Great Falls smelters in April was 21,500,000 pounds of copper, and of the East Butte smelter 1,100,000 pounds, making the total production of the Butte camp about 22,600,000 pounds.

Farmers of Shasta County, California, are in court with an effort to close the Balaklala smelter.

Chief among the items from the Lake this week is the news that the Atlantic mine has been closed indefinitely. The Directors consider the further search for copper a waste of money.

The lode recently cut on the New Baltic 700-foot level.

Winona is said to be showing more than twenty pounds of refined copper to the ton.

The how shaft of Lake Copper can hardly be gotten into commisssion before September.

The management of Adventure will do some crosscutting on the 1,500-foot level of its shaft. The shaft is now nearly 1,400 feet deep.

Keweenaw's shaft, which is sinking property is thought to be the Baltic lode. A crosscut is to be run. The rock is amygdaliod and heavily charged with copper.

No. 18 drill at Mayflower gives indication of proximity to the lode which was found by No. 11.

The Franklin management is cutting a station at the thirty-second level of No. 1 shaft. The drifts on the thirty-first level are in 150 feet both ways, showing good copper.

Excellent copper values are found in the lode recently opened on the Wyandotte eighty feet per month, is now 900 feet deep. The drill shows good copper values at 1,300 feet.

Two new shafts are to be sunk by the Isle Royale management, and production is to be doubled.

A rich ore body has been encountered in Superior and Boston, 475 feet from the boundary, ten feet wide and of 6 per cent. copper.

The winze from the seventh level of Arizona Commercial is in ore for its full length, carrying copper glance and native silver. The hanging wall is not yet in sight. On the 1,000-foot level the crosscut is now being directed toward the Old Dominion fault.

Granby engineers report in sight on the Hidden Treasure property some 4,000,000 pounds of 2½ per cent. copper, which can be transported and mixed with the Granby ores to good advantage.

An official statement says that Miami, with its present equipment, will be able to turn out 40,000,000 pounds of copper yearly at a cost of 7 cents. This would mean earnings of $2.80 per share on 12-cent. copper.

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Weather in Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The following is the forecast for Monday and Tuesday as issued by the United States Weather Bureau for the cotton and grain States:

North Carolina—Increasing cloudiness, followed by local rains by Monday night and on Tuesday; brisk to high northeasterly winds.

South Carolina and Georgia—Local rains Monday and Tuesday; brisk to high east and northeast winds.

Florida—Unsettled, with probably local rains in the peninsula Monday and Tuesday; brisk north and northeast winds, probably high over northeast portion.

Alabama and Mississippi—Generally fair Monday and Tuesday; moderate easterly winds.

Louisiana—Fair Monday. Tuesday unsettled; moderate east and southeast winds.

Eastern Texas—Fair in southern, local rain in northern portion Monday and Tuesday; moderate east and southeast winds.

Western Texas—Fair in southern, local rains in northern and central portions Monday. Tuesday probably fair.

Utah—Local rains Monday. Tuesday fair and warmer.

Oklahoma and Kansas—Local rains Monday and probably Tuesday.

Arkansas and Missouri—Increasing cloudiness, followed by showers in western portions Monday. Tuesday showers.

Tennessee and Kentucky—Fair Monday. Tuesday unsettled, probably showers in western portions.

Ohio—Cloudy Monday; warmer in northern portion. Tuesday unsettled; moderate east and southeast winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Fair in southern, local rain in northern portions Monday. Tuesday showers; moderate southeasterly winds.

Lower Michigan—Local rains Monday and probably Tuesday; moderate southeasterly winds.

Upper Michigan—Showers Monday and probabyl Tuesday; moderate east and northeast winds.

Wisconsin—Local rains Monday and probably Tuesday. Easterly winds.

Minnesota—Local rains Monday and probably Tuesday; moderate east to north winds.

Iowa—Showers Monday and probably Tuesday.

North Dakota—Unsettled Monday; probably local rains in southern portion. Tuesday fair.

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LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Classification of Steel Strips Stands—"Place Cards" Are Not Paintings.

The Athenia Steel and Wire Company has been unsuccessful before the Board of United States General Appraisers in a protest relating to the classification of steel strips. The merchandise is 3 inches wide, ⅛ of an inch thick, and 30 feet and over in length. The merchanidse is imported in coils, duty being assessed at nine-tenths of 1 cent a pound, as steel in all forms and shapes not specially provided for under the tariff acts of 1897 and 1909. The importers alleged that the merchandise is dutiable properly at the appropriate rates, acording to value per pound under paragraphs of the laws of 1897 and 1909. It is held by the board that the merchandise does not fall within the classification claimed by the importers, the Collector's classification being upheld.

So-called place cards imported by A. A. Vantine & Co. were held by the board not to be "paintings" within the meaning of the present tariff act. They were assessed for duty as "manufactures of paper," with duty at the rate of 35 per cent., whereas the contention raised was that the cards should be admitted at 15 per cent. as "paintings." Judge Waite, who writes the decision for the board, says that the place cards are cheap and crudely produced articles. While they serve for purposes of utility, it is manifest that they are discarded after the first use. The Judge reaches the conclusion that the cards are not of such value or permanent character as to entitle them to be deemed "paintings" within the meaning of that word, as used in the tariff of 1909. The protests are all overruled.

In overruling a protest filed by L. A. Consmiller, the board holds that marble mantels are not "sculpture" within the meaning of the tariff act of 1909. It is conceded by the board that the articles are ornamental in character, but this fact is not held to be sufficient to give the merchandise the classification claimed by the importer. Duty at the rate of 50 per cent. as "manufactures in chief value of marble" is affirmed. Claims for a reduction in the duty on marble mantels and pedestals imported by E. B. Currier & Co. and the W. H. Jackson Company were overruled.

The board has sustained claims by M. J. Corbett & Co. regarding the classification of antique stools, and John C. Uhrlaub, dealing with the currency of invoice. A claim by Moos & Co. relating to the rate of duty applicable to jams of various kinds was decided by the board adversely to the claims of the importers.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

SALES OF STOCKS IN THE WEEK ENDED MAY 13. TOTAL WEEK'S SALES, 1,079,952.

Range for Year 1910.		Range for Year 1911.				Closing Saturday, May 13.		Week's Net Change.	STOCKS.	Par Value.	Amount Capital Stock Outstanding.	Last Dividend Paid.		Period.	Range for Week Ended May 13.				Closing a Year Ago.	Sales Week Ended May 13, '11.
High	Low	High.	Date.	Low.	Date.	Bid.	Ask					Date.	Per Cent		First	High	Low	Last		
15	7½	8⅝	Jan. 30.	7⅜	Apr. 18.	7	7⅜	— ⅛	**Allis-Chalmers Co.**	100	$19,820,000	....	..	..	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	9¾	110
54¾	27	34	Feb. 3.	25	Apr. 21.	26½	27	+ 1	Allis-Chalmers Co. pf.	100	16,050,000	Feb. 1, '04.	1¾	..	28	28	28	28	34	210
90¾	55⅛	67¼	Feb. 6.	59⅜	Apr. 18.	62½	62⅝	— 1⅛	Amalgamated Copper Co.	100	153,887,900	Feb. 27, '11.	50c	Q	63⅜	63⅝	62¼	62½	71⅜	10,425
49½	35	59⅝	Feb. 28.	46	Jan. 3.	56	57	— 2⅛	American Agricultural Chem. Co.	100	17,114,100	....	..	..	58	58	56⅛	56½	47½	2,400
47¼	24	48¼	May 13.	36¾	Jan. 12.	47½	47¾	..	American Beet Sugar Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	47½	48¼	46⅞	47½	37¾	21,100
95½	89	98	Mar. 18.	92½	Jan. 9.	96	97½	+ ½	American Beet Sugar Co. pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	96	97	96	97	93	400
91½	83¾	97	Feb. 27.	90	Jan. 6.	93½	95½	— ¾	Am. Brake Shoe & Foundry Co.	100	3,600,000	Mar. 31, '11.	1¾	Q	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	..	100
13⅞	6⅞	12½	May 9.	8⅞	Jan. 6.	11⅝	11¾	+ 1¼	American Can Co.	100	41,233,300	....	..	..	10⅞	12½	10⅞	11⅞	9⅞	48,250
82¼	62	87½	May 9.	77	Jan. 5.	86	86¼	+ ⅞	American Can Co. pf.	100	41,233,300	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	85½	87½	85½	86¼	73⅝	10,975
72⅞	39½	57½	Feb. 8.	50¼	Jan. 3.	52	53	..	American Car & Foundry Co.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	½	Q	52	53	52	53	61⅝	400
120	109	118¼	Feb. 14.	114¼	Mar. 13.	116	118	+ 2½	American Car & Foundry Co. pf.	100	30,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	115¼	117½	115¼	117½	113	600
69¾	52⅛	62⅜	Feb. 28.	50⅛	Apr. 21.	55	55½	— 1¾	American Cotton Oil Co.	100	20,237,100	Dec. 1, '10.	2½	SA	57	57	55	55¼	67	8,080
107	100	105½	Feb. 16.	104½	Mar. 2.	103	105	+ ½	American Cotton Oil Co. pf.	100	10,198,600	Dec. 1, '10.	3	SA	104⅞	105	104⅞	105	104	848
301	237	245	Mar. 27.	228	Jan. 24.	233½	239½	..	American Express Co.	100	18,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	3	Q	240	240	235	239	..	170
8⅛	4	4¼	Jan. 31.	3¾	Jan. 25.	3½	4	— ¼	American Hide & Leather Co.	100	11,274,100	....	..	..	3¾	3¾	3¾	3¾	6¼	100
47⅞	19	25½	Feb. 8.	20	Jan. 10.	22	22½	— ¼	American Hide & Leather Co. pf.	100	12,548,300	Aug. 15, '05.	1	..	22	22	22	22	33½	100
29¼	16⅜	25½	Mar. 14.	17¾	Jan. 17.	21¾	23	— ⅜	American Ice Securities Co.	100	19,043,100	July 20, '07.	1¾	..	22⅛	22⅛	21⅞	21⅞	25¼	900
17¾	10⅛	12⅝	Feb. 14.	10½	Apr. 21.	10½	11½	— ⅝	American Linseed Co.	100	16,750,000	....	..	..	11	11	11	11	14	100
62½	29	42¾	Feb. 1.	35¾	Apr. 21.	37½	38	— ⅜	American Locomotive Co.	100	25,000,000	Aug. 26, '08.	1¼	..	37	37⅝	37	37⅝	49¾	200
115	102½	110¾	Mar. 1.	104	Apr. 18.	104¼	106½	+ 1⅜	American Locomotive Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 21, '11.	1¾	Q	106¼	106¼	106¼	106¼	..	100
48	28½	36¼	Jan. 25.	31½	Mar. 8.	32	33½	— ½	American Malt Corp. pf.	100	8,690,500	May 2, '11.	1	SA	33½	33½	33½	33½	85⅝	100
104	61⅝	81⅛	Feb. 2.	70⅜	Apr. 18.	75	75½	+ ⅜	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	74⅞	75½	74	75⅛	80⅞	3,750
112¾	98¼	106	Feb. 1.	103¼	Jan. 8.	104⅞	105¼	+ ⅛	Amer. Smelting & Refining Co. pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	105¼	105¼	105¼	105¼	104⅞	150
90⅞	82	89	Feb. 2.	86	Mar. 8.	88	88¼	— ¼	Amer. Smelting Securities pf. B.	100	30,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	87⅝	86¼	200
285	245	300	May 10.	280	Feb. 27.	290	..	—28	American Snuff Co.	100	11,001,700	Apr. 1, '11.	‖8	Q	300	300	300	300	..	100
102	95½	104	May 8.	99	Apr. 6.	100	104	+ 2	American Snuff Co. pf.	100	12,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	104	104	104	104	99	150
66	38	52½	Feb. 9.	39¾	Apr. 7.	40	42	— 2½	American Steel Foundries.	100	16,218,000	May 15, '11.	1¼	Q	41	41	41	41	55½	100
127½	111⅛	122½	Feb. 27.	113	Jan. 8.	117	118½	..	American Sugar Refining Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 3, '11.	1¾	Q	118½	118½	118½	118½	123¼	25
124	111½	119½	Feb. 14.	111	Jan. 5.	118¼	120	+ ⅝	American Sugar Refining Co. pf.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 3, '11.	1¾	Q	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	118⅝	122	100
143⅜	126¾	149⅛	May 4.	140¼	Jan. 3.	148	148¼	— ⅝	Amer. Telephone & Telegraph Co.	100	270,129,200	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	148¾	149½	148	148½	136⅞	6,300
99¾	90½	100¼	Mar. 14.	93½	Jan. 4.	98½	..	+ ⅛	American Tobacco Co. pf.	100	78,689,100	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	98½	98⅝	98½	98⅝	96	560
39½	25⅛	36½	Mar. 21.	30½	Jan. 3.	33	34	+ 1¼	American Woolen Co.	100	29,501,000	....	..	..	33	34¼	33	34¼	35¾	1,000
104	90⅛	96	Feb. 8.	86½	Mar. 29.	91	91¾	+ ⅝	American Woolen Co. pf.	100	40,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	91	91¼	91	91¼	99½	368
54	33½	41	Feb. 6.	36⅛	Apr. 18.	37¼	37¾	+ ⅛	Anaconda Copper Mining Co.	25	105,500,000	Apr. 19, '11.	50c	Q	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	45½	200
52½	51	60½	Apr. 3.	48	Mar. 24.	52	54	+ 3	Associated Oil Co.	100	40,000,000	Mar. 1, '07.	$1.50	..	54	54	54	54	..	500
124⅛	90¾	110¾	May 3.	100¾	Jan. 3.	109¾	109⅞	+ ¾	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe.	100	165,653,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1½	Q	109¼	110⅝	109	109⅞	110	14,100
104¼	97	103¾	May 5.	100¾	Jan. 3.	103⅜	103⅝	— ¼	Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe pf.	100	114,199,500	Feb. 1, '11.	2½	SA	103½	103⅝	103	103½	101⅞	1,520
137½	102½	125	May 1.	117	Jan. 3.	123	125	..	Atlantic Coast Line.	100	56,964,400	Jan. 10, '11.	3	SA	124½	124½	124½	124½	123⅜	100
119⅛	100¼	109½	Jan. 31.	102	Feb. 24.	104	104½	— ⅛	**Baltimore & Ohio**	100	152,804,800	Mar. 1, '11.	3	SA	104⅜	104⅞	104½	104⅝	110⅞	805
94	87¼	91	Jan. 4.	87½	Mar. 21.	88¼	89	— ⅜	Baltimore & Ohio pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	2	SA	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	88⅝	91	150
3½	2	2⅛	Jan. 27.	2	Jan. 17.	1⅞	2⅛	..	Batopilas Mining	20	8,981,890	Dec. 31, '07.	12½c	..	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	2¾	25
34⅞	21	34¼	Apr. 6.	29	Jan. 12.	31⅜	33	— ½	Bethlehem Steel Corporation.	100	14,862,000	....	..	..	31½	32¼	31½	32	..	400
65	49	64½	Apr. 7.	59	Jan. 3.	60	61	..	Bethlehem Steel Corporation pf.	100	14,908,000	Feb. 1, '07.	¾	..	61⅝	61¾	60½	61¼	53	700
82⅝	68½	79½	Feb. 6.	74⅞	Jan. 3.	78¾	79¼	+ ¼	Brooklyn Rapid Transit Co.	100	45,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	79	79½	78¼	78⅞	80⅞	12,300
70	60½	68	May 12.	62	Mar. 8.	67½	72¼	+ 6	**Canada Southern**	100	15,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	1½	SA	68	68	68	68	..	100
202⅜	176¾	237⅛	May 1.	195⅝	Jan. 3.	232⅞	233	— ¾	Canadian Pacific	100	179,992,100	Apr. 1, '11.	¶2½	Q	232⅜	234⅛	232	233	195	22,275
48¾	25¼	33⅜	Feb. 2.	26	Apr. 24.	27¼	27¾	+ ⅝	Central Leather Co.	100	39,572,100	....	..	..	27½	28	27⅛	27¾	41⅞	1,900
109¼	99¼	105	Feb. 10.	98¼	Apr. 22.	98½	100	+ ½	Central Leather Co. pf.	100	33,262,200	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	99½	99½	99½	99½	107½	100
119	114⅞	120	Apr. 22.	118½	May 8.	119	120½	— 1½	Central & South American Teleg.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 7, '11.	1½	Q	118½	118½	118½	118½	..	100
92	65	86¾	Feb. 8.	77	Apr. 24.	79¾	80¼	..	Chesapeake & Ohio	100	62,793,700	Mar. 31, '11.	1¼	Q	80¼	81	79½	80	87⅝	4,200
36⅞	19	24⅜	Feb. 6.	20⅛	Apr. 19.	20⅞	21¼	— ¾	Chicago Great Western	100	44,546,100	....	..	..	20⅞	20⅞	20½	20¾	27	940
64½	40	49¼	Feb. 6.	42	Apr. 25.	42	43	— 1	Chicago Great Western pf.	100	40,829,200	....	..	..	42	42½	42	42	50⅝	1,305
158⅜	113¾	133½	Feb. 7.	117	Apr. 18.	120½	120⅝	+ ⅝	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul	100	116,348,200	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	120	121	119⅝	120⅞	138¾	7,400
172¼	143	155½	Feb. 6.	147	Jan. 3.	150	152	+ ¼	Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul pf.	100	116,274,900	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	149¾	150¼	149¾	150¼	156⅞	200
182½	137¼	150	Feb. 1.	142⅛	Jan. 5.	145½	145¾	+ 1	Chicago & Northwestern	100	130,121,700	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	145½	146	144	146	152½	3,185
225	203	201	Mar. 21.	201	Mar. 21.	201	205	..	Chicago & Northwestern pf.	100	22,395,100	Apr. 1, '11.	2	Q	201	201	201	201	207	200
5⅝	2⅛	3⅜	Feb. 4.	2	Apr. 7.	2	2⅜	— ¼	Chicago Union Traction tr. rcts.	100	8,523,000	....	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	100
..	..	25	May 5.	21½	Apr. 7.	24⅜	24½	— ⅜	Chino Copper	5	8,500,000	....	..	..	24⅝	24⅝	23⅞	24¼	..	4,610
92¼	61	66	Jan. 18.	56½	Apr. 25.	59	64	..	Cleve., Cin., Chi. & St. Louis	100	47,056,300	Sept. 1, '10.	2	..	60	60	60	60	84	100
65¾	46	60	Jan. 18.	51	Apr. 18.	52½	54	..	Colorado & Southern	100	31,000,000	Dec. 31, '10.	2	A	53	53	53	53	60½	117
83	70	77	Jan. 24.	74¼	Mar. 27.	76	78	+ ⅛	Colorado & Southern 1st pf.	100	8,500,000	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	76	76	76	76	76	425
160⅝	122½	146½	Mar. 22.	135¾	Jan. 3.	143½	143¾	..	Consolidated Gas Co.	100	99,816,000	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	144	144¾	143¾	143¾	138½	3,600
23¼	11½	15⅛	May 10.	13½	Jan. 10.	14⅝	14¾	+ ⅝	Corn Products Refining Co.	100	49,756,500	....	..	..	14	15⅛	14	14⅝	15⅞	8,800
86⅝	70⅝	81¾	May 12.	74½	Jan. 10.	80¾	81½	+ 1¼	Corn Products Refining Co. pf.	100	29,817,600	Apr. 10, '11.	‡2	Q	79⅝	81¾	79⅝	80¾	77	2,700
39	38	37½	May 12.	35	Feb. 2.	37	40	+ 1	Cuban-American Sugar Co.	100	7,535,600	....	..	..	37½	37½	37½	37½	..	100
185	149¼	172¼	May 2.	164¼	Jan. 3.	169	171	+ ⅞	**Delaware & Hudson**	100	42,503,000	Mar. 20, '11.	2¼	Q	169⅞	171	169¾	171	171¾	948
52	23¼	35	Feb. 21.	27½	May 2.	27⅝	28	..	Denver & Rio Grande	100	38,000,000	....	..	..	28¼	28¼	28	28	41¾	600
84	62⅝	74	Feb. 21.	63½	May 2.	64¼	64¾	— ⅞	Denver & Rio Grande pf.	100	49,772,400	Jan. 16, '11.	2½	SA	64⅝	64¾	63¾	64¼	79⅛	954
96¼	96¼	*100	May 9.	*100	May 9.	..	..	..	Detroit & Mackinac pf.	100	950,000	Jan. 3, '11.	2½	SA	100	100	100	100	..	10
68	45	74	Feb. 7.	67¾	Jan. 7.	..	..	+ 1¾	Detroit United Railway	100	12,500,000	Aug. 1, '07.	1¼	..	70¾	71⅞	70¾	71¾	..	800
36¾	25¼	38¼	Mar. 1.	32⅜	Jan. 11.	34	35	— ⅛	Distillers' Securities Corporation	100	30,781,400	Apr. 29, '11.	½	Q	35⅛	35⅛	34½	34½	31⅜	1,100
18¾	10	15⅝	Mar. 30.	11	Jan. 6.	14¼	15	— ⅝	Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	15¾	200
87	82½	94	May 10.	82	Jan. 18.	95	..	+ 3	Du Pont de N. Powder pf.	100	15,574,100	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	94	94	94	94	..	100
34⅝	19½	32¾	Feb. 15.	27¼	Jan. 11.	31⅝	31¾	+ ½	**Erie**	100	112,378,900	....	..	..	30⅞	32⅝	30⅞	31⅝	29	41,350
52¾	35	51⅞	Feb. 20.	45⅝	Jan. 12.	49⅝	50	+ 1⅜	Erie 1st pf.	100	47,892,400	Feb. 20, '07.	2	..	48½	50⅝	48⅝	50⅛	46⅝	9,300
42	26¼	40½	Feb. 20.	35	Jan. 9.	38⅞	39½	+ 1⅞	Erie 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Apr. 9, '07.	2	..	38¼	40	38¼	39½	36¼	1,700
61½	55	80	May 12.	60	Feb. 1.	75	80	+ 5	Evansville & Terre Haute	50	4,000,000	Nov. 1, '10.	5	A	75	80	75	80	..	600
60	12	36	Feb. 16.	17¾	Jan. 28.	25	27½	+ 4½	**Federal Mining & Smelting**	100	6,000,000	Jan. 15, '09.	1½	..	27	27½	27	27½	..	800
88	37	65⅛	Feb. 16.	48½	Jan. 11.	62	65	+ ½	Federal Mining & Smelting pf.	100	12,000,000	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	61½	61½	61½	61½	67	100
160⅞	134	159	May 1.	145⅛	Mar. 3.	156	157	..	**General Electric Co.**	100	65,181,200	Apr. 15, '11.	2	Q	156¼	157½	155¼	156¾	149¾	2,100
9¼	7¾	7⅞	Jan. 3.	5½	Jan. 14.	5¾	5⅞	— ⅜	Goldfield Consol. Mines	10	35,591,480	Apr. 30, '11.	50c	Q	6⅛	6⅛	5¾	5¾	..	10,735
143⅞	118	131½	Feb. 1.	122	Feb. 24.	126½	126⅞	— ⅝	Great Northern pf.	100	209,951,900	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	127¼	127⅜	126½	126½	135⅞	4,565
80½	45	63¾	Feb. 2.	56	Jan. 5.	60	61	— 1¼	Great Northern cfs. for ore prop.	...	1,500,000	Mar. 15, '11.	50c	..	60	60¼	59⅝	59⅝	63½	500
89	81	85¾	Mar. 20.	84½	Feb. 15.	84	87½	..	**Homestake Mining**	100	21,840,000	Apr. 25, '11.	50c	M	86	86	84	84	..	20
147	124	138¼	Mar. 30.	132	Jan. 3.	135⅜	137	— 1¼	**Illinois Central**	100	109,282,500	Mar. 1, '11.	3½	SA	137¼	137¼	136	136	135	840
25½	14¼	20⅜	Feb. 10.	17¼	Apr. 22.	18½	18⅞	— ⅜	Interborough-Metropolitan	100	93,262,100	....	..	..	19¼	19⅜	18½	18⅝	21	7,600
62⅞	41½	55⅝	Jan. 4.	47¾	Apr. 22.	52	52½	— ¾	Interborough-Metropolitan pf.	100	45,740,000	July 1, '07.	1¼	..	53	54¼	51½	52	56½	6,100
125⅞	83⅛	129⅜	May 5.	109	Jan. 3.	126¼	126¾	— 2⅜	International Harvester	100	79,999,700	Apr. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	128	129	125½	126⅜	95⅞	4,883
129	117	128¼	May 4.	122¼	Jan. 3.	123½	127¾	— ½	International Harvester pf.	100	60,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	127¾	127¾	127¾	127¾	120⅜	170
16	9	13⅜	Jan. 31.	9⅛	Apr. 27.	10	10⅛	— ½	International Paper Co.	100	17,442,900	....	..	..	10	10	9½	10	12	700
61½	41½	56⅝	Jan. 16.	45	Apr. 28.	45	47	— ⅝	International Paper Co. pf.	100	22,539,700	Apr. 15, '11.	½	Q	47⅝	47⅝	46	46⅝	51	400
54⅜	36⅝	44	Feb. 8.	38¼	Apr. 18.	38½	39½	— 1¼	International Steam Pump Co.	100	17,762,500	Apr. 1, '05.	½	..	40	40	38¾	39	48¾	730
90¾	78½	89⅝	Mar. 20.	84½	Jan. 26.	87¾	88	— ⅝	International Steam Pump Co. pf.	100	11,350,000	May 1, '11.	1½	Q	88	88	88	88	85	250
30	15	19⅞	Feb. 3.	15	May 12.	15½	16¼	— ½	Iowa Central	100	8,524,400	....	..	..	16¾	16⅞	15	16⅜	20¾	1,700
54¼	25	33⅝	Feb. 7.	28	Apr. 24.	29	29¾	— ⅛	Iowa Central pf.	100	5,673,700	May 1, '00.	1½	..	29¾	29⅞	29½	29⅝	39¼	600
80	68	76	May 3.	74	Apr. 8.	76	78	..	**Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Mem. pf.**	100	13,510,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	Q	76	76	76	76	..	30
44¼	23	35½	Feb. 21.	32	Jan. 3.	33½	34	+ ⅜	Kansas City Southern	100	30,000,000	....	..	..	33⅜	34⅜	33⅜	34⅜	34½	700
71	58	68	Mar. 17.	64½	Jan. 3.	67	68	+ ⅞	Kansas City Southern pf.	100	21,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67⅞	67	100
116½	93¾	114½	Jan. 20.	102	Apr. 18.	105¼	105½	— ¼	**Laclede Gas Co.**	100	9,500,000	Apr. 6, '11.	§10	Ex	105¼	105⅜	104⅞	105¼	102⅜	2,510
186	173¼	181⅛	Feb. 3.	168⅜	Apr. 24.	174	174⅜	— ⅜	Lehigh Valley	50	60,501,500	Jan. 14, '11.	5	SA	174¼	175	173½	174⅛	..	18,800
159¾	131½	148⅜	Jan. 18.	142½	Jan. 25.	145½	146	— ⅞	Louisville & Nashville	100	60,000,000	Feb. 10, '11.	3½	SA	145½	146	145⅛	146	147	300
98	79	95	Feb. 2.	90	May 13.	88¾	90	— 2½	**Mackay Companies**	100	41,380,400	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	92½	92½	90	90	90	200
78⅜	71	77	Mar. 7.	74¾	Jan. 18.	76¼	76⅞	+ ⅝	Mackay Companies pf.	100	50,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1	Q	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	76⅞	100
146	123	141	Jan. 6.	134	Mar. 28.	134½	136	+ 1½	Manhattan Elevated	100	60,000,000	Apr. 1 '11.	1¾	Q	136½	136½	136½	136½	136	100
..	..	72	May 8.	70	Apr. 28.	70½	72½	..	May Dept. Stores Co.	100	15,000,000	....	..	..	70½	72	70½	71¾	..	500
7½	4¼	5⅝	Jan. 30.	4⅜	Apr. 20.	4½	5	+ ¼	Mercantile Marine	100	49,921,800	....	..	..	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	5½	100
24⅜	12⅝	18	Jan. 24.	15½	Jan. 17.	16¾	17	+ ½	Mercantile Marine pf.	100	51,731,000	....	..	..	16⅛	17	16	17	19⅝	2,010
..	..	20½	Apr. 27.	18½	Apr. 18.	19¾	19⅞	— ½	Miami Copper	5	8,320,570	....	..	..	20	20⅛	19⅞	19⅞	..	2,500
53¾	23	31	Feb. 15.	21½	Apr. 26.	27	30	+ 6	Minneapolis & St. Louis	100	6,000,000	July 15, '04.	2½	..	22¾	28	22¼	28	35¾	2,075
80	40	42	Mar. 22.	35	Mar. 13.	40	45	+ 3¾	Minneapolis & St. Louis pf.	100	4,000,000	Jan. 15, '10.	2½	..	36	40	36	40	68½	670
145	114	152¼	Mar. 30.	132¼	Jan. 4.	137¾	138	— 2	Minneapolis, St. P. & S. S. Marie	100	20,831,900	Apr. 15, '11.	3½	SA	137⅛	137⅞	135½	137½	140¾	2,850
..	..	*135¾	May 9.	*135¾	May 9.	130	133	..	M., S. P. & S. S. M. sub. rcs., 1st pd.	...	....	....	..	..	135¾	135¾	135¾	135¾	..	48
..	..	*145¾	May 9.	*145¾	May 9.	140	145	..	M., S. P. & S. S. M. pf., s. r., 1st pd.	...	....	....	..	..	145¾	145¾	145¾	145¾	..	34
..	..	8⅛	Mar. 31.	6⅞	Apr. 19.	..	..	..	Minn., St. P. & S. S. M. rights	...	....	....	..	..	7¼	7¼	7¼	7¼	..	1,162
92¾	86¼	90¼	Mar. 15.	88⅜	Mar. 24.	89	90	..	M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line	100	11,145,500	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	89¼	89¼	89¼	89¼	88	100
51⅛	27	36⅜	Feb. 8.	31	Feb. 24.	32¼	33	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas	100	63,300,300	....	..	..	32¼	33	32¼	32⅞	42½	1,200
74⅜	57	68¼	Mar. 29.	63½	Jan. 16.	66	67¼	..	Missouri, Kansas & Texas pf.	100	13,000,000	May 10, '11.	2	SA	67	67	67	67	69	100
73⅝	41	63	Feb. 15.	45⅜	Apr. 19.	48½	49	— ½	Missouri Pacific	100	83,112,500	Jan. 30, '08.	2½	..	49⅜	49⅜	48½	48¾	70	8,500
140	125	150	Apr. 20.	140¼	Jan. 19.	148	153	..	**Nashville, Chat. & St. Louis**	100	10,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	150	150	150	150	..	200
119½	100	141	Apr. 4.	117¼	Jan. 16.	133⅞	135	— 1	National Biscuit Co.	100	29,236,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	136	136	134½	135	106	300
125	118¾	130	Feb. 4.	124	Jan. 20.	129	129⅞	+ 1¾	National Biscuit Co. pf.	100	24,804,500	Feb. 28, '11.	1¾	Q	128½	129¾	128½	129¾	122¼	880
96½	84	90	Feb. 18.	85	Jan. 6.	84	92	..	Nat. Enameling & Stamping Co. pf.	100	8,546,600	Mar. 31, '11.	1¾	Q	86	86	86	86	..	5
89⅜	46½	59	Feb. 2.	50⅜	Apr. 25.	52	52⅜	+ ⅛	National Lead Co.	100	20,750,000	Mar. 31, '11.	¾	Q	52⅜	52¾	52⅝	52⅝	78⅝	510
110½	101¾	108¾	May 11.	105¼	Mar. 24.	107½	109	+ 1	National Lead Co. pf.	100	24,463,600	Mar. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	108½	200
37½	23½	38⅜	Feb. 18.	32	May 6.	32½	32⅝	— ½	National Rys. of Mexico 2d pf.	100	124,134,800	....	..	..	34	34	32½	32½	29⅜	1,375
22⅜	17½	20	Feb. 6.	17¼	Apr. 19.	18½	18⅝	— ⅛	Nevada Consol. Copper Co.	5	9,991,175	Mar. 31, '11.	87½c	Q	18⅝	18¾	18½	18½	20⅞	1,550
128	105⅛	115½	Feb. 3.	104⅞	Apr. 18.	106¾	107½	+ ½	New York Central	100	222,729,300	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	107⅛	107¼	106½	107	121¼	2,500
68⅞	55½	65	Jan. 19.	57½	Apr. 17.	58	59½	+ ½	New York, Chicago & St. Louis	100	14,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	8	A	59	59	59	59	60	200
162	149	151⅛	Feb. 23.	142	Apr. 25.	144⅛	148	— 2	New York, New Haven & Hartford	100	116,684,600	Mar. 31, '11.	2	Q	145¼	145¼	142½	144⅛	153	300
151	143	149½	Feb. 27.	141	May 10.	142	148	— 3¾	N. Y., N. H. & Hartford sub. cfs.	...	....	Mar. 31, '11.	1½	Q	141	141	141	141	..	100
50	38½	44⅛	Feb. 6.	40⅛	Apr. 22.	42	42¾	+ ⅛	New York, Ontario & Western	100	58,113,900	Aug. 15, '10.	2	A	42¼	42⅜	42¼	42¼	44¼	820
108⅝	88½	109¾	Mar. 28.	100¼	Jan. 3.	106	107	+ ¼	Norfolk & Western	100	71,494,000	Mar. 18, '11.	1¼	Q	106¾	106¾	106½	106¾	102⅜	1,100
84	60⅛	74	May 3.	64	Jan. 10.	72½	73½	— ¼	North American	100	29,779,700	Apr. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	73¾	73¾	73	73	73⅛	200
145⅝	111½	128¾	Feb. 1.	116	Jan. 3.	124⅞	125¼	— ¼	Northern Pacific	100	247,995,200	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	125⅜	125⅞	124⅝	124⅞	131½	15,675
46¼	30	54⅝	Jan. 31.	44	Jan. 3.	48	49	— 1⅜	**Pacific Telephone & Telegraph**	100	18,000,000	....	..	..	50¼	50¼	49	49¼	34	1,400
138½	122½	130¼	Feb. 2.	121¼	May 12.	121⅜	121½	— ⅞	Pennsylvania Railroad	50	412,610,700	Feb. 28, '11.	1½	Q	122½	122¼	121¼	121½	134⅝	23,276
..	..	2¼	May 3.	2	Apr. 18.	..	..	—3-32	Pennsylvania Railroad rights	...	....	....	..	..	2⅛	2 15-64	2 3-32	2 3-32	..	65,191
116⅝	103	109	Jan. 19.	103	Apr. 5.	104½	105	+ ½	People's Gas, Chicago	100	35,000,000	Feb. 25, '11.	1¾	Q	104½	105⅜	104¼	105	108⅛	800
106½	84	109½	May 13.	100½	Jan. 3.	109¼	109¾	+ 3¼	Philadelphia Co.	50	38,626,000	May 1, '11.	1½	Q	105¼	109½	105	109½	98	2,625
104⅝	89	100	Jan. 17.	93½	May 13.	94	94½	+ ⅝	Pitts., Cin., Chi., & St. Louis	100	35,675,800	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	94	94⅝	93½	94⅝	101	500
27¾	13	22⅜	Mar. 23.	17¼	Jan. 3.	20¼	20½	..	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J.	100	28,104,600	....	..	..	19⅝	20⅜	19½	20⅜	19⅞	1,200
85	60¼	82⅛	Apr. 7.	67¾	Jan. 4.	78¾	79½	..	Pittsburg Coal Co., N. J., pf.	100	27,071,800	Apr. 25, '11.	1¼	Q	79	79	78⅞	78⅞	70	250
51⅞	25	36¼	Feb. 6.	30½	Jan. 3.	32	32¾	..	Pressed Steel Car Co.	100	12,500,000	Aug. 24, '04.	1	..	32½	32½	32½	32½	40	150
..	..	120	Feb. 7.	116½	Jan. 31.	119	119⅝	..	Public Service Corp., N. J.	100	25,000,000	Mar. 31, '11.	1½	Q	119	119	119	119	..	200
200	155	163	Jan. 30.	159	Jan. 3.	160⅛	161½	— ½	Pullman Company	100	120,000,000	May 15, '11.	2	Q	160¾	161¼	160	160	161⅛	610
3⅞	2	2⅞	Jan. 13.	2	Apr. 28.	2	3	..	**Quicksilver**	100	5,708,700	....	..	..	2	2	2	2	..	100
51⅞	28	38	Feb. 3.	31	Jan. 11.	31	32½	— ½	**Railway Steel Spring Co.**	100	13,500,000	Oct. 22, '08.	1	..	32½	32½	32½	32½	40	100
..	..	18	May 2.	15⅛	Apr. 19.	16½	16¾	— 1¼	Ray Consol. Copper	10	11,991,750	....	..	..	18	18	16½	16¾	..	2,713
172¼	130⅝	161¾	Feb. 7.	149¾	Apr. 24.	155	155⅛	+ ½	Reading	50	70,000,000	Feb. 1, '11.	3	SA	155⅛	156⅛	154⅜	155⅛	161⅞	151,500
93½	85	91	Feb. 3.	88	Mar. 1.	88½	89½	— ½	Reading 1st pf.	50	28,000,000	Mar. 10, '11.	2	SA	89½	89½	89½	89½	91	100
45⅞	27	35¼	Feb. 6.	29⅝	May 10.	29¾	30⅛	— ⅝	Republic Iron & Steel Co.	100	27,352,000	....	..	..	30½	30½	29⅝	29⅞	34	5,700
104¼	82¾	99⅜	Feb. 1.	92½	Apr. 26.	94	94½	..	Republic Iron & Steel Co. pf.	100	25,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	94½	94½	93	94½	97¼	1,825
57¼	22⅞	33⅞	Feb. 1.	27¾	Apr. 21.	29⅛	29¼	— ½	Rock Island Co.	100	90,819,300	....	..	..	29⅝	29⅞	29¼	29¼	45⅜	5,900
92½	54	65½	Feb. 1.	57¾	Apr. 24.	60½	61½	— 1⅜	Rock Island Co. pf.	100	49,899,200	Nov. 1, '05.	1	..	61	61	61	61	91	100
73	58	68	Feb. 3.	61	Apr. 24.	63	64	— ⅝	**St. Louis & San Fran. 1st pf.**	100	5,000,000	May 1, '11.	1	Q	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	65	140
60	34½	44	Feb. 6.	38	Apr. 22.	40½	40¾	— ½	St. Louis & San Francisco 2d pf.	100	16,000,000	Dec. 1, '05.	1	..	40⅜	40½	40	40½	49	700
121½	120	122	Mar. 15.	119⅛	Jan. 13.	..	121	— ¾	Sears, Roebuck & Co. pf.	100	8,800,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	121	121	121	121	..	100
86½	48¼	56¼	Feb. 6.	49	Apr. 22.	49	50	— 1	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co.	100	10,000,000	Sept. 1, '10.	1¼	..	50½	50½	49	49	74	700
118¾	114	112	Feb. 14.	112	Feb. 14.	..	..	..	Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co. pf.	100	6,700,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	112	112	112	112	..	10
138¼	103¼	121¼	Feb. 2.	113⅜	Apr. 18.	114¼	114⅜	— ⅜	Southern Pacific	100	272,672,200	Apr. 1, '11.	1½	Q	115	115¼	114½	114⅜	126¼	13,750
33¾	18	29	Feb. 7.	25½	Mar. 4.	27⅝	27¾	+ ½	Southern Railway extended	100	119,900,000	....	..	..	27⅛	27⅞	27⅛	27⅞	27	12,700
75	43	66¾	Feb. 7.	61¼	Jan. 11.	65½	65¾	+ ¾	Southern Railway pf. extended	100	60,000,000	Oct. 17, '07.	1¼	..	65	65⅞	64⅞	65½	62½	5,500
40⅝	19¾	39¼	Feb. 14.	32	Jan. 11.	36	37¼	— ¾	**Tennessee Copper**	25	5,000,000	Jan. 26, '11.	$1.50	..	37¼	37¼	36½	36½	28¼	300
144	134	136½	Feb. 1.	125	Apr. 25.	127¼	128	— 1	Texas Company	100	27,000,000	Mar. 31, '11.	2½	Q	128	128	127	127	..	900
36⅜	22½	30¼	Feb. 21.	25½	Jan. 3.	26½	27	— ½	Texas Pacific	100	38,760,000	....	..	..	27	27¼	26⅝	26¾	32⅜	1,200
19½	5½	12	Jan. 5.	8⅝	Mar. 2.	10½	11½	+ ⅜	Third Avenue	100	16,000,000	July 30, '07.	1½	..	11⅝	12	11⅝	11⅞	7	800
15¾	5½	8¼	Jan. 17.	6¾	Mar. 27.	7¼	7½	— ⅛	Toledo Railways & Light Co.	100	18,875,000	May 1, '07.	1	..	7½	7¼	7	7¼	9⅝	800
54⅜	19	24¼	Feb. 8.	19	Apr. 24.	19	20	..	Toledo, St. Louis & Western	100	10,000,000	....	..	..	19¾	19⅞	19	19⅞	38⅜	1,500
72¼	42¾	53⅞	Jan. 5.	45	Apr. 11.	48¼	49	— ¼	Toledo, St. Louis & Western pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1	Q	49¼	49⅜	48¾	48⅞	64⅜	1,214
117½	103	111	Feb. 2.	108	Jan. 11.	108¼	108½	+ ½	Twin City Rapid Transit	100	20,100,000	....	..	..	108½	108½	108½	108½	112¾	200
..	..	70¼	May 11.	63	Mar. 29.	69	70¼	+ ⅛	**Underwood Typewriter**	100	8,500,000	....	..	..	68¾	70¼	68¾	69¼	..	1,170
..	..	106¾	May 3.	103	Mar. 31.	106	108	..	Underwood Typewriter pf.	100	5,000,000	Apr. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	106½	106¾	106½	106¾	..	100
13¼	6	9	Feb. 9.	6¾	Apr. 24.	7	7¾	+ ½	Union Bag & Paper Co.	100	16,000,000	....	..	..	7	8	7	8	..	600
204¾	152¼	181⅛	Feb. 6.	169¾	Jan. 3.	177⅛	177¼	— ⅜	Union Pacific	100	216,579,700	Apr. 1, '11.	2½	Q	177⅜	178¼	176⅝	177⅛	182⅝	109,550
103¾	88¼	95⅜	Apr. 5.	90⅞	Mar. 6.	95	95½	+ ¼	Union Pacific pf.	100	99,569,300	Apr. 1, '11.	2	SA	94⅜	95⅜	93⅝	95	95	6,600
100½	100	104	Feb. 23.	101½	Mar. 17.	102	104	..	United Cigar Manufacturers pf.	100	5,000,000	Mar. 1, '11.	1¾	Q	104¼	104¼	102½	102½	..	45
113⅞	99¼	107	Feb. 18.	102½	Jan. 5.	104¾	105⅝	— ½	United Dry Goods pf.	100	10,849,100	May 1, '11.	1¾	Q	105	105	105	105	108¼	100
42¼	23¾	49	Feb. 20.	31⅝	Jan. 3.	41	41½	..	United Railways Investment Co.	100	20,400,000	....	..	..	41½	42	41½	42	34	850
72⅜	47	76¼	Mar. 22.	60¾	Jan. 3.	71	72	— ¼	United Railways Investment Co. pf.	100	16,000,000	Jan. 10, '07.	2½	..	71¾	71¾	71	71	..	542
..	..	26¼	Apr. 25.	25	May 8.	22	26	— 1¼	U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co.	100	12,000,000	....	..	..	25	25	25	25	..	100
..	..	94	Apr. 25.	92	Apr. 29.	89	92	..	U. S. Industrial Alcohol Co. pf.	100	6,000,000	Apr. 15, '11.	1¾	Q	91½	91½	91½	91½	..	50
32	14⅛	19	Feb. 23.	15	Jan. 10.	15½	16½	— ¾	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Foundry Co.	100	12,106,300	Dec. 1, '07.	1	..	16¼	16¼	16¼	16¼	22	100
84	49	61	Feb. 23.	50	Jan. 16.	54¼	56	— 2	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe & Fy. Co. pf.	100	12,106,300	Mar. 1, '11.	1¼	Q	55	55	55	55	74½	210
84¼	64¾	76½	May 8.	65⅛	Jan. 25.	76	76¼	+ ⅛	U. S. Realty & Improvement Co.	100	16,162,800	May 1, '11.	1¼	Q	76½	76½	75½	76¼	78	1,000
11	4	4½	Jan. 18.	3¾	Mar. 17.	4	6	..	U. S. Reduction & Refining Co.	100	5,918,800	Apr. 1, '08.	1	..	4	4	4	4	..	100
52½	27	47⅞	Mar. 1.	36	Jan. 6.	39	39¼	— ½	United States Rubber Co.	100	23,666,000	Apr. 30, '00.	1	..	39¾	40	38⅞	39¼	45¼	3,650
116½	99	114⅛	Apr. 10.	109¼	Jan. 18.	111	113	— 1	United States Rubber Co. 1st pf.	100	39,824,400	Apr. 29, '11.	2	Q	112½	112½	112	112	113½	505
84	59½	79	Mar. 1.	72½	Jan. 31.	75	76	— 2½	United States Rubber Co. 2d pf.	100	9,965,000	Apr. 29, '11.	1½	Q	76⅝	76⅝	74½	74½	80	600
91	61½	82¼	Feb. 6.	71⅜	Jan. 3.	75¼	75⅝	+ ½	United States Steel Corporation	100	508,495,200	Mar. 30, '11.	1¼	Q	74⅝	76½	74⅝	75⅝	85⅝	225,725
125⅜	110½	120⅞	Feb. 4.	116¼	Jan. 3.	118⅜	119	— ½	United States Steel Corporation pf.	100	360,314,100	Feb. 27, '11.	1¾	Q	119⅛	119½	118⅜	118⅞	118¼	3,484
60¼	39⅝	47⅞	Jan. 9.	42⅝	Apr. 19.	44⅜	44½	— ¼	Utah Copper	10	15,625,590	Mar. 31, '11.	75c	Q	44½	44⅞	44½	44⅝	46⅞	1,600
66⅛	47	70⅝	Feb. 28.	57¼	Apr. 24.	59½	59⅝	— 1¼	**Virginia-Carolina Chem. Co.**	100	27,984,400	Feb. 15, '11.	1¼	Q	61	61¼	59⅝	59⅝	60⅜	29,350
78	50	66	Feb. 11.	52	Jan. 6.	..	65	— ⅞	Virginia Iron, Coal & Coke Co.	100	9,073,600	....	..	..	60	60½	60	60½	58	200
..	..	45	Apr. 24.	41½	Apr. 13.	..	43	— 1	Virginia Ry. & Power	100	7,450,500	....	..	..	43	43	43	43	..	100
81	60	51	May 12.	51	May 12.	51	61	..	Vulcan Detinning Co. pf.	100	1,500,000	Apr. 20, '11.	1¼	Q	51	51	51	51	..	100
27¾	12½	18⅝	Feb. 23.	15⅛	Jan. 6.	15¼	16¼	— ½	**Wabash**	100	53,189,200	....	..	..	15½	15½	15¼	15¼	22¼	100
61	28⅛	40⅝	Feb. 23.	32⅞	Jan. 11.	35⅞	36½	— ½	Wabash pf.	100	39,189,200	....	..	..	36	36⅜	36	36⅜	47⅝	600
186	144½	167	May 12.	155	Jan. 4.	167	172	+ 4	Wells, Fargo Express Co.	100	23,967,300	Jan. 15, '11.	5	SA	164⅜	167	164⅜	167	..	685
54⅜	40	60	May 12.	48⅞	Apr. 18.	58¾	59¾	+ 2¼	Western Maryland	100	29,407,900	....	..	..	58⅞	60	57½	59¼	45⅞	14,200
77	67	81	May 13.	75	Jan. 14.	80	81¼	+ 4	Western Maryland pf.	100	10,000,000	Apr. 20, '11.	1	Q	78½	81	78½	81	69⅞	1,198
78½	56	76½	Jan. 19.	71⅜	Apr. 18.	73¾	74½	— ½	Western Union Telegraph	100	99,721,700	Apr. 15, '11.	¾	Q	74½	75	73⅝	73⅞	68	2,400
82½	49½	71	Feb. 15.	64⅞	Apr. 19.	67½	68	..	Westinghouse E. & M.	50	36,643,850	Oct. 10, '07.	2½	..	68	68⅜	68	68	64	300
10	3	6¼	Feb. 3.	4	Apr. 25.	4	5	— ⅜	Wheeling & Lake Erie	100	20,000,000	....	..	..	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼	4⅞	300
18½	4	8	Feb. 7.	5	Jan. 5.	6½	7½	+ ½	Wheeling & Lake Erie 2d pf.	100	11,993,500	....	..	..	6½	6½	6½	6½	5⅝	100
64	44	72⅛	May 1.	57	Jan. 3.	68	70	..	**Wisconsin Central**	100	16,147,900	....	..	..	68¾	70¾	68¾	70¾	[illegible]	800

Announcement
Is made that
Authoritative Appraisals of Real Estate
in New York City and vicinity and in certain cities of the South, West and Middle West can be obtained from
United States Mortgage and Trust Company
55 Cedar St.
73d St. & B'way 125th St. & 8th Ave.
Capital & Surplus $6,000,000
Total Assets $60,000,000

Cities
New York
Richmond, Va.
Norfolk, Va.
Columbia, S. C.
Savannah, Ga.
Augusta, Ga.
Atlanta, Ga.
Macon, Ga.
Columbus, Ga.
Jacksonville, Fla.
Pensacola, Fla.
Mobile, Ala.
Montgomery, Ala.
Birmingham, Ala.
Chattanooga, Tenn.
Knoxville, Tenn.
Memphis, Tenn.
Dallas, Texas
San Antonio, Texas
Denver, Colo.
Salt Lake City, Utah
Portland, Ore.
Seattle, Wash.
Spokane, Wash.
Cincinnati, Ohio
Columbus, Ohio
Toledo, Ohio
Ft. Wayne, Ind.
Kansas City, Mo.
Little Rock, Ark.
Wichita, Kan.
Des Moines, Iowa
Council Bluffs, Iowa
Sioux City, Iowa
St. Paul, Minn.
Minneapolis, Minn.
Duluth, Minn.
Omaha, Neb.

International & Great Northern Railroad Company

THIRD MORTGAGE BONDS

TO HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT FOR THIRD MORTGAGE BONDS OF INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY DEPOSITED UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT DATED APRIL 30, 1910:

Notice is hereby given that a plan for the reorganization of the affairs of the International and Great Northern Railroad Company has been formulated and adopted by the undersigned Committee, and that a copy of said plan has been filed with THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, the depositary under the above-mentioned agreement, at its office, No. 15 Nassau Street, in the City of New York. Any registered holder of a certificate of deposit representing Third Mortgage Bonds may, within twenty days from this date, file with THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK notice in writing that said holder dissents from said plan. Unless within such period of twenty days holders of outstanding certificates of deposit representing fifty per cent. in face amount of deposited Third Mortgage Bonds and defaulted coupons shall file such notice of dissent, said plan shall be binding on all holders of certificates of deposit representing Third Mortgage Bonds and defaulted coupons, as provided in said agreement.

All Third Mortgage Bondholders who have not yet deposited their bonds, but wish to participate in the plan, must deposit their bonds, with all defaulted coupons, with the depositary, **THE EQUITABLE TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, ON OR BEFORE JUNE 1, 1911**, after which date no further deposits of bonds will be received for any reason whatsoever, and at the time of deposit must pay to said Trust Company, for the account of the Committee and as a condition for permitting such deposit, an amount in cash at the rate of $25 for each $1,000, par value, of bonds so deposited. All holders so depositing will be deemed thereby to assent to the plan, and, in the event said plan shall be abandoned or no securities are provided thereunder in exchange for Third Mortgage Bonds hereafter deposited, the amount of cash so paid and the amount of bonds and coupons so deposited will be returned upon surrender of the certificates of deposit representing the bonds so deposited.

ALVIN W. KRECH,
EDWARD T. JEFFERY,
FRANK JAY GOULD,
Committee of Third Mortgage Bondholders.
Dated New York, May 11, 1911.

The Niagara Falls Power Co.

6% DEBENTURES,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES B,
AND
6% DEBENTURES,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES C.
CALL FOR PAYMENT AND REDEMPTION AT NOVEMBER 1, 1911.

15 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.,
April 24, 1911.

To the Holders of
6% Debentures issued by The Niagara Falls Power Company,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES B,
CANADIAN COLLATERAL, SERIES C,

Please Take Notice:

That pursuant to the provisions and reservations of the debentures above named and of the respective trust indentures hereinafter referred to hereby The Niagara Falls Power Company CALLS FOR REDEMPTION AND PAYMENT on November 1, 1911, all of the outstanding 6% Debentures, Canadian Collateral of Series B, issued under and secured by two certain trust indentures executed and delivered by the undersigned to Morton Trust Company, as Trustee, dated July 1, 1904, and November 17, 1904, respectively, and also all of the outstanding 6% Debentures, Canadian Collateral, of Series C, issued under and secured by a certain trust indenture executed and delivered by the undersigned to The Standard Trust Company of New York, dated November 1, 1906.

On the said first day of November, 1911, at the office of Bankers' Trust Company, 7 Wall Street, New York, hereby designated as the agency of the undersigned in the City of New York, N. Y., for such purpose, the undersigned will redeem all of such debentures and will pay the principal amount thereof in full, together with all interest accrued thereon up to that date and unpaid.

In accordance with the provisions of the said trust indentures, severally and respectively, all interest on any such debentures will cease on November 1, 1911, and the undersigned may deposit with the trustee of the respective indentures securing the same, to the credit of each such debenture then remaining unpresented, designated by its serial number, a sum of money equal to the principal thereof, together with all interest thereon accrued to the first day of November, 1911, and remaining unpaid; and such deposit shall be full payment of such unpresented debentures and all coupons belonging thereto, as between the undersigned and the respective holders of such debentures.

By order of the Board of Directors,
THE NIAGARA FALLS POWER COMPANY,
By EDWARD A. WICKES, President.

GEORGIA AND FLORIDA RAILWAY.

This is to give notice that Georgia and Florida Railway has, pursuant to the provisions of the mortgage, or deed of trust hereinafter referred to, by due corporate action, appointed THE BALTIMORE TRUST COMPANY, a corporation duly incorporated under the laws of the State of Maryland, and having its principal office at No. 25 East Baltimore Street, in the City of Baltimore, Maryland, successor in the office of Trustee under a certain mortgage or deed of trust executed and delivered by this Company to International Trust Company of Maryland, as Trustee, dated August 15, 1907.

The said The Baltimore Trust Company was formed by the consolidation of the International Trust Company of Maryland and The Baltimore Trust and Guarantee Company, all of them being Maryland corporations.

GEORGIA AND FLORIDA RAILWAY,
By JOHN SKELTON WILLIAMS,
President.

PROPOSALS.

AUGUSTA ARSENAL, AUGUSTA, GA., April 18, 1911.—Sealed proposals, in triplicate, upon the blank forms furnished by this office only will be received at this office until 2 o'clock, P. M., Thursday, May 18, 1911, for furnishing during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1912, Steel, Brass, Building Materials, Paints, Oils, Tools, Cotton Waste, Hardware, Fuel, Photographic Paper, Stationery, &c. For information apply to "The Commanding Officer."

Houston & Texas Central First Mortgage Bonds.

Notice of Bonds Drawn for Payment

The Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, having in its possession cash proceeds from sales of lands covered by Trust Indenture between Frederic P. Olcott, the Central Trust Company of New York, and the Southern Pacific Company, dated April 1, 1890, which are applicable to the purchase of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company's First Mortgage Bonds, secured by such indenture to an amount sufficient at the price limited in said Trust Indenture to purchase and retire 85 of such bonds, and, it having been found that such bonds cannot be purchased at or below 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon, there have been drawn by lot, under the provisions of such Trust Indenture, Bonds secured thereby bearing the distinguishing numbers hereinafter stated, to be paid for out of such proceeds of such land sales at the said rate of 110 per centum of the par value thereof and accrued interest thereon.

The distinguishing numbers of the bonds so drawn are as follows, viz.:

15	987	1765	2208	3333	4323	6334	7481
132	1023	1830	2216	3498	4802	6434	7571
203	1150	1831	2437	3508	4845	6591	7621
206	1245	1840	2526	3546	5210	6621	7692
272	1263	1988	2578	3563	5445	6629	7826
422	1268	2009	2721	3920	5508	6879	7841
516	1339	2015	2894	3923	5600	6880	8028
676	1411	2029	2916	3977	5751	6969	8068
692	1414	2042	2953	4026	5798	7034	
762	1586	2107	3011	4158	6004	7255	
770	1647	2163	3310	4190	6234	7347	
							85

The bonds bearing such distinguishing numbers will be paid for at the rate above mentioned, viz., 110 per centum, and accrued interest, upon presentation thereof, with all unmatured coupons attached thereto, at the office of the Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company, 120 Broadway, New York City.

The bonds so drawn will cease to bear interest from and after sixty days' published notice of such drawing, viz., from and after the 29th day of May, 1911.

Houston & Texas Central Railroad Company
By R. S. LOVETT,
President.

New York, March 30, 1911.

International & Great Northern Railroad Co.

SECOND MORTGAGE BONDS

TO THE HOLDERS OF CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT ISSUED BY THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST COMPANY UNDER THE BONDHOLDERS' AGREEMENT DATED MARCH 2, 1908:

All the bonds and coupons deposited under the above-mentioned Agreement having been sold by the Committee for their face value and accrued interest in accordance with the provisions of said Agreement, and the Committee having deducted from the purchase price its compensation and expenses, notice is hereby given that the balance remaining in the hands of the Committee will be distributed, and that the sum of **ONE THOUSAND, TWO HUNDRED AND TWENTY-TWO AND 50-100 DOLLARS ($1,222.50)** will be paid in respect of each $1,000 bond represented by a certificate of deposit, and the sum of **SIX HUNDRED ELEVEN AND 25-100 DOLLARS ($611.25)** will be paid in respect of each $500 bond represented by a certificate of deposit, upon presentation and surrender for cancellation of the certificates of deposit at the office of THE FARMERS' LOAN & TRUST CO., No. 22 William Street, New York City, on and after **MAY 12, 1911.**

Dated New York, May 11, 1911.

W. EMLEN ROOSEVELT,
EDGAR L. MARSTON,
JOHN W. HAMER,
HENRY K. POMROY,
Committee.

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE KENTUCKY FIRST MORTGAGE 5% SINKING FUND GOLD BONDS OF **THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY**

Secured by its Kentucky First Mortgage, or Deed of Trust, dated December 1, 1908.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that THE CONSOLIDATION COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding Kentucky First Mortgage 5% Sinking Fund Gold Bonds on the first day of June, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated December 1st, 1908, from The Consolidation Coal Company to The Fidelity Trust Company, (Baltimore, Md.,) Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of The Fidelity Trust Company, Trustee, 200 N. Charles Street, Baltimore, Md., or at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the Trustee or of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of June, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Kentucky First Mortgage or Deed of Trust:

105% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to June 1st, 1911; at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 21st day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
President, The Consolidation Coal Co.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 105 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART,
Assistant Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 21st, 1911.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the mortgage, dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned, as Trustee, will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 7th day of June, 1911, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $26,847.79. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, May 1st, 1911.

SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATIONS.

The Franklin Society
Come and visit our new and larger offices in the Potter Building, 38 Park Row, New York City
4½%

¶ The Long Island Loan & Trust Company acts as Trustee under corporate mortgages.

¶ As fiscal agent it will pay coupons or interest, disburse dividends, redeem bonds at maturity or when due by operation of a sinking fund.

¶ The Company also acts as Registrar and Transfer Agent for stocks and bonds.

¶ It may be appointed Receiver for the liquidation or reorganization of corporations.

LONG ISLAND LOAN & TRUST COMPANY
TEMPLE-BAR, 44 COURT ST.
BROOKLYN

MANHATTAN TRVST COMPANY
Wall Street Corner Nassav

Authorized to act as Executor under Wills, Administrator, Guardian.

Trustee for Individuals, Corporations and Municipalities. Fiscal Agent.

Transfer Agent and Registrar of Stocks and Bonds.

Receiver, Assignee or Committee.

Temporary Offices
113 BROADWAY

The Washington Trust Co.
of the City of New York.
253 BROADWAY.
Allows Interest on Deposits.
Guardian, Executor, Trustee, Administrator.

Trustee for Personal Trusts
Astor Trust Co.
Fifth Avenue and 36th St., New York

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N. Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits.................133,000,000

United States Mortgage & Trust Co.
New York
CAPITAL and SURPLUS $6,000,000
Personal and Business Accounts Invited

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE CORPORATE BONDS OF THE
SOMERSET COAL COMPANY
Secured by its Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated Jan. 28, 1902.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the said SOMERSET COAL COMPANY will redeem ALL of its outstanding bonds on the first day of August, 1911, that being a semi-annual interest date, in accordance with the provisions contained in the Mortgage or Deed of Trust, dated January 28, 1902, from the Somerset Coal Company to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, Trustee.

Said bonds will be redeemed and payment therefor made at the office of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, New York, the place at which said bonds and the interest coupons thereto attached are made payable.

Holders of the said bonds are notified to present them for payment at the office of the said Guaranty Trust Company of New York, on the first day of August, 1911, at which time and place they will receive, as provided in said Mortgage or Deeed of Trust:

110% of the face or Par value of each bond with accrued interest to August 1st, 1911, and at which date all interest on said bonds will cease.

Dated at Baltimore, Maryland, the 23rd day of February, 1911.

J. H. WHEELWRIGHT,
Vice President, Somerset Coal Company.

The Company having deposited funds with the Guaranty Trust Company of New York for the redemption of the above bonds, holders thereof may present them to the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, 28 Nassau Street, New York City, at any time on or after this date, and will receive therefor 110 and accrued interest.

T. K. STUART, Treasurer.
Baltimore, Maryland, February 23rd, 1911.

NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS
—FIFTEENTH YEAR—
Will you allow us to show you how $100.00 per annum for ten years invested ten years ago is now returning an income of over $100.00 per annum and is represented by securities worth over $3,000.00.
Please call or write for Circular E, describing
CONVERTIBLE BONDS yielding 6.66%
METROPOLITAN DEPT.
NEW YORK REALTY OWNERS,
489 FIFTH AVE., NEW YORK.

6% MORTGAGE BONDS
A Safe, Stable Investment
Denominations $100—$500—$1,000
Secured by a Mortgage to a Trust Company Covering Entire Assets of Company
NEW YORK REAL ESTATE SECURITY COMPANY
42 Broadway
Write for Information—Circular "43."

C. S. Burton & Co.
UNLISTED SECURITIES
15 BROAD ST. Phone Hanover 6547
Quotation Record of Inactive Securities on Request.

NOTICE TO BONDHOLDERS.
TRINIDAD, COLORADO,
April 27, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that those certain bonds issued by the City of Trinidad, Colorado, bearing date October 1, 1901, and numbered from 1 to 70, inclusive, for the sum of One Thousand Dollars ($1,000.00) each will be redeemed at the First National Bank in the City of New York on the first day of November, 1911, according to the terms of said bonds, and the provision of the Ordinance of the City Council of the City of Trinidad, Colorado, under which said bonds were issued.

SOL. H. JAFFA,
City Treasurer of the City of Trinidad, Colorado.

WHEAT AWAY UP ON DEMAND ABROAD

Poor Foreign Crop Outlook Brings Heavy Calls for Supplies Here.

CORN AND OATS HOLD FIRM

Cotton Makes High Records, Though Acreage Is Big and Weather Fine.

Wheat has advanced from the low point made in early April about 6 cents a bushel, with the highest of prices of the advance made this week. A gain of 6 cents in the six weeks has been indivative of the slowness of the market, but the steadily hardening tendency has been pronounced enough so that prices have worked up from every reaction notwithstanding the very optimistic ideas regarding the American crop. Underlying the entire situation, there has been evidence of an improving tone in the European markets. At the opening of the year, when wheat was above $1 a bushel in New York and Chicago, the New York prices were higher than the European and the Chicago prices were almost even with the European.

In early April, when wheat declined to the low point, Antwerp plate wheat declined to 95¼, Berlin May, $1.20, and Liverpool July to about 94 cents. The market since then has shown decided strength on the other side. Paris July-August on Friday, which was the high day, closed at $1.44⅛, Antwerp plate wheat, $1.02½, Berlin wheat $1.36, and Liverpool July wheat about $1.01. During this period of six weeks the world's exports have been very heavy, amounting to an average of over 12,000,000 bushels a week. The European visible supply in that period has been steadily decreasing notwithstanding the fact of the immense exports. These exports have been much heavier than last year and very materially heavier than two years ago. The actual shipments in the six weeks have been in round figures 74,000,000 bushels against 68,200,000 bushels last year and 46,000,000 bushels two years ago. In this time the European visible supply has this year decreased 14,000,000 bushels against a decrease of 8,000,000 bushels last year and a decrease of 15,300,000 two years ago.

The fact that the stocks have decreased just about as much this year as they did two years ago with exports this year nearly double two years ago indicates a distribution amounting this season to, in round numbers, of 90,000,000 bushels for the six weeks, compared with 60,000,000 bushels two years ago. A gain of 50 per cent. in the foreign distribution. The actual world's exports since July 1 last have been 545,000,000 bushels this year against 482,000,000 bushels last year and 400,000,000 bushels two years ago. This is a gain of 63,000,000 bushels this season over last year and a gain of 145,000,000 bushels over two years ago.

With this enormous European absorption of wheat there has been added another factor, which is causing some uneasiness. The crop conditions are not developing as satisfactorily in Europe as desired. This is officially shown by the German report of a short time ago and there have been numerous private reports from the great producting sections of Southeastern Europe indicating fairly serious conditions as a result of continued drought and recently of high temperatures.

Domestic stocks have been running down very rapidly. Since April 1 the United States visible supply of wheat has decreased 12,000,000 bushels. This decrease is an average of 2,000,000 a week and shows notwithstanding the rather limited exports that the American farmer is not selling wheat freely at the low prices, and that the distribution is heavy notwithstanding the continued complaints of slow flour trade.

The American crop situation is apparently a very favorable one. The Government report on Monday made a gain in the condition of the growing crop of 2.8 points. The ten-year average shows a decline during the month of April of .9, so that the condition now is relatively 3.7 points better than would have been the case if the crop had made the normal deterioration during the month of April. The amount of abandoned area was slightly less than expectation, but the amount still standing for harvest is unusually large, having been exceeded only once. The promise for the crop as figured on the Government quantative estimate per acre is for an outturn of 489,000,000 bushels, or only 5,000,000 bushels less than the previous high record. The Government estimate of 15.6 bushels per acre is based on an average of five-year results.

The conditions in the Spring wheat territory have been materially improved this week. There had been a great deal of apprehension as to the moisture supply. Owing to the deficient rainfall last Summer, very serious damage to the North Dakota crop, deficient rainfall since exhausting the subsoil moisture, there was fear that unless rains were frequent and fairly generous the crop this year would suffer materially again. There have been, however, very general showers in the Northwest, not heavy at any time, but covering several days so that the moisture was all absorbed, and in the Canadian Northwest there were also several days of rainfall culminating with a heavy general rain and snow storm, so that for a time at least the ground for apprehension has been removed.

CORN.

Corn has shown improvement, prices being influenced by strength of wheat and oats, strength of cash corn, and decreasing stocks. The market has presented a very interesting side. From the low point there has been a very rapid advance in the price of cash corn, the advance being much faster than the rise in the forward deliveries. This has been a factor in the advance in May, which from a discount of about 3c under September has risen to nearly 1c. over. Stocks at points of accumulation have decreased steadily, while the advance in the price of cash has not brought the volume of country offerings anticipated. Receipts are much larger, it is true, and for the last week were 500,000 bushels at the West more than the previous week and 2,000,000 bushels more than last year. Shipments into distribution have been large, but for the past week there was a loss of about 1,000,000 bushels in the movement from the West. The market showed the latter part of the week signs of hesitation, possibly the result of the increasing movement and decreasing shipments. Weather conditions have been extremely favorable for field work compared with recent years. For the last two or three years planting has been seriously delayed by heavy Spring rains. This year there has been practically no interruption. Temperatures have been high and the ground has warmed up rapidly. Shipments from the Argentine are nothing at present, and shipments from Southeastern Europe are insignificant, so that practically the entire European supply seems to be dependent on this country's shipments.

OATS.

Oats have been strong and active with prices advancing steadily, gaining 4@4½ cents a bushel from the low point of the Spring. The advance has been partly sympathetic, but the crop developments have not been entirely satisfactory. There has been apprehension of a decrease in acreage partly based on the State reports received so far and partly on private reports, while the weather, which has been so favorable for field work in corn has been unsatisfactory for oats. Cash oats have been firm. Western receipts have been moderate, but not large, while shipments from the interior for some weeks have shown distribution in excess of the receipts.

PROVISIONS.

Provisions developments have not been very pronounced. Fluctuations in May pork have been violent, due to settling up of May contracts. A somewhat steadier tone has prevailed in products, but speculation has been small. Hogs have been very firm, however, showing gains in all markets, and receipts have been decreasing moderately. Western packing for the week, however, was 180,000 more than last year, and since March 1 the packing has been 5,245,000, an increase of 1,760,000 over a year ago. Stocks of product are increasing, but the tone of the market seems better.

COTTONSEED OIL.

Gains approximating to nearly 2 cents a gallon in the future market and to 1 cents in the crude market, were scored during the past week, while with these advances sentiment showed a corresponding improvement. Unquestionably, short covering was instrumental toward the higher values at times, but demand for actual oil from consuming interests was also in larger volume. Refiners manifested a disposition to cover shorts, and this, together with the buying of crude at the South, was taken as a fair indication that sales to outside concerns were of moderate proportions, while on the other hand the grease situation, particularly oleostearine, developed unmistakable firmness. The importance of this is realized as reflecting upon the compound lard business, which was greater for several weeks, the course of the pure lard market at Chicago also being conductive to this.

Some large concerns are also spreading bullish correspondence, and on the whole there was little opposition given to the upward movement, excepting sales made against purchases of crude at lower levels, the future market still being below a parity with asking prices at the South; it being extremely difficult to obtain oil there.

The cotton situation has not entered into the market as an important factor as yet, but conditions are being closely observed. The general opinion is that weather has greatly facilitated planting operations, although while rains would be welcomed in some of the Eastern States, increased acreage reports and improved method of cultivation, naturally offset a certain percentage of expected reports of deterioration.

COTTON.

Old crop months attained new high records on almost every day of the past week, with final prices at the best of the season and bulls apparently were in as full control of ths situation as for several months. In fact, as each week draws to a close, the strength of the statistical situation is more clearly revealed, and prospects for only very limited supplies at the termination of the season are being more generally realized than heretofore. There appears to be but little disposition on the part of outside interests to antagonize the upward movement, and the consensus of opinion is that future prices will be determined largely by the extent of the remaining short interest which undoubtedly has been considerably reduced by events recently. Meanwhile, prevailing levels discount the scarcity of cotton to some extent, and even if not full, outside interests are not enthusiastic.

Although the more distant options have also shared sympathetically in this strength they are naturally affected by crop conditions, and these were not of a character to promote excitement. Many interests, however, expect an active demand for the September and October options in view of the prospects of practical exhaustion of cotton at the end of the season, but whether this demand will prove so urgent as to enforce materially higher prices in these options is a matter of conjecture at present, as it is still too early to predict the extent of the movement of early cotton. Nevertheless, if prices are high there will be great incentive for early shipment, and it would not be unnatural if normal conditions prevail through the early Summer for cotton to move to the extent of several hundred thousand bales to be applied on August, September, and early October delivery.

Crop conditions last week were considered by conservative authorities as having been in the main favorable. There were intermittent showers, which led to complaints that some fields in the Western belt were becoming foul and grassy, while cutworms ravages were noted in sections of Texas, but in neither instance were the complaints regarded as serious. Predictions of low temperatures also failed of materialization, and while some of the Eastern cotton States would welcome precipitation, there is little inclination to regard the need of rain as urgent at the moment. The advices to hand indicate that planting has made rapid progress during the week, and many authorities are anticipating a bearish Government report on June 2, especially when the increased acreage and improved methods of cultivation are taken into consideration.

The domestic trade situation was generally conceded to be slightly improved, and without a doubt the developments in the print cloth market had a stimulating effect. Borden interests bought heavily of printed goods and served to rid the market of surplus offerings, although the buying movement was accompanied by the statement that it was cheaper to purchase in the open market than to manufacture the cloth. This explains the curtailment which is now being experienced in nearly all milling plants, and the contraction in working time is fully as great as at any period of the season. Of course, it is realized that more or less curtailment is essential as far as obtaining supplies from the old crop is concerned, especially as foreign countries are enjoying moderate prosperity and are enabled to operate profitably notwithstanding high prices of the raw material. Sentiment, while rather pessimistic at present in regard to the American trade condition, is undergoing some modification. With the advent of new crop cotton and the prevailing discounts which those options are ruling at, a large part of the unfavorable conditions existing will have been eliminated. A decision of the important trust cases now before the Supreme Court, in conjunction with nervousness over probable changes in the tariff schedule, is another factor in restraint of trade, but it does not seem to require unbounded optimism to foresee improved conditions with the disposal of these factors.

The remnant of cotton held at the South is commanding full asking prices, and stocks at interior points are being rapidly reduced, while at the same time shipments in the future market have been diverted to other channels, owing to this corresponding strength. Reports from spot centres indicate that American spinners are not largely interested, but the volume of cotton being exported, with the fair inquiry from the Continent and Great Britain, is sufficient, apparently, to absorb offerings. This foreign demand has been one of the dominating influences in the situation for practically the entire season, and while abating at times, it seemingly has proved large enough to overshadow the unfavorable trade situation in this country, which, together with the downward trend of commodities in general, were the factors mainly instrumental in establishing much bear sentiment.

The Chronicle statistics for the week show that exports to date aggregate 7,008,000 bales, against 5,420,000 bales a year ago, with 73,000 bales on shipboard, against 55,000 bales last year. The visible supply totals 3,413,000 bales, against 3,370,000 in 1910 and 4,238,000 in 1909. Into sight for the season is 11,070,000 bales, against 9,685,000 last year. The stock of cotton at interior towns amounts to 277,000 bales, against 318,000 last year, and at ports stocks are 325,000 bales, against 446,000 in 1910.

CROKER IN SAFETY MUSEUM.

Ex-Chief to Devote His Time to Methods of Fire Prevention.

Former Fire Chief Croker is to devote himself exclusively to the work of fire prevention, in connection with the American Museum of Safety, with offices in the Engineering Societies Building, 29 West Thirty-ninth Street. In a letter to THE TIMES he says:

> I have given up my public office as fire fighter to use the knowledge gained during the twenty-seven years in the New York Fire Department for the purpose of becoming a fire preventor. It is generally admitted that a large number of our fires are due to carelessness, ignorance, selfishness, and crime.
>
> In the section of Fire Prevention in the American Museum of Safety, in which I have taken the Chairmanship, I shall devote as much of my time as possible in promoting an active campaign for teaching safety and caution in homes, shops, factories, schools, department stores, theatres, and streets. I shall supervise personally for the Museum the preparation of safety manuals on these topics, simply written so as to be easily understood.
>
> Effort is being made, on behalf of the Museum, to secure $50,000 for its permanent exhibits and educational work in fire prevention. Every dollar will be spent in the most economical and efficient manner to secure the desired results.

The section of fire prevention in the American Museum of Safety will include devices, models, photographs, and drawings; a model room with the best appliances for fire protection and their demonstration; safety manuals to be translated into foreign languages, fire drills, and illustrated lectures on fire prevention.

FORM STATE SOCIETY FOR LEGAL REFORMS

Work of the Conference Just Ended at Columbia Will Be Continued.

MANY CHANGES ADVOCATED

Would Abolish Third Degree Confessions and Do Away with Unanimous Verdicts Except in Homicide Cases.

The way has been paved for a continuation of the work of the Conference on the Reform of the Criminal Law and Procedure, which has been in progress at Columbia University, by the formation of a New York State society to be affiliated with the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology. This was done by resolution at the last session of the conference, and a committee was authorized to complete its organization and effect its incorporation.

George W. Kirchwey, Dean of the Columbia Law School, is Chairman and O. F. Lewis, Secretary of the Prison Association, Secretary of this committee. Other organizations participating in the conference whose representatives became members of the new society were the Academy of Political Science, New York County Lawyers' Association, and committees of the Bar Association and Charity Organization Society.

The formation and work of the American Institute of Criminal Law and Criminology marked the first effort in English-speaking countries to obtain thorough scientific data upon which to act and to obtain co-operation of all forces, lay, scientific, and legal, interested in the solution of the problem. Its President, Col. Nathan W. MacChesney of Chicago, in an address at the Hotel Astor dinner, at which President Taft was the principal speaker, summed up the work of the conference at Columbia and brought out the specific changes desired to obtain prompt and effective enforcement of the criminal law in this country. These changes included:

> The right of the prosecution to comment upon the defendant's refusal to testify should be secured. The right to use private confessions obtained by officers of the law (commonly called the "third degree") should be abolished.
>
> The same right of change of venue should be given to the State as to the accused, and removal under proper restrictions from one county to another allowed.
>
> The provisions requiring a unanimous verdict should be done away with, and in all except capital cases a three-quarters verdict should be allowed.
>
> The amendment of indictments should be allowed at any time if the entire character of the crime is not changed and the accused is given the right, if necessary, to prepare any additional defense made necessary by such change.
>
> The power of the trial Judge should be rehabilitated so that he can exercise his common law powers with the right to summarize and comment upon the evidence as in the Federal courts, and cease to be what President Taft has compared to a mere moderator in a religious assembly.
>
> The same number of challenges should be allowed to the State as to the accused, and they should be placed so far as possible upon the same footing without undue hardship to the accused.
>
> Public defenders should be provided if an appeal is to be allowed the State, so that in such cases the burden to the accused may be minimized, where he, without means, has to face the power, prestige, and resources of the State.
>
> Where accused takes the stand in his own behalf he should be subject to cross-examination and should be taken to have waived his constitutional privilege against self-incrimination. The principle of jeopardy should not apply in case of mistrial or retrial.
>
> An indictment should be sufficient if it specifies the crime, its time and location, with sufficient particularity to prevent second prosecution.
>
> Press comment should be stringently limited to actual report of the proceedings, without comment editorially or otherwise, and without comment from the State's or District Attorney.
>
> Jurors should not be disqualified because of the reading of accounts or hearings of rumors regarding alleged crime, but only when they cannot give a fair verdict because of fixed opinion.
>
> Expert testimony should be rigidly regulated, and if the experts are not furnished by the State their qualifications should be passed upon by it, their fees limited, and contingent fees absolutely prohibited.
>
> Jury service should be compelled on the part of practically every citizen, and to that end the law should be amended so that the time of such service may be fixed so that it will give the least inconvenience possible.
>
> A transcript of the evidence of a witness at a former trial, whom it is impossible to produce, should be competent evidence in a second trial.

Assistant District Attorney Charles C. Nott attacked the principle that a man must not be put twice in jeopardy for the same offense as resulting in acquittals on the merest technicalities, such as the omission of a word in the indictment.

Col. MacChesney pointed out that in 1873 England abandoned all the theories and practices which form the historical background of the absurdities in our system, and brought about a system which is at once simple, effective, and expeditious, as well as modern. The present procedure in Illinois, he said, was that of England in the time of George I.

The demand for reform, he said, must be met immediately, for the man in the street is convinced that, in the words of Solon, "laws are like spiders' webs which catch the small flies, but through which the great flies break."

Col. MacChesney said the outlook for reform was bright, and that it had been put ahead a decade by the impetus given to the movement by President Taft.

FOREST FIRE IN CONNECTICUT

One Still Raging Burns Up Much Windsor Timber.

WINDSOR, Ct., May 14.—A forest fire which burned all day Saturday continued with unabated fury to-day, and by to-night between 2,500 and 3,000 acres of the best timber land in Windsor had been destroyed, together with 150 cords of wood.

To-night the fire has crossed the Bloomfield town line, and it is thought that a previous fire in that town will act as a back fire and the present conflagration will burn itself out.

Moore Trotting Park and several houses were threatened with destruction, but the local Fire Department, assisted by the Fire Warden and two hundred men, managed to save the structures. The loss has not been estimated, but it will be large.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, May 14.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

6,716—MACHINERY AND SUPERINTENDENT FOR MAKING LARD.—An American Consul reports that a business man in his district desires to be placed in communication with American manufacturers of lard machinery for the purpose of making compound lard similar to that produced by packing house companies in the United States. He desires a plant with a capacity of about 360,000 pounds per month, and states that he desires to manufacture the compound according to the methods of the American chemist, Tweedshell. In connection with the purchase of this plant he is anxious to secure the services of a man familiar with the chemical process of manufacture, and would also like to have books and other publications on this subject.

6,717—SMALL SAILING VESSELS.—Owing to the enactment of the new coasting shipping laws in Russia foreign vessels are now prohibited from engaging in this trade, and an American Consul reports that efforts will be made by local shipping men to secure small sailing vessels to take the place of the steamers formerly engaged in this service. It has been suggested that as American whaling fleets no longer use sailing vessels, some of the old craft might find a ready sale, and if owners will communicate, in English, with the chief of a certain trading port, giving the date of the construction of vessels, with plans, specifications, and prices, both at the American port and delivered, as well as the terms of payment, he will place the matter before intending purchasers. Only very low draught vessels can engage in the coasting trade in that region, the draught to be from 4 to 12 feet.

6,718—RESIN AND NATURAL ANIMAL FAT IN BARRELS.—A foreign business firm has advised an American Consul that it desires to enter into direct communication with American manufacturers of resin. At the present time this firm is importing from Germany, and consumes annually about 723,000 pounds, paying 85 cents to $1.13 for 36.112 pounds, cost, insurance, and freight, certain city, receiving a reduction of 14 per cent. for packing. The same firm desires to purchase about 900,000 pounds of natural animal fat in barrels, and is anxious to secure an American soapmaker familiar with chemistry to superintend the manufacture of soap at one of its factories.

6,719—OIL EXTRACTING AND FERTILIZER MACHINERY.—A report from an American Consul in Russia states that a business man in his district desires catalogues, shipping weights, prices, and general information in regard to machinery for extracting oil and manufacturing fertilizer from fish, principally herring. Correspondence may be in English.

6,720—SCREWMAKING MACHINERY.—A business firm in Africa has requested an American Consul to furnish it with the names of American manufacturers of screwmaking machinery, as it contemplates erecting a factory. The firm has been requested to furnish further particulars concerning the proposed plant, and when the same are received they may be secured from the Bureau of Manufactures by interested persons.

6,721—AMERICAN BLOTTING PAPER.—An American Consul in a Mediterranean port reports that American blotters might be introduced in his district. The kind in use is almost exclusively the ordinary continental variety, which is thin and rolls up at the edges. A large drop of ink penetrates to the writing paper under it; or, if on the paper, soils the hand above it. If American manufacturers will write to a list of merchants accompanying the report and explain the superiority of the American blotters, giving also prices, the Consul believes a trade can be developed. It is particularly requested that merchants follow the suggestion to explain the points of superiority of the American blotter, as most of the consumers know nothing about American blotters and have no means of comparing the quality of the continental with the American products.

We are prepared to execute orders to
BUY AND SELL
Pennsylvania R. R. Co. "Rights"
Jas. H. Oliphant & Co.
Phone Rector 865, 20 Broad St., New York.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

MADISON TRUST COMPANY,
786 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK.
To the Stockholders of Madison Trust Company:

The Board of Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York and the Board of Directors of the Madison Trust Company having made and entered into an agreement under the respective corporate seals of said companies for the merger of said Madison Trust Company into The Equitable Trust Company of New York, and prescribing the terms and conditions thereof and the mode of carrying the same into effect, notice is hereby given that a special meeting of the stockholders of Madison Trust Company will be held at the office of the Company, No. 786 Fifth Avenue, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Monday, the 29th of May, 1911, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of considering and acting upon said agreement of merger entered into by the Directors of the Company with the Trustees of The Equitable Trust Company of New York pursuant to Section 36 of the Banking Law of the State of New York, which agreement will then be submitted to said stockholders for their consideration and approval; also to consider and act upon the proceedings of the Board of Directors of the Company taken at a meeting of the Board held on the 12th of May, 1911, concerning the agreement of merger and other matters relating thereto, and also the mode of carrying the same into effect, and also to consider and act upon any other matter or thing which may come before such stockholders for their consideration.

The stock transfer books of the Company will be closed at the close of business on the 27th day of May, 1911.

New York, May 12th, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors,
WATKINS CROCKETT, Vice President.
HERMAN J. COOK, Secretary.

LEWIS-INGLE PUBLISHING COMPANY.
Notice of Special Meeting of Stockholders.

Notice is hereby given that a Special Meeting of the stockholders of the Lewis-Ingle Publishing Company will be held at the office of the Secretary of the Company, in Room 1911, at No. 315 4th Ave., in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County and State of New York, on the 22d day of May, 1911, at 4:30 o'clock P. M., for the purpose of voting upon the proposition that the said corporation be forthwith dissolved, pursuant to the provisions of Article X., Section 221, of the General Corporation Law of the State of New York, and, in case the holders of two-thirds in amount of the capital stock of the Company then outstanding shall consent that such dissolution shall take place, of signifying such consent in writing, and for the purpose of authorizing the doing of such acts and things in connection therewith as may be necessary and proper to give effect to the action of such meeting and bring about the winding up of the affairs of the Company, and for the purpose of transacting such other and further business as may properly come before such meeting. This special meeting was called by a vote of all the Directors of the Company at a meeting of the Board of Directors regularly called for that purpose.

Dated, New York City, April 20, 1911.
By order of the Board of Directors,
CHARLES G. BOURNE,
Secretary of Lewis-Ingle Publishing Company.

Universal Audit Company of New York.
Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of Universal Audit Company will be held at the office of the company, Suite 1005 Singer Building, 149 Broadway, New York, on May 22d, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing Directors, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
W. M. WILLIAMS, Secretary.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

BUTTE COALITION MINING CO.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Annual Meeting of the stockholders of the BUTTE COALITION MINING COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, 243 Washington Street, Jersey City, New Jersey, on Tuesday, the sixth day of June, 1911, at three o'clock P. M., for the transaction of any and all business that may come before the meeting, including the election of three Directors to hold office for three years.

The transfer books will be closed at three o'clock P. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, and will be reopened at ten o'clock A. M. on Wednesday, June 7, 1911.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS,
J. W. ALLEN, Secretary.
April 25, 1911.

THE NEW YORK AND HARLEM RAILROAD COMPANY.
New York, N. Y., April 20th, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the Eighty-first Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of The New York and Harlem Railroad Company, for the election of Directors, will be held at the office of the company, in Grand Central Terminal, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the 16th day of May, 1911. The poll will open at 12 o'clock noon, and continue open for two hours thereafter. The transfer books will be closed at 3 o'clock P. M., on Wednesday, the 26th day of April, 1911, and reopened on the morning of Wednesday, the 17th day of May, 1911.

DWIGHT W. PARDEE, Secretary.

New York Institution for the Instruction of the Deaf and Dumb.
New York, May 9th, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the Annual Meeting of the Members and the election of Officers and Directors will be held at the Institution at Washington Heights, on Tuesday afternoon, May 16th, 1911, at 2 o'clock.

Carriages will be at the station of the Subway, 157th Street and Broadway from 12:30 until 2 o'clock, to convey members to the grounds of the Institution.

SAMUEL R. BETTS, Secretary Pro Tem.
ENOCH HENRY CURRIER, Principal.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT A MEETING of the stockholders of NICELLE OLIVE OIL COMPANY will be held at the office of the company, 96 Warren St., on the 18th day of May, 1911, at 12 M., for the purpose of electing four Directors for the ensuing year, two Inspectors of Election to serve at the next annual meeting, and for the transaction of such other business as may properly come before said meeting. Polls will remain open one hour. Transfer books will be closed from the 9th day of May, 1911, to the 19th day of May, 1911.

New York, May 10th, 1911.
GEORGE B. PARKER, Secretary.

OFFICE OF
AMALGAMATED COPPER COMPANY,
42 Broadway, New York, April 29th, 1911.

Notice is hereby given that the stock certificate transfer books of the Company will be closed on Monday, May 15, 1911, at 3 o'clock P. M. for the purpose of the Annual Meeting of the Company, to be held June 5, 1911, and that such books will be reopened on Tuesday, June 6, 1911, at 10 o'clock A. M.

A. H. MELIN, Secretary.

S. PEARSON & SON, INCORPORATED.
NOTICE OF ANNUAL MEETING.

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders of S. Pearson & Son, Incorporated, will be held at the principal office of the Company, 507 Fifth Ave., Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, May 31st, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon, for the election of Directors and the transaction of such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

HENRY D. FORBES, Secretary.
New York, May 13th, 1911.

INTERNATIONAL PACKING MACHINE COMPANY.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of stockholders of this Company will take place on June 1st, at 2 P. M., at its office, 56 and 58 Pine St., in accord with article No. 1 of its by-laws.

A. L. MORENO, Vice Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE STOCKHOLDERS of the Chesebrough Building Company will be held at its office, Room 709, No. 17 State Street, N. Y., on Monday, at 12 M., May 22d, 1911, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and such other business as may be brought before the meeting.

ARTHUR J. HOPPER, Secretary.

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
54 Wall Street
Capital and Surplus, $18,000,000
(of which $17,000,000 has been earned)
Authorized to act as Executor, Trustee, Administrator or Guardian.
Receive Deposits, subject to check, and allows Interest on Daily Balances
Acts as Transfer Agent, Registrar and Trustee under Mortgages.

KNICKERBOCKER TRUST COMPANY
358 Fifth Ave. 60 Broadway
Lenox Ave. & 125th St. Third Ave. & 148th St.
NEW YORK
Issues Travelers Letters of Credit
and Foreign Drafts
Payable in all parts of the World
CAPITAL-SURPLUS - - $9,000,000

TRAVELERS
We Furnish Domestic & Foreign
LETTERS OF CREDIT
and issue
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK
25 Broad Street, New York, N. Y.

CHARTERED 1864
Union Trust Company of New York
MAIN OFFICE: 80 BROADWAY.
Uptown Office: 425 Fifth Avenue, corner 38th Street,
With Modern Safe Deposit Vaults.
Capital $1,000,000 Surplus (earned) $7,800,000
ALLOWS INTEREST ON DEPOSITS.
Acts as Executor, Guardian, Trustee, Administrator, and in all Fiduciary Capacities on behalf of Individuals, Institutions or Corporations.

Travelers' Letters of Credit
PAYABLE THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.
TRAVELERS' CHEQUES.
BILLS OF EXCHANGE.
CABLE TRANSFERS.
The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company,
16 to 22 William St. NEW YORK 475 Fifth Avenue.
LONDON:
15 Cockspur St.
28 Bishopsgate.
PARIS:
41 Boulevard Haussmann.

DIVIDENDS.

Union Pacific Railroad Company
A QUARTERLY DIVIDEND OF
$2.50 per share on the Common Stock of this Company has this day been declared, payable at the Treasurer's office, 120 Broadway, New York, N. Y., on July 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at 12 o'clock noon on Saturday, June 3, 1911.

The stock transfer books will not be closed.

Stockholders who have not already done so are requested to promptly file mailing orders for dividends with the undersigned, from whom blank orders can be had on application.

FREDERIC V. S. CROSBY, Treasurer.
New York, N. Y., May 11, 1911.

NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY
53rd PREFERRED DIVIDEND

THE Board of Directors have declared the fifty-third consecutive quarterly dividend of one and three quarters (1¾) per cent on the Preferred Capital Stock of the Company, payable May 31, 1911, to Stockholders of record at the close of business, May 17, 1911. Transfer books will not be closed.

F. E. BUGBEE, Treasurer.

BUTTE COALITION MINING CO.
42 Broadway, New York, April 25, 1911.

The Board of Directors have this day declared a quarterly dividend of Twenty-five Cents (25c) per share on the outstanding Capital Stock, payabale June 1, 1911, to stockholders of record at three o'clock P. M. May 16, 1911. Transfer books close at three o'clock P. M. May 16, 1911, and reopen at ten o'clock A. M. June 7, 1911.

J. W. ALLEN, Secretary and Treasurer.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA COPPER COMPANY, LTD.
81 Nassau St., New York,
April 24th, 1911.

The Board of Directors of this Company has this day declared a quarterly dividend of Two and One-Half Per Cent., (2½%,) payable June 1st, 1911, to stocholders of record at the close of business May 15th 1911.

R. H. EGGLESTON, Treasurer.

NORFOLK AND WESTERN RAILWAY CO.
The Board of Directors has declared upon the Adjustment Preferred Stock a quarterly dividend of $1.00 per share, payable at the office of the Company, Arcade Building, Philadelphia, Pa., on and after May 18, 1911, to the Adjustment Preferred Stockholders of record at the close of business April 29, 1911.

E. H. ALDEN, Secretary.

WOMAN'S HOTEL CO. DIVIDEND NO. 8.
The Board of Directors have this day declared a semi-annual dividend of 2½% on the capital stock of this company, payable June 15th, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business June 1st, 1911.

L. B. ELLIMAN, Treasurer.
Dated New York, May 10th, 1911.

Office of
INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY.
Meriden, Conn., May 15, 1911.

Coupons No. 25, of the First Mortgage Bonds of this company, due June 1, 1911, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York City.

GEORGE M. CURTIS, Treasurer.

PURE OIL COMPANY.
Philadelphia, Pa., May 10, 1911.

The Directors of the company have this day declared a dividend of 2% on Common Stock, payable June 1, 1911. Checks will be mailed. Transfer books will be closed May 15th to May 31st, both inclusive.

W. W. TARBELL, Treasurer.

UNITED CIGAR MANUFACTURERS CO.
New York, May 12th, 1911.

A quarterly dividend of One and Three-quarters Per Cent. will be paid on the Preferred Stock of this Company on June 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record on May 25th, 1911, at 3 P. M.

MAURICE WERTHEIM, Secretary.

DIVIDENDS.

Pacific Gas and Electric Company,
San Francisco, California.

A quarterly dividend, (No. 21,) of $1.50 per share upon the preferred stock of this company for the period commencing February 1st, 1911, and ending April 30th, 1911, will be paid on May 15th, 1911, to snareholders of record at 3 o'clock P. M., April 30th, 1911. The transfer books of the company will not be closed. Checks for the dividend will be mailed.

PACIFIC GAS AND ELECTRIC COMPANY,
D. H. FOOTE Secretary.
San Francisco, California, May 1st, 1911.

COPARTNERSHIP NOTICES.

WHEREAS THE UNDERSIGNED ARE partners in and propose to continue to conduct the business of Hollister, Fish & Co., a partnership in this State, having business relations with foreign countries, upon the dissolution thereof by limitation and the retirement therefrom of Messrs. Harold L. Fish and Livingston Whitney, on April 30th, 1911, and make use in the continued partnership of the firm name of Hollister, Fish & Co., pursuant to Article 3, Chapter 44, Laws of 1909, (Partnership Law, Consolidated Laws, Chapter 39,) and acts amendatory thereof and supplemental thereto,

Now, therefore, we, the undersigned, whose names and places of residence are as follows, viz.:

GEORGE TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York.
HENRY H. HOLLISTER, Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York,
EDWIN MORTIMER BARNES, Ridgefield Park, New Jersey,

Do hereby certify, purusuant to said statute, that we are persons intending to deal under said firm name of Hollister, Fish & Co.

Dated, New York, City, April 27th, 1911.
G. TROWBRIDGE HOLLISTER. [Seal.]
H. H. HOLLISTER, [Seal.]
E. MORTIMER BARNES. [Seal.]

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

On this 27th day of April, 1911, before me personally appeared George Trowbridge Hollister, Henry H. Hollister, and Edwin Mortimer Barnes, to me known and known to me to be the individuals described in and who executed the foregoing instrument, and they severally duly acknowledged to me that they executed the same.

[Seal.] FREDERICK S. HURST,
Notary Public Kings Co., Cert. filed in N. Y. Co., and in Kings and N. Y. Co. Reg's Offices.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—In the matter of the voluntary dissolution of EXPORT LUMBER COMPANY, a domestic corporation.—In the matter of the Receivership of Export Lumber Company.—Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of May, 1911, the undersigned, as Receiver of Export Lumber Company, the corporation above named, will make a second dividend among the creditors entitled thereto, and which will be a final dividend.

Dated 42 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, April 24th, 1911.
WATERMAN A. TAFT, Receiver.
DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH, Attorneys for Receiver, 34 Nassau Street, New York City.

SALISBURY & GOODWIN.—NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the copartnership of Salisbury & Goodwin, composed of G. B. Salisbury and Henry H. Goodwin, heretofore doing business under the firm name and style of Salisbury & Goodwin, at No. 52 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, has expired by limitation on May 1st, 1911, and that G. B. Salisbury will continue to carry on a general stock brokerage business at the same address under the name and style of G. B. Salisbury & Co.

Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.
GEORGE B. SALISBURY,
HENRY H. GOODWIN.

New York Stock Exchange Quotations

THE WEEK'S TRANSACTIONS IN BONDS.

Total Week Ended May 13, $20,119,500

	High.	Low.	Last.	Sales.
Adams Express 4s	87	86½	86½	3½
Allis-Chalmers 5s	76½	76⅛	76⅛	16
Am. Ag. Chem. 5s	101⅞	101¾	101¾	15
Am. Cotton Oil 4½s	98½	98¼	98½	11
Am. Hide & L. 6s	98¼	98¼	98¼	16
Am. S. & R. deb. 6s	102⅝	102¼	102⅜	114
Am. Ice 6s	78	76	76	12
Am. Tel. & Tel. col. 4s	91⅜	90¾	91⅜	507
Am. Tel. & Tel. con. 4s	110¾	109⅞	109⅞	145
Am. Spirits Mfg. 6s	100⅛	100⅛	100⅛	1
Am. Thread 4s	93⅝	93⅝	93⅝	10
Am. Tobacco 4s	85½	85	85	160
Am. Tobacco 6s	107½	107	107⅛	122
Am. Writing Paper 5s	90¼	90¼	90¼	2
Armour 4½s	93⅛	93	93	112
A., T. & S. F. gen. 4s	99¼	99	99	116
A., T. & S. F. adj. 4s	91½	91½	91½	2
A., T. & S. F. adj. stp.	91¾	91⅜	91¾	30½
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s	110⅜	110	110⅜	300
A., T. & S. F. con. 4s, 1960	104¼	104⅛	104⅛	273
A., T. & S. F. conv. 5s	112	111¾	112	26
At., T. & S. F. Trans. S. L. 4s	94¼	93⅞	93⅞	14
At. & Birmingham 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	5
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	96	94½	95⅛	59
A. C. L., L. & N. 4s	94¾	94⅜	94⅜	111
Baldwin Locomotive 5s	102¾	102⅝	102¾	4
Balt. & Ohio gold 4s	98⅝	98⅝	98⅝	84
Balt. & Ohio 3½s	92⅝	92½	92½	8
B. & O. 3½s, reg	91½	91½	91½	4
B. & O., P., L. E. & West Va. 4s	92	91¾	91¾	14
B. & O., S.W. Div. 3½s	91¼	91⅛	91⅛	58
Bethlehem Steel 5s	93⅞	93⅝	93⅞	67
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 4s	85⅜	84⅞	85⅜	376
Brooklyn Rap. Tr. 5s	104	104	104	6
Brooklyn Union Gas 5s	107¾	107¾	107¾	5
Brooklyn Union El. 5s	102	101½	102	4
Brooklyn U. E. 5s, sta	102	102	102	4
Buffalo Gas 5s	61½	61	61½	18
Bush Terminal 5s	97⅞	97⅞	97⅞	1
Bush Terminal 4s	94	93	94	11
Col. Gas & El. 5s	95¼	94¾	95¼	80
Can. So. 1st 6s	102⅞	102⅞	102⅞	10
Can. So. 2d 5s	101⅛	101⅛	101⅛	4
Cent. of Ga. 1st inc. 5s	106⅛	106	106⅛	23
Cent. of Ga. 2d inc. 5s	102	102	102	83
Cent. of Ga. 3d inc. 5s	98⅛	98	98	4
Central Leather 5s	99¼	99	99	67
Cent. of N. J. 5s, reg	122½	122¼	122¼	2
Central Pacific 4s	97½	97⅛	97⅛	22
Central Pacific 3½s	91¾	91¾	91¾	20
Cen. Pac., T. S. Line 4s	92¼	92¼	92¼	1
Ches. & Ohio con. 5s	112½	111⅞	112	17
Ches. & Ohio gen. 4½s	101⅛	101	101	53
C. & O. conv 4½s	96¼	96⅛	96¼	69
Chicago & Alton 3½s	69⅝	69½	69½	10
C., B. & Q. gen. 4s	97⅜	97¼	97¼	87
C., B. & Q. joint 4s	97	96⅜	96⅞	422
C., B. & Q., Den. Div. 4s	99¼	99¼	99¼	3
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 3½s	88⅛	88¼	88¼	5
C., B. & Q., Ill. Div. 4s	99⅞	99¾	99⅞	25
C., B. & Q., Neb. 4s	99½	99½	99½	4
C. & E. I. ref. 4s	81¼	81¼	81¼	10
C. & E. I. gen. 5s	110½	110½	110½	1
Chi. & Erie 1st 5s	111¾	111¾	111¾	6
Chi. Gas L. & C. 5s	103½	103½	103½	2
Chi. Gt. West. 4s	86	85⅝	85⅝	70
Chi., Ind. & L. ref. 6s	128¼	128¼	128¼	10
C., M. & St. P. gen. 4s, A	99	98¾	99	64
C., M. & St. P., C., P. & W. 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾	6
C., M. & St. P., C. & L. Sup. 5s	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	1
C., M. & St. P., D. & G. S. 5s	108⅛	103½	103½	2
C., M. & St. P., Wis. Valley 6s	114	114	114	1
C., M. & St. P., Dub. 6s	114⅛	114⅛	114⅛	1
C., M. & St. P. 4s, 1934	93	92⅞	93	27
C. & N. W. gen. 4s	98⅞	98⅞	98⅞	113
C. & N. W. gen. 4s, reg.	97¾	97¾	97¾	3
Chi. & N. W. gen. 3½s	87½	87½	87½	11
Chi. & N. W. con. 7s	110¼	110¼	110¼	4
C., R. I. & P. 1st 6s, reg	110	110	110	5
C., R. I. & P. col. 4s	76½	76	76	448
C., R. I. & P. gen. 4s	97⅝	93¾	97½	19
C., R. I. & P. ref. 4s	90	89⅝	89⅞	125
Chi., St. P., M. & O. 6s	124⅝	124⅝	124⅝	5
Chi. & West. Ind. 4s	93½	92¾	93½	12
Cin., Ind. & W. 4s	88	88	88	6
C., C., C. & St. L. gen. 4s	94⅝	94½	94½	13
Colorado Industrial 5s	75	74⅝	74⅝	6
Col. Fuel & I. gen. 5s	99½	99½	99½	2
Col. & So. 1st 4s	96⅜	95½	96⅜	39
Col. & So. ref. 4½s	98¾	98⅝	98⅝	25
Col. & H. V. 4s	95	95	95	1
Corn Prod. s. f. 5s, '31	96¼	96¼	96¼	5
Consol. Tobacco 4s	85⅛	85⅛	85⅛	2
Del. & Hud. conv. 4s	100	99¼	99¾	24
D. & H. Pa. Div. 7s	116	115⅝	115⅝	2
Del. & Hud. ref. 4s	99	99	99	40
Detroit Un. Ry. 4½s	82	81½	82	9
Den. & Rio Gr. con. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	2
Den. & Rio G. ref. 5s	91½	91½	91½	15
Dist. Securities 5s	78	77¼	77¼	126
Du Pont Powder 4½s	84½	84½	84½	3
East Tenn. reor. 5s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝	2
Edison El. Il. N. Y. 4s	111½	111½	111½	1
Edison El. Il. Bklyn, 4s	90	89	89	12
Erie conv. 4s, A	80⅝	79	80½	94
Erie conv. 4s, B	74¼	72½	73¾	149
Erie 1st con. 4s	87	86⅞	87	74
Erie 1st con. 4s reg	83½	83¼	83½	2
Erie gen. 4s	76¼	75⅝	76¼	99
Erie, Penn. col. 4s	88½	88½	88½	2
Equit. Gas, N. Y. 5s	106¾	106¾	106¾	5
Evans. & T. H. con. 6s	112¾	112¾	112¾	2
Fla. & E. Coast 4½s	98¼	97½	98⅛	468
Ft. W. & D. C. 6s	112½	112½	112½	11
Fla. Cen. & P. 1st 5s	103	103	103	2
F. & P. M., Pt. H. 5s	102	102	102	20
Gen. Elec. conv. 5s	156¼	154½	155¼	23
Green Bay deb B	13½	13½	13½	5
Gulf & Ship Island 5s	88⅛	88⅛	88⅛	8
Hocking Valley 4½s	103½	103	103	7
Houst. & T. C. gen. 4s	94¾	94¾	94¾	10
Ill. Central ref. 4s	97⅜	97¼	97¼	34
Ill. C., St. L. Div. 3½s	86½	86⅜	86½	16
Inter.-Met. 4½s	80	79½	79⅝	592
Inter. Rap. Tran. 5s	103⅞	103⅝	103¾	41
Int. & Gt. Nor 2d 5s	121½	121½	121½	5
Int. & G. N. 2d 5s, t. r.	122½	120	122¼	405½
Int. Navigation 5s	82⅜	82⅛	82⅛	28
Int. Paper conv. 5s	85	85	85	3
Int. Paper 6s	103	103	103	7
Int. Steam Pump 5s	94½	94	94½	88
Iowa Cent. ref. 4s	68	67½	68	5
James., F. & Clear. 4s	95¼	95¼	95¼	10
K. C., Ft. S. & M. 4s	80½	80⅛	80⅜	21
Kan. City So. 3s	78½	73⅝	78½	9
Kan. City So. 5s	100⅞	100⅞	100⅞	18
Kan. & Mich. 1st 4s	91	91	91	4
Kings Co. El. 4s, sta	84	83½	84	4
Laclede Gas 1st 5s	103	103	103	5
Laclede Gas ref. 5s	101½	101¼	101¼	4
Lake Shore 3½s	89½	89½	89½	16
Lake Shore 4s, 1928	94⅝	94⅛	94⅝	128
Lake Shore 4s, 1931	94⅞	94	94½	515
Lake Shore 4s, 1931, r.	93⅞	93⅝	93⅝	2
Lack. Steel 5s, 1915	94⅞	94⅜	94⅝	13
Lack. Steel 5s, 1923	98¾	98⅜	98¾	1
L. E. & West. 1st 5s	109½	109½	109½	11
Leh. Val. of Pa. 4s	96¾	96¾	96¾	1
Long Isl. N. S. 5s	106	106	106	1
Long Island unified 4s	93	93	93	1
Long Island ref. 4s	96½	96⅛	96¼	16
Louis. & Nash. unit. 4s	99	98⅞	99	48
L. & N., At., K. & C. 4s	93⅜	93½	93½	99
Louis. & Nash. gen. 6s	115	115	115	4
L. & N., So. R.-M. jt. 4s	89	88½	89	5
L., C. & L. 4½s	105¼	105¼	105¼	1
L. & N., S. & N. Ala. 5s	112½	112½	112½	1
Louis. & Jeff. Bdg. 4s	92¾	92¾	92¾	4
L., N. A. & C., C. & I. Div. 6s	100¼	100¼	100¼	6
Louisiana & Ark. 5s	96¾	96	96¾	17
Manhattan 4s	97	97	97	6
Manhattan 4s, tax ex	97½	97¼	97¼	3
Mercantile Marine 4½s	66⅞	66⅝	66⅞	25
Met. S. R. ref. 4s, t.r., r.	44	43¼	43¼	10
Met. S. R. ref. 4s, t.r. sta.	44	44	44	1
M. St. Ry. gen. 5s, t. r.	73¾	73½	73½	11
M., St. P. & S. S. M. 4s	97	97	97	2
Mex. Cent. con. 4s	100	100	100	2
Mich. Cent. deb. 4s	92¾	92⅝	92¾	23
Mich. State Tel. 5s	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	5
Milwaukee Gas 4s	90½	90½	90½	5
Mo., K. & T. 1st 4s	97	97	97	8
Mo., K. & T. 2d 4s	84⅝	84¼	84⅝	23
Mo., K. & T. ref. 4s	80⅛	80	80⅛	9
Mo., K. & T. 4½s	88	87⅝	88	41
Mo. Pacific 1st 6s	109¾	109¼	109¼	17
Mo. Pac. conv. 5s	93⅞	92¾	92¾	91½
Mo. Pac. 5s, 1920	101	101	101	29
Mo. Pacific 4s	78¼	77½	78	34
Morris & Co. s. f. 4½s	91¼	91¼	91¼	15
Morris & Essex 1st 7s	108	108	108	4
Nash., C. & St. L. c. 5s	110½	110½	110½	7
Nassau El. 4s	80	80	80	10
Nat. Rys. of Mex. 4½s	93	93	93	5
Nat. Rys. of M. g. 4s	86¼	86¼	86¼	2
Nat. R. R. Mex. con. 4s	80¾	80¾	80¾	5
N. Or. Ry. & L. 4½s	85¼	84	85¼	6
N. Y. C. gen. 3½s	89	88¾	89	10
N. Y. C. deb. 4s	94⅛	93¼	93½	15
N. Y. C., L. S. col. 3½s	79⅝	79¼	79⅝	38
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st 4s	99½	99½	99½	1
N. Y. C. & St. L. deb. 4s	92⅜	91¾	92⅜	171
N. Y. & E. 3d ext. 4½s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	1
N. Y. & E. 1st ext. 4s	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	2
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 4s	89	88⅜	88⅜	17
N. Y. G., E. L. & P. 5s	104¼	104	104⅛	18
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 6s	133½	133	133½	87
N. Y., N. H. & H. cv. 3½s	95	95	95	5
N. Y., Ont. & W. 4s	96½	96⅛	96½	11
N. Y., Sus. & W. ref. 5s	104½	104	104½	5
N. Y. Telephone 4½s	100⅛	99⅞	99⅞	43
Norf. & West. consol. 4s	98⅝	98⅛	98⅛	14
Norf. & West. conv. 4s	107⅛	106⅛	106⅛	84
Norf. & West. Poc. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	3
Norf. & West. Div. 4s	94	93⅞	93⅞	10
Northern Pacific 4s	100⅝	100⅛	100⅛	73
Nor. P., St. P.-Dul. 4s	96⅜	96⅜	96⅜	1
Northern Pacific 3s	71¼	71	71⅛	89
Og. & Lake C. 4s	90½	90	90½	30
Oregon R. R. & N. 4s	97½	97	97	82
Oregon S. L. ref. 4s	95	94⅞	94⅞	34
Oregon S. L. con. 5s	112⅝	112⅝	112⅝	5
Oregon S. L. 1st 6s	114⅜	114⅜	114⅜	13
Ohio River gen. 5s	109½	109	109½	5
Pacific Coast 1st 5s	108	107⅝	108	3
Pacific Tel. & Tel. 5s	99⅛	98¾	98⅞	97
Penn. gtd. 3½s, 1916	97¾	97⅝	97¾	2
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1912	99½	99¼	99½	53
Penn. conv. 3½s, 1915	97	96⅞	97	211
Penn. gtd. 4½s	103⅞	103⅞	103⅞	9
Penn. 4s, 1948	104	103¾	104	82
Penn. 4s, 1943	103⅛	103⅛	103⅛	1
Peo. Gas, Chi., ref. 5s	102½	102	102½	5
Peo. & East. inc. 4s	51	50	50	28
Phila. Co. conv. 5s	108	106	108	18
P., C., C. & St. L. gtd. 4½s, B	106⅝	106⅝	106⅝	8
Phila., B. & W. 4s	102½	102½	102½	2
Public Service s. f. 5s	94½	93⅞	94⅛	55
Prov. Sec. dep. 4s	87	87	87	11
Reading gen. 4s	98	97⅝	97⅞	233
Ren. & Saratoga 7s	124½	124	124	2
Rio Gr. West. 1st 4s	92	91⅝	91⅝	8
Ry. Steel Spring 5s	98½	98½	98½	8
St. L. & I. M. gen. 5s	108½	108	108½	29
St. L., I. M. & So., R. & G. 4s	86½	86⅜	86½	16
St. L. & I. M. unif. 4s	86½	86	86	24
St. L., R. M. & P. 5s	86	86	86	2
St. L. & S. F. R. R. ref. 4s	82½	82½	82¼	25
St. L. & S. F. R. R. gen. 5s	90	89¾	90	107
St. L. W. 1st 4s	92	91⅝	92	36
St. L. S. W. con. 4s	81½	79	81½	289
St. P., M & M., Mon. 4½s	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞	2
Sav., Fla. & W. 6s	125½	125½	125½	2
San A. & A. P. 4s	88½	87¾	87¾	14
Seab. A. L. 4s, sta	88	87⅜	87⅞	85
Seab. A. L. adj. 5s	80	79⅝	79⅝	142
Scioto V. & N. E. 4s	97	97	97	9
So. Pac. conv. 4s	97⅝	97½	97⅞	854
So. Pac. ref. 4s	96	95¾	95⅞	205
So. Pac. col. 4s	93⅞	92¾	93⅞	51
So. Ry. 1st 5s	109	108½	108⅞	219
So. Ry. ref. 4s	80	79⅝	80	726
So. Ry., M. & O. 4s	86¾	86¾	86¾	5
So. Ry., St. L. 4s	87½	87½	87½	10
Tenn. C. & I. gen. 5s	104¼	104	104¼	7
Texas & Pacific 5s	110½	110¼	110½	6
Tol., St. L. & W. 3½s	89½	89½	89½	2
Third Av. 1st 5s	109	109	109	1
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s, 1917	78	78	78	7
Tol., St. L. & W. 4s	69½	69	69½	81
3d Av. con. 4s, t. r., sta.	64½	63½	63½	54
Tol., Peo. & West. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼	1
Tri-City Ry. & L. 5s	98½	98½	98½	1
Und. Elec., London, 4½s	95	94¾	95	41
Und. Elec., London, inc. 6s	60	56⅞	59⅝	125
Union Pacific 1st 5s	102½	101½	101½	92½
Union Pacific ref. 4s	98¼	97½	98	28½
Un. Pac. conv. 4s	105¼	105	105¼	67½
U. S. Realty & Imp. 5s	91	90⅝	90⅝	23
U. Rys. Inv. 5s, Pitts. issue	84½	84½	84½	6
U. R. R.'s of S. F. 4s	69½	69½	69½	12
U. S. Rubber 6s	104⅞	104⅝	104⅝	33
U. S. Steel 5s	106¼	106	106⅛	321½
U. S. Steel 5s, reg	106¼	105⅞	106	6
Va.-Car. Chem. 5s	101⅝	101	101¼	80
Va. I., C. & C. 5s	93½	93	93½	12
Wabash 1st 5s	108⅞	108½	108⅝	87
Wabash 2d 5s	100½	100	100	4
Wabash ref. 4s	68⅝	68¼	68¼	270
W. P. T. 4s, Cent. t. r.	42½	41½	41¼	19
W. P. T. 1st 4s, Col. t. r.	42¾	42	42	16
Western Electric 5s	102½	102	102	10
West. Maryland 4s	88½	87	88¼	635
West Shore 4s	101½	101¼	101⅜	24
West Shore 4s, reg	99	99	99	7
West. Elec. & Mfg. 5s	93	92⅞	93	85
Western Union 4½s	97	96	97	64
West. Union col. tr. 5s	101	101	101	9
West. Union conv. 4s	104¼	104¼	104¼	5
Wheel. & L. E. con. 4s	83	82½	83	10
Wisconsin Cent. 4s	93½	93¼	93½	83
Total sales, $14,751,500.				
Foreign Government Bonds.				
Japanese 4s	89	88½	88⅞	10
Japanese 4½s	94⅝	93⅞	94⅝	85
Japanese 4½s, 2d Ser	94⅝	93⅝	94⅛	27
Rep. of Cuba 5s	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜	28
U. S. of Mexico 5s	96¾	96½	96½	8
U. S. of Mexico 4s	92½	92½	92½	9½
Total sales, $167,500.				
United States Government Bond.				
Twos, coupon	101	101	101	2½
State Bonds.				
Louisiana con. 4s	99	99	99	2
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. ctfs	59¼	57⅞	57⅞	27
Total sales, $29,000.				
New York City Bonds.				
Fours, 1956, reg	99⅝	99⅝	99⅝	1
Fours, 1957	100⅛	99⅞	100	29
Fours, 1958	100⅛	100	100	32
Fours, 1959	100⅛	99⅞	100	220
4¼s, 1960	103	102¾	103	210
4¼s, 1960, temp. rects	104½	104¼	104¼	4,463
4½s, 1917	102⅞	102½	102⅞	6
4½s, 1957	109⅛	108¾	109⅛	187
4½s, 1957, new	109	109	109	21
Total sales, $5,169,000.				
Grand total, $20,119,500.				

YEAR'S RANGE IN PUBLIC SECURITIES.

Where no sale occurred in 1911 the last previous price is given.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last. Sale.
Alabama Currency Fund 4s..J. J.			111 Mar. 20, 1904
Louisiana consol. 4s, 1914....J. J.	99 May 12	99 May 12	99 May 12, 1911
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1958.			113⅜ Jan. 19, 1909
N. Y. H'y Imp. 4s, March 1, 1960.			105⅛ Oct. 28, 1910
N. Y. Canal 4s, July, 1960	105⅜ Apr. 18	104⅛ Jan 11	105⅜ Apr. 19, 1911
North Carolina 6s, 1919......A. O.			114⅜ Mar. 28, 1910
North Caro. consol. 4s, 1910..J. J.			99⅝ Feb. 3, 1909
North Caro. consol. 4s, small			100¼ Apr. 8, 1907
North Caro. special tax......A. O.			117 Dec. 11, 1903
South Carolina 4½s, 1933.....J. J.			103½ July 27, 1910
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913.......J. J.	97 Mar. 1	96 Jan 18	97 May 4, 1911
Tennessee Set. 3s, 1913 small			95½ Jun. 20, 1910
Va. def. 6s, Brown Bros. & Co. cfs	67½ Mar. 6	40 Jan 13	57⅞ May 13, 1911
Virginia fund. debt, 2-3s, 1991.J. J.	86½ Mar. 4	86½ Mar 4	86 Apr. 20, 1911
Virginia Riddleberger			90 Dec. 20, 1907
U. S. 2s, 1930, reg.........Q. Jan.	101⅛ Feb. 15	101⅛ Feb 15	101⅛ Feb. 15, 1911
U. S. 2s, coupon............J. Jan.	101⅜ Apr. 3	101 Feb 1	101 May 10, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, reg..........Q. F.	116 Feb. 21	115 Apr 3	115 Apr. 3, 1911
U. S. 4s, 1925, coupon.......Q. F.	116⅜ Feb. 17	115⅞ Apr 5	116 Apr. 21, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, coupon.Q. F.	102⅝ Apr. 17	102¼ Mar 29	112⅝ Apr. 19, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, reg.....Q. F.	103 Feb. 7	102 Apr 6	102 Apr. 6, 1911
U. S. 3s, 10-20, 1918, small			102½ Nov. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1930, reg			100⅜ Oct. 26, 1910
Panama 2s, 1938, reg			101⅛ Aug. 11, 1910
Panama 2s, 1908-18, reg			100⅝ Oct. 11, 1909
Dist. of Columbia 3-65s, 1925.F. A.			110 Nov. 28, 1909
Philippine 4s, 1914-1931......Q. F.			111 May 3, 1906
Phil.Isl.p.w.& imp.reg.4s,1935.Q. M.			108⅜ Feb. 26, 1908
Phil. Isl. land pur. 4s,1914-45.Q. F.			100½ July 14, 1910
Argentina 5s	99 Jan. 18	97¼ Jan 3	98⅞ May 6, 1911
Imp.Jap.Gov.4½s,Feb.15,1925..F. A.	95⅜ Jan. 3	93½ Mar 30	94⅜ May 13, 1911
I.Jap.Gov.4½s,2dser.Jy.10,1925.J. J.	95¼ Jan. 9	93⅝ Mar 31	94⅛ May 13, 1911
Imp. Jap. Gov. 4s, Jan., 1925.F. A.	90 Jan. 5	87⅝ Mar 21	88⅞ May 13, 1911
Republic of Cuba 5s.........M. S.	104 Feb. 20	102⅛ Apr 4	103½ May 12, 1911
Republic of Cuba 4½s	100 Feb. 2	97¾ Jan 17	98⅝ May 5, 1911
Sao Paulo (U. S. of B.) 5 p.c., 1919.	97½ Jan. 7	97 Jan 23	97½ May 3, 1911
U. S. of Mex. s. f. 5s........Q. J.	97⅜ Jan. 6	96 Apr 12	96½ May 11, 1911
U.S.of M.4s, Ser. A,Dec.1,1953.J.D.	94½ Jan. 6	91 Mar 20	92½ May 12, 1911
U. S. of Mex. 4s, Series B			96⅝ May 2, 1910

NEW YORK CITY SECURITIES.

	Highest.	Lowest.	Last. Sale.
Corporate stock 3½s, 1954..*M. N.	88⅜ Jan. 6	88 Mar 6	88 Mar. 6, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1954, reg..M. N.	87½ Jan. 18	87½ Jan 18	87½ Jan. 18, 1911
Corp. stock 3½s, 1955......M. N.			88¼ Nov. 2, 1910
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1936...M. N.*	97½ Mar. 27	97½ Mar 27	97½ Mar. 27, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg, 1955....M. N.*	99⅜ May 4	98¼ Jan 21	99⅜ May 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, reg., 1956...M. N.*	99⅝ May 8	97⅞ Mar 2	100 May 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957........*M. N.	100 Apr. 25	98¾ Jan 11	100 May 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1957, reg	99⅞ May 2	99⅞ May 2	99⅞ May 2, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957.......*M. N.	109⅛ May 12	106½ Jan 12	109⅛ May 12, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957, reg			107 Dec. 21, 1910
Corp. stock 4½s, 1957.......M. N.*	109 May 3	106¾ Jan 7	109 May 12, 1911
Corp. stock 4½s. 1957, reg	107½ Jan. 5	107½ Jan 5	107½ Jan. 5, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958......*M. N.	100⅛ May 4	98½ Jan 11	100 May 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1958, reg	99¼ Mar. 21	99¼ Mar 21	99¼ Mar. 21, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959........*M. N.	100⅛ May 2	98⅝ Jan 11	100 May 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4s, 1959, reg	99⅞ May 8	99 Feb 15	99⅞ May 8, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960.......*M. S.	103 May 13	100⅜ Jan 11	103 May 13, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, reg	101⅝ Apr. 4	101⅝ Apr 4	101⅝ Apr. 4, 1911
Corp. stock 4¼s, 1960, rcts	104½ May 10	100⅞ Jan 14	104⅛ May 13, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..*M. N.	103 Jan. 5	102 Jan 25	102⅞ May 10, 1911
Assessm't b'ds, 4½s, 1917..M. N.*	102½ Apr. 7	101⅛ Mar 29	102½ Apr. 20, 1911

WEEKLY FINANCIAL REVIEW.

James J. Hill says that the valuation of land in the country's big cities, and land outside of the cities, too, is getting so high as to make it impossible to finance new railway enterprises on a basis to bring attractive returns, and that within a few years the people of this country will have to pay more for transportation or suffer for lack of facilities that can now be foreseen as necessary. His latest views on this subject are told in to-day's NEW YORK TIMES WEEKLY FINANCIAL AND QUOTATION REVIEW.

Some interesting and rather significant differences in the reserve surpluses of big New York banks are also pointed out in an article.

Quotation List of Outside Securities

THESE quotations are obtained from brokerage houses all over the country. The name of the bidder will be given upon request. Where bid and asked prices are identical two houses have been quoted, so that the bid price of the one equals or is higher than the asked price of the other.

DIVIDEND and interest periods are indicated as follows: M—Monthly; B—Bi-Monthly; Q—Quarterly; S—Semi-Annual; A—Annual; V—No information at hand. *Sells dollars per share. †And interest. ‡Including extra dividend. ‡Amount authorized. ††Sells flat. *Special. xEx dividend.

STREET RAILWAY AND ELECTRIC COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Albany So. 5s	$1,250,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	99½
Am. Cit. R. & L.	10,761,165	†2¼	S	Jan. 2, 11	73	75
Do preferred	6,906,178	1½	Q	Jan. 2, 11	98	99
Am. Pow. & Lt.	5,593,800	..	..	....	74	75
Do 6% cum. pf.	2,798,100	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	81	82
Ariz. Power	3,000,000	..	..	....	20	24
Do preferred	825,000	..	..	....	55	60
Do 1st 6s, '31	1,795,000	3	S	M. & N.	84	..
Aub'n & Syr. E. R.R. tax ex. 5s	1,460,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	..
Aur., El. & Chi.	3,100,000	¾	Q	Jan 10, 11	40	44
Do preferred	3,100,000	1½	Q	Jan 10, 11	84	86
Do 5s, '41	8,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	100	101
Balt. Co. Water & Elec. 5s, '46	815,000	2½	S	M. & N.	94	96
Birmingham R., L. & P. Co. 4½s	8,720,000	2¼	S	A. & O.	90	92
Bleecker St. & F. Ferry stock	900,000	V	S	V	18	25
Do 1st 4s, 1950	700,000	2	S	J. & J.	50	60
B'way & 7th Av.	2,100,000	2½	V	V	125	130
Do 2d 5s, 1914	500,000	V	V	V	99	101
B'way Surface guar. 1st 5s, '24	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103½
B., B. & W. E gen. 5s, 1933	121,000	2½	S	A. & O.	97	100
B'klyn C.R. ($10)	12,000,000	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	168	170
Buf. Cr't'n 1st 5s	2,974,000	2½	S	V	103	104
Buff. Gen. El. 5s	2,375,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	101
B. & Lockp. 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B. & N. Falls E. L. & P. 1st 5s, '42	500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Capital Trac	12,000,000	V	V	V	127	..
Do 1st 5s, '47	4,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	112⅝	113
Cen. Crosstown	600,000	4¾	Q	Oct. 1, 07	..	90
Central Maine Power 1st 5s	1,100,000	..	S	M. & N.	96½	98½
Charleston Con. R., G. & E. ($50)	1,500,000	2	S	V	82	50
Do con 5s, '99	1,734,000	2½	S	M. & S.	97	97
Chas. City Ry. 5s, 1923	766,000	2½	S	M. & S.	103	104
Chattan'ga Rys	3,000,000	..	..	....	35	39
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¼	Q	Jan. 1, 11	72	77
Do 1st 5s '56	2,165,000	2½	S	M. & N.	93	96
Cit'z L,H.&P.5s	1,500,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	101
Clev. El. Ry. 5s, '15	5,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	100½	101
Columbus (Ga.) Elec. 5s	V	V	V	V	..	90
Col., Nwk. & Z. 5s, '24	1,250,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96½	97½
Clev. Ry. 5s, '12	3,151,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Do 1st 5s, '31	10,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99¾	100
Conn. R. & L. 1st 4½s, 1951, st. red'm'ble	10,682,000	2¼	S	J. & D.	101⅜	102½
Do unstamp.	1,809,378	2¼	S	J. & D.	101¾	102½
C. P. N. & E.R.	1,800,000	2½	S	Jan., 1908	10	20
Chris. & 10th St	650,000	2	Q	July 1, 10	90	120
Coney Isl. & B.	2,983,900	2	Q	Feb., 1907	50	65
Do 1st con 4s	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	78	83
Con. Gas, E.L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	9,831,000	2½	S	J. & J.	88⅜	88½
Con. Tr. of N.J.	15,000,000	2	S	Jan 15, 11	76	77½
Do 1st 5s, 1933	15,000,000	2½	S	J. & D.	104¼	105
Dallas E. C. 1st col. tr. 5s, '22	3,658,000	2	S	M. & N.	92½	95
Dry D., E. B. & B. 1st 5s, 1932	950,000	2½	S	J. & D.	96	100
Duluth Ed. El. Co. 1st 5s, '31	1,103,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	..
E. Penn. Rys. 5s	3,186,000	2½	S	V	79	76
Economy L.&P. 1st mtg. 5s, '56	1,546,000	2½	S	J. & D.	94½	96½
Eighth Av. R.R.	1,000,000	V	V	V	290	..
Elmira Water. L. & RR. 1st 5s	1,661,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
Do con. 5s	V	V	V	V	92	95
El Paso El. 5s, '32	V	V	V	V	96	98
Emp. Dist. El. Co	1,756,500	V	V	V	..	..
Do preferred	501,100	V	V	V	80	81
Do 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	79	81
42d St. & Gr. St.	748,000	13½	N	Aug 6, 10	200	220
42d St., M. & St. N. Av. 1st 6s, '10	1,200,000	V	V	V	98	100
Do inc. 6s, 1915	1,600,000	..	..	....	50	60
Gas & El. Sec. Co	1,000,000	..	..	....	100	102
Do preferred	1,000,000	7	A	Monthly	85¾	87
Gt. W. Pow. 5s	9,300,000	2½	S	J. & J.	84	85
H'b'g Ry. 4s, '26	V	V	V	V	84	86
Harwood El. 5s, '39	700,000	2½	S	J. & J.	96	99
Indiana Un. Tr. 5s, '33	V	V	V	V	72	77
Int. Ry. of Buf.: Buf. Div. 5s, '31	4,706,000	2½	S	F. & A.	104½	105
Do deb. 6s, '17	1,000,000	3	S	M. & S.	104	104½
L.&O. Div. 1st 5s	800,000	2½	S	J. & J.	95	100
B.&L. Div. 1st 5s	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	100
B & N F D 1st 5s	750,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	..
Int. Trac. 4s, '49 receipts flat	18,335,000	2	S	J. & J.	70½	71½
J. C., H. & P. 4s	14,061,000	2	S	M. & N.	77	77¾
Joplin & Pit. Ry 5s	1,750,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
Kan. C. R. & L.	9,543,080	..	..	....	20	21
Do preferred	9,407,500	1¼	Q	Mar. 1, 11	67	69
Do 1st l.r. 5s	10,200,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97⅜	98¼
Do cv. 6s, '12	5,478,000	3	S	M. & S.	99⅛	100⅜
K. C. Belt L. 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	107	108
K. C. Elv. 4s, '22	2,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	84	86
Do 6s, '22	V	V	V	V	107	109
Kan. C. West. 5s	1,650,000	2½	S	M. & S.	85	87
K.C. Met. St. Ry cn. ex. 1st 5s, '13	7,243,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99¼	99
K. C. & Westpt. 1st 5s, 1926	500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93	95
Kings Co. E. L. & P. 5s. 1937	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	105	106
Knoxv. R. & L. 5s	V	V	V	V	95	97
Knoxv. Trac. 5s	824,000	2½	S	A. & O.	105	106
Leavenworth L., H. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	93	96
Lit. Rock Ry. & El. 1st 5s, '33	1,972,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103½	..
Lockport L., H. & P. 5s, '38	V	V	V	V	90	95
Los A. G. & E. 5s	1,100,000	2½	S	M. & S.	96	98
Met. Elec. (Reading) 1st 5s, '39	2,000,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	..
Mich. Un. Rys. 5s	1,900,000	V	V	V	87	92
Min'p's Gen. E. 1st con 5s, '33	5,486,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	101
Mobile El. 5s, '46	V	V	V	V	86	..
Nash. R. & El. 5s	4,054,000	V	V	V	101	103
Nassau L. & P. 1st 5s, '27	619,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99½	102½
N.Y. & Q. Elec. Lt. & P.	1,250,000	..	..	....	55	60
Do preferred	1,250,000	1¼	Q	Dec. 1, 10	75	79
Do 1st 5s	2,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	101½	103
N. Am. Co. 5s, notes, 1912	1,922,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100⅛	..
N. Falls Hyd. & Mfg. 5s of 1917	1,200,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	101
N. F. Pow. 5s, '32	10,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	102
N Y & Westch'r Ltg G M 4s, 2004	10,000,000	2	S	J. & J.	83½	85
Ninth Avenue	V	V	V	V	155	..
Nor. Jer. St. Ry. 1st. 4s, 1948	15,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	77½	78½
Nor. Tex. Tr. 5s	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	100
Om. & C. B. St. Ry. 1st 5s, '28	6,533,000	2½	S	J. & J.	93½	95
O. & C. B. Ry. & B. 1st 5s, '28	1,616,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97	99
Ontario Pow. 5s	6,355,000	2½	S	F. & A.	96	96¼
Oreg. Elec. Ry.	2,000,000	2½	S	M. & N.	97	99
Pacific Lt. & P. (Los Ang.) 1st 5s, '42	88,827,000	2½	S	J. & J.	..	100
Peoria Ry. 1st ref. 5s, '21, '26	......	2½	S	F. & A.	95	98
Portland (Ore.) Ry. 1st 5s, '30	7,603,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98½	99½
Port. R., L. & P. 5% notes, '12	2,624,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100⅛	100½
Port. Gen. El. 5s	7,178,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Pot'm'c El. Pow con. mtg. 5s, '36	4,891,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	100⅛
Do 1st 5s, '29	1,700,000	2½	S	J. & D.	107	108¼
Pub. S. Cor. ctfs	19,940,830	2½	S	Nov 1, 10	106	107
Roch. Gas & El. 1st 5s, 1912	2,000,000	2½	S	V	100	..
Roch. Ry. 1st con. 5s	2,700,000	2½	S	A. & O.	101	..
Do 2d 5s, '33	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Roch. Ry. & L. 5s	8,575,000	2½	..	J. & J.	99¾	..
Same bond, tax exempt, N. Y.	......	..	..	....	100	101
Roch., Syr. & E. 5s, '45	V	V	V	V	84½	86
Rockld. L. & P. 5s	555,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Rutland R., L. & P. 1st 5s, '46	1,700,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	96½
St. Jos. (Mo.) R., L., H. & P. 5s	4,250,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	99⅛
Sagn. Val. Tr. 5s	813,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	..
Salt L. & Ogd. 1st 5s	1,000,000	..	S	F. & A.	95½	97½
San Diego Con. G. & E.	700,000	1¾	Q	Dec 15, 10	92	97
Do preferred	1,000,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	97	100
Do 1st 5s, '39	1,925,000	2½	S	M. & S.	95	97
San Joaquin Lt. & P. 1st 5s, '45	2,695,000	2½	S	J. & D.	95	98
Savan. El. Co. 1st con. 5s, '52	2,051,000	2½	S	J. & J.	70	75
Scioto Val. Tr. 1st 5s, '23	1,600,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	..
Scranton El. 5s	2,271,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100	102
Scran. Ry. ($50)	2,000,000	..	..	....	50	..
Do pf., ($50).	1,500,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	62½	70
Do con. 5s, '32	1,100,000	2½	S	J. & J.	99	101
Seattle Elec. Co	V	V	V	V	108	109
Do preferred	V	V	V	V	100	..
Do 1st 5s, '30	V	V	V	V	104	106
Do con. 5s, 29	4,643,000	2½	S	F. & A.	98	99
Seattle Ltg. 5s	3,368,000	2½	S	A. & O.	94	96
Seat.-Tac. Pow. 1st 5s, '25	1,963,000	2½	S	J. & D.	100	..
Second Av. stk.	1,862,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 09	6	12
Do 1st con. 5s	5,184,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 09	45	50
Do 1st 5s, 1909	1,600,000	2½	S	May, 1908	95	100
Sierra & San F. Pow. 1st 5s	6,500,000	2½	S	F. & A.	93	95
Sioux City Serv. 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	94	96
Sixth Av. stock	2,000,000	1¾	Q	V	115	130
So. Cal. Ed's'n 5s	5,364,000	2½	S	J. & J.	94	..
South'n Pow. 5s	3,000,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	100
Spokane & Inland Emp. 5s	4,035,000	2½	S	M. & N.	98	100
Stein'y Ry. 1st 6s	1,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	102	105
Superior W., L. & P. 1st 4s, 1931	1,600,000	2	S	M. & N.	82	88½
Tampa El. 1st 5s	882,500	2½	S	J. & D.	98	99
34th St. Crosst'n 1st guar. 5s, '96	1,000,000	2½	S	V	70	80
28th & 29th St. 1st 5s, 1996	1,500,000	2½	S	V	25	40
23d Street	600,000	4½	Q	V	200	240
Tri-City R. & L.	9,000,000	..	..	....	35½	36½
Do preferred	2,826,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	91	94
Union Ry. 5s	2,000,000	2	S	V	100	103
Unit. E. L. & P. (Balt.) 4½s	4,875,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	92¼	94
UG & E of N J. 5s	V	V	V	V	97	100
Utica & M'h'k V. Ry. 4½s, '41	2,268,000	..	S	M. & S.	97	..
Va. Ry. & P. 5s	V	V	V	V	97	97½
Wash., Alex. & Mt. V. Ry. 5s	2,450,000	2½	S	M. & S.	94	97
Wash. R. & El.	6,500,000	1	..	June 1, 11	35	35⅝
Do preferred	8,500,000	2½	S	June 1, 11	89½	90
Do gen. 5s, '51	10,244,000	2½	S	J. & D.	84½	84½
Wash.-Va. Ry.	2,000,000	..	..	....	36¾	38½
Do preferred	1,000,000	3	V	V	68	..
West'n Power	12,000,000	..	..	....	36½	37
Do 6% cum. pf	5,220,000	..	..	....	64	65
West. Unit. G. & E. 1st ref. 5s, '50	2,405,500	2½	S	F. & A.	96	98½
West. Penn. Rys 1st 5s, '31	8,671,000	2½	S	A. & O.	99¼	100½

n Three semi-annual dividends of 4½% were paid together.

INDUSTRIAL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Chicle	6,000,000	1	M	Apr 20, 11	238	244
Do preferred	3,000,000	1½	Q	V	103	105
Am. Malt. 6s	3,078,000	3	S	M. & N.	100½	101½
Am. Screw	3,250,000	2½	Q	Dec 31, 10	166	167
Am. Shipb'g pf.	7,900,000	1¾	Q	Jan 15, 11	112	113
Am. Typefd.	4,000,000	1	Q	Apr 5, 11	51	53
Do preferred	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 5, 11	101	103
Am. Un. Telph. (H's'g) 5s, '57	1,244,000	2½	S	Feb. 1, 10	20	25
Am. Writ. Pap.	9,500,000	..	..	....	1½	2½
Ast. V'neer Mls. & Dock 6s, '41	500,000	3	S	J. & J.	100	105
Atlas Port. Cem. 1st s. f. 6s, '25	4,600,000	3	S	M. & S.	100	105
Babcock & Wilcox, stk	15,000,000	1¾	Q	Apr 1, 11	101	103
Barney & Smith Car 5s of '36	2,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	92	97
Bliss E W Co ($50)	1,250,000	2½	Q	Apr 1, 11	120	124
Do pf., ($50).	1,250,000	2	Q	Apr 1, 11	120	125
Bon Air C. & I. gen. 5s of '54	387,000	2½	S	J. & J.	65	75
Do 5s of '36.	780,000	2½	Q	J. & J.	37	41
Bord. C. Milk	21,250,000	4	S	Feb 15, 11	122	123
Do preferred	7,500,000	1½	Q	Jun 15, 11	108	110
Case Th. Mach. 1st 5s	2,600,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99½	100
Celluloid	5,925,000	1½	Q	Apr 1, 11	130	131
Cen. Coal & Coke	5,125,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	82¾	83¼
Do preferred	1,875,000	1¼	Q	Jan 14, 11	78½	80
Cen. Fireworks	1,406,800	1½	S	V	2	5
Do preferred	1,267,200	3½	S	Sep. 1, 09	15	30
Cent. Fdy. pf.	6,650,000	..	..	....	⅛	¼
Cent. Fdy. 6s	8,863,000	3	S	V	28	30
Cen. Un. Telph.	5,450,927	1	Q	Apr., 1896	..	55
Do 1st 6s	2,500,000	3	S	J. & J.	103	105
Do 5s of '19.	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	97¼	..
Cheseb'gh Mfg.	500,000	10	Q	Mar 15, 11	700	800
Chi. Pneu. Tool	6,485,800	1	Q	Jan 25, 11	47½	49½
Con. Coal 4½s, '34	5,141,000	2¼	S	M. & N.	95	96
Con. Cot. Duck	V	V	V	V	2½	3
Do preferred	6,000,000	..	..	....	19	21
Con. Rub. Tire	4,000,000	..	..	....	4¼	5
Do preferred	1,149,500	1½	Q	Dec., 1909	28	30
Do deb. 4s	2,850,000	3	A	J. & J.	43	47
Con. Tel. (Buf.)	8,595,200	..	..	....	10	11¼
Con. Tel. (Pa.) 1st 5s, '31	2,292,300	2½	S	A. & O.	37½	45
Crocker-Wh'ler.	1,700,000	V	V	V	85	100
Cudahy Pkg. 5s	4,525,000	2½	S	M. & N.	99	99½
Cumb. T. & T.	19,680,150	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	148	151
Cuyah'a Tel. 5s	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	87	88
D., L. & W. Coal	6,590,700	2½	Q	June 1, 11	308	314
Empire St. & I.	1,254,770	..	..	....	10	15
Do preferred	2,500,000	2	S	Jan. 1, 11	56	59
Fair. Coal 5s, '31	5,283,000	3	S	J. & J.	97	97¼
Frontier Tel. 5s (Buf.) of 1922	2,500,000	..	..	....	68	71
Gen. Motors	16,000,000	V	..	....	35	37
Do preferred	9,000,000	V	V	V	75	78
Hav. Tobacco	30,000,000	..	..	....	4	6
Hav. Tob. pf.	5,000,000	..	..	....	10	16
Hudson Naviga. col. tr. 5s, '23	....	..	..	....	91	94
Internat. Salt	18,231,390	1	Q	Dec. 1, 06	5	7
Do 1st 5s	3,999,900	2½	S	A. & O.	50	52
Int. Nickel pf.	8,912,626	1½	Q	May 1, 11	93	95
Do 1st con. 5s	9,296,837	2½	S	A. & O.	93¾	94½
Interoc. Tel. & Tel. 1st 5s, '33	2,000,000	V	V	V	63	..
Kan. C. Home Tel	3,000,000	2	Q	Jan 15, 11	100	110
Do 5s, '23	3,000,000	2½	S	Jan. 2, 11	90½	91½
Kan. C. L. Dist. Tel. 5s, '25	1,199,500	2½	S	Jan. 1, 11	88	89
K. C. Stocky'ds	8,156,000	1½	Q	Feb 1, 11	97	98½
Do cv. 5s, '13	619,000	2½	S	M. & N.	100	101
Kinloch Tel. (St. Louis) 6s, '28	2,000,000	3	S	F. & A.	..	104¾
Lan. Monotype	6,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 30, 11	95½	96½
McArthur Br. pf	3,000,000	3½	S	Mar. 1, 11	98	100
Mergenth. Lino.	12,796,800	‡3	Q	Mar 31, 11	223¼	225
Mo. & Kan. Tel.	13,627,700	1½	Q	Nov 5, 06	42	44
O'Gara Coal 5s.	2,833,000	2½	S	M. & S.	78½	80
Otis Elevator	6,375,300	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	69½	71
Do pf.	6,310,000	1½	Q	Apr 15, 11	99½	101
Pabst Bwg. pf.	2,000,000	1¾	Q	Mar 15, 10	105	107
Paint Cr. coll. 5s	2,913,000	2½	S	J. & J.	47½	50
Penn. C. & C. 5s	V	V	V	V	10	15
Phelps-Dodge	44,934,660	V	V	V	210	220
Poc. Con. Col. inc. 5s of '57	8,187,800	2½	S	J. & J.	82	85
Proc. & Gamble	10,500,000	3	Q	May 15, 11	390	400
Do preferred	2,250,000	2	Q	Apr 11, 11	180	200
Producers' Oil	8,000,000	1.50	Q	Mar 31, 11	100	125
Do conv. 6s	2,000,000	3	S	J. & J.	..	100
Royal Bak. P.	10,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	188	193
Do 6% cum. pf	10,000,000	1½	Q	Mar 31, 11	107	108
Safety Car Heat & Lighting	9,862,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	120¾	122
Schwarz. & S. 6s, '16	5,251,000	V	V	V	102¼	102¾
Singer Mfg.	60,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	290	295
Std. Cord. 1st 5s	2,805,373	2½	S	Oct., 1907	15	18
Stand. Coupler.	1,200,000	2	S	Dec 30, 10	41	45
Do preferred	300,000	4	S	Dec 30, 10	105	115
Stand. Milling	4,600,000	..	..	....	14	17
Do preferred	6,900,000	2	S	Apr 15, 11	48	50
Do 1st 5s	3,174,000	2½	S	M. & N.	84	87
Standard Oil	100,000,000	$15	Q	Mar 15, 11	674	680
Stern Bros. pf.	3,000,000	1¾	Q	June 1, 11	98	99
Studeb'kr Corp.	30,000,000	V	V	V	54⅛	54½
Do preferred	13,500,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 11	103⅝	104
Temple Iron 4s	642,000	2	S	J. & J.	103	104
Tren. Potteries	1,750,000	5	..	Feb., 1893	5	8
Do preferred	1,250,000	1	Q	Apr 25, 11	50	56
Underw'd Typ.	8,500,000	1	V	July 1, 11	69½	70¼
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	July 1, 11	106½	108
Un. Typewriter	10,000,000	3	S	Oct. 1, 07	42	44
Do 1st pf	4,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	110	112
Do 2d pf	5,000,000	4	S	Apr. 1, 11	106	106½
Unit. Banknote Corp., ($50)	4,495,000	1	Q	May 15, 11	50	51
Do pf., ($50)	4,495,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	52¼	53¼
Unit. Cig. Mfrs.	15,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 11	56	57
Do preferred	5,000,000	1¾	Q	May 1, 11	102½	104
U. S. Play. Cd.	850,000	2¼	Q	Mar 1, 11	150	..
U. S. Ptg. Co.	8,500,000	1⅝	Q	Mar 1, 11	92½	..
U. S. Tel. Co. (Clev.) 1st 5s.	2,156,000	2½	S	J. & J.	82	83
U.S. Worsted pf.	2,340,600	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	100	..
West. Elec. 1st 5s, '22	8,750,000	2½	..	J. & J.	101⅜	102¼
Worth'n H.R. pf	2,000,000	3½	S	May 1, 11	105	108

¶Extra stock dividend of $9,000,000, or 50%, paid June 30.
a Also extra bi-monthly 1%, payable Nov. 19.
c Also cash dividend of 25% paid July 15.
s Stock div. of 100% to holders of former $30,000,000 capital stock

TRUST COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Astor Trust	$1,250,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	345	355
Bankers' Trust	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	650	670
Bd. & Mg. Guar	5,000,000	3	Q	May 15, 11	250	250
Broadway Tr.	700,000	1½	Q	May 1, 11	140	145
Brooklyn	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 11	435	445
Central	3,000,000	*9	Q	Apr. 1, 11	1015	1030
Citizens'	500,000	2½	S	Mar. 1, 11	125	130
Columbia Trust	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	300	310
Commercial	500,000	V	V	V	100	110
Empire	1,000,000	2½	Q	Mar 31, 11	300	310
Equitable Trust	3,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31, 11	505	510
Farmers' Loan & Trust ($25)	1,000,000	12½	Q	May 1, 11	1480	1510
Fidelity	750,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	217	225
Flatbush	300,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	200	210
Franklin	1,500,000	4	S	Dec 31, 10	180	205
Fulton	500,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	300	..
Guaranty	5,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31, 11	810	815
Guardian	500,000	..	..	....	140	150
Hamilton	500,000	3	Q	May 1, 11	270	285
Home	750,000	2	..	Jul 15, 07	100	105
Hudson Trust	500,000	‡4	S	Jan. 3, 11	150	155
Kings County	500,000	4	Q	May 1, 11	510	..
Knickerb. Trust	3,181,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	283	298
Lawyers Mtg.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	257	257
Law. T. In. & T.	4,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	245	248
Lincoln	1,000,000	3	Q	Sep 30, 07	120	127
Long Island	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	300	305
Manhattan ($30)	1,000,000	‡6	S	Jan. 3, 11	400	400
Mercantile	2,000,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 11	725	740
Metropolitan	2,000,000	6	Q	Dec 31, 10	450	455
Mtge. Bond Co.	2,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	108½	110
Mutual Alliance	700,000	1½	Q	Apr. 3, 11	125	130
Nassau	600,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	160	165
New York	3,000,000	8	Q	Mar 31, 11	600	610
N.Y. Life I.&T.	1,000,000	‡25	S	Dec 10, 10	1080	1100
N.Y. Mtg. & Sec.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	215	220
People's Trust	1,000,000	1	M	May 1, 11	300	310
Realty Assoc't's	4,000,000	3	S	Jan 14, 11	109	112
Standard	1,000,000	4	Q	Mar 31, 11	380	400
Title Guar. & T.	4,375,000	5	Q	Mar 31, 11	485	485
Title Insurance	2,000,000	3½	S	Apr. 1, 11	130	132
Tr. Co. of Am.	2,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	330	340
Union	1,000,000	12½	Q	Apr 10, 11	1230	1250
U. S. Mtg. & T.	2,000,000	6	Q	Mar 31, 11	465	472
United States	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 3, 11	1130	1165
Washington Tr.	500,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	360	370
Windsor	1,000,000	3	S	Dec 29, 10	90	98

*Also extra dividend 9% payable May 1, 1911.

INSURANCE AND SURETY COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Per C't.	Period	Date.	Bid.	Asked.
Amer. Surety	$2,500,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	280	285
City of N. Y.	500,000	2½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	..	200
Commonwealth	500,000	5	S	Jan. 4, 11	326	..
Continental	2,000,000	25	S	Jan. 5, 11	1025	1045
Empire City	400,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	190	150
Fidelity & Cas.	1,000,000	9	S	Jul 21, 10	475	..
Fidelity-Phenix	2,500,000	5	S	Jan. 5, 11	315	325
Germ. Alliance	400,000	7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	300	310
Germ.-Amer.	1,500,000	15	S	Jan. 3, 11	600	620
Germania ($50)	1,000,000	9	S	Jan. 3, 11	280	295
Germania Life	200,000	6	S	July, 1910	210	225
Glens Falls ($10)	200,000	15	S	J. & J.	1525	..
Globe & Rutgers	400,000	10	Q	V	500	500
Hanover ($50)	1,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	210	225
Home Fire	3,000,000	‡17½	S	J. & J.	705	715
Home Life	125,000	6	S	M. & N.	275	..
Manhattan Life	100,000	‡13	S	F. & A.	400	425
Metro. Casualty	200,000	5	S	Jul 21, 10	185	..
Metrop. L. ($25)	2,000,000	3½	S	M. & N.	170	..
Nassau ($50)	200,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	140
National Surety	1,500,000	*3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	240	250
Niagara ($50)	1,000,000	10	S	J. & J.	285	300
Nor. River ($25)	350,000	5	S	Oct 10, 10	155	165
Pacific ($25)	200,000	‡7	S	J & J.	185	..
Peter C'per ($20)	150,000	3	S	Feb. 2, 11	95	105
Prudential ($50)	2,000,000	2½	Q	V	450	500
Stuyv's'nt ($100)	400,000	5	S	J. & J.	150	160
Un. States ($25)	250,000	6	A	V	90	100
U. S. Casualty	500,000	2½	Q	V	200	225
U. S. Life	264,000	7	A	J. & J.	90	105
W'sb'g City ($50)	250,000	10	S	J. & J.	..	390
W'chester ($10)	300,000	20	S	Feb. 1, 11	480	..

*Including 1 per cent. extra.

BANKS.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Aetna Nat	$300,000	2	Q	Jan. 3, 11	175	180
America	1,500,000	13	S	Jan. 3, 11	610	615
Am. Exch. Nat.	5,000,000	5	S	May 1, 11	246	250
Batt'y Pk. Nat.	200,000	3	V	Jan. 3, 11	135	..
Bowery	250,000	‡8	Q	May 1, 11	400	..
Bronx Borough	150,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	325	..
Butch. & Drov. (Nat.) ($25)	300,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	135	142
Century	200,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	155	160
Chase National	5,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 11	560	600
Chat.-Phen. Nat.	2,250,000	..	..	....	170	178
Chelsea Exch.	200,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	192	200
Chemical Nat.	3,000,000	2½	B	May 1, 11	428	435
Cit's Cent. Nat.	2,550,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	160	162
City (National)	25,000,000	5	S	May 1, 11	398	400
Coal & Iron Nat	1,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	156	160
Colonial	400,000	2½	Q	Jan. 1, 11	425	..
Columbia	300,000	6	S	Jan. 1, 11	370	400
Commerce (Nat)	25,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	216	217
Corn Exchange	3,000,000	4	Q	May 1, 11	324	328
E. R. Nat. ($25)	250,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	115	120
Fidelity	200,000	3	S	May 1, 11	165	175
Fifth Avenue	100,000	25	Q	Apr. 1, 11	4100	4500
Fifth National	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	300	350
First National	10,000,000	‡‡7	Q	Apr. 1, 11	940	940
Fourteenth St.	1,000,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	145	150
Fourth Nat.	5,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	204	206
Gal'tin Nat. ($50)	1,000,000	7	S	Oct. 6, 10	340	350
Garfield Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Mar 31, 11	290	305
Ger.-Am. ($75)	750,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	140	195
German Exch.	200,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	460	500
Germania	200,000	‡12½	S	May 1, 11	550	565
Gotham Nat	200,000	..	..	....	150	160
Greenwich	500,000	2½	Q	May 1, 11	240	250
Hanover Nat.	3,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	635	645
Harriman Nat	200,000	..	..	....	275	..
Imp. & Tr. Nat.	1,500,000	12	S	Jan. 3, 11	575	585
Internat. B'k'g.	3,250,000	2	S	Oct. 1, 10	90	95
Irv. Nat. Exch.	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	212	218
Jefferson	500,000	4	S	Jan. 4, 11	145	155
Liberty Nat.	1,000,000	5	Q	Apr. 1, 11	590	610
Lincoln Nat.	1,000,000	2½	Q	May 1, 11	400	420
Manhattan ($50)	2,050,000	8	S	Jan. 3, 11	335	..
Mar. & Fult. Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	248	253
Mechanics and Metals	6,000,000	3	Q	May 10, 11	269	262
Mercantile Nat.	3,000,000	1½	Q	Apr. 1, 11	152	155
Merch. Nat. ($50)	2,000,000	3½	S	Jan. 3, 11	180	185
Merch. Ex. Nat. ($50)	600,000	3	S	Jan. 3, 11	165	170
Metropolis	1,000,000	4	Q	Feb. 1, 11	375	390
Metropolitan	2,000,000	2	Q	Apr. 1, 11	200	205
Mount Morris	250,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	250	260
Mutual	200,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	290	290
Nat. Nassau	500,000	4	S	May 1, 11	300	325
Nat. Reserve	1,200,000	3	S	Jan. 1, 11	90	95
N. Netherland	200,000	2½	S	Apr. 1, 11	210	230
N. Y. (N.B.A.)	2,000,000	7	S	Jan. 3, 11	310	315
N.Y. County Nat	500,000	20	S	Jan. 3, 11	900	..
N. Y. Prod. Ex.	1,000,000	4	S	Apr 15, 11	168	175
Pacific ($50)	500,000	2	Q	May 1, 11	230	240
Park National	5,000,000	4	Q	Apr. 1, 11	374	376
People's ($25)	200,000	‡7½	S	Jan. 3, 11	250	260
Plaza	100,000	10	S	Jan. 3, 11	615	635
Seaboard Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	415	..
Second Nat.	1,000,000	3	Q	Apr. 1, 11	400	415
Sherman Nat.	200,000	..	..	....	135	..
State	1,000,000	5	S	Jan. 3, 11	250	275
23d Ward	200,000	3	S	Feb. 1, 11	150	..
Union Ex. Nat.	1,000,000	4	S	Jan. 3, 11	168	173
Wash. Heights	100,000	2	Q	Mar 31, 11	280	..
West Side	200,000	6	S	Jan. 3, 11	650	..
Yorkville	100,000	10	S	Dec 31, 10	535	560

‡‡Dividend of 3% payable same day on First Securities Co.

GAS AND WATER COMPANIES.

SECURITIES.	Amount Outstanding.	Dividend. Per C't.	Period	Date.	Quotation May 13, 1911. Bid.	Asked.
Am. Lt. & Trac	$10,395,400	2½s	Q	May 1, 11	291	295
Do preferred	14,236,200	1½	Q	May 1, 11	105½	106½
Auburn 1st 5s	V	V	V	V	98	101
Binghamt'n Gas 1st 5s, 1938	750,000	2½	S	A. & O.	95	99
Bklyn Bor. Gas	500,000	..	..	....	70	..
Do 1st mtg. 5s	500,000	V	V	V	95	98
Buffalo Gas	7,000,000	..	..	....	4	4
Buffalo Gas pf.	1,713,000	..	..	....	..	20
Buf. G. 1st 5s, '47	5,900,000	2½	S	A. & O.	61⅝	..
Cent. Un. 5s, 1927	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101¼	103
Cities Service	4,889,825	½	M	June 1, 11	68½	69
Do preferred	8,779,650	½	M	June 1, 11	78¾	79
Colum. G. & F.	2,750,000	1	M	Aug 1, 10	..	31
Do preferred	5,500,000	1¼	Q	Apr. 1, 11	74	75
Colum. Gas 5s, '32	V	V	V	V	95	..
††Con. G. of N.J. 1st con. 5s, 1936	971,000	2½	S	J. & J.	90	95
Dayton Gas 5s	1,200,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98½	..
Denver G. & E.	2,500,000	½	M	Aug. 1, 10	200	..
Do gen. 5s	5,691,000	2½	S	M. & N.	92	94
Det. City Gas prior lien 5s, '23	5,619,000	2½	S	J. & J.	100½	..
Gd. Rap. G. L. 5s	1,350,000	2½	S	F. & A.	99⅜	101
Houston G. 5s, '20	825,000	2½	S	M. & S.	98	..
Hud. Co. Gas	10,500,000	4	S	Dec. 1, 10	137	141
Do 1st 5s	10,500,000	2½	S	M. & M.	103¾	104⅝
Indiana Ltg. Co	4,500,000	..	..	....	34	36
Do 1st 4s, 1958	8,000,000	2	S	F. & A.	66½	68½
Ind'apolis ($50).	2,000,000	..	..	....	14½	..
Do 1st 5s, 1952	4,250,000	2½	S	A. & O.	75	80
J'ksonville 5s, '37	1,096,000	1¼	Q	Mar, 1911	92½	97½
Kansas Nat. G.	12,000,000	..	..	....	19½	21
Do 1st 6s, '16	2,000,000	3	S	M. & N.	99	100
Do 2d 6s, '18	2,800,000	3	S	J. & J.	75	81
Lincoln G. & E.	2,250,000	3	S	J. & J.	24⅝	24¼
Madison (Wis.) 1st 6s, 1926	400,000	3	S	A. & O.	103	108
Mass. Gas	25,000,000	1	Q	May 1, 11	91½	91¾
Do preferred	25,000,000	2	S	Dec. 1, 10	95½	96
Mich. Light pf.	2,144,000	1½	Q	....	96	99
Milwaukee Gas Lt. 1st 4s, '27	7,932,000	2	S A	M. & N.	90½	90⅞
Minneap. Gas 5s	V	V	V	V	99	99½
Mobile Gas 1st 5s, '24	550,000	2½	S	J. & D.	93	95
M'hawk Val. Co	7,500,000	1½	V	Jun, 1910	98	101
Mutual	3,500,000	3	S	July 9, 10	170	180
Nashville G.	1,150,000	¾	S	Jan., 1911	88	93
N. Ams'm 5s, '48	10,635,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
N.Y. & E.R. 1st 5s, 1944	3,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	104
Do con. 5s, 1945	1,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	103
N.Y. & Q. G. Co. 1st 5s, "T. E."	816,000	2½	S	F. & A.	100	..
North Union 5s	1,250,000	2½	S	....	99½	101½
Okla. G. & El.	1,118,900	2	Q	Mar 15, 11	103	110
Do 7% cum. pf	1,500,000	1¾	Q	Apr 15, 11	95	100
Do 5s, '29	1,875,000	2½	S	A. & O.	96	98
Omaha Gas 6s	V	V	V	V	102½	..
Pacific G. & E.	19,272,000	V	V	V	68	68½
Do preferred	10,000,000	1½	Q	Feb 15, 11	87	88
Do deb. 6s, '37	3,651,000	3	S	J. & D.	99	99½
Portl'd G. & C. 5s	2,711,000	2½	S	J. & D.	97	99
St. Joseph (Mo.) 1st 5s, 1944	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	91	94
St. Paul G. Lt. gen. 5s, 1944	3,439,000	2½	S	M. & S.	99	100
Do con. mtge. 6s, 1918	600,000	3	S	J. & J.	105½	..
Scranton Gas & Wat. 1st 5s, '23	1,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	103
Do deb. 5s, '35	600,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
Do deb. '5s, 39	550,000	2½	S	J. & J.	102	102½
South. Lt. & Tr. col. tr. 5s, 1949	2,090,000	2½	S	M. & S.	93	95
S. Jer. G. & El.	6,000,000	4	S	J. & D.	132	137
Do 1st 5s	11,717,000	2½	S	J. & D.	98½	99½
Sp'brook Wat. 5s	4,600,000	2½	S	A. & O.	103¼	104
Spg. Val. Wat. 4s	17,859,000	4	A	Dec. 1, 10	90	92
Standard (N.Y.)	5,000,000	¾	S	Dec 31, 06	70	..
Do preferred	4,295,700	V	V	V	90	..
Do 1st 5s, 1930	1,362,000	..	S	M. & N.	103	106
Syrac. Gas 1st 5s, 1946	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101½	102
Syrac. L. & P. col. tr. 5s, g., '54	5,452,500	2½	S	J. & J.	81¼	82
Syracuse Lt. 1st mtg. 5s, '51	2,500,000	2½	S	J. & D.	99½	..
U.G.I. Co. ($50)	50,473,335	2	Q	Apr 15, 11	86⅜	86¾
Washington G.	2,600,000	V	V	V	89⅛	89⅜
Do 5s, 1960	2,860,000	2½	S	M. & N.	109⅝	110
West. N.Y. Wat.	5,000,000	V	V	V	..	10
Wilkes-Barre G. & E. 1st c. 5s, '55	8,000,000	2½	S	J. & J.	101	102

s Also regular stock dividend of 2½ shares to 100 in common.

The New York Times reaches a greater number of investors and publishes a larger volume of financial advertising than any other newspaper, morning or evening, despite its exclusion of doubtful and suspicious advertisements.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

(CONTRACT 63.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 63, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock 15 feet inside diameter, and about 21,260 feet long. From the northerly end of the work in Yonkers, about 200 feet north of the New York City line, between Jerome and Mt. Vernon Avenues, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction through the Borough of The Bronx, under Van Cortlandt Park and Jerome Park reservoir, and thence beneath the Old Croton aqueduct and Aqueduct Avenue to Burnside Avenue, near University Heights. Tunnel construction will be carried on through five shafts, spaced from 3,500 to 5,000 feet apart, and varying in depth from 215 to 240 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 65.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 65, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 15 feet and 14 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work at Aqueduct and Burnside Avenues near University Heights, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Aqueduct and Lind Avenues, in the Borough of The Bronx, to the crossing under the Harlem River at 167th Street, near Highbridge, thence beneath Highbridge, St. Nicholas, and Morningside Parks and connecting streets, in the Borough of Manhattan, to Central Park near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street. The work will be carried on through 7 shafts, spaced from 2,500 to 5,100 feet apart, and varying in depth from 260 to 475 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 66.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 66, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, varying from 14 feet to 12 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Central Park, near Eighth Avenue and West 99th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction under Central Park, Sixth Avenue and Broadway to 14th Street, in Union Square. The work will be carried on through 6 shafts, spaced from 2,800 to 4,550 feet apart, and varying in depth from 200 to 250 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

(CONTRACT 67.)
CATSKILL AQUEDUCT.

Sealed bids will be received by the Board of Water Supply, at its offices, seventh floor, 165 Broadway, New York, until 11 A. M. on Tuesday, May 16, 1911, for Contract 67, for the construction of a portion of the city tunnel of the Catskill aqueduct, a circular tunnel in rock, 12 feet and 11 feet inside diameter. From the northerly end of the work in Union Square, at 14th Street, the tunnel line extends in a general southerly direction through the Borough of Manhattan, under Fourth Avenue, the Bowery, Delancey, Allen, Hester, and Clinton Streets, thence beneath the East River to the foot of Bridge Street, in the Borough of Brooklyn, and through this borough under Bridge Street and Flatbush Avenue to the terminal shaft, Shaft 23, at Third Avenue and Schermerhorn Street, and from Flatbush Avenue under Lafayette Street to the terminal shaft, Shaft 24, in Fort Green Park. The work will be carried on through 6 shafts, spaced from 3,800 to 5,200 feet apart, and varying in depth from 810 to 740 feet.

At the above place and time the bids will be publicly opened and read. Pamphlets containing information for bidders, and pamphlets of contract drawings can be obtained at the above address by depositing the sum of ten dollars ($10) for each pamphlet. For further particulars see Information for Bidders.

CHARLES STRAUSS,
President,
CHARLES N. CHADWICK,
JOHN F. GALVIN,
Commissioners of the Board of Water Supply.
JOSEPH P. MORRISSEY, Secretary.

THERE WILL BE PUBLIC HEARING BY New York Harbor Line Board in Army Building, 39 Whitehall St., N. Y., May 18, 1911, 10:30 A. M., on application Bd. Estimate and Apportionment, N. Y. City, for closing of Newtown Creek above Metropolitan Ave. To be followed by hearing on application of J. Monks & Sons for modification of pierhead line at foot Conover St., Red Hook, Brooklyn. All interested parties are invited to attend and be heard. WM. T. ROSSELL, Col. Engrs., Senior Member.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—UNION DIME SAVINGS BANK, Plaintiff, against ANDREW J. LARKIN and Others, Defendants.

In pursuance of a judgment of foreclosure and sale, duly made and entered in the above-entitled action, and bearing date the 27th day of April, 1911, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction at the Exchange Salesroom, Nos. 14-16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 1st day of June, 1911, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Herbert A. Sherman, Auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

All that certain plot, piece, or parcel of land, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows:

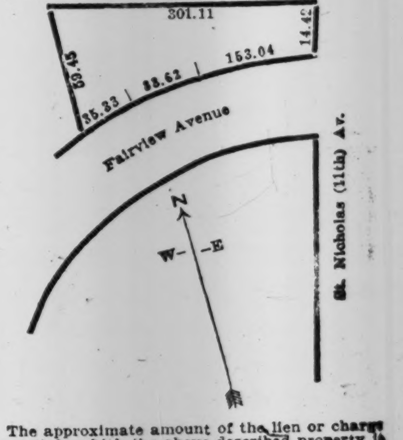
Beginning at a point on the westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue, (formerly called 11th Avenue,) distant one hundred and forty-five (145) feet and 5-100 of a foot northerly from the point on the westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue at which the northerly side of Wadsworth Avenue joins said westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue, said distance being measured along the westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue on a curve of a radius of three hundred and forty (340) feet, which said point of beginning is also distant ten thousand two hundred and nine (10,209) feet and 96-100 of a foot north of the southerly side of 155th Street; and from said point of beginning running thence westerly parallel with the northerly side of 190th Street one hundred and fifty-three (153) feet and 4-100 of a foot; thence still westerly on a curve tangent to the last course, curving toward the south, and with a radius of one hundred and thirty-eight (138) feet and 17-100 of a foot, eighty-eight (88) feet and 62-100 of a foot; thence continuing southwesterly on a tangent to the last-mentioned course thirty-five (35) feet and 33-100 of a foot; thence northwesterly at right angles with the last-mentioned course fifty-nine (59) feet and 45-100 of a foot, more or less, to lands now or formerly of Isaac Dyckman; thence easterly along said lands, now or formerly of Isaac Dyckman, three hundred and one (301) feet 11-100 of a foot, more or less, to the westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue, and thence southerly along the westerly side of St. Nicholas Avenue fourteen (14) feet and 42-100 of a foot, more or less, to the point or place of beginning.

The above-described premises lie in Section 8, Block 2,170, on the land map of the City of New York.

Dated New York, May 8th, 1911.
SUMNER GERARD, Referee.
WOODFORD, BOVEE & BUTCHER, Attorneys for Plaintiff, 1 Madison Avenue, Borough of Manhattan, New York City, New York.

The following is a diagram of the property to be sold, said premises being vacant and having no street number:

Lands now or formerly of Isaac Dyckman.



The approximate amount of the lien or charge to satisfy which the above-described property is to be sold is $5,030.67, with interest thereon from the 17th day of April, 1911, together with costs and allowance amounting to $352.15, with interest thereon from the 27th day of April, 1911, together with the expenses of the sale. The approximate amount of the taxes, assessments, and water rates, or other liens, which are to be allowed to the purchaser out of the purchase money, or paid by the referee, is $5,746.06 and interest.

Dated New York, May 8th, 1911.
SUMNER GERARD, Referee.

MANHATTAN—FOR SALE.

Loans

on desirable improved property will receive prompt attention and be quickly acted upon by

LAWYERS TITLE INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY

CAPITAL - - $4,000,000
SURPLUS - - 5,500,000
160 Broadway, New York.
188 Montague Street, Brooklyn.
375 Fulton Street, Jamaica.

Geo. R. Read & Co
REAL ESTATE
Head Office: 60 Liberty St., nr. B'way.
Branch: 3 East 35th St.

E. A. TREDWELL,
REAL ESTATE,
41 Park Row, N. Y. City.

West Side.

New Modern Residences
Nos. 12-14-16
West 86th St. Parkway.
Equl to Best on Fifth Avenue.
Otis Elevator, &c.
STREET 100 FEET WIDE,
in charge of Dept. of Parks.
SEND FOR BOOKLET.
W. W. & T. M. HALL,
OWNERS AND BUILDERS.
11 East 42d St.

133 West 72d Street
22x102.2 ft.

This valuable property is to be sold Thursday, May 18th, at auction at Real Estate Exchange. Full details by BRYAN KENNELLY, Auctioneer, 156 BROADWAY.

BROOKLYN—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

The "Perfect" House

FOR TWO FAMILIES. Built entirely different from average house. In Brooklyn's Finest Residential Section. Only a few left out of a row of seventeen. Each house contains

15 ALL-LIGHT ROOMS

and baths; separate laundry, steam heat and every known improvement. Located on

St. John's Pl., near New York Av.

St. John's Pl. car passes door; 15 minutes from Atlantic Av. Subway station. Open evenings. Apply on premises, or

NOAH CLARK, INC.,
735 Nostrand Av., cor. St. John's Place.
'Phone Bedford 5900.

MORTGAGE LOANS.

$100,000 to $400,000
to lend at
4¼%

on well located Manhattan property—no lofts—will lend two-thirds of appraisal value of Messrs. Brown, Ely or Cruikshank.

Hudson Mortgage Company
135 BROADWAY, NEW YORK
Organized Under Banking Laws

Mortgage Money 4½%-5%; special funds divided to suit; second mortgage funds; very moderate charges. Sugarman & Kahn, 35 Nassau St.

GOOD second mortgages wanted; $100,000 placed monthly. (seconds exclusively.) Howard H. Mosher, 135 Broadway.

$50,000 to loan on first mortgages, 4½%; half charges; Manhattan only. Wolinsky, 52 Lenox Av.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

$13,500.—Gentleman's farm; Rockland County; one hour out from New York; depot 15 minutes' walk; 50 acres fertilized producing soil; Colonial house, modern improvements, beautiful fireplaces, large barn, chicken houses, granary, shop, tenant house; 600 apple, peach trees; grand views overlooking Palisades, Westchester Hills, Ramapo Mountains; detailed photographic view and particulars. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

HUDSON RIVER ESTATE OPPOSITE POUGHKEEPSIE.—Magnificent property; high elevation; house 12 rooms, 3 baths, open fireplaces; 110 feet veranda; 20-mile view; fourteen acres land; fruit; beautiful garden; offered for sale account death of owner; $20,000; details photos. Allee Realty Co., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

COUNTRY HOME FOR SALE—CHEAP. Dwelling in Village of Athens, Greene Co., N. Y.; all improvements; electrict lights, tiled and porcelain bath, hot water heat; spring water from never-failing spring; cistern water for laundry purposes; property in excellent condition. Address Home Savings Bank, Albany, N. Y.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

HICKS, EDITH BURCHELL.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the County of New York, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against EDITH BURCHELL HICKS, late of Summit, New Jersey, deceased, to present the same, with vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, at his place of transacting business, at the office of Stitt & Phillips, No. 113 Fulton Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the twenty-fourth day of October next.—Dated New York, the 20th day of April, 1911. HENRY J. BURCHELL, Jr., Executor. STITT & PHILLIPS, Attys. for Ex'r, No. 113 Fulton St., Manhattan, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

BANKRUPT SALE.

The undersigned Trustee will sell at public auction on May 17th, 1911, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the electrical supply business of the Electric Motor & Equipment Company, now being conducted by the Trustee at No. 219 Market Street, Newark, N. J., at which place the sale will be held.

The property to be sold consists of a large stock of merchandise, store fixtures, office furniture and fixtures, the Trustee's right, title and interest in a lease to the said premises expiring May 1st, 1913, with a privilege of renewal for an additional two years, together with the good will of the said business as a going concern.

The property may be inspected any business day.

Further information, including catalogue, will be sent on application to the undersigned Trustee, or his attorneys.

HARRY V. OSBORNE, Trustee,
164 Market Street, Newark, N. J.
BILDER & BILDER, Attorneys of Trustee.
Offices: 164 Market Street, Newark, N. J.; Romaine Bldg., Paterson, N. J.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS GOTTESMAN, Bankrupt. — Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in bankruptcy, sells Thursday, May 25, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 113 Leonard St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of furs, skins, tails, machinery, &c.
ELBERT B. HAMLIN, Receiver.
NATHAN KOPF, Attorney for Receiver, 198 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MOE PARIS, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York, in bankruptcy, sells this day, Monday, May 15, 1911, by order of the Court, at 10:30 A. M., at 20 Waverly Place, Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of woolens, piece goods, linings, trimmings.
IRVING L. ERNST, Receiver.
HAYS, HERSHFIELD & WOLF, Attorneys for Receiver, 115 Broadway, New York.

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

NOW
is the time to see
GARDEN CITY
New York's Most Beautiful Suburb

It offers every attraction that the high-class, highly restricted suburb can offer—a convenient location, excellent transportation, every modern improvement, broad beautiful streets, splendid schools, handsome residences and country sports.

An ideal location for the family that appreciates a restricted environment without the usual prohibitive cost. Do not purchase a suburban or country home until you have seen it. Send for illustrated views; also booklet entitled "How to Buy Real Estate Intelligently."

GAGE E. TARBELL, 320 Fifth Avenue, New York.

FROM THE CITY'S ROAR TO THE SEASHORE IN THIRTY MINUTES.

FAR ROCKAWAY

MANHATTAN'S MOST ACCESSIBLE SUBURB.
EIGHTY ELECTRIC TRAINS DAILY
From Pennsylvania or Flatbush Av. Stations.
BEST SURF BATHING ON THE ATLANTIC COAST
MAKE THIS *YOUR* SUMMER HOME
FOR INFORMATION REGARDING COTTAGES FOR RENT, HOTELS, &c.,
Address SECRETARY, BOARD OF TRADE, BOX 453, FAR ROCKAWAY, N. Y.

Cedarhurst Park

Beautiful, new houses constructed of stucco upon expanded metal, with plots 75x100 to 100x150; hardwood throughout, parquet floors, beam ceilings and panel walls, gas and electricity, tiled bathrooms, large closets, open fireplaces, steam heat, cement cellars. All improvements, including sewers, are completed; 28 minutes to Herald Square. Prices, $7,500 to $15,000, on your own terms.

George Frank Sweeney,
206 Broadway, Suite 30, New York
Telephones 8384-8385 Cortlandt.
Office on premises always open.

Bellmore Farms
adjoining
FREEPORT & MERRICK
¼ Acre $189
10,890 square feet.
$5 DOWN, $5 A MONTH.
$15 A MONTH BUYS NEW HOUSE
ON ¼-ACRE FARM.
Prices $1,500 to $2,500. Small Cash Payments.
Go with Us Any Day.
Send for a Free Copy of our new
Bellmore Farms Book
together with Free Railroad Tickets.
Long Island Realty Co.
258 BROADWAY NEW YORK

GREAT HOUSE BARGAIN

$5,950 BUYS AN $8,300 HOUSE.

A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water; parquet floors; beamed ceiling; large wardrobe; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue, in private residence park; fine surroundings; twenty-four minutes to Herald Square or Battery on the Pennsylvania Tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or 'phone, T. I. McNEECE, 150 Nassau St.

PHONE 4070 BEEKMAN.

New House—Overlooking L. I. Sound

Hollow tile fireproof construction, hardwood finish, 11 large rooms, 3 baths, ¾-acre plot, in most attractive section on north shore of Long Island, near station, 30 minutes from New York. Terms cash $2,000. $7,000 may remain permanently on mortgage and balance may be paid in 4 years, $1,000 per year. Address Owner, Room 10,075, Metropolitan Building. Telephone 3266 Gramercy.

SHORE FRONT COTTAGE, COMPLETELY FURNISHED, Asharoken Beach, near Northport, 11 rooms, bath, all improvements, garage, boathouse, 23-foot power launch; magnificent location, near W. K. Vanderbilt property; $16,000; want offer. Owner going abroad. Photos, full details. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

SHORE FRONT ESTATE.
Great Neck—a "Stanford White" mansion, on bluff, overlooking Bay and Sound; beautiful grounds; $125,000. Want offer. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

Westbury.—Must sell two well-located lots, best residence section, near Post Av.; will make terms to suit. Opportunity, Box H 212 Times Downtown.

NEW ENGLAND—FOR SALE OR LET.

Fertile Farm of 200 acres, 165 acres cultivable, Colonial house, 8 rooms, enormous barns, just outside pretty village, near Norwich, Ct.; MILE RIVER FRONT. Owner incapacitated, we offer this exceptional farm for $3,500 cash. E. E. Slocum, 141 Broadway.

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of FRED. A. RODGERS, Alleged Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to an order of this Court the property of the above-named bankrupt, consisting of stationery, blank books, fountain pens, pencils, draughting instruments, books, counters, shelving, fixtures, cash register, store furniture, etc., will be sold as follows:

Sealed bids for said property for any or all of said property may be submitted to the receiver, Arthur J. Cohen, Esq., at his office, 45 Wall Street, New York City, on or before May 20, 1911, at 12 noon, at which time they will be opened by him. All bids shall be accompanied by certified check or cash for 10 per cent. of the amount bid. The property may be inspected each day prior to sale on the premises, 2,894 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City. The receiver reserves the right to reject any and all bids. Should all bids be rejected the entire property will be sold at public auction for a sum not less than 75% of the appraised value by Charles Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer in Bankruptcy, at his auction rooms, 113 Leonard Street, on May 25, 1911, at 2 P. M. ARTHUR J. COHEN, Receiver.
SAMUEL C. STEINHARDT, Attorney for Receiver, 30 Church St., New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of HARRY OKUN, Bankrupt.—No. 13,697.

By order of this court the assets of this estate will be sold under the direction of Samuel Gordon, Trustee, at public auction, by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, at the Coke's Storage & Warehouse Company, No. 205 East 125th Street, New York City, on the 16th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 A. M.

The assets for sale consist of ladies' and gents' furnishings, underwear, hosiery, and can be inspected at the above address on May 13th and 15th, between 10 A. M. and 5 P. M.
STANLEY W. DEXTER, Referee.
HERMAN H. OPPENHEIMER, Attorney for Trustee, 170 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,828.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of MORRIS ZUCKER and MAX COHN, co-partners, trading under the name of the ZUCOMA HAT CO., Bankrupt.

To the creditors of Morris Zucker and Max Cohn, co-partners, trading under the name of the Zucoma Hat Co., of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid, a bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that on the 31st day of March, A. D. 1911, the said Morris Zucker and Max Cohn, co-partners, trading under the name of the Zucoma Hat Co., was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Peter B. Olney, Esq., Referee in Bankruptcy, No. 68 William Street, New York City, on the 25th day of May, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.
PETER B. OLNEY,
Referee in Bankruptcy.
May 13, 1911.

NEED $500 CASH AT ONCE.
Must dispose of my beautiful 8-room improved cottage; near depot and Long Island Sound; 25 minutes from Herald Square; balance to suit. Address Owner, E 5 Times.

$15 MONTHLY BUYS cottage near town, steamboat, and railroad depot; hour out; small first payment; land for chickens and vegetables; hotels and neighbors buy. Healthful, E 4 Times.

BRONX—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

Inspection invited to those unequaled three-story two-family dwellings, Walton Av. and 165th St. William E. Diller, owner, on premises.

ARTISTIC 12-ROOM HOUSE, LATEST IMPROVEMENTS; PRICE $7,500; 187TH ST., TIEBOUT AV.

QUEENS—FOR SALE OR TO LET.

TWO ARTISTIC AND SPLENDIDLY BUILT HOMES IN BEAUTIFUL
HOLLIS PARK GARDENS
are offered to desirable parties for immediate occupancy at strikingly low prices; located in lovely country section, 25 minutes out, and property improvements best on Long Island.
Address
JAY DOWNER,
Hollis, L. I.

WESTCHESTER—SALE OR TO LET.

AN OPPORTUNITY

for any one to get a real bona fide bargain in a handsome, modern 10-room house and large plot; electric lights; open fireplaces; 2 baths; hardwood finish; broad verandas; beautiful shade trees; near churches, schools, and station; price around ten thousand; this property must be disposed of.
COOLEY & WEST, INC.,
New Rochelle, N. Y.

A COSEY HOME

Overlooks Hudson. Beautiful environment; fine neighbors. Bargain to quick buyer.
VAN FOSSEN, Hastings-on-Hudson.

DON'T MISS
PELHAMWOOD,
The ideal suburban development, with all city improvements. Booklet, free tickets and full information on request. Clifford B. Harmon & Co., 315 Madison Av., New York.

Hastings on Hudson and Vicinity—Houses furnished and unfurnished, for sale and to let; lots, plots, acreage. R. M. Devine, Hastings on Hudson.

Beautiful country residence, corner plot, Bronxville; reasonable. Inquire Fleck, 442 Pleasant Av. No agents.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED STATES for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of J. B. & J. M. CORNELL COMPANY, Bankrupt.—Order to show cause.

Pursuant to the petition of A. Gordon Murray and Michael Blake, receivers heretofore appointed by this court of the bankrupt herein, presented this day to this court and to be duly filed in the office of the Clerk thereof,

Let any and all persons or corporations having an interest in the within proceeding, or in the property of the bankrupt, J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company, or their attorneys, show cause on the 19th day of May, 1911, before the undersigned Judge of this court in the Court House and Post Office Building, Borough of Manhattan, City and Southern District of New York, in Room 72 thereof, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, or at any date or place to which the same may be duly adjourned, why the bid of the New York Trust Company and Sarah K. Cornell, holders of outstanding receivers' certificates, and the separate and correlated bid of the bondholders of the J. B. & J. M. Cornell Company be not accepted, or in lieu thereof why the receivers should not receive further instructions, or why such other disposition should not then and there be made of the matter as to the court may seem just and proper, and it is further

Ordered that notice of this motion be given by publishing this order for five consecutive days in The New York Times and once in The Cold Spring Recorder, and by mailing a copy thereof on or before the 12th day of May, 1911, to every known creditor of the bankrupt at the Post Office address stated to be his on the books of the bankrupt or otherwise known; to the United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Trustee under the mortgage covering the plant of the bankrupt, and to any and all known holders or pledgees of the bonds secured by said mortgage, and to all persons having claims against the receivers or Trustee for merchandise furnished to them as receivers or for any other cause, and to the contractors with whom the bankrupt or the receivers thereof have work in progress, and by furnishing to such persons as shall apply therefor a copy of the said petition dated the 8th day of May, 1911, and of this order.

Dated New York, May 8, 1911.
GEO. C. HOLT,
United States District Judge.

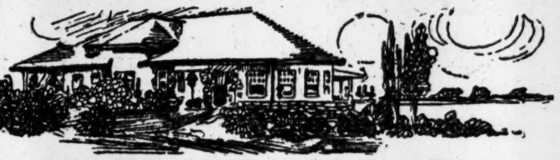
To
Messrs. Howland, Murray & Prentice, Solicitors for the New York Trust Company, 35 Wall Street, New York City.
Messrs. Davis, Symmes & Schreiber, Solicitors for Sarah K. Cornell, John M. Cornell et al., and Sherman National Bank, 55 Liberty Street, New York City.
Messrs. Hill, Lockwood, Redfield & Lydon, Attorneys for Jones & Laughlin Steel Co., 35 Nassau Street, New York City.
Lemuel Skidmore, Esq., Attorney for Minnie R. S. Cornell et al. as heirs of J. B. Cornell, J. B. & J. M. Cornell Co., and John M. Cornell, 69 Wall Street, New York City.
Messrs. Kiddle & Wendell, Attorneys for Davies & Thomas Company, 115 Broadway, New York City.
Messrs. Van Wyck & Mygatt, Attorneys for Garfield Proctor Coal Co., 40 Wall Street, New York City.
Messrs. Wherry & Morgan, Attorneys for Taunton & New Bedford Copper Co., 43 Cedar Street, New York City.
Russell L. Tarbox, Esq., Attorney for Froment & Company, 60 Wall Street, New York City.
Messrs. Beals & Nicholson, Attorneys for Estate of John S. Huyler and Estate of Samuel W. Bowne, 1 Madison Av., New York City.
Messrs. Krauthoff, Harmon & Mathewson, Attorneys for the United States Mortgage & Trust Co., 55 Wall Street, New York City.
The Sherman National Bank, 34th Street and Astor Court, New York City.
Hon. Thos. Carmody, Attorney General, State of New York, 299 Broadway, New York City.
Messrs. Stetson, Jennings & Russell, Attorneys for Carnegie Steel Company, 15 Broad Street, New York City.
Jas. Russell Soley, Esq., Attorney for the Atlantic, Gulf & Pacific Co., 26 Exchange Place, New York City.
Messrs. Burlingham, Montgomery & Beecher, Attorneys for Phoenix Iron Company, 27 William Street, New York City.
Samuel Phillips, Esq., Matteawan, N. Y., care of Chas. De Hart Brower, 141 Broadway, New York City, Attorney, Fishkill Savings Bank.
Huntington N. Merchant, Esq., Attorney Sloss-Sheffield Steel & Iron Co., 5 Nassau St., New York City.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ELIZABETH R. KRAEMER, Bankrupt.—No. 14,681.

Notice is hereby given that Elizabeth R. Kraemer, bankrupt, has filed her petition, dated May 10, 1911, praying for a discharge from all her debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on the 19th day of June, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.
WILLIAM ALLEN, Referee in Bankruptcy.
New York, May 11, 1911.

NEW JERSEY—FOR SALE OR TO LET

4 THE FOUR POINTS IN FAVOR OF OUR BUNGALOW COLONY 4



Beautiful MANASQUAN PARK, New Jersey

I. **Attractiveness,** combining forest and shore. Pine trees and salt air.
II. **Low Cost,** Lots from $100; terms $10 down, balance on easy payments.
III. **Accessibility,** three lines of transportation; Penn., Jersey Central and Sandy Hook Route.
IV. **Investment Value,** Midway between Asbury Park and Lakewood. What is its future?

4 We have left two bungalows for sale $1,200 each or for rent. 4
Address MANASQUAN PARK, 906 Marbridge Building NEW YORK

A HOME LIKE THIS
FOR $3,150

is available on easy terms for folk who will make good neighbors. Our community is unique in that it gives you real country with all city conveniences right at the station, with an express service of 55 minutes from your business. Thirty-five houses of different designs now built—average cost, $3,500.

Particulars from
Sec'y Cragmere Ass'n, Mahwah, N.J.

WEEQUAHIC PARK TRACT,
NEWARK, N. J.
BEAUTIFULLY LOCATED PLOTS
for sale; all restricted. Title guaranteed by Fidelity Trust.
Take Pennsylvania, Central, or Lackawanna trains to Newark and Mt. Pleasant cars to property.
Maps and further particulars,
FRANK J. BOCK, General Manager,
Firemen's Building, Broad and Market Sts., Newark, N. J.

BUNGALOW FARM $99.

10,000 square feet of land, $10 down, $3 monthly. Boating, bathing, fishing. Fare 14 cents. Title guaranteed. 52 minutes from Broadway. Shade trees, beautiful scenery. Four-room bungalows $295. Write, call, or 'phone 6371 Barclay. D. Nichols, 258 Broadway, Opp. City Hall.

COSEY, modern house; large grounds, near depot, at Dumont; for sale at $2,700; $200 first payment; balance $20 monthly. N. A. Fuller, 110 West 34th St., New York City.

At beautiful Teaneck, new cottage, six rooms, bath; lot 80x125; price $3,800, $300 cash, $25 monthly. Hallberg, Ridgefield Park, N. J.

This Bungalow, $275.

FARM ONLY $95
20,000 square feet. Rich soil; 100 peach trees with each acre. Fare 15c. $9 down, $3 monthly. Address Mountain View, 75 Times Downtown.

ACREAGE, FARMS, HOMES, ESTATES, ALL PRICES, SALE OR EXCHANGE.
A. G. NELSON, Manager New Jersey Dept.
GEORGE B. CORSA, 198 Broadway, N. Y.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

DOUBLE COMMISSIONS TO BROKERS
134 TO 140 WEST 29th St.
100x100 Bldg.
1 BIG LOFT
1 SUBDIVIDED "
E. G. SOLTMANN,
Tel. 7960 Mad. Sq.
LIVE STEAM.

To Sublet, Furnished.—Splendid mahogany furnished offices, including Remington machine, filing cabinets, &c., in the Night and Day Bank Building, corner 44th Street and Fifth Av. Will sublet furnished for one year or shorter term at sacrifice. W. B. Walker, Thermos Bldg., 243 West 17th St.

Store for Rent, 304 W. 145th St.
Well Located Near 8th Ave. and "L" Station. Moderate Rent.
Janitor or J. ROMAINE BROWN & CO., 105 West 40th St.

Broadway and 39th St. Bldg.
SMALL AND LARGE
LIGHT OFFICES, $20 to $50.
Harris & Vaughan, Agts., 1,416 Broadway.

Store 50x200
628-630 BROADWAY, BROOKLYN,
Suitable for wholesale and retail and theatrical purposes, as formerly. Joseph Storch, 626 B'way, B'klyn.

2d Av., 823, S. W. corner 44th St.—Large corner store to lease; occupied by grocer 25 years; will alter to suit; rent $100. Rosenstock, 140 Nassau St.

Fifth Av., 78, near 14th St.—Exceptionally light lofts, suitable for show rooms or light manufacturing; fireproof building; central location.

28th St., co[illegible] Av.—Two lofts, 100x100; light on four sides; steam power; large elevator; all improvements. Apply on premises.

Whole or part of office to sub-let. Apply before noon, Room 524, 1,133 Broadway.

Light single loft; light all around. Rent Reasonable. 520 West 40th.

BROOKLYN.

Contemplate building six-story, 60 by 100, heavy construction factory; plenty lights; elevator; will build to suit any manufacturing; heat, power, live steam. 250 Moore St., Brooklyn.

CITY HOUSES TO LET—Unfurnished.

COUNTRY HOUSE TO LET IN NEW YORK CITY,
within five minutes' walk of 180th St. Subway Station.
Large stone house, spacious grounds and garden. Stable, garage, greenhouse and gardener's cottage; on high ground and exceptionally attractive location. Apply Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St., N.Y.C.

FURNISHED HOUSES WANTED.

Wanted—A house in Rye; 6 master's bedrooms, 3 bathrooms; spacious grounds, with tennis court and garage; reasonable terms until Oct. 15. N 33 Times.

COUNTRY HOUSES TO LET—FURNISHED.

TO RENT.—Furnished for 15 months, 9-room house, verandas, all improvements; grounds, 125 by 200; shade trees; nice locality; 22 minutes from Jersey City by train; trolley connection with Upper Manhattan; $40 monthly. Box K 73 Times.

Pleasant Summer home to rent, furnished, near the Great South Bay; house has 11 rooms and bath; barn, garage, and poultry house; good garden; rent $500 for season. Potter & Price, Patchogue, Long Island.

For Summer, Park Hill, Yonkers.—Well-furnished, 13 rooms, 2 baths; all modern improvements; $150 monthly. Call or address 3 Prospect Terrace, Park Hill, Yonkers. Tel. 3001 Yonkers.

Very attractive house in southern Catskills, completely furnished; shade trees, broad piazzas; $350 for season. Address D. I. Reynolds, 10 John St., New York City.

PENNSYLVANIA—FOR SALE OR LET.

GREAT SACRIFICE, $7,500; WORTH $15,000. Farm—Estate, 130 acres, 2½ hours out, D., L. & W. R. R. station on property; attractive new house, large rooms, all improvements, finely finished; completely furnished; 4-room bungalow; other outbuildings; barns full of crops; near excellent markets; 100 acres fine, tillable land, balance pasture and woodland. Family considerations cause of sale. ALLEE REALTY CO., 759 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

THE NEWS IN THE COUNTRY.

To keep in touch with what is going on while away from the city, leave order with your newsdealer to send The Times to your country address, or telephone 1000 Bryant. Daily and Sunday, 75c. per month.—Adv.

ON THE RIVER—$95

BUNGALOW Farm, 3,750 sq. feet of land, high, dry; 35 minutes from Broadway; one minute from station; fare 13c.; mountain scenery, boating, bathing, fishing; title guaranteed; $10 down, $5 monthly. Address LACKAWANNA, 63 Times Downtown.

Long Branch, N. J.—Furnished cottage, 18 rooms, 3 baths, garage; Ocean Av. at Sea View Av.; rent, $1,000; another, 15 rooms, $800; brokers protected. T. B. Robertson, 1,123 Broadway, New York.

Farm tract 5½ acres, suitable for poultry, fruit, garden; no buildings; near station; hour out on Lackawanna; commutation 14 cents; $200 per acre. E. E. Slocum, 141 B'way.

Farms, lakes, dwellings, tracts for sale. E. J. Cahill, Boonton, N. J.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

For Bankers, Brokers, Lawyers and Real Estate Operators

Suite and Single Outside Rooms

TIMES BUILDING
(Times Square)

FOR RENT

Most Accessible, Best Lighted and Best Ventilated Office Building in New York

APPLY TO RENTAL AGENT, TIMES BUILDING

STORE AND BASEMENT
17 MADISON AVENUE,
Between 24th and 25th Streets.
A desirable store in a desirable location, 1,551 square feet of net usable space in store and 1,000 square feet in basement. Reasonable rental. Apply
L. H. SLAWSON, 17 Madison Avenue.

MASTER'S SALES.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT, NORTHERN DISTRICT OF TEXAS.—

THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE; GEORGE J. GOULD, ET ALS., COMPLAINANTS, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANT.

Consolidated Cause No. 2,501.

THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY, TRUSTEE, COMPLAINANT, VERSUS INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, THE MERCANTILE TRUST COMPANY, AND THOMAS J. FREEMAN, AS RECEIVER OF THE INTERNATIONAL AND GREAT NORTHERN RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANTS.

Equity Cause No. 2,514.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that in pursuance of a decree in these causes made and entered on or about the tenth day of May, 1910, foreclosing the mortgage made by the International and Great Northern Railroad Company to The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, as Trustee, dated June 15th, 1881; and of decrees of the Circuit Court of the United States for the Southern District of Texas, entered on or about the 25th day of June, 1910; the Eastern District of Texas, entered on or about the 27th day of June, 1910; and the Western District of Texas, entered on or about the 29th day of June, 1910; in the suits in equity in each of said last mentioned Districts pending, wherein The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company, Trustee, is complainant, and the International and Great Northern Railroad Company, The Mercantile Trust Company, and Thomas J. Freeman, as Receiver of The International and Great Northern Railroad Company, are defendants, and in accordance with an order dated September 28th, 1910, made and entered in said Consolidated Cause No. 2,501, and in said Equity Cause No. 2,514; I, WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN, the Master Commissioner in and by said decrees appointed for the purpose, will, on Tuesday, the sixteenth day of May, 1911, at twelve o'clock, noon, at the passenger depot of the International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the City of Palestine, in the County of Anderson, in the State of Texas, sell at public auction, to the highest bidder therefor, and as an entirety, and without valuation, appraisement, redemption or extension, and with all muniments of title thereto and evidences of ownership thereof, the following property, premises, and franchises described in the said decrees, as follows:

"ALL and singular the lands, tenements, and hereditaments of the defendant International and Great Northern Railroad Company, whether owned at the date of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on the 15th day of June, 1881, or thereafter acquired by it, including its lines of railroad in the State of Texas, extending from the town of Longview, in the County of Gregg, in said State, through said County, and through the Counties of Rusk, Smith, Cherokee, Anderson, Leon, Robertson, Milam, Williamson, Travis, Hays, Comal, Bexar, Medina, Frio, La Salle, Encinal, and Webb, to Laredo in said last-mentioned County; and from the town of Mineola in Wood County to Troupe in Smith County; and from the City of Palestine in Anderson County, through the Counties of Houston, Trinity, Walker, and Montgomery, to Houston in Harris County; and from the town of Spring in Harris County, through the Counties of Montgomery, Waller, Grimes, Brazos, Robertson, Falls, McLennan, Limestone, Hill, Navarro, Ellis, and Johnson, to the City of Fort Worth, Tarrant County; with branches and branch lines from the town of Overton to the town of Henderson, in Rusk County, from the town of Round Rock to Georgetown in Williamson County, from the town of Phelps to the town of Huntsville in Walker County, from the City of Houston in Harris County to the town of Colombia in Brazoria County, from Navasota in Grimes County to Madisonville in Madison County, from Calvert Junction to Calvert, and from Waco Junction to East Waco; also, the railway and railway tracks and property appurtenant thereto, and certain tracts of land in and adjacent to the City of Houston in Harris County, State of Texas, known as the Houston Belt Terminals; a total distance of about eleven hundred and six miles of completed railroad, all in the State of Texas; also the trackage rights of the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company from Houston in Harris County to Galveston in Galveston County, in said State of Texas, over the railroad of the Galveston, Houston & Henderson Railroad Company, of 1882, accorded to it by an agreement between said last-named railroad company and said International and Great Northern Railroad Company, dated November 19th, 1895; also, all and singular the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company's railroads, tracks, rights of way, main lines, branch lines, superstructures, depots, depot-grounds, station houses, engine houses, car houses, freight houses, wood houses, sheds, watering places, workshops, machine shops, bridges, viaducts, culverts, fences, and fixtures, together with all its leases, leasehold-interests, leased or hired lands, leased or hired railroads, and all its locomotives, tenders, cars, carriages, coaches, trucks, and other rolling stock; its machinery, tools, weighing scales, turn tables, rails, wood, coal, oil, fuel, equipment, furniture, and material of every name, nature, and description, together with all its corporate rights, privileges, immunities, and franchises, whether held at the time of the execution of the said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or thereafter acquired (including the franchise to be a corporation), and all the tolls, fares, freights, rents, income, issues, and profits thereof, and all the reversion and reversions, remainder and remainders thereof, as well as all property purchased or held by the Receiver herein, including any balance of cash, credits, and income which may remain in his hands after application thereof, as herein provided or as has been or may hereafter be directed by the Court herein, to the payment of receivership obligations and charges and to the payment of claims which may be allowed by the Court herein against the same with priority over said Second Mortgage dated June 15th, 1881; excepting, however, all land grants, lands, land certificates, town lots, and town sites, owned or controlled by the said International and Great Northern Railroad Company at the date of the execution of said Second Mortgage, namely, on June 15th, 1881, or at any time prior to said date, which were not, on the first day of November, 1879, or thereafter up to the said 15th day of June, 1881, actually occupied and in use by the said Railroad Company and necessary to the occupation and maintenance of its lines of railroad; and excepting, further, any portions of said premises and property which may have been released from the lien and operation of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, and the releases for which have been duly filed for record in the proper county."

The said premises and property will be sold subject to the mortgage dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage, and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court has, since the entry of said decree herein, ordered or decreed, or which it may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the Receiver herein under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein; and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein; or out of the proceeds of the said sale as in said decree directed; and certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely: The San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, will be sold respectively subject to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens, specifically and respectively affecting the same.

The Master Commissioner will receive no bid from any person until such person shall have deposited with him the sum of $100,000. Such deposit will be returned in case the depositor's bid be not accepted; but if his bid be accepted, then such deposit will be held by the Master Commissioner on account of the purchase price.

The purchaser, when the property is struck down to him, shall at once pay the Master Commissioner on account of his purchase a sufficient sum to make up with his deposit ten per centum of his accepted bid. The deposit required before bidding shall be paid in United States currency or in such certified draft, certificate or cheque as may be satisfactory to the Master Commissioner, or in a certificate of The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company duly made payable to the order of said Master Commissioner. Said further payment shall be made either as aforesaid, or in the bonds and coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, taken at a valuation equal to the amount said bonds and coupons would be entitled to receive in cash out of the amount bid for the said property. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, such certificate being by him tranferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons. Should such further payment not be made, the property will be forthwith resold, without further advertisement, the Court reserving the right to consider such resale made on account of said successful bidder or as an original sale; and in case of such resale, the deposit received from the said successful bidder will be applied on account of the purchase price. Such further portions of the purchase price shall be paid in money as the Court may from time to time direct, the Court reserving the right to resell the premises and property herein directed to be sold upon the failure of the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors or assigns, to comply with any order of the Court in that regard, and in case of any such resale or the failure of the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their assigns, to comply with the terms of the bid or the orders of the Court relative to such additional payments, the said money, bonds and coupons so paid in as aforesaid shall be forfeited as liquidated damages and shall be applied toward the expenses of any resale ordered, or toward making good any deficiency or loss in case the property at such resale shall bring less than at the prior sale. The balance of the purchase price may be paid either in money or in bonds or overdue coupons secured by the said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, each said bond and coupon being received for such sum as the holder thereof would be entitled to receive under the distribution herein ordered and according to the priority herein adjudged. The certificate of the said The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company that it holds bonds and coupons as therein described subject to the order of the party named therein, said certificate being by him transferred to the order of said Master Commissioner, will be accepted in lieu of such bonds and coupons.

Within thirty days from the confirmation of said sale or such further time as the Court may allow on application of the purchaser for good cause shown, the purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, shall complete payment of the entire amount bid to the Master Commissioner; and on such payment the said purchaser or purchasers, his, its or their successors and assigns, will be entitled to receive a deed of conveyance and bill of sale of the property purchased from the Master Commissioner, and from the other parties to this cause as in said decree herein provided, and to receive possession of the property so purchased from the parties holding possession of the same, subject, however, to the said mortgage, dated November 1st, 1879, made by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company to John S. Kennedy and Samuel Sloan, as Trustees, and known as said Railroad Company's First Mortgage; and subject also to any unpaid indebtedness or liability contracted or incurred by said International and Great Northern Railroad Company in the operation of its Railroad, which the Court, since the entry of the said decree herein has ordered or decreed, or may hereafter order or decree herein, to be prior or superior to the lien of said mortgage dated June 15th, 1881, except such as shall be paid or satisfied out of the income of the property in the hands of the receiver herein, under orders of the Court entered or to be entered herein, and subject also to such debts, claims, liens, and demands of whatsoever nature heretofore incurred or created, or which may hereafter be incurred or created by the Receiver herein under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, and which have not been or shall not hereafter be paid by said Receiver under orders of the Court heretofore or hereafter entered herein, or other parties in interest herein, or out of the proceeds of said sale, as in said decree directed, and subject also, as to certain specific portions of said property and premises, namely, the San Antonio Passenger Station, the Colorado Bridge and certain equipment, to the existing recorded mechanic's lien, the First Mortgage Colorado Bridge Bonds and the unsatisfied recorded equipment liens specifically and respectively affecting the same. And the Court reserves jurisdiction over said property, notwithstanding such deed or deeds or delivery of possession, for the purpose of enforcing such payment.

For a more detailed statement of the terms and conditions under which said sale will be made, reference is hereby made to the said decrees and each and every one of them on file with the Clerks of the several Courts hereinbefore mentioned.

Dated Dallas, Texas, April 17th, 1911.
WILLIAM H. FLIPPEN,
Master Commissioner.
GELLER, ROLSTON & HORAN,
BAKER, BOTTS, PARKER & GARWOOD,
Solicitors for Complainant,
THE FARMERS' LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY.

REAL ESTATE AT AUCTION.

Executive Offices, 31 Nassau St., N. Y. C.
Joseph P. Day
AUCTIONEER.
Telephone 744 Cortlandt.

To-Day

At 12 o'Clock Noon at Exchange Salesroom, 14-16 Vesey St., N. Y. C.

Executor's Sale
Pinkney Estate

Water Front, Entire Blocks, Block Fronts and Improved Properties in sections where conditions demand immediate improvements.

70% of the purchase price may remain on bond and mortgage for one, two, three or five years at 5%

The titles to the premises to be offered have been examined by the Title Guarantee & Trust Co., which will issue at its usual rates policies of title insurance thereon.

James, Schell & Elkus, Attys. for Executor, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Charles P. Northrop, Esq., Atty., 31 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Frederick P. Forster, Esq., Atty., 852 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Evarts, Choate & Sherman, Attys., 60 Wall St., N. Y. City.
Littlefield & Littlefield, Attys., 5 Nassau St., N. Y. City.
Elmore S. Banks, Esq., Atty., Fairfield, Conn.
Henry F. Miller, Esq., Atty., 44 Pine St., N. Y. City.
Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway, N. Y. City.
Curtis B. Pierce, Esq., Executor, 290 Broadway, New York City.

Further particulars from above attorneys or
JOSEPH P. DAY, 31 Nassau St., New York City.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

West Side.

WASHINGTON & JEFFERSON,
318-322 West 51st. Attractive apartments, four, six large rooms; elevator, telephone; all improvements. Superintendent, or Alexander Wilson, 489 5th Av.

91ST STREET, 5 WEST.
7 or 8 all light, large rooms, with 2 baths; reasonable rent.

West Side.
Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

Tilbury Court
719-723 W. 180th
4-5-6 large, light rooms, all modern improvements; rents $38-$45-$52.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See janitor.

245 WEST 135TH ST.,
125 feet from "L" station; surface cars pass the door; elegant apartments nine rooms and bath; hot and cold water, steam heat, electricity; $45; another apartment, $40. Wilcox & Shelton, 245 West 125th St.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

BROOKLYN.

MONROE COURT & JEANETTE APARTMENTS
Beverley Road & East 21st St.
In BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH, Brooklyn.

DO NOT FAIL TO SEE THESE BEFORE RENTING ELSEWHERE.
SUITES OF 5, 6, & 7 ROOMS.
RENTS $40 TO $60 PER MONTH.
LOCATION CHOICEST—TRANSPORTATION BEST. FINEST RECEPTION HALL IN THE CITY. UNIFORMED ATTENDANT IN PUBLIC LOBBY.
EQUIPMENT TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT, VACUUM CLEANER SYSTEM FREE TO TENANTS, ELECTRIC LIGHT, SHOWER BATHS, HARDWOOD TRIM THROUGHOUT, PARQUET FLOORS IN ALL ROOMS, BEAM CEILINGS, SAFE VAULTS, REFRIGERATOR CLOSETS WITH WINDOWS TO OPEN AIR.
To be reached by Brighton Beach open subway to Beverley Road Station or Flatbush Av. car to Beverley Road. Send for booklet. Agent on premises, or
ABELS GOLD REALTY CO.,
44 Court St., Brooklyn. Tel. Main 4016-4057.

REAL ESTATE.

Paying farms; country homes; fine villas in the Berkshires, Columbia Co., N. Y., Berkshire Co., Mass.; very low prices; all sizes; farm 150 acres; will be sold very cheap; owner too old; 65 acres spruce timber, 50 acres tillable, smooth, free from stone; lots fruit; modern 2-story 9-room house; running spring water; fishing, hunting; fine view; elevation 2,000 feet. Smith & Tank, Pittsfield, Mass.

Confidence

¶ The first and most essential requisite in all human progress—confidence.

¶ If a man is to succeed in life he must have Faith in himself, Faith in his employer or associates, and Faith in the work in which he is engaged.

¶ Without these he is a hopeless failure.

¶ Because of the vigorous policy of The New York Times thousands of Want advertisements are rejected from this page every year because they do not inspire confidence.

¶ An Effective advertisement on this page reaches over 175,000 families. It is read with confidence.

¶ Any advertising agency or telephone 1000 Bryant.

Lost

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Reward, $10; Wednesday, May 10, small black sealskin purse, containing tickets, valuable rings, on train from Plainfield, Liberty St. Ferry, Lexington Av. car. W. B. Sprague, 54 William St.

LOST.—In O'Neill-Adams's Friday, amethyst ring, pearl setting; not valuable but family heirloom; suitable reward to finder; no questions asked. M. Havery, 501 West 147th St.

LOST—On Friday, going from 64th St. and Park Av., in Madison Av. car, to Brearley School, a pocketbook containing about $12. Finder will please return to D. Underhill, 101 East 64th St.

LOST—Gold watch, open face, monogram S. S. F. on back, gold and pearl pin attached, "Howard," Paris, make. Reward for return, Walton, 1,739 Madison Av.

LOST—Suit case marked W. E., on 4th Av. car, between 42d and 34th Sts, Sunday, 9:30 A. M.; liberal reward. W. Ehlers, 335 Broadway.

LOST—Gold open face Waltham watch, monogram "E. A. F.," vicinity Cohan's Theatre, Times Square; reward. E. A. Smith, 611 West 127th.

LOST—Lady's gold watch, case engraved Lulu, Thursday afternoon, vicinity Jerome Av. and McLean Woods; reward. 117 East 56th St.

LOST—Lady's watch, initials "D. W.," Sunday, 4 P. M., Central Park West, 86th-89th Sts.; reward. Raphael, 2 West 89th.

LOST.—Brooklyn, lorgnette, black fancy tortoise shell trimmings; reward. St. George Hotel, Room 662, Brooklyn.

LOST.—Gold watch; monogram M. G. G.; chatelain attached; reward. D., 307 Times Downtown.

LOST—$50 reward; gold watch, chain, and lead pencil; photograph in case. M 68 Times.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—West 70th St., male fox terrier, large black spot left side; brown head; reward. 113 West 70th St.

UNWANTED DOGS AND CATS should be taken to the A. S. P. C. A. Shelter for Animals, 102d St. and East River, or the Ambulance House at 111 East 22d St. Owners of lost dogs and cats and responsible persons wishing to secure pets should apply at the Shelter.

Found

20c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, May 12—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—HUDSON TUBES. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Overcoat, apron, rule, sketch, card case.

FOUND, May 13.—JERSEY CENTRAL R R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Package on trains on the 12th.

FOUND, May 13.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Railroad ticket, box of collars, memorandum book, umbrella, pair of gloves, bankbook, handbag, package.

FOUND, May 13.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two packages, umbrella, grip.

FOUND, May 13.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: One umbrella, five packages, pair of gloves.

FOUND, May 13.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: May 12, on trains—Three packages, umbrella, coat, lunch box, coat, overalls, roll, dress suit case, pin cane, pair of gloves; Cortlandt St. waiting room—Bundle.

FOUND, May 13—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Dress suit case, package of collars, lady's waist, umbrella, raincoat.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

NURSES.—APPLICATIONS WILL BE RECEIVED FROM YOUNG LADIES WHO DESIRE TO ENTER A TRAINING SCHOOL FOR NURSES; MUST BE OVER 21, OF GOOD MORAL CHARACTER, GOOD EDUCATION, AND HABITS. ADDRESS A. N. SPECTOR, SUPT., 138 2D ST., NEW YORK CITY.

SEAMSTRESS and assistant nurse; Protestants only, with highest references, will be considered. Apply Monday, from 3 to 5. 306 West 76th St.

WAITRESS, first-class, for one month only; wages $30. Call 40 West 77th St.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

HONEST MEN to sell nursery stock; experience unnecessary; salary or commission weekly. Address North Jersey Nurseries, Newark, N. J.

MACHINISTS. — WANTED, FIRST - CLASS MACHINISTS AND DIEMAKERS WHO CAN FURNISH GOOD REFERENCES FROM THEIR LAST TWO EMPLOYERS; ONLY MEN SEEKING STEADY AND PERMANENT EMPLOYMENT NEED APPLY. E. W. BLISS CO., 17 ADAMS ST., BROOKLYN, N. Y.

SALESMAN wanted, experienced; must have been employed at least for one year in a thread house; to sell sewing and mercerized thread to the manufacturing trade; good position for the right man. M 111 Times.

SALESMEN wanted to sell stock of company controlling patent which will revolutionize one of our greatest industries; opportunity for experienced men only. D 318 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Men over 25 to act as salesmen and collectors; must come well recommended; good paying, steady position. 277 Broadway, Room 601; ask for Mr. Routh.

WANTED FOR U. S. ARMY—Able-bodied unmarried men between the ages of 18 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read, and write the English language. For information apply to Recruiting Officer, 25 3d Av., 749 6th Av., New York City; 388 Fulton St., Brooklyn, N. Y.; 47 Montgomery St., Jersey City, N. J., or any recruiting station.

WANTED—Automobile mechanics, first-class men wanted for truck and cab repairs; steady work, $3.50 for 8-hour day. W. Erskine, 217 E. 43d St.

WANTED—First-class job plater; must be willing to leave city for an Ohio town; will pay good wages; steady employment. Call or address 834 Imperial Hotel.

WANTED.—Office boy for wholesale importing house. Apply in writing to V. Perrin & Co., 222 Fourth Av.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Domestic.

MISS BRINKLEY,
EMPLOYMENT AGENCY,
4 East 42d St. Tel. 6802 Bryant.
Supplies housekeepers, governesses, competent household servants. Houses opened, cleaners installed. Circular sent on request.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Multigraph typewritten letters, 300, $1.20; 1,000, $1.50; 10,000, $8, delivered promptly; Samples submitted. Addressing. Filling in. Classy signatures. Work must be best produced—satisfactory to you. Try me. Telephone 6564 Morningside. William Gray, 120 West 116th.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

Specialty company desires article of merit for mail order business; ample capital to advertise and sell. W. B., 164 Times Downtown.

AN opportunity to the right party to build on sharing terms, residence on attractive half-acre on the Sound; fine view; only three thousand dollars required. Address M 84 Times.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A SPECIALIST
in the
CARE OF CHILDREN.

I am an Anglo-American trained nurse, with five years' hospital and three years' private experience, and possess the highest credentials from both sides of the water as to tact, capability, and brains as applied to the care of children. If your children are delicate, troublesome, backward, or in any way in need of special care, engage me at a moderate salary for the Summer or longer, and enjoy your personal vacation freed from its usual parental anxiety. Even if you yourself do not need my services, one of your friends would surely be glad to hear of me!

M 140 Times.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Quick, correct figurer; understands office work; best references; executive. H 259 Times Downtown.

ATTENDANT.—Competent woman, at present with physician, desires engagement for Summer months, physician's or dentist's office; city or country; best references. Mrs. B., St. Mark's Parish House, 288 East 10th.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

DAY'S WORK. — Housework and washing; references. Mrs. Lorenz, 114 East 3d St.

COMPETENT HELP of all trades supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK AND WAITRESS.—Mother and daughter; city, country. Mrs. Ferguson, 186 West 101st St.

DRESSMAKING.—A woman experienced in dressmaking would take work at home or do sewing by the day; reasonable; good references. Mrs. Bertha Kane, 273 East 10th St.

EFFICIENT BUSINESS WOMAN, by dissolution of firm, needs position at once; has been thoroughly trained by strict firm with whom she gave five years' service; can control and execute the work of office, on time always, and gets satisfactory work from the office workers; exceptional fixed personality. Please address N 1 Times.

GOVERNESS.—Young woman, 19 years old, French Jewess, wishes situation as nursery governess; speaks French and English fluently; well capable of caring for children; neat, honest, and willing; would like to go to the country. Address (M. H.,) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

HIGH-CLASS OFFICE BUSINESS WOMAN wants position; knows detail and can relieve manager of all routine and trouble due to omissions by careless assistants; understands English and German and can attend to all routine correspondence, following general directions exactly as given; good personality and address. Please address for interview M 167 Times.

MASSAGE.—By woman experienced in facial massaging, shampooing, and scalp treatment, with physician's recommendation; will treat lady patients at residences. Mrs. C. S. Presler, 2,247 Broadway.

NURSE.—A lady desires to place her maid, a young Irish Protestant woman, who is capable of caring for a child as nursery governess; employer and maid may be seen on Monday or Tuesday after 2 P. M. at 15 West 48th St.

OFFICE or apartment cleaning by a responsible woman; good references. Mrs. Cohl, 343 East 6th St.

PHYSICIAN'S OFFICE.—Experienced woman, generally useful to physician or dentist, would attend office in the evenings after 5:30; typewriting; references. Mrs. J. L. B., St. Mark's Parish House, 288 East 10th St.

REFINED YOUNG GIRL, (American,) desires position as nurse girl for the Summer in the country; best of references. M 125 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience, various lines; possessing real executive ability, excellent education; quick, accurate worker; wishes position responsible firm; unquestionable references; salary $15. H 255 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Excellent speller; understands office work; good education; operates machine quickly and neatly; very best references furnished; salary desired to begin $8. H 267 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, General Office Assistant. Four years' experience; neat, rapid, accurate, competent, reliable; anxious to locate; excellent references; $12. H 256 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—Understands typewriting. Address (A. F.) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

STENOGRAPHER.—Some experience; unusually bright; high school education; neat worker; references. Quick, H 235 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Number of years' experience; correct worker; highly recommended by former employers. H 243 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—First-class; handle any work, however technical; unquestionable references. H 258 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Educated; three years' experience in general lines; moderate salary. H 260 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; excellent education; best references; salary, $8. H 263 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years experience; any kind dictation, technical, &c. H 262 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Three years' experience; very best references; $10. H 261 Times Downtown.

TWO SISTERS want position together; first-class references. 100 West 97th St., Santry. No cards.

TYPEWRITER, stenographer, assistant bookkeeper; bright girl; short experience; neat; no agency; rapid, accurate, good speller; $6. Miss Krell, H 254 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Position as caretaker by a woman with young baby. Address Charity Organization Society, 208 East 50th St.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Devises simplified systems to fit exact requirements; books written up, balanced, audited; monthly reports. W. A. Fleming, Public Accountant and Auditor, 35 Nassau St. Phone 1830 Cortlandt.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Examines accounts, simplifies systems, keeps books written up, makes up profit-loss, business statements. George Christie, 863 Eastern Parkway, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT, AUDITOR.—Books opened, closed, balanced, &c.; periodical audits a specialty; terms moderate. Address H. Z., 104 East 14th St.

BELLBOY.—Boy, 18 years old, desires position as bellboy in a country hotel; references. C. M., (F. B.,) 197 East Broadway.

BOOKKEEPER.—Experienced double entry; trial balances; typewriter; correspondent; notary; moderate salary. M 186 Times.

BOY, 18, with several years' experience in clerical work, desires position in office or publishing house; good references. Emil Koehler, 419 East 9th St.

BOY, nearly 17 years old, desires position in office of business house; neat and ambitious. Address (J. F.,) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 17 years old, would like work on a farm. Address (I. G.,) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BRASS WORKER.—Experienced man, good worker and polisher; references. J. Stainsbury, 430 East 9th St.

BUTLER, VALET.—English; thoroughly reliable; requires position; first-class references. Harriss, 1,035 3d Av.

CARPENTER and cabinet maker wants work; office partition; pay or contract. Kitez, 431 East 15th St. Telephone 707—Stuyvesant.

CARPENTER, FOREMAN, ESTIMATER wants position with builder. N 9 Times.

CHAUFFEUR, 28, six years' shop and road experience, wishes good position. M 127 Times.

CLERK.—Young man, 20, wants position in office, where hard work means advancement; good references. F. Assman, Jr., 162 Avenue B.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

COLLECTOR, who has learned thoroughly how to collect and keep the customer's good will, is open for position with first-class house; has had four years' experience and conducts his duties without any offensive tactics; can make and save money for any house having good unpaid accounts; requests interview. F 253 Times Downtown.

COLLECTOR.—Young man, 21, thoroughly experienced as bank messenger, desires position as collector of city or suburban accounts; good references. W. Kellett, 942 Bloomfield St., Hoboken, N. J.

DRIVER and PACKER.—By young man, 18; 2 years in last position; good references. John Funk, 437 East 16th St.

EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT, with both literary and business ability, wants position; very successful correspondent, quick and correct at figures, and an expert accountant; a hard and effective worker; knows the laws of organization and can suggest from experience on all office matters; the advertiser has valuable services to offer. Address N 4 Times.

EXPERIENCED BUILDER.—Knows building business from the ground up; can estimate cost, and take charge of construction; large acquaintance, highest credentials. M 90 Times.

OFFICE BOY.—Boy, 15 years old, desires position in office or as errand boy; good penman; good at figures; public school graduate. (D. H.,) F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

ORGANIZER; practical accountant; auditor; secretary, (certified,) 20 years' experience in executive work, financial, and commercial; have organized businesses, agencies, constituencies, &c., successfully; at present engaged as private secretary to a prominent gentleman, but would consider a change if a favorable opportunity offered; in New York or elsewhere; salary not primary object; age 42. K 47 Times.

SALESMAN.—CAN TRAVEL NINE MONTHS A YEAR, (AGE 27,) CLEAN CUT AND GOOD APPEARANCE, IS OPEN FOR PROPOSITION. M 130 TIMES.

SALESMAN, &c.—A Christian young man, 23, as salesman or collector; full knowledge clerical work; best references. Smith, 76 Barbey St., Brooklyn.

SECRETARY or Assistant to Executive.—Have strong credentials and references attesting ability, tact, energy, and perseverance; highly capable and effective correspondent; understands bookkeeping thoroughly and can prepare or dissect statements quickly and correctly; has had much to do with organizations and combinations of interests. Address for interview N 3 Times.

SECOND MAN.—Competent; English; good valet; requires position; good references. Clark, 1,035 3d Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Six years' experience; entry, charge correspondence; responsible position; $15. Mandel, 118 Beekman St.

USEFUL BOY, 15 years old, who is not strong and is advised by doctor to go to country, wants light work on country place or farm; is willing, bright, and able to make himself generally useful; wages no object. Address F. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

WANTED SITUATION on market gardener's or fruit growing establishment by experienced gardener with practical and scientific knowledge; or will accept position on private place; best references. Address I. S., care of The J. A. & I. A. S., 174 2d Av., New York City.

YOUNG BUSINESS MAN, clean, bright, energetic, with fine record for ability as worker and executive, wants position where he can work upward. Has fine connections and associations. His last employer writes: "Mr. James K. W—— has been employed by me for this company for the last two years. I have been associated with him in a business way, and socially, and can say that he is an upright gentleman, thoroughly capable, honest, and sober, and to be relied on in every respect. I have had a number of employes in my charge during my business career, and wish to emphasize the fact that he was one of the most faithful men that I ever employed. This recommendation comes unsolicited on his part, and I take pleasure in recommending him to any one wishing a young man of his abilities. He leaves my company on his own free will and accord hoping to better his condition." Moderate salary only expected, as advertiser proposes to prove his value. Please address for interview, N 14 Times.

YQOUNG MAN, 20, honest, capable, industrious, wishes employment at once; fluent talker, not afraid of hard work; has knowledge of typewriting, stenography; unquestionable recommendation and reference. N 11 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 20, sales and clerical experience, good penman, desires position. L. C. Knissel, 120 Ralph St., Brooklyn.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, High-Grade Office Helpers
BOOKKEEPERS, Office Service Co. (Agency)
STENOGRAPHERS. 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John

Domestic.

CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS—Swedish, experienced; nice appearance; country preferred; personal references; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

CHAMBERMAID.—Swedish, tall, nice appearance, excellent references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK, CHAMBERMAID and WAITRESS.—Swedish; two together; country preferred; $30 or $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK—German, disengaged Thursday; good references; $30. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOK—Irish; good references; city preferred; $35. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

COOPER'S AGENCY, 657 6th Av., 38th St., Established 1888.—Cooks, English Protestants; chambermaids, waitresses, German; maids, seamstress, housekeepers, laundresses, houseworkers for city and country; references investigated; male help supplied.

COUPLES, butlers, valets, second, useful men, gardeners, coachmen, chauffeurs promptly furnished private families; references. Osterberg's Agency, 716 Lexington Av. Plaza—1055.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished; city, country. Middlesex Employment Agency, 81 West 132d St. 6370—Harlem.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKER—Swedish, young, neat appearance; good references; apartment preferred. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids; good references; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486—Morningside.

HOUSEWORKER.—Irish; willing and obliging; $25. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

INSTANT Relief Agency, 131 West 133d St.; telephone 7288 Morning—experienced help, male and female; colored.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 826 6th Av.—Strictly reliable domestic help furnished. Telephone, 3089 Bryant.

MARRIED COUPLES, farm hands, hotel and private help; all nationalities; references thoroughly investigated. Gillespie Employment Agency, 825 6th Av. Telephone 4176 Bryant.

MRS. LARSON'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY for select help, with first-class references. 53-51 East 125th St., corner Madison Av. Tel., Harlem—4283.

NURSE.—20; German descent; city; $20. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St. Telephone 2224 Plaza.

OLD DOMINION AGENCY, 88 WEST 134TH.—Bond $1,000; guarantee A1 colored help. 1119 Harlem.

RELIABLE Hungarian, German, Polish help; references thoroughly investigated. Roth's, 170 East 3d St. 2508—Orchard.

SHEPHERD AGENCY, 107 West 133d St.; tel. 6916 Morningside.—Domestic help furnished; male, female; references.

Telephone, Plaza—2452. J. H. Bord, Prop.
RELIABLE CHAUFFEURS' EXCHANGE
AGENCY, 68 West 58th St., New York.
Competent and reliable chauffeurs (ability, character, &c., carefully investigated) supplied without charge to employers.

For Sale

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

SLIGHTLY used office furiture from Carnegie Trust Company, desks, chairs, tables, adding machines, typewriters, filing cabinets, time clocks, mimeographs, multigraphs, neostyles, bookcases. Nathan's, White St. and West Broadway.

Desks, partitions, telepnone booths, tables, chairs, wardrobes, mirrors, wall fixtures, business furniture all kinds. Finn Bros., 59-65 Franklin, 358 Broadway.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

WHY CONTINUE to live in a boarding house, with its limited conveniences, when, at the same cost, you can secure first-class hotel accommodations?

It will interest you and pay you to call at Hotel Information Bureau, Room 1,814, No. 303 Fifth Avenue, Corner Thirty-first Street, and investigate the offerings we present.

This is one of them:

$20 per week and up for two people includes elegantly furnished, electric-lighted room with private tiled bathroom and superb hotel meals. $28 and up per week for two people includes elegantly furnished, electric-lighted suite of parlor, bedroom, and private tiled bathroom, private telephone, and deliciously prepared hotel meals. $12 per week and up for room, private bath, and meals. Special rates to families. Southern exposure; billiard room, palm room, smoking room; vacuum cleaned; electric candles on dining room tables give fairyland effect; one block from station; fireproof; not a country hotel, but a first-class metropolitan house open all the year round.

This hotel is not on crowded Manhattan. It is surrounded by green lawns, flowers, trees. You will have fresh air, refreshing sleep, and still be within thirty-five minutes of Broadway, within thirty-five minutes of the theatre and shopping district, within thirty minutes of the downtown business district. The McAdoo tube brings you to either swiftly and comfortably.

It will cost you nothing to investigate this offer.

We also have many attractive offers to present in first-class boarding houses and family hotels, in various parts of this city, that do their renting and advertising through us, and can secure you special rates.

Save time and money by calling at our Hotel Information Bureau, Room 1,814, No. 303 Fifth Avenue, corner Thirty-first Street.

5TH AV., 46.—Beautiful large and small rooms; excellent board; table guests accommodated; references.

7TH AV., 2,053, 123d.—Airy, large rooms; substantial board; well kept, homelike house; references.

11TH ST., 23 WEST.—Single rooms, running water; large closet; telephone; good table.

13TH ST., 201 WEST.—Large, small outside rooms, suitable two; excellent table; piano. 2875—Chelsea.

16TH ST., 7 WEST.—Large, cool front room; elegant surroundings; excellent table.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, well furnished; excellent board; telephone.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and single rooms; references.

57TH ST., 319 WEST.—Rooms, single or en suite; private baths; near Subway, "L," and surface cars; table boarders.

58TH ST., 133-135 WEST.—Large, small, sunny rooms; near "L," Subway; parlor dining; board optional.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Finely furnished, medium room; large closets; excellent table; moderate.

68TH ST., 70 WEST.—Large, cool room; gentlemen preferred; fine location; excellent table; also parlor floor.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large rooms; superior table; high-class house; all conveniences; telephone; references.

68TH, 67 WEST.—LARGE, SMALL ROOMS, BATHS; 'PHONE 4418 COL.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third floor, front room; private bath; telephone in room; references.

72D ST., 269 WEST.—Beautifully furnished rooms, with bath; excellent board; convenient situation for surface and Subway; near Riverside Drive; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Large, medium rooms, with or without board; private baths; southern exposure.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Large sunny, also hall room; parlor dining room; references.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—16th year; Summer rates; rooms, parlor dining; references.

76TH, 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated single and double, private bath, hot water; parlor dining; excellent table; table guests; telephone; Christians.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large rooms, with board, adjoining bath; table guests; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large front room; also single room, parlor dining; table board; references.

76TH ST., 129 WEST.—Single, double rooms; light, airy; $7 up; home cooking.

78TH ST., 112 WEST.—Rooms, with board; parlor dining room; table guests; transients; reasonable.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms with board; high grade; Summer rates.

79TH ST., 187 WEST.—Large rooms, with board.

80TH ST., 154 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; superior table board; near Subway; reasonable.

80TH ST., 141 AND 143 WEST.—Parlor floor; private bath; sunny front room; Summer rates; references.

81ST ST., 118 WEST.—Double and single rooms; convenient L, Subway; special rate for Summer; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home; first-class room, board; table guests accommodated.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Newly furnished large room; private bath; Summer rates; parlor dining room.

82D ST., 50 and 52 WEST.—Newly decorated, single and connecting rooms; private baths; electric lights; attractive table; telephone.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Attractive large, small rooms; Summer rates; excellent cooking; parlor dining; telephone.

94TH, 144 WEST.—Large sunny rooms; attractive to those appreciating quiet, well-ordered house.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Rooms with board; parlor dining room; reasonable rates.

117TH ST., 131 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, airy rooms; Vienna cooking; Jewish family boarding house; half block Subway.

118TH, 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms in newly furnished apartment; Southern cooking, daintily served.

131ST, 204 WEST.—Large front room, three windows; cool; conveniences; American family; gentleman; telephone.

149TH ST., 544 WEST, (The Audubon.)—A beautiful, healthy location, near Broadway, famous Riverside Drive; first-class rooms, board; extremely low rates.

ANY ONE who lives well can cut their living expenses nearly in half by sending name and address on a postal addressed to W. J. Cody, Room 1,811, 303 Fifth Av., N. Y. City; names of conveniently located nearby suburban boarding houses and hotels where special rates prevail sent free by return mail.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service; baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 798 Bryant.

A.—47 5TH AV.—Second-floor suites, with baths; single rooms; parlor dining room; small tables; transients and table guests accommodated.

ST. NICHOLAS AV, 713, (Washington Heights, near 145th St.)—Desirable rooms, with excellent board.

THE CAMBRIA.
55TH ST., 347 WEST.—RESTAURANT; THOROUGHLY GOOD HOME TABLE OF AMERICAN COOKING, WITH GOOD SERVICE.

WASHINGTON PLACE, 80.—Large, small; running water; closets; excellent table; gentlemen preferred; early breakfast.

WEST END AV., 240.—Nicely furnished rooms, excellent board; refined home; table board; reference.

East Side.

17TH ST., 116 EAST.—Newly furnished large and small rooms; exceptionally good board; telephone.

34TH ST., 117-119 EAST, (The Naylor.)—Desirable large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

57TH ST., 215 EAST.—Cool, homelike rooms, also board; ladies only; reference required. Worme.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Rooms; excellent board optional; elevator; Summer engagements at reduced rates.

MADISON, 694-696, 28 East 63d.—Second floor; large rooms, $18 to $22, two persons, with board; single rooms, $8, $10.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Staten Island.

STATEN ISLAND.
CASTLETON AV., 999.—Large, airy rooms; high grounds; shade; piazzas; trolleys pass doors; references.

Long Island.

EXCEPTIONAL opportunity; paying guest; beautiful private home; tennis, boating, bathing. Address Fair View, Sea Cliff, Long Island, or 560 West 113th.

Country Board

20c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

Long Island.

THE HALL, GLEN COVE, L. I.
Within commuting distance of New York; large wing; absolutely fireproof; rooms, with bath; steam heat; private bathing beach and dock; tennis courts; opens May 27; references. Address 53 Irving Place, New York. Tel., 2123 Stuy.

Rockaway Park, 46 Second Av.—Comfortable rooms, with excellent board; season rates very reasonable.

New York State.

SUGAR LOAF, Orange County, N. Y.—Beautiful mountain scenery, large shady lawns; modern conveniences; no children. Palmer.

New Jersey.

Columbia, Butler, N. J., (Erholungsheim.)—Kneipp-water, massage regeneration cures, etc. Ideal spot for restseekers. (Circular.)

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

5TH AV., 25.—Refined surroundings; beautiful large, small rooms, suite; running water, bath; breakfast.

9TH ST., 41 WEST.—Front room, suitable two young men; $4; single room, $3; telephone.

23D ST., 337 WEST.—Attractive, clean, small, large rooms; private apartment; $2 up; telephone. Arrance.

23D ST., 431 WEST.—Newly decorated rooms, suitable two; $4.50, $5; telephone; private house.

36TH ST., 88 WEST.—Exceptional house; large, small rooms, adjoining bath; references required.

38TH ST., 52 WEST.—Desirable single rooms, $3 up; large studio; northern light; moderate; references.

46TH ST., 74 WEST.—Nice, airy, single, double rooms; 'phone; baths; running water; private house.

48TH ST., 107 WEST.—Elegantly furnished large, small rooms, bath, single, en suite; first-class house.

48TH, 135 WEST.—Large room, private bath, clean, well-kept; private house.

52D ST., 235 WEST, Near Broadway.—Exquisitely furnished rooms or apartments; Summer rates.

58TH ST., 222 WEST.—Parlor and bedroom, together or separate, suitable for studio; other nice rooms.

60TH ST., 22 WEST.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

68TH ST., 38 WEST.—Bachelor apartments; exquisitely kept; unrivaled service; absolutely private; every modern convenience; breakfast if desired; highest references only.

71ST ST., 70 WEST.—Master bedroom; private house for gentlemen; all accommodations; $25 month.

74TH ST., 104 WEST.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms; bath, all conveniences; Summer rates; telephone.

74TH ST., 106 WEST.—Large rooms, attractively furnished; single or en suite; also medium; reasonable.

75TH, 104 WEST.—High-class light, airy rooms, large closets; all modern improvements; telephone.

76TH, 125 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, cool rooms; first-class neighborhood; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

77TH ST., 102 WEST.—Second story, en suite or single; also medium room; private house; references.

77TH ST., 116 WEST.—Large, cool rooms, with or without private bath; board optional, references.

78TH ST., 114 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large and single rooms; bath adjoining; all conveniences; reasonable.

78TH ST., 135 WEST.—Two beautiful rooms; bath, electricity, telephone; Summer rates; gentlemen; references. Owner.

78TH, 212 WEST.—Private house; large and small rooms; running water; gentlemen only.

80TH, 132 WEST.—Large front room, with bath; newly furnished; private family; very reasonable.

82D ST., WEST.—Rooms; housekeeping privileges; ladies; telephone, 10 A. M. to 1 P. M., Schuyler, 8273. M 98 Times.

82D ST., 150 WEST.—Large room, dressing room; running water; southern exposure; private house; telephone.

82D ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive large and small rooms; reasonable; private family.

83D ST., 11 WEST.—Large, cool, airy rooms; special rates Summer; transients. Telephone 1344 Riverside.

84TH ST., 111 WEST.—Attractive parlor and bedroom, adjoining bath; 'phone; Summer rates. Wolter.

84TH, 126 WEST. — Beautifully furnished front, back parlor; conveniences; L, Subway; Summer rates. Sheldon.

84TH ST., 135 WEST.—Two finely furnished single rooms to rent; light; telephone. Mason.

86TH ST., 310 WEST, (Near Riverside Drive.)—Desirable rooms; suitable one or two; moderate prices; references.

91ST ST., 91 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private bath; select house; all conveniences; Park; "L"; telephone.

93D ST. "L," ONE BLOCK; HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM, PRIVATE HOUSE, PRIVATE FAMILY; CHRISTIAN GENTLEMAN. TELEPHONE 5767 RIVERSIDE.

94TH ST., 78 WEST.—Front suite, twin beds; pleasant single room; running water; 'phone. Higham.

97TH, 150 WEST.—Large and medium rooms, newly furnished; Subway, L; private family. Owner.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Private house; large, comfortable furnished room, with bath; suitable for bachelors or married couple; select neighborhood; near Riverside Drive.

114TH ST., 528 WEST.—One large room, overlooking Columbia University; with or without board; refined home; special Summer rates.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large front southerly room; small room; kitchen privilege; transients accommodated. Smith.

119TH ST., 420 WEST.—Sunny rooms, kitchen; beautiful view; elevator; telephone; restaurant; Subway. Apartment 21.

121ST ST., 170 WEST.—Cool corner; newly furnished; conveniences; telephone; Summer rates; $3-$5. Hungerford.

123D ST., 541 WEST.—Comfortable, airy, light room; conveniences; 'phone; Broadway Subway; $3. Hunt.

123D ST., 526 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms; $2 and $3; homelike. Shannon.

135TH, 513 WEST.—Light room, use kitchen; lady at business or gentleman; $3. Doerge.

137TH ST., 611 WEST.—Rooms facing river; hotel conveniences, home comforts, ideally combined; references. Pierson.

138TH ST., 628 WEST.—Handsomely furnished room, running water; private house; bath, shower; Subway; reasonable.

148TH ST., 562 WEST.—Overlooking Hudson; sunny rooms, elevator, electricity, telephone, bath, kitchen; Subway. Adams.

A.—A.—Exceptional accommodations for gentlemen in private house with owner; sitting room, bedroom, and private bath; $10 weekly; references. 63 West 46th St.

IN PRIVATE HOUSE, A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ROOM WITH EVERY CONVENIENCE. 115 WEST 82D ST.

LA PORTE HOTEL, 117th St. and Amsterdam Av.—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; beautiful dining room; home cooking.

MANHATTAN AV., 21.—Elegantly furnished corner suite, bath and telephone; Summer prices. Timpson's bell.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 343, (corner 127th.)—Elegantly furnished suites, four, five rooms; elevator, telephone, electricity; lowest Summer rate $9 weekly upward; beautifully furnished room, bath, kitchen, $4-$6.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 847, (153d St.)—Large front room, suitable for two gentlemen; private house; table board optional.

East Side.

11TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large, well-furnished, adjoining bath; running water, closets; small room.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Desirable, pleasant rooms for gentlemen; large and small.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable rooms; excellent table; transients accommodated; park privilege; references.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

29TH ST., 112 EAST.—Two rooms, parlor and bedroom; all modern conveniences; references.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

East Side.

40TH ST., 5 EAST, 276-278 Madison Av.—Fifteen new double, single rooms; private bath; select.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome room, private bath; single room; select house; breakfast optional; references.

53D ST., 148 EAST.—Large room; single, couple; elevator, 'phone, bath; private family. Apt. 9.

83D ST., 53 EAST.—Large, pleasant front room, all conveniences; private house; suitable for two gentlemen.

120TH, 98 EAST.—Two completely furnished housekeeping rooms, $4; extra kitchen included, $5; baths.

IRVING PLACE, 71.
Large and small rooms, private bath; $3.50 up.

MADISON AV., 348, (near 44th St.)—Exceptional rooms; private baths, Subway, telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

FORT GREENE PLACE, 62.—Parlor floor, three rooms, nicely furnished; running water; large closets; three minutes from Subway.

McDONOUGH ST., 275.—A refined home for refined young business men at a most reasonable price; attractive house and neighborhood; high and cool; large, well-furnished rooms; excellent table board; convenient location; twenty minutes from City Hall, New York; Kings County Elevated; near "Albany" Station.

Bronx.

201ST ST., 322 EAST.—Bachelor apartment; large single room; every convenience; suburban; reasonable. Telephone 2370—Tremont.

Apartments to Let, Furnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Eight rooms, beautifully furnished, elevator apartment, two baths, all light, large, sunny rooms, for five months beginning June 1, a small family with high-class references can secure bargain. A. J. Odell, 455 Ft. Washington Av., near 181st St. Telephone 497 Audubon.

39th, 52 West.—Two rooms and bath; large extension room; 7 windows; easterly, westerly, southerly exposure; delightfully cool; furnished old mahogany; electric light; telephone, continuous switchboard service. Breakfast.

85TH, 76 WEST.—At great sacrifice, 8 large cool rooms, until Oct. 1 or longer; electric light, telephone, parquet floors, tiled bath; every room light; call between 6 and 8 P. M. or by appointment. Anderson.

BROADWAY, 3,120, (124th.)—Three exceptionally large rooms and bath; light, breezy, cool; 7th floor, corner; elevator; telephone 1723 Morning. Apartment 77.

Best location near Columbia; highest class, 7 light, airy rooms reasonable. Apt. 23, 430 West 116th St. Telephone 673—Morningside.

Attractive apartment, 59th St., near Plaza, overlooking Park; rent until January 1st; unusual opportunity. H. Y., Box 19 Times.

Cathedral Heights.—Beautifully furnished five-room apartment, $55; elevator; convenient neighborhood. 509 West 112th.

HATFIELD HOUSE, 103 East 29th St.—Exceptionally attractive 2-room and bath apartment. Call 2560 Madison.

Attractively furnished eight light rooms; bath, elevator; family going abroad. 126 East 34th St. Swift.

336 West 95th.—Six sunny rooms, beautifully furnished, overlooking Riverside Drive; Summer rates; elevator.

Six outside rooms in Claremont Hall, 2,881 Broadway, corner 112th St., Apartment 5E. Rent, $75 per month.

Six unusually large, light, cool rooms; outside bedroom; all improvements. Holly, 310 West 97th St.

Overlooking Central Park.—6 rooms; all conveniences; moderate. Saumbers, 3 West 92d St.

60th St., 22 West.—Parlor bedroom; bath; $30-$50 month; meals; Subway; hotel service.

Apartments to Let, Unfurnished

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

Apartments at Summer rates of 2 and 3 rooms, furnished, and 3 and 4 rooms, unfurnished, in high-class apartment hotel. SCHUYLER ARMS, 307 West 98th St.

112th St., 306 West, (near Morningside E.)—Four, five and six room apartments; elevator and hall service; all improvements; very moderate rents.

159th, 478 West, (Corner St. Nicholas Av.)—7 and 8 large, light outside rooms; modern; $40; convenient to Subway and elevated.

101 West 115th St.—Elegant elevator corner apartments, 4, 5, 7 rooms; $40-$55.

46th St., 45 West.—Handsome unfurnished apartment; gentlemen; reference.

East Side.

91ST ST., 114 EAST. | Single flat, parlor floor, 7 rooms; exceptionally attractive; improvements; $45.

51 East 20th St.—Four rooms and bath in private house, suitable for housekeeping.

Used Autos For Sale

25c. a line 1 time; 60c. a line 3 times a week, including Sunday; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Pennsylvania, 1909, 50 H. P., with a handsome Quimby 5 or 7 passenger body; this car is mechanically perfect and looks like new; can be bought for less than one-third original cost; must be seen to be appreciated. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

I wish to dispose of my 35 H. P. 1907 Mercedes touring car, 5-passenger, in good condition; has been in use until last week; no repairs necessary; $1,500 will buy it. If interested write to B. C. W., 138 Times.

Fiat, 50 H. P., seven passenger; motor has been overhauled by the Fiat Company; car is perfect; slip covers, top, extra tires, and demountable rims; $1,500. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 Broadway. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Brand new 1911 models; $2,500 Mora Automobiles, 4-passenger, $1,300; 5-passenger, $1,500; 7-passenger, $1,550; also $1,250 Regal, 3-passenger, $750. Tooker Storage and Forwarding Co., 28th St. and 11th Av.

1905 40-45 H. P. Mercedes, chain-drive, with Burr limousine body, in good running condition; cost new $12,000; will accept any reasonable offer; no dealers. Call up Audubon 3160. Apartment 34.

45 H. P. 1907 chassis stripped, in good condition; will make a fine delivery wagon or truck; the first offer of $1,200 takes it; no other offers accepted. Daimler Import Co., 751 Fifth Ave.

$2,500 will buy seven-passenger 1907 touring car, 45 H. P., good as the day I bought it; if interested, write. (No dealers.) Mrs. H., 139 Times.

Alco, 1910, 40 H. P., combination touring and limousine bodies; car has been overhauled, repainted, and will be sold with a new car guarantee. American Locomotive Company, 1,886 Broadway. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Rainier, absolutely new, 1911, seven passenger, fore-door touring; an offer reasonably near our asking price will be accepted. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 Broadway. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Thomas, 1908, 60 H. P., seven passenger touring; splendid condition; $1,300. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 B'way. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Alco, 1908, landaulet, 40 H. P.; has been overhauled and repainted; guaranteed. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 B'way. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Maxwell runabout; suitable for doctor or collector; cost $1,350 in 1909; lots of extras; can be seen at 103-105 West 108th St.

Ford runabout; $200; cost $700; many extras; fast style; reliable, and guaranteed. G. Jones, 103 West 108th St.

Palmer and Singer, late model, 60 H. P., toy tonneau, perfect; $1,500. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 B'way. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

Lozier, 1908, seven-passenger touring, in first-class condition, $1,300. American Locomotive Co., 1,886 Broadway. 'Phone 5300 Columbus.

CHALMERS "FORTY" TOURING car, rebuilt and repainted, $900. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, New York.

1910 CHALMERS rebuilt, repainted, and guaranteed. C. Dow, 1,627 Broadway, City.

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A.—Steinway Upright in splendid order, cheap. 35 West 14th St.

Knabe Upright, good as new, at low price. 35 West 14th St.

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SUMMONSES.

NEW YORK SUPREME COURT, COUNTY OF New York.—REBECCA B. POWELL, ISABELLE P. HARNED, and ETHEL P. DELAMATER, Plaintiffs, against HELEN DWELLE JENKINS and ANNA LEVY, Defendants.

To the above-named defendants:

You are hereby summoned to answer the complaint in this action, and to serve a copy of your answer on the plaintiffs' attorney within twenty days after the service of this summons, exclusive of the day of service; and in case of your failure to appear, or answer, judgment will be taken against you by default for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Dated New York, March 18, 1911.

DAVID H. TAYLOR,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

To the above-named defendant, Anna Levy:

The foregoing summons is hereby served upon you by publication, pursuant to an order of the Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the State of New York, dated the 12th day of April, 1911, and filed on the 13th day of April, 1911, with the duly verified complaint in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York at the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, the original summons and duly verified complaint in this action having been duly filed in said office on the 18th day of March, 1911.

Dated April 13th, 1911.

DAVID H. TAYLOR,
Plaintiffs' Attorney,
Office and P. O. Address, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

LEGAL NOTICES.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK.

To all persons interested in the Estate of LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY assigned to FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, for the benefit of creditors, as creditors or otherwise, send greeting:

You and each of you are hereby cited and required personally to be and appear in the Supreme Court of the State and County of New York, at a Special Term, Part I. thereof, in the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 26th day of May, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock A. M., there and then to show cause why a final settlement of the accounts of FRANCIS P. SHERWOOD, Assignee of the above-named LORD ADVERTISING AGENCY, insolvent debtor, should not be had, and if no cause be shown then to attend the final settlement of the Assignee's account.

In testimony whereof I have hereunto caused the seal of the said Supreme Court to be hereto affixed.

Witness, Hon. Samuel Greenbaum, one of the Justices of the said Supreme Court of the State of New York, this 7th day of April, 1911.

[Seal] WM. F. SCHNEIDER, Clerk.

MORRIS & PLANTE, Attorneys for Assignee, 135 Broadway, New York City.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

SPERB, WILLIAM.—In pursuance of an order of Hon. Robert Ludlow Fowler, a Surrogate of the Country of New York, Notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against WILLIAM SPERB, late of the County of New York, deceased, to present the same with vouchers thereof to the subscribers, at their place of transacting business, at the office of Charles R. Bauerdorf, No. 111 Broadway, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on or before the 15th day of November, 1911.

Dated New York, May 1st, 1911.

CHARLES F. BAUERDORF,
CHARLES ROHE,
Executors.

CHARLES R. BAUERDORF, Attorney for Executors, No. 111 Broadway, Borough of Manhattan, New York City.

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EASY TO GET DRINKS, AND YOU NEEDN'T EAT

Plenty of Liquor Served on Sunday in Back Rooms—Sometimes No Sandwich in Sight.

MAYOR WON'T HAVE TO PAY

His Offer of $10 for Evidence of "Traffic in Liquor on Sunday in Any Barroom" Seems Safe.

One of Manhattan's voters wanted $10 yesterday, and while he was pondering on ways and means he suddenly bethought himself of Mayor Gaynor's letter to S. Edward Young, pastor of the Bedford Presbyterian Church, Brooklyn, published in Saturday's papers. It was on this particular passage that his mind dwelt:

> Never was the traffic in liquor in the barrooms in this city stopped until I became Mayor. I have stopped it absolutely. I will give $10 for evidence of traffic in liquor on Sunday in any barroom.

The proposition interested the voter. He went out for a stroll during the afternoon, not far from Broadway nor so very far from Forty-second Street. He kept his eyes open, and in a saunter of something less than an hour he passed near enough for inspection to some twenty-one saloons. In twenty of them there were marked signs of activity. Only one showed no signs of life.

It is one of the provisions of the excise law that the passer-by is entitled to an unobstructed view of the bar. Usually, however, a barroom window is clogged with bottles, posters, signs, and elaborate arrangements of colored glass that make a casual glance through the small cleared portion rather difficult. To look really into the interior, you have to peer, so that you might be mistaken for a detective or a reporter or a reform society agent.

Still, the voter was very serious about his tour of inspection, and he soon saw things that interested him. In barroom after barroom he saw a man behind the bar, with his sleeves rolled up and his apron on. At first the voter supposed the barkeeper was dusting or taking account of stock, but then he noticed unmistakable signs of beer being drawn. The bars themselves were covered with paper and outward order and decency, but somebody must be getting the beer somewhere, thought the voter. Then he recalled this passage in the Mayor's letter:

> I can only do things gradually. You now ask me to stop traffic in liquor in the landlord's room or the interior room on Sunday. I suppose you know that in every place having a hotel license it is lawful to sell liquor on Sunday in the dining room or interior room, with meals. That is the law. I cannot stop the sale of liquor in such places. If you go up to the Waldorf-Astoria Hotel you will find the bar closed, but you can step into another room and be served with liquor. At the same time, however, you order or get something to eat. The courts have construed a meal to be very little, as I suppose you know. I think they have got it down to a little sandwich or some soup. I suppose you know that I am not responsible for the construction of the law, and at the same time it is fair to say that it is not easy to make a fixed standard for a meal, and I do not wish to criticise the courts in their embarrassment in that respect. The rule that applies to the Waldorf-Astoria applies to the littlest place in this city that has a hotel license.

The voter began to try a few side doors. He afterward confessed that he had tried five, and upon being pressed he admitted that he had consumed one glass of beer in each place in the course of the hour. He said that it was not difficult to buy a drink in New York on Sunday and that you did not have to go through the formality of eating something at the same time.

In three of the five rear rooms he entered each table was groaning under the weight of an old sandwich, on which dust and cigarette ashes had accumulated in the course of long service. The other two didn't bother. In all five the beer was brought from the barroom, and in no case did the waiter carry out the pretense to the point of saying anything about the sandwich.

At one place the voter found the side-door guarded by a chain bolt, and when he knocked for admittance the door was opened a little way, and held there while the voter was subjected to a short inspection. He seemed acceptable, for the opening was widened, and he soon had his beer in the corner with a roomful of men of all sorts and conditions. There was no soup or sandwich in sight, and the goose hung nigh.

"But why all this caution?" he asked the man at the door, nodding toward the chain.

"Well," the man answered, "I can't abide either drunks or women in my back room, and if I don't keep this watch they slam right in like they owned the place."

"Then it isn't because you're afraid of the police?" he was asked.

"Oh, no," the man answered with a happy smile, "they don't bother us any."

Then the voter happened to run into a man who has had occasion to study the excise situation with some care. This expert explained that the mere vision of a barkeeper drawing beer on a Sunday afternoon was no indication that the law was being violated. The place might, and probably would, have a hotel license, which would permit the dispensing of the drinks in the rear room, provided food were served at the same table. Of course, he said, the grimy sandwiches are not really served with the beer, but it is difficult to convince the Court of Special Sessions of that. He characterized the selling of beer in the back room, even where the sandwich is present, as a violation where the waiter says nothing about the food and where the patron asks for none. As to the places where the tables were innocent of food, and you just asked for your beer and got it, that was an unquestioned violation, said the expert. The voter exulted in the realization that he had seen and shared in at least two real violations of the excise law in one hour.

The expert told him that, regardless of the police activity, or lack of it, the conviction of excise violaters is no easy matter, with the law as it stands, and the courts as they are minded. One complexity rises from the fact that it is not easy to find out just what is included in the premises covered by a license. If the liquor is sold in the rear room and the license includes only the bar, a complaint brought for selling on Sunday on licensed premises is faulty. It ought to be prosecuted on the ground that the drink was sold without any license at all.

When the voter reaches home, after his hour's walk, he remembered that he had seen a lot of beer sold, and that he had not found any difficulty in buying all he wanted. He knew that the untempting sandwiches might be called meals for the purposes of litigation, and that they had deep legal significance. But then, he had seen beer sold without any sandwiches in sight. He was just about to telephone the Mayor and arrange to have the $10 mailed from City Hall this morning, when he read the letter again and found that the chief sentence gave him pause.

"I will give $10 for evidence of traffic in liquor on Sunday in any barroom," was the Mayor's proposition.

He had seen barkeepers in barrooms, and he had seen traffic in liquor, but he had not seen "evidence of traffic in liquor on Sunday in any barroom." However, he had had five beers, and he said he had had a very pleasant hour, and he didn't care much about the $10 anyway.

BROOKLYN NOT DRY.

Church Committee Finds Liquor Sold in 84 Saloons on Sunday.

A meeting of the Men's Club of the Grace Presbyterian Church, Jefferson and Stuyvesant Avenues, Brooklyn, was held yesterday to hear the report of the committee of six that had devoted a part of the preceding Sunday to poking about the saloons of Brooklyn. They had visited eighty-four in all, and in all they found liquor being dispensed.

All the drinking was done in the rear rooms, and the investigators noted several persons in their cups. They also observed a certain amount of beer sold by the pail. It was arranged yesterday that the material thus obtained should be put in shape and sent to the Mayor, the foreman of the Grand Jury, District Attorney Clarke, and the Excise Commissioner.

As for Mayor Gaynor, Supt. McClintock of the Society for the Prevention of Crime said that he was "trying to befuddle the public." He was referring to that letter of the Mayor's to the Rev. Dr. Young. Mr. McClintock spoke scornfully.

"He seems to have concluded that the courts have constituted the 'rubber sandwich,' famous in many campaigns, as a meal," said Mr. McClintock.

WOULD-BE MAYORS DODGE.

Only One Jersey City Aspirant at Commission Government Rally.

The advisability of adopting the commission form of municipal government through the referendum provision of the Walsh bill was discussed at the People's Institute in the auditorium of the Jersey City High School Building yesterday afternoon.

Nearly all the half dozen and more aspirants for the Mayoralty nomination next Fall, including Mayor Wittpenn, the present incumbent; Judge Mark A. Sullivan, Andrew J. Knox, and James F. Omealia, had been invited to take part in the discussion. Mr. Omealia was the only one who put in an appearance.

Speeches favoring the commission form of government were made by Judge Robert Carey of the Hudson Common Pleas Court, Mr. Omealia, Joseph Bernstein, a merchant, and the Rev. J. Madison Hare, pastor of the Parmley Memorial Church. None spoke against the movement. All the speakers declared in favor of equal suffrage for men and women.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:30—2,450 Amsterdam Av.; James Murphy.	Trifling
12:50—503 W. 181st St.; M. J. Walsh	$20
2:00—11 Pell St.; N. Y. Restaurant	$10
2:10—1,303 Avenue A; Joseph Koda	$50
2:30—6 Lawrence St.; T. W. Wainwright.	Trifling
2:55—501 W. 182d St.; Floyd Folger	None
3:28—19 Commerce St.; G. Reafitio	$100
4:10—140 Nassau St.; Max Brill	Trifling
7:40—78 E. 125th St.; Birdie Herman	Trifling
7:50—503 E 83d St.; G. Arvey	Trifling
10:10—108 Cherry St.; P. Carne	$10
11:45—1,407 8th Av.; Unknown	Trifling
P. M.	
1:00—114 W. 16th St.; Grant Humphries	$25
1:05—422 E. 70th St.; John Astrinn	$400
1:20—306 E. 140th St.; Thomas McCoughlin.	Trifling
1:30—230 Broadway; Werner Ebling Auto Co	Trifling
2:20—117th St. & Park Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
2:20—110 Walker Av.; Unknown	$5
2:25—529 W. 133d St.; John Cody	Trifling
2:40—293 Water St.; Baker & Williams.	Trifling
2:50—324 Bleecker St.; Jacob Davis	Trifling
2:50—454 3d Av.; John Hart	$20
2:55—67 Mangin St.; Isidor Estenzwerg	$10
2:55—1,249 Elm Place; G. Alstedt	Trifling
3:58—110 Thompson St.; A. Salamanti	$20
4:40—115 W. 100th St.; Unknown	$5
5:40—Dykeman St., opposite Prescott Av.; Unknown	None
6:30—83d St. & 11th Av.; Unknown	Trifling
6.45—210 Lafayette St.; Ferd Apples	$5
7:00—415 E. 100th St.; John Brown	Trifling
7:05—3,353 Broadway; William Von Seth.	None
7:10—2,489 Arthur Av.; Frank Gachitt	$25
8:15—1,014 College Av.; owner unknown.	Trifling
8:20—39 Elizabeth St.; David Stern	$100
8:40—343 West Broadway; William Anderson	$200
8:45—5 East 3d St.; Vesta Social Club	$100
9:45—3,456 Broadway; Miss Wright	Trifling
10:05—760 6th Av.; New York Hippodrome	$25
10:50—404 East 23d St.; August Masterman	$15
11:20—168 St. Ann's Av.; B. Blackinsky	Trifling
11:35—643 6th Av.; Mrs. Robertson	$25

FOUR PERSONS SHOT IN A FAMILY FEUD

Husband, Wife, Son, and a Relative Fall in the Fusillade, and Two Will Die.

POLICE RESERVES CALLED

Man with a Bullet in His Body Pursues Two Others in the Street, Firing at Them.

As the result of a shooting which was the climax to a quarrel between the family of Angelo Vialetta and that of Frank Giganto, the three members of the latter family and Vialetta are in Lincoln Hospital with serious gunshot wounds. Two of the victims are expected to die. Frank Giganto of 305 East 150th Street was shot in the right side, his wife was shot in the nose and eye, his son James, 16 years old, was shot in the chest, and Angelo Vialetta, who, the police say, shot the Gigantos, has a bullet in his chest. James Giganto and Vialetta, the hospital physicians say, will probably die.

The two families are distantly related, and until a short time ago were on intimate terms. After the shooting friends of the two families were reticent when questioned by the police as to what had led up to the trouble. They admitted, however, that there had been bad feeling between Frank Giganto and Vialetta.

The shooting occurred shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the three-room flat of Vialetta, which is on the ground floor of a two-story frame dwelling at 245 East 146th Street. Vialetta's wife, the mother of four small children, was seated at the window with her six months' old baby, when she saw the Giganto family coming toward the house. Her husband was not at home. Wishing to avoid them, she went to the flat of a neighbor on the floor above. After knocking at the door for some time without getting a response, the Gigantos opened the front door and proceeded to make themselves at home in the Vialetta flat.

They had not been there long when Vialetta returned home unexpectedly from work. He was accompanied by a friend, Nicholas Morgisso of 231 East 146th Street. According to Morgisso and Mary Farro of 621 Morris Avenue, who were in the house at the time, as soon as Vialetta stepped into the sitting room young James Giganto jumped to his feet, and, drawing a revolver, shot at him. The bullet struck him in the chest. He steadied himself against a chair and opened fire on his antagonist. Then, according to witnesses, Vialetta began shooting at the Giganto family, who fled terror-stricken.

Giganto and his father made for a drug store three blocks away at 1,480 Morris Avenue. Mrs. Giganto started to follow them, but a bullet laid her low on the threshold.

Vialetta, shouting imprecations, pursued the two Gigantos for a block sending bullets after them, and then turned and fled into an alley at 238 East 146th Street. Frank Giganto reached the drug store, where he dropped exhausted, but his son James crumpled up on the pavement half a block from the drug store and was carried there by neighbors. Vialetta was found crouching in the alley into which he had fled, weak from the loss of blood. With James Giganto he is a prisoner at the Lincoln Hospital, charged with felonious assault.

The shooting caused the greatest excitement in the neighborhood. The reserves of the Alexander Avenue Station were hurried to the scene, and four ambulances, two from the Lincoln Hospital and two from Lebanon, were soon on the scene.

LITTLE GIRL SHOOTS HERSELF

A sudden cry from six-year-old Ida Housman, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph N. Housman, the former a farmer on the Willow Brook Road, Watchogue, S. I., brought her parents running into the yard yesterday afternoon. They found her on the ground with her right leg almost shot away below the knee, and beside her lay a fowling piece.

The child was rushed to St. Vincent's Hospital, where her leg was amputated. The surgeons said the shock had been so great, however, that she probably would die.

The shotgun was recognized as a weapon belonging to Peter E. Clarius, a neighbor of the Housmans. He kept it in his woodshed to shoot rats, and it is supposed that the little girl wandered in there, found it, and took it to play with.

SLAY A WIFE BEATER.

Father and Brother of Texan Farmer's Wife Avenge His Cruelty to Her.

DALLAS, Texas, May 14.—Frank Wiles, a well-known Dallas County farmer, was shot to death to-day near his home at Wilmer, twelve miles south of Dallas, by W. R. and J. W. Braum of Grady, Okla., who came to Texas yesterday determined to avenge alleged wrongs inflicted on Mrs. Wiles by her husband. The Oklahoma men are father and brother, respectively, of the woman.

Wiles was released from the Dallas County Jail a few days ago, after a week's confinement for contempt of court in refusing to answer questions by the Grand Jury. When he finally answered he admitted beating his wife, and also of circulating defamatory reports concerning her.

The two Braums were put in the Dallas County Jail to-night.

SUICIDE ON LONE LIGHTSHIP.

Vain Efforts of C. A. Goodwin, Morgan's Nephew, to Save Engineer.

Special to The New York Times.

LYME, Conn., May 14.—Charles A. Goodwin, nephew of J. Pierpont Morgan, and Republican candidate for Governor of Connecticut last Fall, rushed his yacht into port here this afternoon and called for help to save the life of Harry Dee, second engineer on the Cornfield Lightship, who had attempted suicide. Dr. Kelsey and two assistants hurried to the ship with Mr. Goodwin, who is Commodore of the Hartford Yacht Club, but they arrived too late.

Dee had died from loss of blood. He was found on the floor of the engine room by the first engineer, a razor by his side and his throat badly gashed. He was still alive when signals were run up which were seen by Mr. Goodwin, who was cruising on Long Island Sound.

Dee is supposed to have become lonely because of his constant vigil and his isolation aboard the lightship.

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Dinner Size, at $3.00, 3.25, 3.75, 4.50, 5.25, 6.25, 7.50 and 8.50.

Table Cloths

2 x2 yds, $2.25, 2.50, 2.75, 3.25, 3.50, to 6.00
2 x2½ yds, $2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 4.00, to 7.75
2 x3 yds, $3.50, 3.75, 4.00, 5.50, 6.00. to 10.00
2 x3½ yds. $4.00, 5.75, 6.00, 7.50. 8.00, and 9.00
2¼x2¼ yds, $3.75, 4.00, 4.75, 5.50, 6.50, and 8.00
2½x2½ yds, $5.25, 5.50, 6.00, 6.50, 6.75, to 11.00
2½x3 yds, $6.75, 7.00, 7.50, 8.00, 8.25, to 16.00

Bed Linens, Blankets, Etc.

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22½x36 in., at $1.25, 1.50 and 1.75 per pair.
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27 x36 in., at $2.00 and 2.25 per pair.

Pure Linen Sheets

Single Bed Size, $4.50, 5.50 and 6.00 pair.
Double Bed Size, $6.00, 6.75 and 7.50 pair.
Extra Long Sheets for Brass Beds, $7.00 per pair; 90x108 inches, $8.50 per pair.

Single Bed Size Blankets, $3.00, 4.00, 4.50 and 5.75 pair.
Double Bed Size, $5.25, 6.25 and 7.50 pair.
Patent Satin Spreads—Three-quarter Beds, $2.50; Double, $3.00.
Imported Dimity Spreads, Single Beds, $2.25; Double Beds, $2.75.
Silkoline Filled Comfortables, with pure white Cotton, special at $1.75.
Lamb's Wool Filled Comfortables—Fine quality, nainsook union Silk border, special at $5.00.

Ladies' Suits and Dresses

Irish Linen Crash Coat Suits, $12.50.
Smart Coat Suit of Russian Linen, $18.50.
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Lingerie Dresses, $10.00 and 18.00—Made of Voile and Lingerie materials.
Foulard and Wash Silk Dresses, $20.00, 25.00.
French Dresses of Cotton Lingerie—Hand-sewn and hand-embroidered, $25.00 up.

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Imported Chemises, $1.10, 1.50, 1.75, 1.95, 2.25, 2.75, 3.50, 3.75, 4.50.
American Chemises, $1.00, 1.50, 1.75, 2.50.
French Drawers, $1.10, 1.75, 2.50, 3.00, 3.75.
American Drawers, 85c., $1.00, 1.50, 1.95, 2.75.
Imported Gowns, $2.00, 2.75, 3.00, 3.25, 3.50, 4.50, 4.75, 5.75, 6.50, 7.75.
American Gowns, $1.00, 1.50, 1.95, 2.75, 3.75.
French Petticoats, $2.25, 3.00, 3.75, 4.75, 6.50.
American Petticoats, $1.10, 1.50, 1.95, 2.75.
Negligees—Fancy dotted Swiss $4.75, Imported Dimities $9.75, China Silk Pleated $12.75, Crepe de Chine $18.50.
Imported Corsets, reduced one-half. Broken sizes, $3.75, 7.50, 10.00.
Infants' Dresses, hand-made, with Madeira Yokes, $1.75, 1.85, 1.95.
Colored Dimities and Chambrays, $1.50, 1.75. Also special values in Knickerbocker Suits, Colored Coats and Hats.

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At $1.00—A sheer Pure Silk Hose with lisle sole and 4½-inch double top, in Black, White and colors.
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At 50c.—A beautiful quality in medium weight Silk Lisle in Black, Tan, Bronze and White, 4½-inch double tops and soles.
At 3 pair for $1.00—A medium weight Cotton in Black and Tan, also Gauze, Cotton and Lisle in Black. All with double tops and soles. Value 50c. per pair.

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Printed French Percales, best quality, including numerous attractive designs on white and colored grounds. 32 inches wide. **At 19c. yard.** Formerly 50c.
Imported Woven Madras, Russian Cords, Fine Printed Batiste and Scotch Ginghams, in stripes and checks. 32 inches wide. **At 28c. yard.** Former prices 35c. to 75c. yard.
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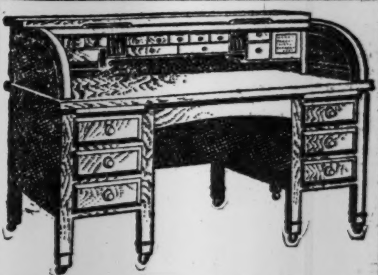

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